

den exclaimed, "I am a very poor man!" He was turned over to the custody of the marshal.

A BOLD PIECE OF BURGLARY.

A. H. CANNON'S HOUSE BURGLARIZED AND MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY CHLOROFORMED.

At about quarter past four o'clock this morning Brother Abraham H. Cannon was awakened by the servant girl rapping upon the door of his bed room and calling vociferously for him to arise. After being aroused with difficulty he was asked if he knew anything of the back door being open, as she had just found it in that condition. An investigation soon proved that the house had been burglarized, the entrance having been effected by way of the pantry window on the south side of the house, and egress made by way of the back door on the east side of the house.

The burglars, who must have been at least two in number, had passed from the pantry into the kitchen, thence into the sitting room, hall and one of the bedrooms. In the latter room they removed Brother Cannon's clothing from the bedpost, extracted his purse and some loose change from the pocket and threw the pants on the floor near the door. There was a light burning in this room, the little boy having been sick through the night, and to accomplish their purpose the burglars had evidently administered chloroform to Brother Cannon and his wife, as they both smelled and tasted what they supposed to be it on awaking, and that would account for the difficulty about arousing them.

RAID ON THE CANNON FARM.

MARSHAL IRELAND AND FIVE OF HIS HENCHMEN MAKE A VAIN SEARCH FOR PRESIDENT GEORGE Q. CANNON, AND SUBJENA A NUMBER OF PERSONS.

About 8 o'clock a. m. yesterday the serenity of the Sabbath morning at the Cannon farm, a short distance south-west of this city, was somewhat disturbed by the sudden appearance of U. S. Marshal Ireland, deputies Franks, Vandercook and Collin and two others, at the place, two of them on horseback, and the other four riding in a buggy. The horsemen immediately stationed themselves at the front and rear of the houses, evidently for the purpose of discovering whether anyone attempted to escape, while the four who occupied the buggy proceeded to one house after another, until they had gone through all four of them. They began at the extreme north and ended at the extreme south, without gaining any trace of the object of their search, but finding a few persons, upon whom they served subpoenas—Miss S. A. Butterworth, Miss Mary Alice Cannon, Mrs. Martha Cannon, Miss Hester Cannon and Mrs. S. J. Cannon. Not being satisfied with the result of the first search they went through one of the houses a second time and loitered around the premises until about 11 a. m., when Bishop John Q. Cannon, who lives some distance north of there, and who had been sent for by the family, arrived. He then gave Marshal Ireland his word of honor for the appearance of the persons subpoenaed when they might be wanted. The Marshal stated that he had received positive information that President Cannon was to be home on Saturday night and remain at home until Sunday evening, and seemed greatly disappointed at not finding him. Mr. Vandercook also stated that he had learned that Mr. George Q. Cannon was sick, which he evidently thought would render his return all the more likely. The Marshal remarked, jocularly, on hearing this, that "Van" seemed to know a good deal more about his health than his whereabouts.

The Marshal and his posse then left and returned to the city. Shortly after 3 p. m., however, Deputy Franks and another whose name was not learned reappeared at the farm and inquired for John Q. Cannon. Not finding him there they proceeded to his house and waited there until he returned from the city, when they presented to him a letter from Marshal Ireland, stating that he found on returning to the city, that it would be

necessary to station guards at the farm to watch the persons subpoenaed unless he could come to town and give security for their appearance. He probably never thought of such a thing until it was impressed upon him by the prosecuting attorney, and considering the unheard of nature of the demand, no wonder he had not thought of it.

Brother John Q. accordingly returned to the city and gave the required security, after which he sent a note from Marshal Ireland to the deputies calling on them to return to the city, they in the meantime having proceeded to the Cannon farm and taken up their position as guards over the persons subpoenaed. The bonds required for Mrs. Sarah J. and Mrs. Martha Cannon were \$2,000 each, while the others were bound over in the sum of \$500 each, all of them to appear when wanted.

ANOTHER RAID.

