

EVENING NEWS.

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CHARLES W. FENROSE, EDITOR.

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EDITORIAL NOTES.

One of the things you don't want to be too generous with, is your temper. Keep it.

John Bull is proverbially fond of roast beef, but he appears now to be deeply interested in an Irish stew.

The supply of American wheat in Europe is not sufficient to prevent an advance in breadstuffs in Russia to double the usual prices.

The St. Louis public schools impart something more than a common English education. Over 20,000 pupils therein are engaged in the study of the German language.

Utah searthritis, take notice. In Dodge County, Ga., a Mrs. Wright has made twenty yards of silk, having herself raised the trees, attended to the worms, and woven the silk into cloth.

Never be too presumptuous. Bolder over this observation, young man. The reason so many people upset and sink in the stream of life is because they put up more sail than they can carry.

It may be of interest to young people, married or single, who indulge in a good deal of sweetmeats, to know that the hardworking practical bee produces during his life time nearly twice as much honey as it does wax.

What has become of the Greenback or Flat Money party? It spoke with a very feeble voice on election day and now makes no sign at all. Yet the boast was that it was to grow so fast that its shadow would obscure both of the great parties of the country. Is the rag baby quite defunct?

The physicians of Paris—not the capital of Bear Lake, but of la belle France—have been holding a consultation on the subject of the benefits or otherwise of perambulators or baby carriages. Most of the faculty condemn their use utterly. Not only are nurses tempted to leave the unfortunate infant occupant of the carriage, while conversing with a friend or otherwise engaged, but the position which the child is compelled to maintain sometimes for hours, tends to injure the spine, and besides, the little one fails to receive the moderate exercise which comes from its being carried in the nurse's arms. Mothers, make a note of this.

CHARTERED POWERS AND HOSTILE FEELINGS.

THERE seems to be some misunderstanding in regard to two or three matters connected with the Utah Eastern Railroad and the coal question. It is argued that the City Council has no right to grant the petition of nearly all the taxpayers asking the city to purchase stock in the Utah Eastern. It is stated that there is an intense animosity and open warfare between the people here and the Utah Pacific. It is further alleged that there are but two reasons for the present lack of coal; either that the U. P. mines are playing out, or that men cannot be obtained to work them.

We do not agree with these statements or arguments. First, let us examine the power of the City Council to grant the people's petition. We admit that there is no specific authority in the charter of Salt Lake City to invest money in the capital stock of a railroad or any other corporation. If every exercise of municipal power must be backed by specific authority, there are many things which the City has done and will have to do which are not mentioned in the charter.

We do not wish to particularize too closely, for obvious reasons. Any one can satisfy himself of the fact that money has been borrowed and expended for objects laudable in themselves, but which are not mentioned in the City Charter. In the present case we think that it requires no great stretch of language or imagination to construe section 2 of the Charter to cover the necessary ground. Here it is:

"The inhabitants of said city, by the name and style aforesaid, shall have power to sue and be sued, to plead and be impeached, defend and be defended, in all courts of law and equity and in all actions whatsoever, to purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey and dispose of property real and personal, to take the benefit of said city both within and without its corporate boundaries, to improve and protect such property and do all other things in relation thereto as a natural person."

We have noticed some words to draw special attention. The Council has the same power as a natural person to purchase and hold real property, provided it is for the benefit of the city. Who is to determine whether the purchase of Utah Eastern stock is for the benefit of the city or for the benefit of those who can better settle than the masses of the taxpayers, whose money will be used for their purpose? And if the question of legality should come before a Court, is it at all likely that the judges of nearly all the taxpayers would be ignored, in rendering the meaning of the powers conveyed in Section 2 of the City Charter? We think not. If the Council determines that it desires to respond affirmatively to the call of the people, we believe it can do so with safety. Perhaps in the present condition of the City finances, and in view of the borrowing limits under the charter, it would not be practicable to invest the full amount asked for. But a portion

cent interest would be a profitable investment for the city, considering the great benefits which would flow from a speedy completion of the railroad.

It is a mistake to make the building of the Utah Eastern a question of war with the Union Pacific. It was not projected in that spirit. Men who own coal mines within our Territory had no means of supplying this market with their fuel. The Union Pacific could not transport enough of its own coal to supply the demand. The only way open was to build a road to connect their mines with the market. That is no war with the other road any more than the opening of a new store is hostility to the old ones.

