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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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THE

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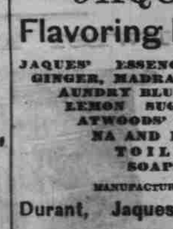

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FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 21. — After the morning hour the legislative appropriation bill was taken up.

Davis stated that the amount estimated for 1881 was $17,902,600. As it was reported to the Senate, it was $17,875,000, an excess over last year of $300,000, due chiefly to the increase in the pension force. The commissioner believed the internal receipts would exceed those of the preceding year nearly $.0,000,000. The committee set the figures at $12,000,000.

In the committee of the whole the reading of the bill began and the amendments were acted on. The committee's amendment increasing the force in the pension bureau, largely for the sake of clearing up the pension claims as soon as possible, caused a long discussion.

Plumb held that it was the only thing necessary to prevent pension frauds. He believed there was something wrong in the pension office, and intimated that the fault was with the commissioner.

Pending debate, recess was taken.

WASHINGTON, 22.

Bayard from the finance committee, reported with a substitute the Senate bill to repeal all laws that impose a tax upon the capital of and deposits with banks and bankers, and upon bank checks. The substitute provided simply for the repeals of the tax on bank deposits. The substitute was agreed to and the bill passed.

Wallace, from the finance committee, reported adversely the Senate bill to authorize the issue and provide for the redemption of fractional notes. Indefinitely postponed.

The morning hour was occupied in a discussion of the House joint resolution for the Washington monument, which passed.

The Senate refused, 29 to 23, to make the Grant retirement bill a special order for to-morrow.

The legislative bill was considered, and Blair advocated an increase of the pension force.

After Logan concluded, the debate was continued on at considerable length, and became quite sarcastic and keen between Logan and Burnside. The amendment of the committee was finally adopted, and the other amendments agreed to, and the bill passed.

Cockrell reported favorably, with amendments, the Senate bill to provide for the investigation and examination of the account of certain land grants to railroads, etc., in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court, and for a full report of the results thereof to Congress. Ordered printed, together with the report on the subject. Placed on the calendar. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 21.—McMillan offered a resolution asking the secretary for the full particulars of the refunding of the 10-40 bonds in 1879; to whom sold, in what amount, the cash market value, and all the correspondence with the syndicate and banks relating thereto. Adopted.

By Warner—To create a board of fiscal inspection to look over the collections and expenditures of the treasury, to consist of three members, not more than two to be from a political party, appointed by the President for life or during good behavior; and, being qualified, becoming ineligible for any other office under government, 40 to 55 years of age, and to be retired at the age of 70 on full pay. The salary is left blank in the bill.

By Turner—For a commission of three, one being a railroad expert, one a lawyer and one interested in commercial pursuits, whose duty shall be to inquire whether any railroads or common carriers of the United States, in their freight charges, discriminate unjustly against communities or individuals, and if so, what railroads and how. Second, to inquire whether freight charges for inter-State commerce are oppressive and unjust. Third, to report to the next Congress the result of the inquiry and recommendations to prevent the injustice.

The House, 124 to 105, refused to concur in the Senate amendments, continuing in existence the Indian commission, and a new conference was appointed.

Stevenson, under direction of the committee on mines and mining, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill amending section 2,326 of the Revised Statutes relating to suits at law effecting the title to mining claims. It provides if, in any action brought pursuant to section 2,326, the title to the ground in controversy shall not be established by either party, the jury shall so find, and judgment shall be entered according to the verdict. In such cases the costs will not be allowed to either party, and neither party shall be entitled to a patent for the land until he has perfected his title. The motion was agreed to and the bill passed.

McLane, under instructions from the committee on Pacific railroads moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill altering and amending the Pacific railroad sinking fund act, approved May 7th, 1878. The bill, which is long, authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to invest the sinking fund of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific Companies in United States bonds other than 6 per cents., or invest in mortgage bonds of companies; and it extends the funding law to all Pacific railroads. The scope of the bill seemed misunderstood, and a majority refused to second the motion to suspend the rules, the vote standing 40 to 47; so the bill was not passed.

Goode, under instructions from the committee on education and labor, moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill to establish an educational fund by applying a portion of the proceeds from the sale of public lands to the public education, and to provide for a more complete endowment of colleges for the advancement of industrial and agricultural education, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute. This is the bill previously reported from the committee on education and labor, and recommitted. The House refused to second the demand—yeas 68, nays 86.

A motion to adjourn over Washington's birthday was defeated. The Senate was invited to attend the presentation of compliments upon the life and character of Fernando Wood.

Adjourned.

Washington, 22.—The conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to.