HUNTING FOR PRESIDENTS TAYLOR AND CANNON—A FRUITLESS SEARCH.

Shortly after 11 o'clock this morning U. S. Marshal Ireland strode into the Third District Court room, and after a few whispered words with Deputy Smith, they both took their departure. The appearance of the Marshal's face, however, indicated that something was afoot, and what that something was, was developed in less than an hour afterward. Just before 12 o'clock the Marshal, with about twenty deputies, guards from the penitentiary, etc., made their way up the street, and separating into two squads, proceeded by different routes to the Gardo House. Among those in company with Marshal Ireland were Deputies Greenman, Smith, Mix, Vandercook, Franks, Sprague, Doyle, Hamilton, Parker, McQueen, Cuddihie and the notorious Sam Gilson; also Alfales Young and others. The Gardo House, Historian's Office and neighboring buildings were surrounded, deputies bobbing up in front and rear, in the walks, and among trees, gardens and orchards.

THE GARDO HOUSE

was the first object of solicitation. Here Marshal Ireland and Deputies Vandercook and Cuddihie entered the building, and from basement to garret examined every nook and corner in the house, including cellars, cupboards, closets, wardrobes, etc. After going carefully over the whole place, they finally issued from the front door, having spent half an hour in the search. They seemed somewhat disappointed at not finding any one they wanted. When they applied for admission warrants for the arrest of Presidents John Taylor and George Q. Cannon were exhibited, and the statement was made that the Marshal had received direct information that those for whom they inquired were on the premises. They, however, soon found that their informant was either mistaken or had willfully told an untruth to lead the Marshal and his forces on a wild goose chase, in order to see an exhibition of their strength and alacrity. The

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE

was next visited, the clerk's offices and the Bee Hive and Lionhouses, with all the outhouses and grounds, were subjected to a rigid scrutiny. The marshals were conducted through the buildings by Alfales Young, Cuddihie keeping guard in the office, Sam Gilson and McQueen at the door, and the others stationed at various points. Another half hour was spent here, when the marshals withdrew and turned their attention to the

BARN AND TITHING OFFICE,

which were examined thoroughly. The tithing store, barber shop, meat market, ice house, cellars, emigrant house, barn, stackyards, haylofts, outhouses, and in fact every part of the premises was viewed by anxious "officers of the court." The same result greeted their endeavors as at the other places named. The

HISTORIAN'S OFFICE

was now the only place left, and here the whole force wended their way. Five deputies, Sprague, Parker, Doyle, and two others, had kept a vigilant watch that no one should leave the premises, and Captain Greenman, Vandercook, Smith, Cuddihie and Gilson performed the labor of searching. This occupied but a short time, as the building is used only for public offices. There were a number of persons in at the time on business, one of these being Apostle Erastus Snow, whom Deputy Smith informed that he believed Captain Greenman had a warrant for. This, however, proved to be incorrect. Smith also stated that in addition to the warrants for Presidents Taylor and Cannon, the deputies had further warrants.

NO ARRESTS

were made, and the Marshal and his deputies retired after having completed a fruitless search. The presence of the officers attracted quite a large crowd, who waited around or followed the searchers from place to place, but all was perfectly quiet. While this was going on the offer of \$500 reward for President Cannon, as published in another column, was posted up. When the deputies retired, the crowd quietly dispersed.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 6.—The new synagogue of the congregation of B'nai Jernsbun, on Madison Avenue, near Sixty-fifth Street, caught fire from an overheated furnace in the cellar, at 9 o'clock this morning. At the hour when the doors were opened to admit the congregation for Sabbath services, Rabbi Dr. Henry S. Jacobs, while putting on his robes, discovered the fire, and so quick was its progress that the sacred scrolls in the ark had to be abandoned to their fate. The general alarm called out the entire available force of firemen and the fire was quickly extinguished. It did \$5,000 damage to the building and furniture. Some of the valuable records of the congregation, which is the second oldest in New York, were burned. It is only last spring that the congregation moved up town from its old Temple on West 34th Street. Had the fire occurred a half hour later, disastrous loss of life must have resulted, as the church was filled with smoke in an instant.

