DESERET EVENING NEWS: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1904.



None Will be Forthcoming Until Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's Version is Received.

DEEP RECRET IS EXPRESSED.

Russian Government Realizes that a Most Horrible Blunder Has Been Committed.

R. Petersburg. Oct. 24 .- No official e unomotal Russian explanation of the unfortunate affair off Dogger bank is forthcoming up to this time, and the world must wait until tomorrow to hear Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's version of the bring upon the British fishermen. Rejestvensky has communicated direct to the emperor, but at 19:30 o'clock tosight the admiralty announced that it had not yet received a report. At the statement expressing the regrets of the government for the deplorable incident, but explaining that no formal action is possible until Admiral Rojestvensky's efficial report of the affair has been

received. DEEP REGRET EXPRESSED.

while no formal action has been taken, the deepest regret is expressed in il quarters, and the purpose of the tersky shall be found to have been in fault has been proclaimed in every govfault has been proceedined in every gov-erament department. Emperor Nicho-us bimself, was greatly aggrieved then he heard the news while he was haspeeting the cruiser Oleg at Cron-stad this afternoon, and Foreign Minster Lamsdorff expressed to Ambassa-isr Hardinge his deepest personal re-

The Russian embassy at London has The Russian embassly at content has lise been directed to convey similar ex-ressions to the government of Great Reltain. It is felt that this is all that can possibly be done pending the re-ceipt of Admiral Rojestvensky's state-

HORRIBLE BLUNDER.

That a horrible blunder has been committed is recognized and deplored eve-rywhere, and nowhere has an attempt been made to justify the firing upon in-nocent fishermen. It is felt that Rojestvensky is too good a man and officer to be summarily condemned. It is agreed that he is entitled to a hearing, but even the admiralty regretfully admits that it



nation could justify such an apparently cold-blooded act as the affair is made to appear by foreign reports.

It developed during the day that the admiralty had strong reason to believe that an attempt would be made agains; the equadron during its passage through the Great Belt or the English channel. So specific was the informa-tion that even the present crisis has not tion that even the present crisis has not diverted attention from the possibility of such an attack yet occurring. The failure of the steam trawlers with their nets out to obey the rignals from the Russian warships or the nervouaness of some officer who imagined that fisher-men working with their nets in the water were laying mines, may be re-sponsible for the blunder. MESSAGE FROM CZAR.

MESSAGE FROM CZAR. As soon as the facts are established It is certain that the Russian government will voluntarily offer the fullest reparation. It is hinted that the em-peror tomorrow will send a formal mes-sage to King Edward, conveying his profound sorrow for the incident, and offering to make what reparation is possible as soon as the responsibility

can be fixed. These advance assurances, it is hoped, will be met in an amicable spirit by Great Britain. Notwithstanding the provocation which may seem to exist for most vigorous and uncompromising demands for redress Ambassador Hardinge had not presented any instructions from his government up to 8 o'clock tonight and and her the foreign office issued a up to midnight it had been impossible to ascertain whether instructions had actually been received.

DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES NERVOUS. In diplomatic circles the gravity and delicacy of the situation is recognized. Unquestionably nervousness exists, but in view of the sentiment in government circles here the feeling prevails that an amicable adjustment will be reached. This evening the censor passed all tele. rrams relating to the subject, which mmediately became the all-absorbing opic in every public resort. The war n the far east seemingly was temporarily forgotten.

Notwithstanding the latent sentiment of hostility against Greaf Britain which smoulders in almost every Russian breast, the reports of the blunder of the faltic fleet have aroused only expressions of sincere regret, coupled with hopes that when Rojestvensky's report arrives it will place a different com-plexion on the incident.

LANSDOWNE TAKES ACTION.

London, Oct. 24 .- Foreign Secy. Lansdowne reached London this afterioon and after gathering the latest details known at the foreign office re-garding the firing on the British fishing boats by the Russian squadron pro-ceeded to Buckingham palace, where he had a lengthy interview with King Ed-ward. The latter later telegraphed a message of sympathy to the mayor of Hull.

No instructions have been received at the Russian embassy here, and no communications are expected until Ambassador Hardinge has made his repre-sentations at St. Petersburg. is at a loss to understand what expla- | Beyond making apologies, however, it



Mour georer returns your money if you don't Illes. Schilling's live.

was pointed out at the Russlan embassy, that no explanation could be given until the squadron was heard from. Steps are on foot to get a com-munication to Rojestvensky, but some days may elapse before Rojentvensky could send a report to St. Petersburg.

Unusual activity prevailed at the miralty through the morning, but ow-ing to the absence of Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiratty, no action was taken.

