The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY

NO. 170. TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1893. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVI.

SILVER QUESTION.

Lansdowne, the Viceroy of India, Offers an Explanation.

THE KEY NOTE OF THE SCHEME.

The Government Could no Longer Remain Inactive.—Good Results Hoped For.

BOMBAY, June 27.—Explaining the Indian council bill providing for the the stoppage of free coinage of silver, the adoption of which was announced yesterday, Marquis Lansdowne, viceroy of India, said he hoped the government would not be criticised for adjourning of the important question at a single sitting. The keynote of the scheme was rather to prevent a further fall in exchange than to raise the value of the rupee. The fixing of the provisional rate of exchange at 1 s. 4 d., provided an automatic means of preventing the closing of the mints and the violent disturbing of the exchange rates. The rate of exchange had been fixed high enough to relieve the government of its most pressing necessities, while it was well within the limits of the recent fluctuations. There should be no mistake, the viceroy said, about the facts. It was not proposed to substitute gold for silver currency. No attempt will be made at present to fix the legal tender price for gold. While the ratio of value was mentioned, it was only provisional. In conclusion the viceroy expressed the government's sense of the gravity of the step it was about to take. Personally he was averse to all attempts to give money commodities a fictitious value, but the time had arrived when to remain inactive was impossible. The government would be unworthy of the name if it left things alone. It has not taken the momentous step with light hearts. He hoped its action would be fruitful to good results and that a sufficient reserve of gold would be accumulated to make an effective gold standard possible.

INDIA SATISFIED.

CALCUTTA, June 27.—General satisfaction is expressed at the action regarding currency, yesterday. Government securities rose rapidly.

RUPEE PAPER STRONG.

LONDON, June 27.—Rupee paper is very strong at 11, owing to the action taken yesterday by the government of India on the silver question.

Bar silver is 38 d per ounce.

OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT.

LONDON, June 27.—The correspondence between the government of India and the India office, has been issued. It opens with a letter from the India council under date of March 9, urging the house government to aid in the settlement of the silver question by an international agreement, and if failing in this, not to defer determining upon the Indian policy. If an international agreement should not be obtained the United States might suddenly stop the coinage of silver leaving India unprepared.

Other communications discuss the fall in the rupee values and the fluctuations in the rates of charges. The council, in a letter written in June, advises that if the international monetary conference at Brussels fails and a direct agreement between India and the United States cannot be obtained, the mints in India will be closed to the free coinage of silver and gold standard be introduced. In a minute Barbour, the financial secretary of India, opposes the stoppage of free coinage till it becomes evident that the United States will not adopt free coinage. Barbour estimates that the total active circulation of India amounts to 115,000,000 rupees while a much larger proportion is hoarded. To establish gold currency with full legal tender currency composed entirely of gold it would be necessary to withdraw from circulation 1,150,000,000 rupees, replacing them by 477,000,000 in gold. He therefore recommends that with a gold standard in India a large proportion of the circulation must continue to silver legal tender to any amount. If such mints be maintained in circulation a gold coinage of a total amount of 15,000,000 will suffice.

Long, in a minute to the council in August discusses the adoption of a gold standard and concludes: By the suggestion the ratio of conversion will give about one shilling. In a subsequent telegram from the earl of Kimberly to the viceroy of India, dated June 27th, 1893, the former announces the recommendations of the Herschel committee to be adopted by the council at simla yesterday. In advising the Indian government to change the gold rate to 1d to the rupee, the commission says the object is to guard against a sudden and unbearable rise in exchange. Moreover the ratio ought to be raised if circumstances make it advisable.

STOCKS IRREGULAR.

LONDON, June 27.—Stocks closed irregular. All silver issues were flat. The silver question has unsettled business and caused bear selling. There was a fall in English railway securities of 1 4. Superior paper was strong. The trade council so far has sold 900,000 rupees' worth of bills and transfers at an average price of 1s 4d.