WASHINGTON, 6.—The Senate committee on rules, at its meeting this morning, ordered adverse reports on the resolutions offered by Senator Platt requiring that executive nominations be considered in open session; by Senator Hoar, requiring a yeas and nays vote to be taken on all motions to adjourn over one day, and by Senator Morgan, providing for a daily recess from 2 to 2:30 p. m. Senator Platt was before the committee and made a long argument in support of his resolution. The vote on it was as follows: Sherman, Ingalls, Harris and Blackburn in the negative and Frye in the affirmative. The resolution will be adversely reported by Senator Ingalls. Senator Platt will not seek to obtain consideration for it at once, as he does not wish to have it connected in any way with the fight between the Executive and the Senate, with which, in fact, it has no necessary relationship. Ultimately he will call it up in open session and discuss it upon its merits.

General Dement, of Utah, was again before the Senate committee on public lands to-day. He read the statements made by the newspaper men to the committee day before yesterday and reiterated his denial that he had ever said what had been attributed to him, but added nothing to the information previously in the possession of the committee.

The operation of paracentesis thoracis an exceedingly delicate operation in surgery, was successfully performed on Senator Miller of California last evening. A large quantity of fluid was drawn from the cavity of the pleura, giving the Senator much relief, and his condition is much improved to-day.

WINNIPEG, 6.—Grant & McLellan, the railway contractors, who are now here, have made an offer to the directors of the Hudson Bay Railway Company to construct the road. The figures are much less per mile than the estimate of the engineers, and President Sutherland cabled the offer to the British capitalists and to-day received a reply to have the contract signed. Building operations will be begun, it is believed, in the spring at the north end of Lake Winnipeg.

CLEVELAND, 6.—The transfer of the remains of the late President James A. Garfield has been under consideration for some time. This morning James R. Garfield, Lieut. Edwards and the soldiers stationed at Garfield Post repaired to the Lake View Cemetery for this purpose. Beyond the undertaker and press representatives no one else was present. The casket containing the remains of the dead rested in its usual position in the vault and its shellac-stained sides presented a natural appearance, but the appearance of the withered flowers were there and the evidences on every hand showed that the dead was remembered by loving friends. The casket was not opened but was quietly placed in the sarcophagus under the direction of the undertaker. The outer covering was then hermetically sealed and the remains were lost to mortal view forever. The sarcophagus was returned to the vault where it will remain until the handsome monument, which is to be erected in memory of the honored dead, is completed. The sarcophagus is a work of art. It is of solid bronze metal, handsomely ornamented, and weighs 450 pounds. The top is partially oval and massive handles run along the sides and edges. The entire sarcophagus rests on four lions' feet, one at each corner, indicating strength. A handsome tablet of superior workmanship was placed on top of the sarcophagus. It is six by fifteen inches. On each end are lilies, and oak leaves and acorns ornamented the projections. In the centre white lichen and calycanthus are intertwined, giving a beautiful effect. The tablet was designed as symbolical of the dead President, symbolizing his love of home by the lichen, his love of mankind by the calycanthus, his purity by the lily and his courage by the oak. The cost of the sarcophagus was \$20,000. The military guard about the vault will be continued until next June.

CITY OF MEXICO, 6.—Unusually cold weather prevails in the Valley of Mexico, owing to a cyclone in the upper strata of the atmosphere. According to the government meteorological report the cold is not felt on the coast nearly as severely in proportion as here on the table land. Several poor

persons have died from exposure. Crop reports, however, are satisfactory and the prices of food products are ruling lower.