A strong squadron of cruisers lies at Portsmouth, ready to sail at a four-hours' notice. The Mediterranean fleet is off Venice, and the home squadron cruising off Scotland.

Thus, in the quite unlikely event of Great Britain making a naval demon-stration, her forces are in peculiarily good positions.

FEELING AT HULL.

Sir Henry King, member of parlia-ment for the central division of Hull, went to the foreign office today to as-sist in the representations of his constituents, among whom the most bitter feelings prevail. The affair, though the sole topic of

onversation among all classes at the British capital, has not created the upbar which has been expected. A small owd gathered at Huckingham palace this morning, where a previously ar-ranged council of ministers was held, and at which William St. John Brodrick, secretary of state for India, and Lord Londonderry, lord president of the council, were present. The crowd evidently intended to make a demon-stration upon the appearance of King Edward, but he remained in the bal aco.

SHOTS FIRED.

The mate of the trawler Mino, which arrived at Hull with the Moulmein, bringing the news of the firing on the fishing boats, said today:

"Petween 200 and 200 shots were fired. The first vessel in line did most of the firing. But I think two others also fired several shots. Our whole fleet was under searchlights, which nearly blinded us. The Russians came within less than a quarter of a mile from us. We could see them plainly." Capt. Paker of the trawler Magpie

declared it was impossible for the Russians to mistake the trawlers for torpedo boats. He added: "The whole affair lasted about twenty

minutes. Not a quarter of their shots could have taken effect. When the firign ceased the ships disappeared as quickly as they came up." On returning to the foreign office Lord Lansdowne further conferred with Sir Henry King and subsequently ad-dressed a strong protest to Ambassa-day Wardings for presentation to the dor Hardinge for presentation to the Russian government. Special stress is laid on the callousness displayed by the Russians in not going to the assistance of the fishermen. Lord Lansdowne asks that immedi-ately redress shall be made.

RUSSIA MAY EXPLAIN.

It is believed in government circles that the Russian government will take the earliest opportunity to give satis-faction and it appears to be expected that Russia will explain the affair, add-ing that the Russian officials had reason to believe that there were mines or ships with mines in the neighborhood where the fishing fleet was attacked. An interview between Lord Lans-lowne and Count Benckendorff has

been arranged for tomorrow. In the absence of Count Benckendorff the Russian charge d'affaires called at the foreign office this afternoon to ex-

o'clock thousands of persons were present to great him. Occupants of a special train of 12 coaches from Dayton were among the large crowd present. There were excursions also from Ecaton, Middletown, Oxford and other points. Mr. Bryan was escorted to a public stand and reviewed his spacenes of the day, embracing the ha-tional issues which he spoke for or against. After his address here the Nebraskan left over the Cincinnati Hamilton & Dayton road. He will reach Toledo, O., tomorrow morning at 30 o'clock, and leave for Kendallville Ind., on the Lake Shore and spend tw days in Indiana, He will make one speech in Kansas City Thursday night, and then return to Nebraska for a number of addresses in his home state.

MINERS HEARD BRYAN.

New Philadelphia, O., Oct. 24 .-- At Barton Mr. Bryan's listeners w mostly miners. They were attired their working clothes and just ready to begin their labors for the day when Bryan's special car arrived. M Bryan spoke briefly, referring to the military rule that had existed in Colo-rade, as it affected the liberty of the workingmen generally. His remarks were received enthusiastically.

Coal Co. Office Dynamited.

Danville, Wash.,Oct. 24 .- The office of the Vesuvius Coal company has been wrecked by an explosion of dynamite. The office was wrecked immediately af-

ter the foreman and a few other em-ployes of the company had been dismissed for various reasons. The workers in the mine have taken a part of the corporation's stock, and some of those who were dismissed a few days ago were stockholders. Their portion was small, but the dismissal from the company's service was receiv-

ed with more bitterness because of the fact that the men who were turned addiff owned some of the stock. The loss by the destruction of the office is not great.

CAPT. KIRKHAM ARRESTED. Now a Prisoner Under Guard at

Governor's Island.

