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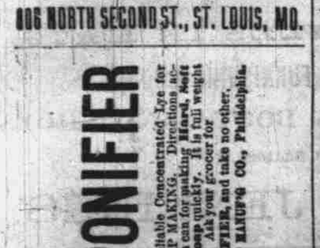

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NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railway Co. will be held at the Office of the Co., in Salt Lake City, Utah, Monday, July 14th, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any other business properly presented.

The Stock Transfer Books of the Company will be closed June 25th and re-open three days after the final adjournment of said meeting. CHAS. W. DRAKE, Sec'y,

d127 jd

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ESTABLISHMENT,

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XLVIII CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 7.—A message was received from the House announcing its non-concurrence in the Senate amendment to the bill making a temporary provision for the navy.

Hale moved the Senate recede from its amendments.

Miller, of California, said he had no reason to doubt the Senate conferees had done all in their power to convince the House of the justice of the amendments, but apparently without effect. The people of the Pacific coast would be much disappointed. It left their coast absolutely defenceless.

The motion to recede was agreed to.

The House joint resolution providing for the adjournment was taken up and amended so as to make the time of adjournment at 2 o'clock to-day, and then passed.

On motion of Bayard a vote of thanks was given Edmunds for the ability, courtesy and impartiality with which he has performed the duties of president pro tem of the Senate.

On motion of Sherman a committee of two Senators was appointed to join the committee of the House, informing the President of the United States Congress having finished its business was now ready to adjourn. The Chair appointed Sherman and Bayard.

The Chairman announced the appointment of Allison, Hale and Pendleton as members on the part of the Senate as a commission provided for in the sundry civil bill to consider the present organization of the signal service and geological survey.

Brown asked if the chairman of the appropriation committee could state the aggregate of the appropriations of this year.

Allison replied in the affirmative stating the amount was $102,301,087.

In respect to one or two features of the naval bill this amount was estimated. The variation would probably be less than $200,000 from the amount he had stated. This aggregation did not include regular appropriations which for pensions alone amounted to $86,000,000, raising the aggregate to $259,201,087.

About 2:45 the present pro tem. (Mr. Edmunds) said: Senators—The hour that closes the first session of the forty-eighth Congress has come. It fills almost a century of a Constitutional Republican Government of the people, whose career has excited the wonder and admiration of mankind. Let us hope our labors as representatives of the State and the people may justify placing another white stone in the long shining pathway of the Republic. However ardent and perplexing may have been our labors, however exciting may have been the contests of opposing opinions and policies, no one of us, I think, can meet now our separation without emotion, and, I hope, not an unpleasant solicitude embraces the past, present and future. The smallness of our number, and the peculiar nature of our organization, which embrace patient participation in the action of the three-fold organization of government, legislative, executive and judicial, produces an intimacy and personal relations as pleasant as it was important, and makes the moment when we separate one of peculiar interest and tenderness. The chair makes known his sincere and grateful acknowledgments for the very flattering resolution of the Senate touching his administration of the duties imposed on him by his office. He is glad and proud to say that without exception he has been aided by the constant kindness, courtesy and assistance of all the members of the Senate, and its officers. The Chair, in now performing the last formal act of the session, wishes for all of you every felicity, and he begs to express to each one of you his heartfelt personal friendship and good will. The present sitting session of the Forty-Eighth Congress stands adjourned without date.

When the Vice-President closed his farewell remarks the chambers and galleries were quickly vacated.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 7.—The House in the absence of Speaker Carlisle, who left for Chicago at 3 o'clock this morning, was called to order by the clerk of the House, and a short recess was taken. After recess Randall offered a resolution appointing J. C. S. Blackburn Speaker pro tem during the temporary absence of the Speaker. Adopted unanimously.

Blackburn, on taking the chair, thanked the House for the mark of confidence, and said he would endeavor to deserve it.

The House took another recess until 11 p.m.

The House reassembled at 11.30 and at 11.55 adjourned, and the session of Saturday closed, and the session of Monday began at noon, and on motion of Randall the House concurred in the senate amendment of the adjournment resolution fixing the hour of final adjournment at 2 o'clock.

Randall, Turner, of Georgia, and Hiscock were appointed a committee to wait upon the President and ascertain whether he had any further communications to make.