NEW YORK, 6.—The Metallic Burial Case Company of Winfield Junction, Long Island, has completed the casket intended for the final disposition of the remains of the late King Alfonso of Spain. The casket is made of bronze plates one fourth of an inch thick, relieved by twelve panels, the corners of which are decorated with tiles, each being one leaf in the genealogical tree of the Royal family. On the four corners, indicative of strength, are lions rampant, cast in heavy bronze. The cover is topped with four massive crowns. The lifts and other decorations are emblematical of the history of the Spanish monarchy.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., 5.—This morning a passenger train collided at Williamsville, Missouri, with the fast St. Louis passenger train from Memphis. Engineer Wallace, of the Memphis train, and his fireman, name unknown, were instantly killed. Engineer Walker of the St. Louis train jumped from the train and was badly injured. He is from Aurora, Ill. His fireman, name unknown, was caught between the engine and the tender and was crushed to death.

HARROD, Tex., 1.—Reliable parties arriving from the upper part of Panhandle County, report the loss of cattle by the recent storm as very heavy. Along the south side of the Canadian River, especially in Carson, Roberts and Hemphill Counties, the loss is greater than in any previous winter. No reliable estimate of the loss can yet be made, but indications warrant the belief that the total loss in Panhandle County may reach 300,000 head.

GALVESTON, 7.—A special to the News from Dallas, says: The merchants here have been visited by committee of the Knights of Labor, who explained to them the cause of the boycott against the Mallory Steamship company and requested them to withdraw their patronage from that line. The committee received from a majority of the merchants an assurance of support and sympathy and expressions of the belief that their cause for complaint was just and deserving of support. A few merchants were non-committal.

WASHINGTON, 8.—The issue of standard silver dollars from the Mints during the week ending February 6th, was \$77,000. The issue during the corresponding period of last year was \$215,000.

WASHINGTON, 8.—Senator Colquitt, of Georgia, will introduce in the Senate this week a bill establishing local option in the District of Columbia. The bill provides for a vote by the people upon the question and is extremely rigorous. Under its provisions no intoxicating liquors can be manufactured within the limits of the District of Columbia, or imported therein, and if it becomes a law no wines can be used at the State dinner of the President. The bill has been submitted to several Senators and Representatives, and it is said that its main features have been approved by them. Senators Blair of New Hampshire and Hoar of Massachusetts are quoted as saying that they will favor it.

CHICAGO, 8.—Statements are made here that the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway has notified its San Francisco agent of the withdrawal of that road from the Transcontinental Pool.

FOREIGN.

BERLIN, 4.—John Victor Von Unrich, Prussian statesman, is dead in his 80th year. He was one of the founders of the Progressive party but subsequently became a National Liberal. He was first a member of the first two Diets of the North German Confederation and afterwards of the Imperial Reichstag.

PARIS, 4.—The Count De Saint Valier, member of the Senate, is dead.

BERLIN, 4.—A motion is being prepared in the Reichstag requesting Prince Bismarck to negotiate with the Powers concerned, for the establishment of a double monetary standard.

PARIS, 4.—Information has been received that M. Girod and Renaud, the aeronauts, who were supposed to have perished at sea were rescued.

PARIS, 6.—The striking factory operatives at St. Quentin are erecting barricades in the streets of that city and a conflict between the military and strikers is believed to be imminent.

LONDON, 6.—The members of the late ministry left London for Osborne at 9:30 this morning to deliver the seals of office to the Queen, and the members of the Gladstone government proceeded to Osborne at 11:30 to receive the seals from Her Majesty. The House of Commons to-day ordered writs to be issued for the re-election of those members who had been appointed to office since the House was last in session. The House has adjourned until the 18th inst.

PARIS, 6.—The report that the aeronauts, Girod and Renaud had been rescued turns out to be untrue. They are still missing. The Hovas News Agency is endeavoring to obtain information as to their whereabouts. The men ascended in a balloon from Brest, January 27th, and were blown out to sea.

ODESSA, 6.—A revolution is fomenting in Turkish Armenia. The jails in the city of Van are filled with political prisoners and an extraordinary number of arrests are made every day.