New York, Oct. 25 .- Capt. George W. Kirkman, U. S. A., commander of com-pauy I, Twenty-fifth infantry, stationed at Fort Niobrara, Neb., has been ar-rested in Brooklyn and taken to Governor's island, where he is now a pris oner under guard, charged by the mill tary authorities with being absent from his post without leave. Other charges also are said to be pending. He prob-ably will be held under guard until the return of Brig.-Gen, Grant from a tour of inspection, when his disposition will be determined by the commander

f the department of the east. Capt. Kirkman is said to have talked a rambling way when taken prisoner. His physical condition was wretched and recent events with which he had His been familiar seemed to have been crassed from his mind,

The captain was found at the home of a retired army surgeon. A lookout had been kept for him several days and finally Maj Todd, adjutant-general on the staff of the commander of the department during Gen. Grant's absence ceived word as to where the captain could be found. Capt. Morton, quarter-masler of the Eighth Infantry, was de-tailed to make the arrest. He found Capt. Kirkman entirely willing to go to the department headquarters under

arrest. When Capt. Morton told the captain's host the object of his visit the former surgeon was surprised. He said he had known Kirkman a long time and had known Kirkman a long time and believed him to be on a leave of ab-sence from his post. He said the cap-tain had not left the house since arriv-ing there and seemed to be quite iil, Kirkman got into trouble in 1900 for alleged annoyance to Archbishop Chapelle on a steamship from San Fran-cisco to Manila. By an act of Congress he was reinstated several months later, to his present command. Money back if first bottle fails to benefit. CHARLES WALTON GUILTY. Shot a Policeman While Trying To Rob Street Car, Portland, Or., Oct. 24 .-- Charles Walton, the 17-year-old boy robber who shot and seriously wounded Policeman Ole Nelson Sept. 1, while attempting to hold up a street car in this city, was today found guilty of assault with in-tent to kill. As soon as the case went autumnal day to the jury, the second charge, that of attempted highway robbery while called. The maximum penalty for the two crimes together is 30 years in the and blue. penitentiary.

SPARE THE ROD.

Teacher to Let Up.

anti-corporal punishment rule.

"Mistress Cook," said

Golden Gate, "let us be

be friends. Keep my top

down tight to save my

aroma and freshness:

make me right and I'll

help you hold your job.

Good coffee makes the

whole breakfast taste

right-poor coffee spoils

Nothing goes with GOLDEN GATE

COFFEE but satisfaction. No

prizes-no coupons-no crockery. I and 2 lb, aroma tight tins.

Never sold in bulk.

J. A. Folger @ Co.

Established half a Contury

San Francisco

everything."

The petition just received from Glas-

"The English board of education has recently issued a declaration against the use of corporal punishment in the schools of this country, based largely on the evils arising out of its use here as compared with the evidence afforded by the auccess of American schools.

"British educators regard edu-cational progress in America with the reatest interest and speculation and alleve that more is to be learned from American originality and initiative that from those of any other country."

The Unadilla Runs Ashore.

San Francisco, Oct. 24 .- In the midst of a fog so thick that her hose could scarcely be seen from the bridge, the navy tugboat Unadilla ran ashore on Angel island foday and struck there between two rocks with her prow high in the air, while her stern lay sub-merged in the breakers. Immovable as the rocks which gripped her, the Unadilla resisted four flerce attempts to disclore her but stanch little years to dislodge her, but, stanch little vessel that she is, not a seam was started nor a plank leaked during all the strug-gle with waves and cliffs, and the straining hawsers from the boats that tried to assist her. At a late hour tonight she still lay cradled in the arms of the mighty rocks, stanch as when she was christened, but still immovable.



Washington, Oct. 24 .- The Panama canal commission held a long session today, at which bids for supplies and a number of other matters incident to construction work were acted on. The award of the contracts for supplying the 2,600,000 feet of lumber, aggregating the 2,000,000 feet of fumber, aggregating approximately \$30,000, for which bids were opened on Oct. 6, was subsequent-ly announced. The Bellingham Bay company of San Francisco, operating in the Puget Sound region, was awarded the contract for 2,100,000 feet, and the Continental Lumber company of Houston, Tex., 500,000 feet. The award for supplying a large number of steel cars needed will be announced tomorrow.



Here are some of the symptoms: Shortness of breath after exercise. Smothering Spells. Pain in Chest, left Shoulder and arm. Discomfort in Lying on one side. Fainting Spells. Nervous Cough. Swelling of Feet and Ankles. Paleness of Face and Lips. Palpitation. Nightmare. Irregular Pulse,

"I have great faith in Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. and speak of its merits whenever opportunity presents. I can now go up and down stairs with ease, where three weeks ago I could hurdly walk one block." One year later.—"I am still in good health: the Heart Cure did so much for me, that I find it a far greater medicine than you claimed it to be."—S. D. YOUNG, D. D., 697 North Pine St., Natchez, Miss. Pine St., Natchez, Miss.





Home Fire Insurance

BOTH PHONES 500.

your house is in ashes many a wiseacre knows how the fire could have been put out-but it wasn't, 'There's just one-and only one-safe way to save yourself against the ravages of fire, namely: insure in our company,

26 SOUTH MAIN STREET

body.



have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MES. PINEHAM : I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure ne, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became dis-futed, and one night when we noticed a testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used medicine for three and one half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Versiable of the former and all the credit is due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Yours very sincerely, MRS. L. C. GLOVER, 614 Grove St. Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Ass'n.