Died of Yellow Fever.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., June 27.—Captain A. J. Boddie of the Barkentine Sherwood, died of yellow fever on the Satilla river, after arriving from Havana. Preventives are taken and it is not believed the disease will spread.

BROOKLYN DAY.

Perfect Weather at the World's Fair and a Large Attendance.

CHICAGO, June 27.—The World's Fair weather continues perfect and the attendance grows.

Today is Brooklyn Day, the first of those set apart in honor of any city. Large delegations are present from the city of churches. The occasion was celebrated with a parade, music and speeches ending with a banquet this evening.

WYOMING'S SEAL.

A Beautiful Design and Well Executed.

Special Telegram to the NEWS.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 27.—The new great seal of the state of Wyoming, authorized by the last legislature, has been received from Philadelphia mint where it was engraved. The seal contains three figures and an impression shows up every part with clearness. A figure of a woman stands on a pedestal and holds aloft a staff from which rules a streamer bearing the words, "Equal rights." On the right side is the figure of a cowboy, and on the left a miner. A streamer carries the words, "Live stock," "Mines" and "Oil." Around the inner picture are the words, "The great seal of the state of Wyoming." The whole forms a beautiful and appropriate design.

SPECIAL SESSION WANTED.

Carlisle Receives Numerous Callers and Telegrams.

The Action of the Indian Government Causes Uneasiness Everywhere.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—One of the efforts of the votes of the government of India has been to renew the demand for an early session of Congress. This view was presented to Secretary Carlisle this morning by many of his congressional callers and numerous telegrams from all sections of the country. Before going to the cabinet Carlisle received a cablegram from London announcing further decline in the price of silver to 33 pence. At this price the silver dollar is worth 58½ cents.

Senator Dolph, Oregon, the only Pacific slope senator in the city said this morning: "I am opposed to my colleagues you know, on the subject of free coinage and am in favor of maintaining all the currency on a par with gold, but it seems to me that the action of the Indian government will diminish instead of increase the prospect of passing the repeal of the Sherman law by the Senate. I think the effect will be to make the thoughtful members of Congress hesitate before they depreciate all silver by suddenly throwing upon the market of the world 4,000,000 ounces of silver, equivalent to nearly the whole American product now purchased and stored by the government. I do not know that anything better than the repeal of the Sherman act can be done to relieve the situation; but I am fearful that the repeal of that act would be disastrous to the finances of the government and silver."

The senator further desired to correct a published statement, that he had said in substance that Cleveland would not be able to command the presence of Congress at a September session and that for himself he should not come to Washington until September 20th. He might have said that Congress should not on account of the hot weather be convened earlier than the 20th of September, or that he did not expect to be in Washington till the 20th, but he said nothing indicating any opposition to Cleveland or that he would not be on hand whenever Congress was called. He probably would be a better supporter of Cleveland's financial measures than a majority of the Democratic senators.

INSCRIBED IN CABINET.

Although the discussion took a wide range, it was necessarily brought back to the important and manageable point that the Executive had no power in the premises, Congress alone being able to deal with measures for relief. It was plain to the cabinet that the monthly purchase of silver must be continued, or Congress must be convened in a special session immediately. As the President has decided to call Congress together in the early part of September to deal with the financial situation and manifested an intention of changing his silver policy, the project of an earlier session of Congress, it is understood, was dropped. As far as the continuance of the purchase of silver bullion and the Sherman law are concerned it was pointed out that little more than two months remained before Congress would convene in extra session and that during the intervening time the silver bits purchased would be only 9,000,000 ounces, a comparatively small amount in view of the previous purchases and that the best way to deal with the question was to await the course of events two months longer. This was generally agreed to and it was with this view dominant that the meeting adjourned.

Funeral of Wartele.

Special Telegram to the NEWS.