Another reason why Salt Lake is not supplied with coal outside of the alternatives mentioned. Although the Union Pacific mines have a good and rich coal, it has had to work them, it is possible that the pressure of other traffic may prevent the transportation of coal in sufficient quantities. This we believe to be the true cause of the insufficient supply.

As a proof that there is no spite to Salt Lake on the part of the U. P. on the coal question, places right along the line of the road outside of this Territory are in the same fix. Evanston is an example. That is only one place among many that have suffered lack. The supply for the U. P. Company's own engines is but meagre. The fault is not with the coal agent here. He does not put himself out of the way to explain much, but he has done his best to get coal for his customers. It is to his interest to do so. It is to the interest of the U. P. Company to supply the market. It has not taken advantage of our necessities and did not last winter when the people of this city were at its mercy. The price of coal has been kept down to the same figure whether plentiful or scarce. The people have no right to be hostile and bitter to the company on the coal question. It is easy to get up a popular feeling of anger towards a rich corporation or individual. But let us be just in all things.

The Union Pacific has shown its inability at certain times to supply this market. Very well. Let us patronize another source of supply. Roll on the Utah Eastern, but do not make war with the Union Pacific. It will do no good, and may do some harm. There is room enough for both roads and their wares. The demand will increase and the supply from both will be wanted. Let us have fuel, but let us have peace!"

IMPROVED ELECTRIC LIGHT.

ONE of the great objections to the electric light for household or business purposes is its steady glare which cannot be regulated. A light which can neither be heightened nor lessened is certainly objectionable. Except for the illumination of spaces in the open air, or in rooms where there is no need to modulate its intensity. Gas can be turned up or down or totally extinguished at the will of the user. But the electric light as in use where it has been adopted for business purposes, burns on with the same power for the period arranged for, unless it should fluctuate or go out by accident.

But if reports from Philadelphia prove correct, a great improvement in this respect is about to be inaugurated. A short time since the Sawyer electric light was exhibited in the Mercantile Library building, Philadelphia, in the presence of about fifty persons, mostly interested in practical science. Three large and two small lamps were shown in different parts of the building. The experiments were to show steadiness, brilliancy and mellowness of light. The knob which lowered or increased the light worked with simplicity and was used by the bystanders. The light could be made so faint as to be a mere spark, or so bright as to cast a marked shadow in the glare of eight gas jets. The regulator, Mr. Sawyer claims, makes the light adaptable to use in private houses, and the display seemed to meet the favor of the gentlemen present.

We have no doubt that by the time this city shall be ready to take hold of the new illuminator, other improvements will be made which will make it much more valuable and controllable than the present gas system. Meanwhile let other cities do the experimenting and pay the cost, and at the proper time our city authorities can step forward, profit by the experience of others and say hold of the best thing of the kind that has been made. A little waiting will break no bones.

CABINET PREDICTIONS.

PRESENCE of wisdom and foresight in the new cabinet have had a great deal to say about Garfield's cabinet, and have ventured the assertion that it was pre-arranged before the campaign. General Grant emphatically denies the truth of the report of a meeting at Mentor, with Garfield, by consulting himself, and other leading Republicans, at which the subject of the cabinet was discussed and arranged. Our Washington correspondent, "Knox," says:

"Speaking of Secretary Sherman reminds me of his late letter to an Ohio friend concerning the relationship from that State. The Secretary says in that letter very plainly that he does not know what General Garfield's wishes in that matter are. If any one knew of the coming President's ideas as to that subject, or as to his cabinet, I think Secretary Sherman would be the man. This letter of his, therefore, I take to be strong evidence that General Garfield has not made known to any one, excepting his family, or anybody else, what his plans are. The story of a bargain between him and Conkling, made before the latter entered the field in the late contest, was about as probable as a Philadelphia editor says, or any other Washington source, because President with less intelligence than the general Garfield. Speculation as to the cabinet are numerous, but no responsible author can be found for any of them."

In all probability Garfield will go into the presidency untrammelled, in spite of all the guesses and predictions of the newspapers. If he is wise

in his generation he will avoid the extreme of independence into which his predecessor ventured. Hayes is not only refused to be controlled by the strong men of the party, but ignored their influence and closed his eyes to their experience. The coming President will no doubt see the value of the assistance of the statesmen who have helped him to the highest seat in the nation, and if he has not made any bargains, will yet avail himself of their knowledge and the power they wield in the affairs of the country.