The Speaker pro tem announced the appointment of Lowry, Herbert and Lyman af members of the commission of the House to consider the present organization of the signal service, the geological, geographic services and hydrographic office.

Bagley having taken the chair, Cox, of New York, offered a resolution tendering the thanks of the House to J. C. S. Blackburn, for his just, remarkable and charming manner displayed in the closing hours of the session as President pro tem. Adopted amid applause and laughter.

At five minutes before 2 o'clock the hands of the clock were turned back five minutes in order to permit the reception of a message from the Senate announcing the adoption of the resolution postponing the hour of adjournment until 3 o'clock. Secretary McCook came rushing over with the resolution written on a scrap of paper. The resolution was immediately agreed to. At 2 o'clock Randall announced the committee appointed to wait upon the President had performed that duty, and the President had no further communication to make to the House.

On motion of Wolford the bill passed increasing the pension of soldiers who have lost an arm at the shoulder joint to the amount received by those who have lost a leg at the hip joint.

At 2.15 a recitation of the call of the House was indulged in. The doors were closed and excuses made for absentees, the favorite excuse offered being "that the gentlemen were in Chicago on important business."

Finally on motion of Young, the House excused all the Democratic members who are in Chicago engaged in the patriotic duty of nominating a man for the Presidency who would beat the Republican candidate, but the call did not consume the time fast enough, the hands of the clock were advanced ten minutes. The Speaker pro tem wishing each and every member a safe return to his home, declared the House adjourned without day. (Applause.) Leave taking and hand shaking followed and the hall was soon deserted.

AMERICAN.

Work of the Last Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, 7.—Of the measures introduced in the Senate, 308 bills and 17 joint resolutions were indefinitely postponed, and six bills laid upon the table; in the House 14 bills and a joint resolutions were postponed indefinitely. A majority of the measures introduced in both Houses related to matters not of general importance, such as bills for private relief and pensions, for the erection of public buildings, dredging of rivers and other improvements of only local importance.

The following measures passed both Houses, and were signed by the President, in addition to the regular appropriation bills, and the river and harbor bill. The bill to reduce the rate of postage on newspapers and periodical publications of the second class when sent by others than the publisher or news agent, to one cent each for four ounces; to provide a civil government for Alaska; to extend the duration of the Court of Commissioners of the Alabama claims until December, 1885; to prevent and punish counterfeiting in the United States of bonds or other securities of foreign governments; to grant 15 days' leave of absence, with pay, in each year, to letter carriers; to authorize the Secretary of War to offer a reward of $25,000 for the rescue of the Greely arctic expploring party; to establish a bureau of labor statistics; to make all public roads and highways post roads; to authorize the legislatues of the States of Illinois, Arkansas, Louisiana and Tennessee to sell or lease certain lands appropriated for school purposes; to remove certain burdens from the American merchant marine (commonly known as the Dingley shipping bill); to establish a bureau of animal industry, prevent the exportation of diseased cattle and provide for the suppression and extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases among domestic animals; to make it a felony for any person to personate any officer or employee of the United States acting under the authority of the United States, or any department thereof; to repeal the text of the anti-duel act of 1862; to authorize the fitting out of an expedition for the relief of Lieut. Greely and party in the Arctic seas; to limit the time in which prosecutions may be begun against persons for violations of the internal revenue laws to three years; to relieve from the charge of desertion certain soldiers of the late war, who, after having served faithfully till after the close of the war left their commands without leave; to provide for the location in a State west of the Mississippi river a branch home for volunteer soldiers of the late war, and for soldiers of the Mexican war, and the war of 1812, whose disabilities were not incurred in service against the United States; to provide for the disposal of abandoned and useless reservations; to reorganize the corps of judge advocates of the army; to establish a bureau of navigation in the Treasury Department. The following measures have been incorporated in the regular appropriation bills and become laws; To appoint a commission to visit the several countries of Central and South America, to collect information as to the best mode of securing more intimate international relations between these countries and the United States; to provide that hereafter all estimates of appropriations and estimates of deficiencies in appropriations, intended for the consideration of Congress, shall be transmitted to Congress through the Secretary of the Treasury, and in no other manner; to provide that the number of deputy collectors of internal revenue, gaugers, storekeepers and clerks employed in the internal revenue service shall not be increased; to create a board of pension appeals to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior; to provide for the appointment of a scientific commission, which may in the name of the United States Government conduct a National conference of electricians in Philadelphia in the autumn of 1884; to authorize the President, in case of threatened or actual epidemic, to use the unexpended balance of the appropriations not to exceed $100,000 in aid of State and local boards, or otherwise in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same, and maintaining quarantine at points of danger; to prevent the admission to the Government hospital for the insane of inmates of the soldiers' home who are now or may hereafter become insane; to provide that it shall not be lawful for the head of any executive department, or any bureau, branch or officer of the Government to cause to be printed, nor the public printer to print any document or matter of any character whatever, except that which is authorized by law, and necessary to the administration of public business, nor for any bureau officer to embrace in his annual or other report to be printed, any matter not directly pertaining to the duties of his office as prescribed by law; to provide for the appointment of a Missouri river commission, with powers and duties similar to those of the Mississippi river commission; to appropriate $3,750,000 to repay the rebate tax on tobacco.