EVANSTON, Wyo., June 27.—The funeral of the late C. E. Wartele, superintendent of the Wyoming division of the Union Pacific occurred at this place last Sunday. Railroad officials from every town on the division were present besides a number from Ogden and Salt Lake. The employes at Ogden gave as an anchor of lilies and a Union Pacific shield, made of flowers in red, white and blue. At the top are the words, "Union Pacific" and across the bar at the bottom, "Ogden employes."

THE COWBOY RACE.

John Berry Arrives in Chicago This Morning.

CHICAGO, June 27.—In the cowboy race from Chadron, Neb., to the entrance to Buffalo Bill's wild west show, the first man in was John Berry, riding a pony protest from the other contestants. He arrived in person at 9:30 this morning, astride his wiry broncho stallion. He left Freeport, Ill., at 9:30 last night and so made the last hundred miles in twenty-four hours.

Both horse and man were most spattered, but the former was in better condition than the rider. Berry was about done up and could scarcely respond to the congratulations of Buffalo Bill on his success. He was given the best care and will, doubtless, be all right after sleep and rest. The next man to arrive was Edward Albright, who appeared at 11:30. Both he and his horse were in a fairly good condition. Gillespie and Smith are looked for next.

Gillespie arrived at 1:30, and Smith ten minutes later. Gillespie said he would be the real winner, having complied with all the conditions.

A Prohibition Anniversary.

CHICAGO, June 27.—The Christian Temperance union of Iowa held a meeting in the Iowa building today to commemorate the anniversary of June 27, 1882, when the prohibitory amendment to the state constitution was adopted. Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, presided. Addresses were made by J. G. Cooper, president of the Iowa commission; Ex. Gov. Larrabee, Dr. E. R. Hutchins, Wm. McFadland, secretary of state.

Music was rendered by the Iowa state band and the Swedish male Misses Pierce and Larrabee.

Struck by a Train.

CHICAGO, June 27.—This morning Mrs. Frank Ingalsen, with her two children, aged six years and five months respectively, and Maggie Sharin, aged 14 years, driving across the Burlington railroad track at Milford avenue, were struck by a train. Both children were killed, the girl fatally hurt and the mother seriously injured.

President S. H. H. Clark Ill.

OMAHA, Neb., June 27.—President S. H. H. Clark of the Union Pacific is much sick. He left last night for the lake where he hopes by the invigorating climate to be nursed back to health.

Prohibition Convention.

CLEVELAND, June 27.—Large numbers are here in attendance on the prohibition state convention. A preliminary meeting by congressional districts to appoint committees was held this afternoon. The convention proper will be held tomorrow.

LOST ALL.

Another Victim of the Monte Carlo Hell.

NICE, June 27.—A Standard at Monte Carlo, from New York, killed himself, having lost £100,000 in gambling.

Broke Her Arm.

Special Telegram to the NEWS.

FORMOSA, Wyo., June 27.—Mrs. J. Hoselton fell and broke her arm between the wrist and the elbow yesterday. She was standing upon a table putting up curtains when she lost her equilibrium and fell to the floor.

Cholera in England.

LONDON, June 27.—A sailor from Nantes, France, died at Tyne of cholera.

Revolt Against Spaniards.

MADRID, June 27.—Advices from Mindanao of the Philippine group say that six thousand natives under their sultans have rebelled against the Spanish rule and attacked the garrison in the fort, but were repulsed with a loss of 87 killed, including the sultan, and 600 wounded.

Iron Workers Laid Off.

LONTENING, Mich., June 27.—Three thousand iron ore miners have been discharged in this district the past thirty days and eleven hundred more will be laid off on Friday, there being no market for the ore already mined.

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

A Coffee Broker Unable to Meet His Obligations.

NEW YORK, June 27.—L. Bandel, a coffee broker, has notified the coffee exchange of his inability to meet his obligations.

