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CREATED A BREEZE.

petitions was presented it. If certain parties were asking for contempt they expressed nothing but contempt for the House and should go back.

Chidester (Republican) I believe Mr. Lee is a man of honor which induces me to vote for the petition and which might explain matters somewhat.

Lee volunteered that he simply presented it to the Convention as expressing the sentiments of the people of his district on the question which the committee on the Convention and didn't want to be considered in that light.

Collins (Republican)—I take it, Mr. President, that the gentleman in presenting such a paper to the Convention has done that which is wholly wrong. He does not represent the people of his district in this question. (Laughter.) Their condition is certainly stated in the petitions he expressed sentiments to the contrary.

Lee in answer to a query of question stated he had received the petition by mail from Cache and took the liberty of putting it up.

Hoover—What does the other say?

Lee—It said the petition was circulated because it did not represent the views of their delegate.

Hoover—Do I or any other gentleman, there, if we put people of our districts and take work?

Lee answered in the negative, but stated that he presumed that a committee had been sent.

Hoover—Then if Mr. Lee is merely presenting it as a tool to the convention we would be satisfied.

Yates then insisted on his motion to strike the petition and it went back to an almost unanimous vote.

APPORTIONMENT BILLS.

The bills on apportionment and market taxation, and Howkin moved to take up the previous which motion Chidester rose on the introduction of a bill to fix each county shall at anytime be represented in the Legislature, but on a vote of 16 to 25.

The House adopted an amendment to sec. 2, in substituting entitled "representative districts," with the word "county" to insert the word "representative."

Squires argued that this would only be valid because new counties might be created before the next apportionment and in order to give them representation in the House would be taken from the present counties.

Cannon said that was a mistake, and in effect that the Legislature would have full power to change it at any time.

Hoover argued in favor of county representation. He denied that the Democratic majority of the Committee had been taken by the Republicans as a political trick. He said they had done the best they could and that the apportionment was just and fair.

Thurman said he would not favor any provision which would deprive the larger counties of representatives in order to give it to the smaller counties. However, on suggestion of Hoyt, Thurman, Squires and Richards agreed that the point was fully covered by the right given to the Legislature to amend the number of members in 20, and representatives to 75.

Mr. Hoover's motion was defeated on a vote of 15 to 18.

Squires said he was about discouraged. It was becoming evident that Democratic and the House would not allow it and would be reliable to be danger. However, in view of Cache's section that it was the intention to take an apportionment every five years, he moved to make that clearly obligatory on the Legislature. Lost.

SENATE WANTED ADDITION.

Jeffery and Sheppard had not been heard fairly. It was entitled to another representative. It had but two while Cache with only sixteen more votes had three. He therefore moved the Senate be given another representative.

Squires seconded the motion and merely suggested the additional member be taken from Salt Lake. (Laughter.)

THE OFFICIAL VOTE.

After a period of raillery and merriment the final vote was taken on the article. Nearly minutes voted in favor of it. Those who did not cast votes against it are as follows:

Andy, Lewis, Wm. Pierce, Oliver, Van Horne, Varian, Wright, Young, Alston—Adams, Goodrich, Kimball, Kimball, Mackintosh, Nebeker, Shelley, Thatcher—8.

The convention have took a recess until 7 p.m.

THIS AFTERNOON'S BUSINESS.

The Stone Bill Finally Disposed of. Far Short of Legislators Discussed.

The Convention assembled at 2 o'clock and at once took up and passed the million article by a unanimous vote, after which it went into the committee of the whole to consider the legislative article, with Dyke in the chair.

The sections fixing the distribution of powers and designating what shall constitute the State Legislature, passed without amendment, and the section fixing the Governor as County Commissioner, the Legislature to constitute by proclamation the divisions of counties of Utah, provided that officer would have look over evidence upon him by the executive office.

On motion to strike, section 5, which gave the first Legislature should consist of members and — representatives, was carried, that matter being deferred since then. Section 11 also was also stricken out.

It was the section which provided that the salary of the members of the Legislature should be $4 per day, President Smith moved to fix the compensation at $3.50 per day. (Laughter.)

Allen, of Piute, moved to amend by striking it $3.50.

Evans, of Weber, opposed both amendments, saying it would work a hardship on poor men.

Baright—Did you ever know a poor man to get into the Legislature as a member?

Evans—Yes, sir; in Utah. I have known lots of them. For instance, there is our friend Thurman; (laughter) he has been in the Legislature many times and we know he is a poor man. (Renewed merriment.)

Cannon also opposed both amendments. He thought the salary was worthy of his sire.

