



well as ("chats, at all principal Ticket offices in the United States and Canada, or of

Flot-Pres't and Conseal Manager. OHICAGO.

NEW TIME CARD, DEC. 20, 1884.



EVENING NEWS

Saturday, - December 27, 1884.

BY TELEGRAPH

I observe that a constitutional amendment has been introduced in Congress that the Senate and House of Representatives shall be joined to the Executive as a treaty making power. Such an amendment would not avoid the necessity of the Executive con-ducting negotiations for a treaty, sub-ject, of course, to ratification of the co-ordinate branch. This prerogative of the House of Market Street Stre

Sarden's Latest. PARIS, 26. — Sardou's "Theodora" was produced this evening with splen-did effect. The dresses were copied from mosales in the' church of San Vitale at Ravenna. Sarah Bernhardt were a reproduction of Thedora's mantle decorated with heraldic pea-cocks and priceless gems. The music was by Massenet. The first act was re-ceived coldly, but the others were voci-ferously applauded. The house was crowded. Critics express various opinions of the production, some accusing Sardou of mutilating history. The majority, however, are loud in their praises of the superb acting of Bernhardt and the intense dramatic nature of the sit-uations. Renan and many distingu-ished litterateurs were present.

ject, of course, to ratification of the co-ordinate branch. This 'prerogative of the House of Representatives has, in all these trea-ties, been abundantly secured by the provision that they should not take ef-fect until a bill originating in the House had made the laws affecting the revenue conform thereto. Precedents are against the position that negotia-tions of this class are unconstitutional. From the foundation of the govern-ment-beginning with the time when the administration was in the hands of men who framed the Constitution itself, and may therefore be assumed to have best understood its import and scope-public treaties affecting reve-nues have been concluded by the Pre-sident and carried into effect by the legislation of a doubt as to the entire constitutionality of the proceeding. A few examples among many may be cited: First in order comes the treaty of 1794, with Great Britain, which stip-"The Times on the Treaty."

LONDON, 26.-The Times readily ad-mits that the Nicaraguan treaty should cited: First in order comes the treaty of 1794, with Great Britain, which slip-ulated for commercial privileges and exemption from duty, set limitations upon the imposition of tonnage dues on British vessels by Cougress. The treat of 1803, with France, for the ac-quisition of Louisiana, stipulated for special favors to French and Spanish goods and vessels in the ceded terri-tory during the term of 12 years, not-withstanding any general regulations as to trade and navigation which Con-gress might make. The treaty of 1815 with Great Britain changed the existing legislation as to discriminating duties. The treaty of 1881, with France, conmits that the Nicaraguan treaty should be judged in America without reference to England's interests; but, it says, England holds a position of almost im-pregnable strength to protest against the policy of violating the treaty rights covered by the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and it believes the better class of Americans will not favor the scheme.

Advice to Granville.

The French ambassador has return-ed to Londou from France. He is in-structed to advise Earl Granville to accede to the demand of Germany and regislation as to discriming France, con-Russia for membership in the Egyptian debt commission, and also to withdraw the proposal to reduce the interest on the debt. Falling the agreement between France and England, all the powers, except Italy, will reject the English proposals.

Disastrous Failure

PRAGUE, 26.-The Habilities of the Bohemian Land Credit Co., which sus-pended, are 23,000,000 florins. The assets exceed that amount, but it will be difficult to collect them. Many small banks are involved; some are ruined.

Angostura Bitters were prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert for his private use. There reputation is such to-day that they have become generally known as the best appetizing tonic. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manu-factured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons







SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

P. W. MADSEN & CO., 68 Main Street, Salt La ce (hy





Parents children's Shoes v

The treaty of 1881, with France, con-tains special tariff provisions. The Canandian reciprocity treaty with Great Britain in 1854, and the recipro-city treaty of 1875 with Hawaii, both contained provisions that they should not become operative until necessary laws to carry them into effect should have been enacted by Congress. In respect to all these treaties, the re-quired legislation was passed. In short, precedents are in favor of con-stitutional negotiation of treaties af-fecting the revenues by the President, fecting the revenues by the President, subject to approval by the Senate, and to legislative co-operation of Congress in carrying out their provisions. The only object the Executive has had in the negotiation of the conventions now awaiting the action of Con-