WALL STREET AND SILVER.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The situation in Wall street was further complicated by the latest developments of silver. This was started by the renewed liquidation yesterday and rivalled the attention paid to the probable attitude of the coming Congress regarding the Sherman silver issue. A great majority of the Wall street people anticipate that their interest lies in the repeal of the law. They are eager that the compulsory purchase of silver monthly shall be abolished before there can be any lasting improvement. In the meantime the speculation at the stock exchange is at a very low ebb. The variations in price from day to day are perhaps for the closing out of the account of some belated bull, simply reflect the operations of the professional element. Conservative houses are doing everything in their power to limit trading lower for the reason that the firms do not care to charge their client any more than the legal rate of interest on transactions; neither do they care to pay the difference between 3 per cent and 35 and 40, which were the rates yesterday. After reviewing the situation Wall street is content to go slow till Congress finds a way to the silver matter and the money market returns to something like its normal condition.

FUEL COMPANY FAILS.

CHICAGO, June 27.—The Illinois Fuel company has failed. It has mines in Sangamon county. The assets are $150,000 and the liabilities $100,000.

ANOTHER BANK.

ASHLAND, Ky., June 27.—The Second National bank has closed its doors. The depositors will be paid in full.

CABINET MEETING.

Discussing the Silver Question for Two Hours.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Two hours were consumed by the cabinet today discussing the new phase of the silver question. The conference yesterday afternoon and evening between the President and Carlisle simplified matters to some extent.

Gen. Miles Elected.

BOSTON, June 27.—Gen. Nelson A. Miles has been elected president of the society of the Army of the Potomac.

MINING AND REALTY.

The Downward Rolling of Silver and Lead.

REAL ESTATE MEN AT SALTAIR.

The Carload of Ore from the Grizzly.—Ore Buying Stopped.—Notes of Mining and Realty.

Mining men particularly were surprised today when the news came that silver had dropped to 73 cents per ounce, and lead was only selling for $3.40 per cwt. Silver has passed all previous records, and lead is lower than at any time since 1878. The feeling of depression in business quarters increased with the fall in price of these metals, and the outlook for the next few weeks is far from reassuring.

The smelters are not buying any great amount of ore at present, owing to the prevailing trend of prices. This question of purchasing is the prolapsic cause of a report that was current today, to the effect that the smelters had decided to close down. The truth of the rumor was denied by the smelter managers, who say that their works will continue in operation as long as they can get ore at current prices. They have enough on hand to run thirty days at least, and will keep right on.

REMAINING, NOT BUYING.

Real estate business is so low that it can go no farther and remain in sight. The inquiry for property has practically ceased, and if the owners had to rely on what they got out of transfers, they soon would reach the bottom of the grade. As it is they add to their exchequer by negotiating loans, whenever they can find capitalists who are willing to lend. "It is wonderful how many people want to borrow now," said a real estate man today, "even considering the close times. Applications for loans are almost legion, but only a moderate number can be supplied, and then often at rates of interest that would make the people state if they knew the figure. Everybody seems to be borrowing and mortgaging, but nobody is buying property now."

REDUCING EXPENSES.

Several leading mercantile and industrial establishments in the city have found it necessary to materially reduce operating expenses. All extra hands have been laid off, and in some instances the force of regular hands has been cut down. In some establishments a reduction of wages has been effected, with the explanation and understanding that the old rate will be restored as soon as the volume of trade increases sufficiently to justify it. In others the retrenchment policy has been put into effect by lessening the hours of labor instead of laying off regular employes.

AT SALTAIR.

The real estate men are holding a great meeting today, but not in the usual quarters or the ordinary style. They are rusting at the prince of bathing resorts, Saltair Beach, and intently watching or taking part in youthful sports and games. A big crowd of people went out this morning, and this afternoon a boat followed to engage in the pleasures of the occasion.

THE GRIZZLY SHIPMENT.

The carload of ore that is being brought in by the Grizzly company from its mines in the Ruby Hill district, Nevada, and is to arrive today or the latter part of the week, is not from the rich body that was recently struck. It will be a part of 150 tons of low grade ore now on the dump. Though classed as low grade, it will run from 100 to 150 ounces per ton.