Indians and Cowboys.

DENVER, 7.—The *Tribune* Durango special: The Indian troubles in La Plata county are assuming serious proportions. The Indians are anxious to get back to their farms near the agency, but the high waters cut them off except by passing through white settlements. Major Whiteside, who has had ten years experience in fighting the Apaches, has gone to the front with two companies of cavalry with orders to make it hot for the Utes. Eighty cowboys armed to the teeth, swearing vengence against the Utes, left for the scene of action this morning and unless the Indians succeed in fording the streams it is believed a fight will occur in a few days.

Disastrous Cloud Burst.

READING, Pa., 7.—Reports from Berks, Lebanon and Montgomery counties state that yesterday's storm was a cloudburst several miles wide. The roads are submerged, bridges washed away, barns and houses unroofed, acres of fields washed out as completely as if the crops had never been planted.

Trains Delayed.

MINNEAPOLIS, 7.—*Journal's* St. Vincent special: Great indignation is expressed at Emerson by the passengers held there over Sunday in consequence of a conflict between the Canadian custom house officials and the Canadian Pacific Railroad Co., who refuse ty pay $1,750 extra per month required by the custom house officials. All trains are delayed Sunday nights and holidays for regular inspection. The traveling public is protesting loudly.

Choctaws Dig Up the Hatchet.

FORT SMITH, Ark., 7.—The Choctaw troubles are reported to be increasing. Two brothers of Governor McCurbarn and a company of Choctaws from McAllister, joined the militia. Governor McCurbarn has determined to suppress outlawery at whatever cost. Mily Hoyt the head of the outlaws vows he will kill Governor McCurbarn and both his brothers, and is endeavoring to get the Cherokees to join his standard. He has raised a flag and is organizing his forces.

POLITICAL.

Backing Judge Field.

CHICAGO, 7.—At a meeting to-day of a large number of California citizens and democrats, present at Chicago in attendance upon the National Convention, the following expression of opinion was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The affront offered to Judge Field by the California State Convention was not an expression of the democratic party nor of the people of that State, but was a factional outburst of the convention, which was largely composed of delegates appointed by the county committees in denial of the people's rights at the primary elections, or other participation in the processes which are at the beginning of the party's entrance upon the Presidential campaign, and was without precedent and misrepresentative of the best party and most elevated public sentiment in California, and has sertously jeopardized the electoral vote which a united party would be proud to present to a victorious national democracy; and

WHEREAS, The people of the Pacific Coast, regardless of party, are justly indignant at the attempt to treat with contumely an eminent citizen whose fame belongs to his country, whose record is spotless in regard to democratic principles as taught by Jefferson, vindicated by Jackson and embodied in these latter days by Tilden, whose right to the Presidency in 1876 was so maintained by Judge Field as a member of the Electoral Commission as to give it the solemnity of an undisputed historical title; therefore be it

Resolved, That we esteem it the duty, as it should be the pleasure, of every true Californian, to give Judge Field's name its proper place of honor, foremost amongst the leaders of the democratic party, from whose number a Presidential candidate is to be chosen.

Several other resolutions of similar import were passed.

The resolutions were signed by J. B. Carr, chairman, R. J. Fault, secretary; Edward Curtis, John P. Irish, State Senator Kelly, State Senator Dougherty, ex-Governor S. L. Johnson, and Judge S. S. Wright.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTE.