Bicknell reported back the bill relative to the Venezuela awards. Referred to the committee of the whole.

Rice reported back a joint resolution providing for a joint committee to investigate the alleged fraudulent statistics used before the Halifax fisheries commission. Committee of the whole.

Blount reported the sundry civil bill. Committee of the whole.

The House took up the agricultural bill in committee of the whole, and $10,000 was added for the cultivation of beets for sugar. The committee reported the bill and it passed without amendment, increasing the appropriation for reclaiming lands.

Cox gave notice that he would, to-morrow, call up the apportionment bill.

The House then went into committee on the sundry civil bill. The bill was immediately read by sections for amendment.

Warner opposed the appropriation for the construction of a public building until it was known how much it would cost. During the last fifteen years, about $70,000,000 have been appropriated for the erection of public buildings, and he believed, on an average, it took $10,000 to provide quarters for each government employee. Several amendments were then ruled out of order, and seventeen of the fifty-three pages of the bill being considered, the committee rose.

The resignation of W. A. Field, Representative from the Third Congressional District of Massachusetts, was tabled.

The Senate amendments to the post route bill were concurred in.

Recess till to-morrow.

AMERICAN.

SAN FRANCISCO BAY

Why its Value, as a Harbor is Diminished.

WASHINGTON, 22.—The Secretary of War, to-day, transmitted to the House of Representatives an elaborate and highly interesting report, prepared by Col. George H. Mendell, of the United States engineer corps, in response to Horace Davis' resolution calling for information as to all the causes tending to diminish the tidal area of the San Francisco Bay and lessen the tidal scour on the bar, and thereby decrease the depth of water upon said bar, and diminish the value of San Francisco as a commercial harbor. Colonel Mendell first specifies the natural causes which are practically not subject to control. He describes the drainage system of the rivers emptying into San Francisco Bay and shows how the rapid fall of their tributaries and the violence of rains favor the erasion and transportation of earthy matter from the mountains and the steady conversion of marshes into dry land. The present extent of marshes in San Francisco Bay, including Suisun and San Pablo Bays, is stated at 300 square miles. Mention is next made of the similar tendencis of hydraulic mining, and the report then proceeds to consider the artificial causes, such as the construction of piers and jettles, and the utilization of the state or city grants of submerged lands. Referring to the piers and training walls at Oakland, Colonel Mendell says: The tendency of these structures is to hold the material deposited along the shore, and therefore to concentrate in a small area that which otherwise would have been distributed over larger areas. The effect can never take great dimensions. He reports in regard to the apprehended shoaling of the bar outside the entrance to San Francisco bay, that a comparison of the survey made in 1855 with one made in 1873, shows that the bar has not retreated, and that the depth of water on the coast has not been diminished. He therefore says it is safe to state that the bar was as good in 1873 as in 1855. No survey has been made since 1873. After discussing features of the problem suggested, Colonel Mendell concludes his reports as follows: The foregoing description of the bar demonstrates that it is able to lose a great part of its advantages and yet remain an admirable channel for commercial purposes. At present this channel is eleven miles wide. If we suppose the bar to move shoreward until it is shortened to half its present length, it is apparent that a largely diminished tidal prism might be able to maintain over the shorter line, the depth now maintained over the long line. The depth of the crest might be reduced to a much narrower limit than last named, and remain an excellent channel to be maintained by a tidal area, only a small fraction of that which now contributes to this result. If we suppose the crest of the bar to maintain its present position instead of retreating, the effect would be a diminished channel, and the encouragement of the growth of existing shoals, and to form new shoals. These shoals would shorten the crest and lessen the area of the channels to be maintained. The result would be practically equivalent to that to be produced by the retreat of the bar shorewards, and between these shoals one or more channels would remain. The access to the harbor, under these circumstances, although far inferior to the present conditions of convenience, might still compare favorably with the approaches to many of the great commercial ports of the world. It appears to be inevitable that the interior bays must continue to lose in area. The force of gravity works incessantly to that end. There is no compensation in any other natural force. Commercial necessities are in the same direction. Nature and man seem to be under the common necessity to lessen the tidal areas; yet the ultimate disaster appears to be remote in the future. We are not however, on that account delivered from the obligation to counteract these tendencies, nor are we powerless to do so in some degree.