Women should not fail to profit by the experience of these two women; just as surely as they were cured of the troubles enume-rated in their letters, just so certainly will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure others who suffer from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous excitability, and nervous prostration; remember that it is Lydia E. Pink-ham's Vegetable Compound that is curing women, and don't allow any druggist to sell you anything else in its place.

An Indiana Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure :-

suffered untold agony.

"DEAR MRS. PINRHAM : It is a pleasure

for me to write and tell what your wonderful medicine has done for me. I was sick for

three years with change of life, and my

physician thought a cancerous condition of

he womb. During these three years I

"I cannot find words in which to express my bad feelings. I did not expect to ever see another well day. I read some of the

testimonials recomending your medicine and

decided to write to you and give your treat-

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-

"Before I had taken half a bottle of



pound, I began to sleep. I have taken now six bottles and am so well I can do all kinds of work."--MRS. LIZZIE HINKLE, Salem, Ind. If there is anything in your case about which you would like Pecial advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. She can surely help you, for no person in America can speak from a wider experience in treating female ills. Address is Lynn, Mass.; her advice is free and always below. and always helpful.

ment a trial.

S5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Finkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

deep regret at the ITTORCO The actual casualties during the one sided bombardment of Dogger bank ca be correctly stated since the arrival at London this evening of the carrying ship Swift, reporting the safety of the missing trawlers. The Swift left the fleet at 10 a. m. on Oct. 23. Her captain says:

The Russians gave out the slightest warning prior to the commencement of the firing. The admiral of the fishing fleet sent up a rocket of warning, and then the firing commenced. He again sent up four green rockets, but this only seemed to increase the ferocity of the mbardment. The poor marksmanship of the Russian gunners was the only thin that saved the entire fleet within

range of the searchlights and guns." At the inquest at Hull today it was stated that one vessel, the Crane, was sunk and that four or five others were more or less damaged. In the statement of the coroner to the jury, that officia said it was a question of very grave and possibly international, importance but it would be their duty to find who were the murderers of the dead men. After the identification of the bodies the inquest adjourned till Nov. 2.

WASHINGTON DISMAYED,

Washington, Oct. 24.-Official news of the action of the Russian Baltic sea fleet. In firing on British fishing vessels, reached Washington today in a cable-gram to the state department from the American consul at Hull.

The news was received here with something like dismay, for it excited apprehension that the result might be world-wide entanglements, unless ex-traordinary tact is shown by both the British and Russian officials in dealing with the affair.

In official circles here there is the strongest possible desire to prevent any strongest possible desire to prevent any extension of the present war in the far east. Arbitrary and unreasonable dem-onstrations on the one hand and an un-compromising spirit on the other might, it is believed, backed by an excited press, easily involve the two great Eu-ropean nations in hostilities, the result of which would be to call to Russian support her ally. France, and perhaps develop an English alliance so far un-discovered to European politicians. But as the unfortunate incident was more carefully considered here, the im-

more carefully considered here, the im-pression strengthened that it was not pression strengthened that it was not one which would defy diplomatic treat-ment, particularly in view of the fact that it is the consensus of opinion here that the affair was by no means a pre-meditated attack on a neutral power, but rather a blunder-terrible, but not beyond reparation by peaceful methods. Count Cassini, the Russian ambassa-dor, has received no official informa-tion on the subject, with the exception of the news received by the state de-partment today from its consul at Huil. He was unable, therefore, to speak offi-

BRYAN'S OHIO TOUR. He Concludes a Strenuous One

At Hamilton.

Hamilton, O., Oct. 24.—William J. Bryan tonight concluded his tour of Ohio for the Democratic national ticket with a speech in this city. There were many persons present at nearly every place along the route where Mr. Bryan ocks and he was enthusiastically well. spoke, and he was enthusiastically wel-comed. Twenty-one towns were visit ed. Germantown and Farmersville be-ing added to the itinerary, which had provided speeches in 19 cities. Mr. Bryan said he thought the tour was a record on the number of cities visited and the miles traveled in one day. The speech-making in Ohio be gan early at Bridgeport, but Mr. Bryan consented to make a speech at Wheel-ing, W. Va., preeding his visit to the former city. It was dark when Celina, Greenville, Farmersville, Germantown and Hamilton were reached. In this city, where Mr. Bryan spoke after 9





Illinois

Arkansas

Alabama

outheast.

Oklahoma



Circulation Books Open to Advertisers .---