The Democratic National committee began its work at noon to-day, its chairman, Barnum, presiding. The States were represented as follows: Alabama, C. C. Semple; Arkansas, John J. Sampler; California, James T. Farley; Colorado, T. M. Patterson; Connecticut, Wm. H. Barnum; Delaware, Ignatus C. Grubb; Florida, Samuel Palser; Georgia, George F. Barnes; Illinois, W. C. Goudy; Indiana, Austin H. Brown; Iowa, M. M. Ham; Kansas, Charles W. Blair, Kentucky, H. D. Mellenry; Louisiana, B. F. Jones; Maine, Edmund Wilson; Maryland, Outerbridge Harsey; Massachusetts, Frederick O. Prince; Michigan, Edward Kanler; Minnesota, P. O. Kelly; Mississippi, W. T. Martin; Nebraska, J. Sterling; Nevada, R. P. Keating; New Hampshire, A. Salloway; New Jersey, Auster Cleveland; New York, Abram S. Hewitt; North Carolina, N. W. Ranson; Ohio, Wm. W. Armstrong; Oregon, A. Nattner; Pennsylvania, Wm. Licott; Rhode Island, J. B. Barnaby; South Carolina, T. W. Dawson; Tennessee, R. F. Looney; Texas, F. S. Stockdale; Vermont, Bradley B. Smelley, Virginia, John S. Barbook; West Virginia, Alexander Campbell; Wisconsin, Wm. S. Vilas. Mr. Barnes of Georgia nominated Augustus Bacon of Georgia, for temporary chairman of the convention. Mr. Stockdale of Texas nominated Gov. Robert Hubbard of Texas; Mr. Martin of Mississippi nominated Charles E. Hooker of Mississippi. The committee proceeded to ballot with the following result: Whole number of votes 37. Hubbard received 22, Bacon 9, Hooker 6. On motion of Mr. Prince the nomination of Hubbard was made unanimous. On motion of Mr. Hewitt Mr. Prince was elected temporary secretary of the convention. The following were elected assistant secretaries: E. L. Merritt of Illinois, George W. Guthrie of Pennsylvania, G. L. Johnson of Iowa, Robert M. Bashford of Wisconsin, Charles M. Vallandingham of Missouri, Henry J. Linden and Michael J. Barratt of New Jersey. The following were elected reading clerks: T. O. Walker of Iowa, Thos. S. Petitt of the House of Representatives, Nicholas M. Bell of Missouri, James E. Marrion of New York, H. LeBryant of Delaware, Ansel Oppenheim of Minnesota. Official stenographer, Edward B. Dickinson, of New York; sergeant-at-arms Richard J. Bright, of Indiana. The committee was directed to recommend the convention that the rules of the last democratic convention govern this body until otherwise ordered, subject to the following modification: That in voting for candidates for President and Vice-President no State shall be allowed to change its vote until the roll of States has been called, and every State has cast its vote. As a result of long discussion the committee decided that undetached coupons would not be accepted for admission to the convention hall. The committee adjourned till 10 o'clock to-morrow, with no anticipation, however, of leaving any business on hand.

The strong point is being made for Justice Field that his opinions in cases involving constitutional questions present sound democratic doctrines as to the limitations of the power of the Government, and that his nomination would attract strong republican support.

The New York delegation has been in session since 11 o'clock, and are, at 1:45 p. m., still endeavoring to come to some agreement. It is reported in the lobbies of the hotels that a vote taken showed 47 for Cleveland, with the rest divided among Flower and Bayard.

The Connecticut delegation this morning agreed to cast 14 votes for Cleveland, and Vermont will vote as a unit for him.

The New York delegation met at 11 o'clock and continued in session for four hours. Great interest centered in the matter as having an important bearing on the final action of the convention, and the hallway in front of the room in which the session was held was filled with a throng of people anxious to secure early tidings of the result. It was understood that at a meeting late last night Tammany decided to insist upon a two-thirds majority for the enforcement of the unit rule, and the question was whether that number could be mustered. There was a long and excited discussion, the tenor of which is not yet known. Rumors of the results of the balloting crept out from time to time, but could not be verified.

The following is given as the ballots taken for presidential preference: First or informal ballot, Cleveland 47, Gen. Slocum 15, Bayard 9, Flower 1.