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

New York, 17.—The Times says the defeat in California, one of the states, of the democratic candidates for Presidential electors illustrates very forcibly the fallacy of the democratic party, as well as the weakness of the electoral system. It is possible that under certain contingencies the full vote of the State of California might be needed to decide the National election in one way or another. If it were the case, and one should decide which of the two Presidential candidates was elected, one can imagine how severe would be the strain upon the forbearance of the people who must see their will thwarted by the unpopularity of a candidate for Presidential election, under the law of the States. Territories would forever be debarré from holding any office in the gift of the citizens. But California's "bombs," arrogantly disregarding the sentiment of the State, have elected a man upon their ticket. The result is a rebuke which is most signal and emphatic.

Schofield to be removed.

The Times' Washington special says: Gen. Schofield is to be relieved from his position as commander at West Point and transferred elsewhere. His report upon the Whitaker case is the cause. It is said that Schofield's report before the October election with a view to helping Hancock's canvass and when he found it was not printed desired to recall it.

A grand scheme of railroad consolidation.

CHICAGO, 17.—The Times Washington special says: Justice Miller has restored the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road to the stockholders. This decision is important in connection with a grand scheme of railroad consolidation already partly arranged by parties controlling the line of railroad named. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas road extends from Kansas City and St. Louis through Indian territory to Denison, Texas, at which point it is connected with the Santa Fe and Galveston, and the Gulf of Mexico. The necessary arrangements have partly been made to consolidate with the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, the Kansas Pacific, Texas Pacific, and the various branches of feeders which would carry the consolidated line to the Gulf of Mexico, and the Rio Grande on the south and the Pacific Ocean on the west, and to continue the line to the City of Mexico. This is Jay Gould's scheme, and its successful accomplishment would include in the combination the Walcott system, connecting the Kansas and Texas line at Kansas and St. Louis with the lines north, the northwestern States and Territories by means of the Union Pacific consolidation. It is understood that the main object of the pending efforts to consolidate the Central Pacific with the Union Pacific is to bring the Central into this grand combination, and thus practically control the railways of the entire country, from the Mississippi and south of the very heart of Mexico. Another part of the plan is to make General Grant president of the entire system, a company, because it is believed Grant would be able to secure from the government of Mexico every concession necessary to extend the road in the States of that country. Jay Gould and the parties managing this scheme have been working at it for some time, and Thomas A. Scott, who is now in Texas to further the enterprise, has been in the various laws of Congress relating to the Pacific railways have been carefully examined and the railroad bureau of the Interior Department has been consulted, and it has been ascertained that there is nothing in the laws to prevent the contemplated consolidation.

Golden Death.

The Inter-Ocean's Philadelphia special says: Edward M. Gould, of Oakland, California, a retired merchant, 65 years of age, was found dead on the floor of his room at the St. Cloud Hotel in this city, today. He was in his nightgown and had evidently died from apoplexy. Among papers found were coupons representing bonds to the value of half a million dollars. He arrived in this country from California about November first, having returned from a tour of the Continent, and is believed to have remained here all winter. The cause of his death is not known. He was a native of New York, and his name was found in his diary.

Threatening Letters.

The World's London special says: Forster, chief secretary for Ireland, told me that Gladstone, Earl Cowper and himself are receiving threatening letters, which now he comes so much a matter of course that they never paid the slightest attention to them. Forster has been so far impressed by the rapid spread of the Land League movement, and by the attitude of the people, that he said to me to-day that in his opinion a reform of the existing legislation on the land question in Ireland is imperative if England is to maintain her position in Ireland.

Franklin's Butler.

The paper are filled with evidence of the manufacture of vast quantities of oleomargarine in the city equalling 30,000 pounds a day. A Tribune representative went on an investigating tour yesterday and discovered 15 butter factories in full working order. The butter made in these concerns is compounded of various ingredients, soapstone, lard tallow and fat, and is sold as butter. The disgusting business is so profitable that it finds numerous people who embark in it. In some cases the material is fifth beyond belief and most unwholesome. In others, although taste revolts at the ingredients used, they are not necessarily deleterious. Cheese is also adulterated with the same villainous material and the people are much injured by this growing element in the dairy business.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The steamer *Bohio* brought 2340,000 specie.