IN BEAVER HEAD DISTRICT.

Montpelier, Idaho, Post: Mr. Cavanaugh, a mining man from the Beaver Head district, Cache county, Utah, arrived in the city Monday, and reports everything favorable for that part of the country. Mr. Cavanaugh says that Sam Staples and Thomas Hart of this place are busily engaged doing their assessment work on the various claims owned by them in this new and promising district. Messrs. Staples and Hart are both mining men of a life-long experience, and the fact that they have set their stakes in this camp is evidence that the country is a good one. Messrs. Staples, Lewis and J. P. O'Connor, own a claim known as the "Mother Lode" which Mr. Cavanaugh says is the most promising prospect in the camp, and will undoubtedly make a great mine in the near future. The Champion, owned by Mr. Hart and others, is also a promising claim and shows plenty of good lead and silver ore from the surface. For the information of our readers who may not be acquainted with this new camp, we will state it is located about ten miles from Garden City, Utah, and forty-five miles by a good road from Montpelier. Joe Fuller, J. F. O'Connor and others are contemplating a visit to the camp at an early day.

AT BALD MOUNTAIN.

RIVERTON, Wyo., June 24.—The Colorado and Wyoming Mining and Milling company composed of Denver capitalists and Riverton claim owners has purchased a Bunyne amalgamator and will operate it at their Bald Mountain gold mine this summer. This will make the third amalgamator at that camp.

COPPER PLANT DEED.

Just before the closing of the county recorder's office last evening there was filed the transfer, from Mr. Pettit to Mr. Green, of the forty acres of land on which the copper plant buildings are being constructed. The conference yesterday afternoon and evening between the President and Carlisle simplified matters to some extent.

Gen. Miles Elected.

BOSTON, June 27.—Gen. Nelson A. Miles has been elected president of the society of the Army of the Potomac.

was done, propriety in making the transfer. The trustee who visits the place express themselves as highly pleased with the progress made. It is stated that the electrolytical plant at the refinery will be ready for operation within sixty days.

LAND COURTROOM.

A case before the land officials today was that of Wm. Cutram vs Cyrus W. Robbins. The defendant claims, under a pre-emption, eighty acres of land in the town of Stoneville, Box Elder county, and Cutlam is making a contest on behalf of the town.

The case of W. T. Burkell vs Leamington McCarty, involving timber culture entry No. 1276, for 120 acres of land in township 7 south, range 2 west, has been decided in the land office in favor of Leamington McCarty. The actual issue was over affidavits filed by Burkell alleging that McCarty has failed to cultivate any part of the land. The register and receiver decided that the allegation was not proven.

The case of Ferdinand Rindell vs Emelus Christensen, involving H. E. No. 5076, covering 160 acres of land in township 18 south, range 3 east, has been decided in the land office. Rindell alleged that Christensen abandoned the entry and that he never made any settlement on the land. The register and receiver decided that as the charge of failure to make any settlement on the land by Christensen was proven, Christensen's entry should be cancelled, with the preference right of entry accorded to Rindell.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS.

The following applications for patents to mining claims have been filed in the local land office:

The Elephant and Sunshine, in Clifton district, by Richard A. Ballantyne et al.

The Front No. 2, in Camp Floyd district, by Matt T. Gisbora.

The West Dipper and Florence No. 3, in Camp Floyd district, by Matt T. Gisbora.

The Brickyard, Pelosi, Justice and Atlas, in Camp Floyd district, by W. J. Franklin.

AGRICULTURAL PATENTS.

The following agricultural patents have been received from Washington, and are at the local land office awaiting their owners:

No. 4091, to George Goulding of Huntsville, Garfield county, for 160 acres in section 28, township 20 south, range 4 west.

No. 4093, to Owen P. Washburn of Monroe, Sevier county, for 160 acres in section 17, township 23 south, range 3 west.