Colonel Mendell proceeds to indicate what steps should be taken without further delay, as a means of accurately determining upon the best remedies. Immediately afterwards he recommends that a new survey of the bar be made forthwith and that periodical surveys both of the bar and of the shoals about the bay, be provided for. Another subject for investigation is the relative scouring value of equal quantities of water above the different parts of the tidal bay. This, he says, would indicate some measures of the consequences to follow from a loss of the lower part of the tidal prism of the Salem bar, a result that may be inevitable. He adds: There seems to be some ground for the opinion that the shoal would not be greatly affected by this result. The influence of hydraulic mining, as compared with whatever has called natural influences, cannot be called an available topic for study in this connection, as mining is subject to control. The question as to what extent the owners of submerged lands are affected is also important. These are not questions that can be solved in a day or a year. During the period given to the investigation thus outlined other points of inquiry will suggest themselves, and the due line of information will be obtained sufficiently to demonstrate the soundness of theories now drawn from incomplete existing data.

The Columbia Bar.

The Senate, to-day, received from the Secretary of War, in response to Slater's resolution, a copy of the report of Captain Gillespie, upon the proposed improvement of the bar at the mouth of the Columbia River together with the conclusions of the board of engineers, headed by Gen. Newton, to whom this report was referred. The board reports adversely to Captain Gillespie's project, which contemplates an ultimate expenditure of several million dollars for the purpose indicated. They are of the opinion after examining all the available data, from the year 1793 down to the present time, that the channels at the mouth of the Columbia are working back to their normal condition, and that any effort to aid this process of nature would be unnecessary, if not detrimental.

Democratic Free Trade.

Frank Hurd gave a free trade dinner to-night. Thirty persons were present and initial steps were taken toward a congressional free trade organization and campaign throughout the country. The following gentlemen were selected as officers of the association: S. S. Cox, New York, president; W. R. Morrison, Illinois, John G. Carlisle, Kentucky, R. A. Mills, Texas, A. J. Randolph, and Tucker, Virginia, Hammond, Georgia, Bragg, Michigan, Lefevre, Ohio, Blackburn, Kentucky, and Townshend, Illinois, vice-presidents. Speeches were make by Hurd, Cox, Springer, Lefevre, Knott, Morrison, Townsh end and others. Nearly all declared themselves in favor of making free trade a prominent feature of the democratic policy from this time forth, with a view to making it the leading national issue in 1884.

Two Days' Gossip About Garfield.

CHICAGO, 21.—The *Times'* Cleveland says: S. B. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, and James M. Scovel, of New Jersey, spent part of Sunday with Garfield. The latter expressed great annoyance over the division of republicans in Pennsylvania, and said he should not select any member of his cabinet from that State until the dissensions disappeared. Scovel says both Beaver and Bayne will be withdrawn on Monday night and G. W. Scofield probably elected. The Morey letter was touched upon, and Scovel remarked that it cost the republicans New Jersey, and Garfield agreed. Garfield said the 3 per cent. funding bill did not meet his approval. Events are developing rapidly as to the cabinet. Folger goes into the treasury, which counts Postmaster James out. Then Garfield can follow his first desire, and put Foster into the postoffice department. Word goes to Foster, who on Sunday morning passes quietly through Cleveland to Willoughby, drives to Mentor, and spends the day. This fixes Blaine, Foster and Folger as reasonably sure, and within three days the whole thing will be settled.

Washington, 21.—Western senators express disbelief that Folger or Morton will be Garfield's secretary of the treasury, and believe a western man will be chosen, as Garfield has intimated already that he will not violate the sentiments of the west on this point.

New York, 21.—The *Commercial's* Washington special agrees with other New York correspondents that Judge Folger will be offered the Treasury department by Garfield, and adds that Folger is a man eminently fitted for the office of Secretary of the Treasury. He has one of the best legal minds in the State; he has had large experience in financial matters. While holding the office of sub-treasurer of the United States he made himself familiar with our system of finance and currency. He is a man of broad and liberal views; a gentleman of cultivation and of polished and winning manners. We predict that he will make the most accomplished Secretary of the Treasury the nation has had in many years.

Times' Mentor: Governor Murray, of Utah, left Mentor to-night. He came to post General Garfield on the Mormon business, and claims to have assurances that the question will receive early and vigorous treatment at the hands of the next President.

Vanderbilt Sick.

NEW YORK, 21.—The *Sun* says: W. H. Vanderbilt has been unable to go to his office for ten days, or more. His illness results from surgical operations to which he resorted for relief from hemorrhoids; for many years Mr. Vanderbilt has suffered from this decease as his father did before him and more than once he has suffered surgical treatment. His present illness has not, however, given his friends cause for alarm. Yesterday he was reported as much more comfortable and it is not thought that he will be much longer confined to his house.

Commercial Notes.

Judge Black said at an anti-monopoly meeting, last night, that railroads between here and Chicago have made sufficient for one year to pay of the national debt. Freights are now 15 per cent. higher than they ought to be. They have been doing exactly that for which you send a man to Sing Sing.