It is understood the Flower men complimented Slocum and Bayard with a view thereby of winning the votes of Kings county in the convention. The vote on the enforcement of the unit rule stood, it is stated, 54 to 6.

Chicago, 7.—At a mass meeting of journeymen plumbers last night, resolutions were passed that Butler is the only man that the democratic convention can nominate who can insure their votes. Although the majority are democrats, they will vote for Blaine unless Butler is nominated.

TEST VOTES.

Very few of the States which perfected their organization to-day took a test vote as to their presidential preferences. The position of Pennsylvania is known to be for Randall, Delaware for Bayard and Indiana and Kentucky for McDonald. It is given out that Connecticut will cast her twelve votes for Cleveland. Iowa to-day took a vote and will on an informal ballot give Cleveland 21 votes, Bayard 2, Tilden 2. One blank vote was cast. The Georgia delegation was addressed by General Faulkner of New York, who presented objections to Cleveland's candidacy. A reply was made for Cleveland by Joseph Pulitzer of the *World*, who spoke at length and with great earnestness. The impression on the delegation was favorable to Cleveland. While there was no formal vote it was understood the vote of Georgia would be cast for him. Vermont instructed her chairman to cast the vote of the State as a unit for Cleveland. Massachusetts is solid for Butler, but in the event of his defeat it is believed the delegation would be divided rather evenly between McDonald, Thurman and Bayard. It is contended that the split in the Ohio delegation is in a measure healed. McLean be will the choice for chairman. The adherents of Thurman are making this move, but it is claimed at the same time Thurman has twenty-seven votes in the delegation.

EXCITING.

The exciting event of to-day was the struggle in the New York delegation and the heavy poll in favor of the unit rule. It was argued it would force the Tammany opposition into a close corner, but notwithstanding what appeared to be a famous victory for Cleveland's followers, very few of the leaders were willing to concede the untrammelled success of Cleveland in the balloting, owing to the fierce nature of the struggle and the failure of a portion of the delegation to come out openly for the majority candidates. It has been acknowledged that if the caucus had ended with the certainty that New York would cast her full vote for Cleveland, sufficient Western and Southern strength would be at hand to make his nomination a sure fact. The back of unanimity in the delegation is now being used by the friends of other candidates in pushing their claims for recognition. Cleveland's managers, however, are in high feather, and claim as a result of the day's work that the fight has already been won, and that it only requires the sitting of the convention to seal the victory.

KELLY INTERVIEWED.

In an interview with a *Times* reporter immediately after the adjournment of the caucus of the New York delegation this afternoon, John Kelly said: "If the delegation does not reconsider its action and still insists on presenting Cleveland's name, Tammany will appeal to the convention. We shall state our case clearly and plainly and attempt to have the hait rule broken. If the convention refuses to do it, the responsibility rests with it. We will have done our duty."

"Whom else can New York present?" asked the reporter.

"Slocum" replied Kelly.

"Would he make a strong candidate?"

"I don't know. I am not clear on that point. He is popular in the State and has made good runs, but whether he would do for President I cannot say. In fact we want a candidate who has been enough identified with the National Government and who has had experience enough to be called a statesman. Cleveland made a good Mayor and a good sheriff, but as Governor he has been a failure. Slocum has made a good Congressman, but how he would do as a President is problematical. We want a man with experience and broad views."

"Are there any others who would fill these requirements?"

"Yes; Bayard and McDonald."

TILDEN DECLINES.

New York, 7.—The following is an authentic copy of the communication to Mr. Barnum, chairman of the National committee, from Mr. Tilden:

GRAYSTONE, July 7, 1884.

To Hon. Wm. H. Barnum, Chicago:

I have received your telegram informing me of the disposition to nominate me for the Presidency, and asking, "will you accept an unanimous nomination from the convention?" and also the telegram from Mr. Manning, saying: "It seems absolutely necessary that you should answer Mr. Barnum's telegram as soon as possible." Your enquiry was emphatically answered in the negative by my letter of June 10th to Mr. Manning.

Signed, S. J. TILDEN.

FOREIGN.

Dr. Koch Says the Cholera is from the Far East and Will Spread.

LONDON, 7.—An English steamer from Marseilles has been signalled on Lisbon with two cases of cholera on board.