No. 4094, to David W. Ward of Parowan, Iron county, for 160 acres in section 12, township 34 south, range 11 west.

No. 4453, to Charles W. Steguiller of St. George, Washington county, for 160 acres in township 42 south, range 15 west.

No. 4135, to Jacob Strang of Springville, Utah county, for 80 acres in township 8 south, range 3 east.

No. 4136, to William Poulsen, of Richmond, Cache county, for 160 acres in township 21 south, range 1 east.

No. 4246, to Alonzo Richmond of Santaquin, Utah county, for 40 acres in section 10, township 10 south, range 1 east.

No. 4361, to William Daybell of Charleston, Wasatch county, for 160 acres in sections 22 and 27, township 4 south, range 4 east.

No. 4363, to Angus M. Cannon Jr. of Salt Lake City, Salt Lake county, for 160 acres in section 25, township 4 south, range 1 west.

No. 4365, to William Gordon of Meadowville, Rich county, for 40 acres in section 4, township 13 north, range 5 east.

No. 4379, to James Carter of Nephi, Juab county, for 40 acres in section 3, township 13 south, range 1 east.

No. 4140, to Jens Nelle Christensen of Emery county, for 80 acres in section 30, township 18 south, range 8 east.

No. 4309, to Martin S. Rose of Mt. Pleasant, Sanpete county, for 160 acres in section 22, township 14 south, range 4 east.

No. 4310, to Henry T. Beal of Ephraim, Sanpete county, for 160 acres in township 16 south, range 3 east.

No. 4377, to Warren F. Billings of Jerome, Uintah county, for 160 acres in section 29, township 5 south, range 2 east.

No. 4381, Joshua N. Kimball of Meadowville, Rich county, for 40 acres in section 34, township 13 north, range 5 east.

No. 4078, to Edwin S. Kearsley of Monroe, Sevier county, for 80 acres in section 10, township 25 south, range 3 west.

No. 4340, to Alvin N. Murdock of Charleston, Wasatch county, for 160 acres in section 21, township 4 south, range 4 east.

No. 4084, to Alvedus H. Mayne of Salt Lake, Salt Lake county, for 160 acres in section 8, township 9 north, range 2 west.

No. 4300, to Nymphus C. Murdock of Charleston, Wasatch county, for 160 acres in section 27, township 4 south, range 4 west.

No. 4054, to David E. Howes of Newton, Cache county, for 160 acres in section 9, township 12 north, range 1 west.

No. 4303, to William C. Hanks of Charleston, Wasatch county, for 160 acres in section 15, township 4 south, range 4 east.

No. 4305, to John McKenna of Redmond, Sevier county, for 160 acres in section 12, township 21 south, range 1 west.

No. 4309, to Joseph W. Hales of Deseret, Millard county, for 160 acres in section 12, township 19 south, range 9 west.

No. 4074, to Joseph M. Harris of Bear River, Box Elder county, for 160 acres in section 10, township 12 north, range 4 west.

NOTES.

News comes from the Union mine at Anna, Colorado, that a large body of galena ore has been struck, yielding 10,000 per ton in gold and 27 ounces of silver.

Assayer Stewart will remove his office in a few days from East Temple street to rooms in the Lion Block, on Second South street, west.

The Business Men's association formulated a telegram to President Cleveland and intended sending it off today, but on second thought changed the program. The telegram contained a suggestion to the President to take some action to relieve the present financial situation. The subsequent consideration convinced the association members that at the present juncture such a message would be unbecoming, so they concluded to save their work for a more opportune occasion.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $132,942.

VERY QUIET IN THE COURTS.

Judges Zane and Hatch Held Another Session Today.

There has been nothing done in the Third district court today calling for any special mention.

HEAVY DAMAGES CLAIMED.