President Smith favored his motion and said the members who were chosen to serve the people in the Legislature had a great honor thrust upon them. He would have a holiday and a good time during the session of the Legislature and go home.

Hart—He could not have a good time on $3.50 per day. (Laughter.) I am not in favor of excluding poor men, neither do I care to exclude allegedly pecuniarily interested in this matter.

Eichner spoke for $5 per day and added that he didn't like to see the men that he was a part (knew his behavior) in the Legislature, remain in work.

Thurman—Did you see in the hands of your friends (Laughter) struck you, Mr. Eichner?

Eichner blushingly admitted that he was and his questions was how a couple of quarters.

Fox favored the $5 amendment. He believed in hard work and low salary. There has been complaints of the 10c. He had served 10 days at the session for 10 cents. Five dollars had been rendered him for his services and he believed it. (Laughter.) He knew who had should enough to go to the Legislature would make a little and lay his way to money accordingly made money.

Hough in favor the position of Mr. Fox.

Howkin said the successful man would be likely to retire; he would be blind him and convert it into a pension receptacle.

Lewis Larson said he favored $5 per day. If he could have it, there is that he would be satisfied with $3.50. If the latter sum was not sufficient, he would take $4 per day. (Laughter.)

Goodwin said the men who would return by being sent to the Legislature was worth $4 per day. He knew of men who wished to lay down way for the United States Senate. He was anxious to make money for them. (Laughter.) Some of them filled in their lifetime and would do so. (Laughter.) He would be satisfied to pay as much as possible for what they get.

Thomas offered the following substitute for the section dealing with that question:

"Members of the Legislature shall receive their per diem and mileage as the Legislature may provide, not exceeding the sum of $4 per day and ten cents per mile for the ordinary mileage, provided, in calculating and reckoning from the nearest accessible by the most usual route, to the place where the seat of government is."

Bishop, of Box Elder, moved to amend by inserting $3 per day.

Squires rose and said that in Hooper he (Laughter) years, where the people regularly elected a member to the Legislature and there was only that I had to be repaid.

President Smith said he wanted to hear selected men to a place to serve that official position would not be sought for by anyone by reason of the monetary remuneration connected therewith. The salary would scarcely pay board, he believed, was only left. The Legislature, the most honest legislative body in the world received no pay.

Hammond—, was sick with the sick of Cache was not any good from to get a set of new clothes since I came to Salt Lake. I called on Carter Nye. The agents for some made clothing. Democrats (laughter) believe in home industry. I complied of the jobbing men there what were he was receiving and was informed that he was being paid at the rate of $4 per day. I want to suggest to my resident friends that if we can only make $3.50 and $3 per day we had better go into the latter business." (Laughter.)

Daright's amendment was voted down and Evans, of Utah, moved to amend. Mr. Thurman's substitute by striking out the words "and returning from." The proviso of mileage, he said, should be made to merely cover the actual amount expended in travel.

Roberts argued for the mileage provision for legislators as it came originally from the committee. He said (speaking) he presumed he could do so without prejudice as it was reasonably certain that he would never be sent to the Legislature.

At 6 o'clock, when the House report closed, a vote was taken on Thurman's substitute, and it carried by a large majority, after which a consideration of the remainder of the article was proceeded with.

THE COUNTY'S CONDITION.

Bonds in the Sum of $200,000 Recommended by the Committee.

The meeting called by the taxpayers committee appointed at the meeting last week was held in the probate court room in the city and county building this afternoon.

Chairman Cohwen called the meeting to order and stated that the secretary elected at the last meeting was not present and it would be necessary to elect a new secretary. Mr. Frank Taylor was elected.

The report of the committee was called for, but it was stated that all the members were not present, and asked that it be deferred for a week.

Mr. Nebeker moved that the report be read, as only three of the committee had signed the report, and it was the intention to offer an amendment after the reading of the report. The motion carried and Mr. Doty proceeded with the reading.

The report submitted showed that the committee had considered the condition of the county, and a comparison were made showing the county's indebtedness to be kept up.

They then took a most consideration the fact, to place submitted for paying the county on a firm financial basis.

The county's present indebtedness of $215,000 is drawing interest at 6 per cent per annum, amounting to $12,900. The report recommended that a bond issue of $200,000 be issued, which would be sufficient to pay all the county's indebtedness, and leave a balance of $15,000 to be used in the payment of the county's current expenses.

The report was signed by Messrs. Doty, Cohwen, Taylor, Nebeker, Ellis, Ferguson, Ellis, Ferguson, Ellis, Ferguson