The steamer *Sarnia*, Capt. Gibson, which left Quebec June 28th for Liverpool, is ashore at Rattlin Island. The passengers were landed at Bally Castle.

Dublin, 7.—Mr. O'Connor, a nationalist and a keeper of a public house, is elected Lord Mayor.

Paris, 7.—Ferry told Lie Fong Poo, the Chinese minister, that he held China responsible for the Langson affair, and measures would be taken to obtain redress, but action would be delayed until the official report was received.

Ferry instructed the French minister at Pekin to demand from China a war indemnity of 250,000,000 francs; also telegraphed Admiral Courbet to seize Fouchou Arsenal as a guarantee of the payment of the indemnity.

In the Deputies to-day, Ferry stated in relation to the recent attack by the Chinese regulars on the French troops near Langson, that China was guilty of foul treachery and France would exact immediate and complete satisfaction.

Advices from Suakim report General Gordon murdered by his soldiers, and Mahdi occupied Khartoum.

In consequence of cholera upon two vessels in this port, the infected arrivals are to be sent temporarily to the lazaretto.

Toulon, 7.—Four deaths from cholera yesterday and 130 cases in hospitals. Their condition is not regarded serious. Doctor Koch, the Prussian cholera expert, is making microscopic examinations of the disease. Nine deaths last night. The cemetery was open all night for burials.

Doctor Koch reports the cholera here to be Asiatic, from the extreme East. He finds the same microbes here as in Egypt and India, the intestines being the seat of danger, famigation is useless. He says the cholera will reach Germany, will go everywhere. Having a centre like Toulon, it must spread.

Berlin, 7.—The appointment of Kasson as minister to Germany created an excellent impression here.

Von Eisendecker, late German minister to the United States, has arrived here and will probably be appointed minister to Carlsruhe.

It is stated Kasson was appointed American minister to Germany in view of the expected conflict between France and China.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

PHILADELPHIA, 7.—A delegation of metal workers from Chicago, Milwaukee and other cities, in convention here, adopted a constitution and formed a national union. Shorter hours and better pay is their object.

Work was suspended at the Washington navy yard to-day owing to the failure of Congress to make an appropriation for its continuance.

Denver, 7.—Woershaffer & Co., C. Koblanch & Co., W. G. Mortimer and Wm. Robinson, of New York, bondholders of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, to-day made application before Judge Hallett for a receiver for that corporation.

In pursuance of the provision of the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill reducing the number of internal revenue agents from 35 to 20, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to-day ordered the discharge of the following named agents; A. J. McCusick, California; John Young, Tennessee; John M. Burns, Kentucky; J. B. McCoy, Wisconsin; C. B. Harrison, Tennessee; Jas. A. Ray, Kentucky; John M. Raum, Illinois; Jasper Packard, Indiana; W. L. Hollister, Minnesota; A. M. Crane, California; J. L. Trumbull, Indiana.

Washington, 7.—The President arrived at the Capitol at 11:30 this morning and is busily engaged with his Cabinet in examining the measures passed by Congress, and presented for his approval. He has approved the river and harbor bill, the District of Columbia, the legislative, executive and judicial, sundry, civil and army appropriation bills.

The commission to ascertain the best mode of securing more intimate international and commercial relations between the United States and the several countries of Central and South America: Geo. H. Sharp, New York; Thos. Reynolds, Missouri; S. A. Thatcher, Kansas; secretary, Henry L. Thomas, of the District of Columbia.

Pittsburg, 7.—A bare knuckle fight between John McCoonnaughey and Wm. Fair, a local pugilist, took place just outside the city limits last night. After 32 knock-downs in 12 rounds, McCoonnaughey was declared the victor.

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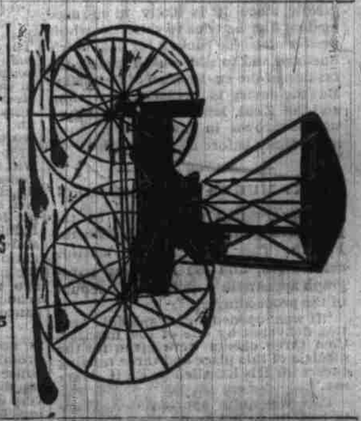

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Brigham City,	Shoshone,
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