The trial of the case of Martin Larson, administrator of the estate of James Larson, deceased, vs the Iris Mining company, was resumed before Judge Zane and a jury. The facts were reported in Monday's NEWS. It is an action to recover $20,000 damages for the death of the plaintiff's son, which occurred through a cavein at the defendants' mine in Juab county in April, 1892, negligence on their part being alleged as the cause of the accident.

The hearing is likely to last all day.

DECEMBER CONTEMPTS.

In the suit of Dupree vs Whalen, the demurrer to complaint was confirmed and ten days allowed to amend.

CONTINUED FOR ONE DAY.

In the case of Winder et al vs Ward et al, the hearing on order to show cause was continued until tomorrow.

THE WHITMORE MATTER.

The arguments in the Whitmore contempt proceedings were concluded this afternoon and the case was taken under advisement by Judge Hatch.

GRANT MOTES.

The charge of larceny against George Thomas, whose arrest was noted in Saturday's NEWS, has been dismissed in Commissioner Greenman's court, the defendant having agreed to marry the girl.

Samuel Gee had a hearing in Commissioner Greenman's court yesterday afternoon on the charge of grand larceny, and was held to the grand jury in a $500 bond. He was unable to give the required surety and will therefore remain in custody.

SEWER ASSESSMENT

Confirmed by the Board of Equalization and Review, Last Night.

Last evening was spent by the City Council sitting as a board of equalization and review on sewer assessment. The intersections considered were Nos. 18, 19 and 20. No. 18 is on the north side of Third South street between Second and Third East streets in sewer district No. 6, the estimated cost being $4 per front foot, or a total of $2288. No. 19 is for sewers on both sides of Second South street, from Second to Fifth East streets, in sewer district No. 6, the estimated cost being $3 per front foot, or a total of $13,080.

No. 20 is for sewers on the east side of G street, from a point midway between South Temple and First street north to a point midway between First and Second streets in district No. 3, the estimated cost being $1.35½ per front foot, or a total of $1,337.50.

No protests were made against carrying out the intersections, and a resolution covering them and confirming the assessment was adopted.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Harry Hammond Re-committed to the County Jail in Default of $5000 Bonds.

In returning a verdict in the matter of the killing of Clyde Robertson, the coroner's jury last night found "from the evidence that the said Clyde Robertson came to his death by a gun shot wound, or wounds, inflicted by the hand of Harry Hammond, whether maliciously or by accident this jury is unable to determine."

The three other boys, Carl Hammond, George and Heber Gallup, were released from the county jail last night. Today a charge of murder was preferred against Harry and he was taken before Justice Gee for preliminary examination. His attorney moved that he be discharged, but the court overruled the motion and held the accused in $5000 pending the examination, which is set for Thursday next at 10 o'clock. In default of sureties young Hammond was recommitted to the county jail.

The funeral of Billie Clyde occurred from the family residence this afternoon.

Returned From Europe.

The NEWS had a pleasant call today from Elias W. B. Dougall Jr, who was called in July 1892 to take a mission to England and labor in the editorial department of the *Millennial Star*. He left home in the early part of September following and upon his arrival in Liverpool immediately commenced his labors at the publishing headquarters for the British mission.

Since January last Elder Dougall has not enjoyed good health, not, indeed, for some time before that, owing to the atmospheric conditions, close confinement and blood poisoning but he endeavored, by occasional runs to different sections, to improve his condition.

On May 24, 1893, he left Liverpool for New York, in the hope that a sea voyage would do him good, expecting to return immediately. But in New York, which he was met by the president of the European mission, it was thought inadvisable that he should run the risk of permanently undermining his health; he was accordingly advised to return home, and was honorably released from his mission. He had a pleasant journey to Salt Lake City and his health has much improved since his arrival. He looks well and thoroughly enjoyed his labors.

A BIG BLUNDER.

The High Water Pipe Line on the North Bench Must be Torn Up.

NO ATTENTION PAID TO GRADE.

The System Put In at a Cost of $61,098.—One Mile of It Already Taken Up.—Who is Responsible?