VIENNA, 6.—The cool and evasive reply of Serbia to the joint note of the Powers requesting her to disarm, in which she simply acknowledged the receipt of the note and said she would think about it, is to-day explained by the statement that just before sending the reply Serbia had received from Greece a confidential telegram of an important character. It is surmised that Greece offered to join Serbia in resisting the demand to disarm, as it is known that previous to the receipt of the dispatch Serbia had drafted a reply very different from the curt note subsequently sent.

LONDON, 6.—The schooner Empress of India, from Liverpool for San Francisco, foundered at sea January 27. Her pump was choked. The crew are at Madeira.

ROME, 6.—The Chinese envoy had an audience to-day with the Pope. As a result of the interview the Vatican will in the future be represented at the Chinese Court, and China will send an ambassador to the Vatican.

PARIS, 6.—Senor Corvo, Portuguese Ambassador, has presented autograph letters from the King and Queen of Portugal to the Count and Countess of Paris, formally asking the hand of their daughter for the Crown Prince of Portugal. The Count and Countess have given their consent to the proposed union and the marriage will take place in Lisbon. The date for the ceremony has not been fixed.

PARIS, 6.—The supposed murderer of Borrame, the Prefect of the Department of Eure, who was killed in a railway carriage compartment while returning to Evreux from Paris, with \$4,000 in his pocket, on January 14, has been arrested. When the train started from Paris the man asked the guard if Borrame was aboard, and when answered in the affirmative he purchased a ticket and went on the same train. A man answering this person's description left the train at Mantes-sur-Seine before the murder was discovered. The person taken into custody has been identified by the employees on the railway as the man who alighted at Mantes.

From the Reverend Clergy.

Among the many ministers of the gospel who have been helped by Brown's Iron Bitters, the Rev. E. A. Spring, Corydon, Iowa, says, "I used it for general ill-health and found it a great help." Rev. Jas. McCarty, Fort Stevenson, Dakota, says, "It cured me of severe dyspepsia and increased my weight twenty-five pounds." The Rev. Mr. Offey, New Bern, N. C., says he has taken it, and considers it one of the best medicines known. The Rev. Mr. Whitney, Hingham, Wis., says, "After a long sickness from liver fever, I used Brown's Iron Bitters and gained strength." So throughout the States with hundreds and hundreds of other clergymen.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer imparts a fine gloss and freshness to the hair, and is highly recommended by physicians, clergymen, and scientists, as a preparation accomplishing wonderful results. It is a certain remedy for removing dandruff, making the scalp white and clean, and restoring gray hair to its youthful color.

Angostura Bitters, are endorsed by all the leading physicians and chemists, for their purity and wholesomeness. Beware of counterfeits and ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

We do not sound a needless alarm when we tell you that the taint of scrofula is in your blood. Inherited or acquired, it is there, and Ayer's Sarsaparilla alone will effectually eradicate it.

Success.

It is a score of years since the discovery of the compound of Dr. Henley's Celery, Beef and Iron has been made. The constituent parts are daily used by the leading physicians of Europe and America in their practice, who recognize in celery the best nervine known. Sold by Z. C. M. I.

It is True.

This is era when much attention is being given to questions bearing upon physical health. Americans have long ago earned the title of being a race of dyspeptics, and numberless formulas have been prepared to correct the various diseases of the stomach, but the real panacea has been found in Dr. Henley's Celery, Beef and Iron. All druggists sell it.

A WALKING SKELETON.

Mr. E. Springer, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes: "I was afflicted with lung fever and abscess on lungs, and reduced to a walking skeleton. Got a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which did me so much good that I bought a dollar bottle. After using three bottles, found myself once more a man, completely restored to health, with a hearty appetite, and a gain in flesh of 48 lbs." Call at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store and get a free trial bottle of this certain cure for all Lung Diseases. Large bottles \$1.00.

"SAFE, reliable and pleasant to take," that excellent preparation, Dr. Henley's Celery, Beef and Iron. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, Roberts & Nelden, Moore, Allen & Co., Godde, Pirts & Co. and A. C. Smith & Co.