Hon. Jos. Meili, of the Chicago Tribune, visited Garfield to-day.

Fifteen hundred men have gone patrolling through Beuto Land, Africa.

An additional reward of \$2500 is offered for the discovery of the murderer of Lord Mountbatten.

President Hayes thinks the Morey forgery cost the republicans 100,000 votes in Nevada, 2,000 in Oregon and 5,000 in California.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina, intimates that Clark Adams will make up the roll of the next House with a democratic majority.

The protest to the mayor and board of aldermen of New York city for the prohibition of the Passion play is circulating for signature.

The London Times and Standard leaders speak of serious differences of opinion in the cabinet in regard to Ireland, and a probable split.

A party of Mexican volunteers surprised an Indian camp 100 miles from San Felipe, killed two bucks and one aqua, and captured 60 horses and saddles.

The success of Texas land holders in attracting European immigration, caused the Louisiana commission, of agriculture to negotiate with a steamship for cheaper fare, for immigration.

The movement of emigrants from the western districts of Austria and the German provinces towards Texas is steadily increasing in volume, 1,000 arriving at New Orleans on one steamer.

There is good reason to believe that 5,000 emigrants were recently sent by several Italian ports for Ireland and that rifles were purchased in Switzerland by Irishmen who have come from the United States.

Commissioner John L. Davenport, of New York, is in Washington, on business extra, and is connected with the Morey Chinese letter, and with special reference to the recent testimony of witness O'Brien.

Justice Miller, sitting as circuit judge, decided that the directors of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad have control of their road on payment of past due interest coupons, which they are ready to pay.

The manager of the Tribune, a Toulouse newspaper, has been condemned to pay \$2000 francs damages to Constant, Minister of the Interior, and 6,000 francs to the prefect of Toulouse for libelling them.

A member of the democratic national committee informs a Vermont paper that when he saw the Morey letter it was genuine, adding "though now of course it is proved beyond doubt to be a forgery."

An inventory of the estate of the late Mary Shields, of Philadelphia, shows her property to be valued at \$364,900, nearly all in personal effects. About \$875,000 will go by will to Pennsylvania charitable societies.

The mandamus asked and made returnable on Monday compels New Orleans to levy a tax of \$250,000 to pay interest on the city consolidated bonds. The courts will decide who is entitled to the possession of the City Hall.

It is alleged that the Ohio democratic central committee will meet to consider the proposition to incorporate a joint stock company to establish reliable democratic papers in Toledo, Cincinnati, Cleveland and Columbus.

At Booth's Theatre last evening Sarah Bernhardt appeared as Marguerite Gauthier in "Carmen," a crowded and enthusiastic audience. The termination of the last two acts were the occasion of recalls and a great deal of applause.

At the weekly meeting of the Land League held at the City Hall, the traversers intended to proceed against the Express and Mail newspapers for attempting to prejudice the jury and prevent the traversers from receiving a fair trial.

About 40 tenants of the Leigh-marke estates will leave Baltimore on a boat on Thursday, to tender their resignations to the city and to dismiss his agent, Capt. Boycott. He has hitherto declined to receive rents except through Boycott.

The London News, in a leading article, says: We may assume that the manner of dealing with the cabinet of Ireland will occupy the attention of the cabinet council to-day and probably by the end of the week the government will have come to a decisive understanding.

Lester Wallace has leased, for 65 years, property at Broadway and 50th Street, extending from the Great Hotel on Broadway to the corner of 30th Street, and around in that street to and including the first two private houses, making a frontage of 125 feet. He will build a new and elegant theatre.

Dramatic.—A gentleman at Fort Douglas is engaged in getting up a dramatic entertainment to be given in the Theatre on the night of December 1st.

21 NUMBERS OF SCRIBNER'S FOR \$5.

The richly illustrated November number of Scribner's Monthly, the December issue, appears in a new cover, and begins the twenty-first volume. The increasing popularity of the magazine is shown by the fact that its circulation was about 80,000 copies during the past nine months; the first edition of the November issue is 125,000.

The first Part of the now famous "Life of Peter the Great" was published in October. With November begins Part II. "Peter the Great as Ruler and Reformer," which will be an advance, in point of popular interest and result of illustration, upon the part already published. To enable readers to secure Part I. the publishers make the following special offer to new subscribers: If they order one number they will be had for \$5.