There has been a great deal of talk during the last few days about an alleged extravagant blunder by the city waterworks department on the north bench in laying the high waterpipe line into commencement hill, and it is said that a determined but unsuccessful effort was set on foot to hush it up. During this period a representative of the DESERET NEWS has been inquiring into the case and as a result has found that the eight miles of pipe laid on the north bench during the last year at a cost of $61,098 were put into the earth without reference to grade. Now that the discovery has been made nobody is willing to shoulder the responsibility. Blame has been immediately thrown on the city engineer for not having established the grade. A NEWS reporter made several attempts to interview the official today but he was not at the office when the newspaper man called. Councilman Hardy, however, took it upon himself to defend Mr. Dotsenn. He said that gentleman was not responsible in any degree for the costly mistake. It was a matter of record that Mr. Dotsenn had opposed the laying of the pipe on the north bench, which was entirely unfinished. The city engineer performed his work largely under the direction of the City Council and had never been instructed to give the grade for the north bench system. Ryan laid the pipe and no one else had anything to do with the matter so far as he knew.

A MILE OF PIPE EXPOSED.

Mr. J. K. Gillespie, of the real estate firm of Kelsey & Gillespie, was seen today and asked for a statement of the case. He said: "Time and again the council was petitioned by property owners for the fixing of grades on the north bench before the new water system was built, but no attention was paid to their appeals.

"I see," said the reporter, "that in constructing the boulevard on Eleventh street you have uncovered the water pipes."

"That is right; we were compelled to do it and it comes from the Council ignoring the property owners. The boulevard had to be cut down to grade and, acting under the direction of the Council, it took up far below the pipes—as much as seven or eight feet in many places."

"How much of this pipe have you exposed?"

"A little more than a mile—about one mile, I think."

"The city will have to replace it will it not, Mr. Gillespie?"

"Certainly, and for no other reason than the foolishness of its members. The cost of relaying could easily have been avoided by laying the system to grade. As it is it will have to be torn up whenever a street is graded."

SHOULD HAVE BEEN LAID ON THE SOUTH.

L. F. Kelsey, who in connection with Mr. Gillespie owns a great deal of North bench property and who has had charge of the boulevard construction up to date, reaffirmed what Mr. Gillespie had said. The whole difficulty could have been prevented, even without ignoring of grades, provided the pipes had been laid on the south side of all streets running east and west. This is because the south side of the streets is much lower than the north. There would have been no cutting or filling in grading the streets.

WHAT RYAN SAYS.

"Yes," said superintendent of Waterworks Ryan, "Kelsey and Gillespie have uncovered a mile of water pipe, a part of the new system on Eleventh street, in constructing their part of the boulevard, and left it hanging in the air. I was ordered by the mains burst out and had the pipe relaid up on the hill to save it."

"Under whose direction was the pipe in question laid, Mr. Ryan?" asked the reporter.

"The work was done under my supervision. No attention was given to the matter of permanent grades, the ground being followed over the entire eight miles of the system."

"Has the system ever been used?"

"No, city water has not been turned in it yet."

"By the way, Mr. Ryan, were not these pipes laid by the force of election holes you had evidently in the Fourth precinct last fall?"

To this question Mr. Ryan hung his head and smiled faintly but did not reply.

Councilman Kelly declares that it will cost at least $5000 to relay the pipes torn up along the route of the boulevard, and commenting thereon an anti-Liberal councilman said today: "The entire high line water system was put in to give employment to election laborers last fall, as yours my word, the same kind of a gang will relay the pipes before the next election. It is only a part of the game."

If the statements of certain city officials count for anything, there will be a lively time before this matter is satisfactorily explained.

Charged With Adultery.

George S. Hill and Rosie Wirts, the couple arrested by Deputy Marshal Roman Cannon just Saturday afternoon at the Grand Central lodging house, on a charge of adultery, were booked to have a preliminary hearing in Commissioner Pratt's court at 8 o'clock this afternoon.