The *Times* says of the meeting: The numbers and character of the audience at the anti-monopoly meeting, last night, sufficiently demonstrate the growth of public interest in questions which are taking form and place among the political issues of the day. The speeches and resolutions of the meeting were unmistakably earnest and were directed toward entirely practical results. The league fully recognizes the necessity for its organization and for a thorough agitation of its principles in every part of this Union.

The *Sun*: The steamship *Mississippi*, recently purchased by the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, will soon take her place on that line. The *Mississippi* is now lying at the dock of the Morgan Iron Works.

The Pittsburg Veteran Hardness.

HARRISBURG, 21.—It is probable the nomination of Beaver and Bayne for the senatorial contest will leave the fight between Schofield and George Spirns, jr., with the chances in favor of the latter.

A three-hour session of the Senatorial conference committee was held to-night. Resolutions for a general caucus, at which neither Beaver nor Bayne should be voted for, were defeated. Senator Cooper offered a substitute providing for a general caucus, during the discussion of which, Senator Pierce charged the Bayne members with perfidy and Cooper withdrew. A resolution that no member of the conference be voted for. Adopted. Eight ballots were taken without any significant change, the last one resulting: Beaver 12, Bayne 9, Schofield 3, Henry 1, Beyburn 1. Adjourned.

Harrisburg 22.—The Senatorial conference, in their first ballot, unanimously selected John T. Mitchell, Tioga Co., as the choice of the conference for United States Senator.

The Birthday.

NEW ORLEANS, 22.—The day was celebrated by the firing of national salutes and a grand military parade, in which the visiting military bodies from Massachusetts, a battalion of the United States marines, and the representatives of the Alabama military organizations, participated. The troops were received by Governor Wiltz. Crowds thronged the streets along the line of procession.

Alexandria, Va., 22.—The day was celebrated with great *eclat*, and a large and splendid military and civil procession. An oration was delivered by Frank Hurd, of Ohio, and a short speech was made by President Hayes. The President and guests were sumptuously banqueted, and the President made another speech, returning thanks for the hospitality of Virginians. There was an immense throng of people in the city. Among the distinguished persons were Generals W. H. F. and Fitzhugh Lee. The grand stand fell through, but no one was hurt.

In all parts the day was generally and quietly observed.

Indian Whoops.

FORT CUMING, N. M., 22.—Lieut. Morey, with companies A and D and 30 Indian scouts, has just returned from following a band of Apaches into Mexico. He came upon their camp in a canyon in Caudalaria Mountains, on the night of the 12th, but before he could attack, the Indians broke and scattered into the mountains, and could not be overtaken. The camp and 30 horses were captured. Lieut. Morey pursued these Indians about 150 miles over a very rough, barren country, and for eight days could get only alkali water, and for two days was without any water at all.

Chihuahua, Mexico, 22.—Indians are again on the war path; 200 attacked a settlement near Carrillas recently, killing several women and children plundering the place.

Horrible Death.

SOMERSET, Ky. 22.—Harvey Russell started on Saturday from a spelling match to attend a speaking at some distance; not returning at the proper time, search was made and he was found by the road side stabbed in 22 places, and his skull crushed. A hundred and fifty dollar watch and other articles are missing. Five men are arrested who were seen with him shortly after he left the spelling match. Only circumstantial evidence points to them as guilty.

A Brutal Mulatto.

RICHMOND, Ind., 22.—Walker Amos confessed that he enticed a small boy named Al. Frasen William, from his home on the 30th of January, in Indianapolis, and started on foot with him toword this place. They walked 16 miles the first day, when the boy's feet became sore. Amos took a rope and made a cat-o-nine tails and licked the boy to make him walk on. He whipped the boy until he nearly fainted. They walked on to Richmond, begging as they went, the boy being afraid, on pain of death, to make complaint. At this place he took another little boy named Rathliffe and started toward Pittsburg, compelling the boys to walk over the frozen roads and beating them unmercifully whenever they complained. They had reached Troy, Ohio, where they were overtaken by parties from home, and brought back. Amos says he intended to take the boys to Harrisburg, Pa., to his mother to raise them. He is a light colored, very tall and slight.

Barbed Wire Case.

CHICAGO, 21.—In the United States Circuit Court Judges Drummond and Blodgett, to day, refused a rehearing in the celebrated cases of the barbed wire fence manufacturers, in which immense sums of money are involved. In accordance with this decision all the barbed wire manufactured in the west is an infringement on the patents of the Washburne and Niven Manufacturing Company, of Massachusetts. It is stated that most of the manufacturers had already made terms with the Massachusetts company.

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