(2) They may obtain the previous twelve numbers of Scribner's, elegantly bound in olive-green cloth (two volumes), containing Part I. of "Peter the Great," all of Cable's novel, "The Grandissimes," with the numbers named above, and a regular price of \$7.50. (Regular price \$10.00.)

All bookellers or newsmen will take subscriptions and supply the numbers and volumes mentioned in the above special offer, without extra charges for postage or express, or the publishers, Scribner & Co., 743 Broadway, New York, may be addressed direct. The regular price of Scribner's is \$4 a year, 55 cents a number.

MARRIED.

In Toledo City, at 10 o'clock A.M., Nov. 18th, 1880, by Judge R. S. Gorman, Dr. JOHN W. MORGAN, son of the late William Morgan, and Miss MARGARET FLORENCE MORGAN, daughter of George M. Morgan, both of Toledo, Ohio.

DIED.

At Randolph, Rich County, Utah, November 15th, 1880, MARY WILKINSON, infant daughter of William and Mary E. Ross, aged 10 months and 24 days. Buried at Randolph, Utah, Nov. 16th, 1880.

FOREBENT.

A GOOD OVERSEER NEEDED HOUSE, 200 ft. For terms apply to this Office.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
Wanted.
A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. To a competent person good wages will be paid. Apply to MRS. G. H. TAYLOR. One mile and a half north of Salt Lake City.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.
A Medium sized MARE, dark bay, about 6 years old, shod, with galls on ankles of front feet. Give information at this Office, and be rewarded.

MAY & CLADE
HAVE OPENED A BUTCHERS SHOP at 32 First South Street, next to Culmer's Store, where they will sell Beef, Mutton, Pork and Veal at the lowest prices. Give us a trial. Sausage a specialty. Meats delivered free to all parts of the City. 2282 1st W.

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BY EXPRESS!
The "CAMPAIGN,"
"HURDLE" and other NOBBY STYLES HATS!
FULL STOCK
Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Hats, Caps, Gloves, Furnishing Goods, etc.
WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD!
Sign, Yellow Boot House Top.

GEORGE DUNFORD.
WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
ELEGANT AND NEW!
JUST ARRIVED, A FINE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF Ladies' Cameo and Amethyst Sets, Black and Roman Ear-rings, Tie-pins, Necklaces, Lockets, Finger-rings, Studs, Buttons, Etc., Etc.

Classes in Elocution.
S. S. HAMILL,
Will originate Classes in ELOCUTION.
And give the FIRST LESSON, TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 16th, SOCIAL HALL, 422 2nd St. All interested invited. 422

Vocal Music Taught Free
At 8th Ward Hall, FRIDAY EVENINGS, at SEVEN O'CLOCK, from 7:30 to 8:30, November 18th, 1880. ADMISSION TO CLASS FIFTY CENTS.

NEW FRUITS SPICES
JUST ARRIVED AT
GEO. W. DAVIS!
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE A NEW CHEAP EDITION
Doctrine of Covenants.

JUST OUT
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE A NEW CHEAP EDITION
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DOCTRINE OF COVENANTS.
JUST THIS THING FOR Missionaries, Sunday Schools and Travelers, or to Send to Friends.

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WALL PAPER!
H. S. ELDREDGE, SUPT.
STOVE DEPARTMENT.
We would call attention to our extensive assortment of **STOVES**
NOW ARRIVING and consisting in part of **Cooking and Heating Stoves, Ranges, Etc., Etc.**
In Great Variety and of Superior Quality.
PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST!
H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.
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FALL 1880.
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Visitors as well as City Customers will find the **Best Assorted Stock of General Merchandise** IN THE CITY, CONSISTING OF
A Large Assortment OF THE **LATEST STYLES** OF **DRESS GOODS.**
ENDLESS VARIETY OF **STAPLE & FANCY NOTIONS.**
BEST LINE OF **CLOTHING and OVERCOATS** IN THE CITY.
GREATEST ASSORTMENT OF **HATS & CAPS** TO SELECT FROM.
CHOICEST OF **GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, ETC., ETC.**
JUST OUT FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE A **NEW CHEAP EDITION** OF **Doctrine of Covenants.**
Don't forget that we sell the BEST GOODS at the LOWEST PRICES!
WM. JENNINGS & SONS,
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