

SHAREHOLDERS MEET MONDAY.

Stockholders of San Pedro to Elect Officers and Directors.

J. ROSS CLARK TO BE HERE.

Is Expected to Remain Some Days Looking Over Situation—General Manager Bancroft Returns.

J. Ross Clark, second vice president of the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake Railroad company, is to arrive from Butte on Monday and will in all probability remain in this city for a few days looking into affairs at this end of the projected line.

Immediately after his arrival here the long-deferred annual meeting of shareholders of the railroad company will be held and the officers and directors for the ensuing year will be elected. While there is nothing definite to be obtained at this time it is not anticipated that here will be any material changes in the existing board.

W. H. BANCROFT RETURNS.

Says He Has No Announcements to Make Regarding Trip.

Vice President and Manager W. H. Bancroft of the Oregon Short Line returned last night from his trip to New York. When he stated that he had no announcements to make and further that he knew nothing about any sale of the Oregon Short Line right-of-way south of this city to the San Pedro, or any other road.

While in the East Mr. Bancroft has been spending considerable time with E. H. Harriman and other powerful interests looking into matters pertaining to the protection of the Oregon Short Line interests from encroachments of railroads into territory, both north and south.

MEETING CALLED.

Trans-Continental Freight Bureau to Wrestle With 1000 Questions.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—The trans-continental freight bureau has issued a call to seventeen lines it includes for a session in Portland, February 18, at which more than 1,000 questions will be taken up. There is a strong probability that trans-continental rates, as a whole, will be discussed and a possibility that the bureau may decide upon important reductions.

The Northern Pacific, the Great Northern, Burlington, Santa Fe, Union Pacific and other lines in the west will be represented.

Suggestions have been made from time to time indicating that some of the interested lines would be willing to reduce through rates should it be possible to secure joint action. The attitude of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern is said to be unfavorable. A representative of one of these lines said of the probable action of the bureau:

"There will, without doubt, be action of importance to the question of lowering through rates will come up, because, although there are so many interests to lines that it is always difficult to secure joint action."

ANOTHER APPROPRIATION.

Harriman Authorizes Letting of Contracts on Central Pacific.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific company has authorized the letting of five big contracts for straightening the big of the Central Pacific line. The outlay on this work, which covers a distance of 87 miles east of Vista, Nev., will be \$1,750,000.

RIFT IN THE LUTE.

Gould and Harriman Interests in Throes of a Struggle.

The Chicago Record-Herald this morning said:

The Gould and Harriman interests are engaged in a struggle for trans-continental traffic which will test to its utmost strength the community of interests.

The two interests have been unable to get together, although several attempts have been made recently. The executive officials of the Colorado and Utah lines were unable to settle their differences in meetings held there, and adjourned from day to day during the present week. As a result of the unsettled condition of traffic matters in Colorado and Utah the officials of lines east of the river were equally unable to make firm pledges that rates would be maintained for another month.

The fight which the Goulds have begun for recognition as a trans-continental factor through the Ogden gateway is the explanation of the withdrawal of the Missouri Pacific from the Colorado & Utah association and the refusal of its officials up to date to re-enter.

The purpose of the acquisition of the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western by the Goulds has become plain through the fight now in progress. The situation is this: Through their possession of the Rio Grande roads the Goulds are laying claim to a large percentage of the through traffic from the coast.

SHAREHOLDERS MEET MONDAY.

MORE CLARK RUMORS.

Walsh's Railroad Believed to be About to be Built.

Astonishing activity in the vicinity of Delta indicates that the contemplated railroad of Thomas Walsh and Senator Clark of Montana is about to be commenced. Surveyors are working in the neighboring canyons and there is no doubt that the work of road building will shortly follow this preliminary labor.

The recent combination of lines tending to control transcontinental business has alarmed certain mine owners, who are determined to insure themselves legitimate rates on ore and machinery and to penetrate with a railroad those remote sections of the mountains where they have mining property.

Fifteen railroad surveyors came in last night from the east. When questioned they would give no information as to what road they were working for. It was learned, however, from one of the passengers that they had come from Pueblo and that they were not riding on passes, but had paid their fares. This is thought to indicate that they are not Denver & Rio Grande surveyors, but are probably South Park men. They hired rigs and drove up the canyon, where there are already about thirty surveyors at work.—Denver Post.

SPIKE AND RAIL.

Superintendent Young is down the line south of Salt Lake.

T. M. Schumacher is expected to return to Salt Lake on Monday.

H. K. Munson, of the Short Line, and D. J. Lindsay, of the Northwestern, have returned from a trip to Nephi.

Westbound Rio Grande trains were all late today, on account of a freight car jumping the track out on the desert.

The Ogden employment agencies say that it will require 4,000 men to fill the calls to be made by the contractors on the Southern Pacific cut-off.

A. F. Brewer, chief clerk to General Superintendent E. E. Calvin, of the Short Line, expects to start for Cincinnati this evening on a vacation.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

A delegation of sugar manufacturers from Michigan appeared before the President today and protested against the proposed reduction of the duty on Cuban sugar.

Emperor William, of Germany, today received Comellin, senior, the French actor, who is now playing at the Royal theater in Berlin.

King Edward's visit to Earl Howe at Penn House, Amersham, is proving a brilliant social and sporting event. The other guests include most of those known as the "inner circle."

The latest telegram from Chilean-governor places the number of killed by the earthquake at eight and the injured five. Among the latter is the governor, who is only slightly hurt.

An attempt to pick out a missed shot at the Pinnacle mine at Cripple Creek Colo., today, caused an explosion which killed Nicholas N. Luckless and severely injured Patrick J. Carewsky and John Lewellyn.

In the supreme court at Hudson, N. Y., today the grand jury brought in an indictment for murder in the first degree against Willis, Fred and Burton Van Wormer and Harvey Bruce, for killing Peter A. Hallenbeck at Green Port on Christmas evening.

Marcus Hamilton of Johnston City, Tenn., has filed a petition for the federal court here asking to have the Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke company declared bankrupt. The company has been in the hands of a receiver for several months.

Green Leaf, Kan., Jan. 18.—C. E. Holt, a wealthy farmer, and his niece were found murdered at their home today. The murder probably was committed by a burglar who had robbed the house. A horse and buggy belonging to the dead man was stolen.

The Washington committee charged with the arrangement for the reception and entertainment of Prince Henry today decided it would be impossible to attend to the requests of many cities to have the prince visit them. It is likely besides New York, Washington and Niagara Falls, the journey will include Chicago only of the large cities.

In a statement made to the selectmen of Wellesley, Mass., former town treasurer, Albert Jennings, who was arrested Thursday night on a charge of forging a note for \$5,000, admitted that he is guilty both of forgery and embezzlement and that the amount involved is \$25,000. Jennings was released on \$40,000 bail, furnished by his sister. He resigned as town treasurer.

Marie Corelli, in a letter to a London paper, cautions the anti-German feeling existing in England. This author has declined passionately against the superiority of the new British army uniforms with those of the German army. "Bearing in mind," she writes, "the absolutely criminal offense against our king, by the vile prints circulated in Germany, it is justifiable to treat our brave officers by compelling them to wear any uniform even remotely resembling that worn by admitted slanders of our king, army and country."

INSIST ON THREE CROWN

There are some storekeepers who do not like to sell Three Crown Baking Powder. It is sold at a close margin, and the profits on it are not as large as some of the other brands. You know you get full value for your expenditure, because we set the price at which this article is sold. It is not for your satisfaction and we want you to have the best baking powder is why we make a feature of putting this excellent article on the market at the low price for which we sell it.

Three Crown is sold and guaranteed by all grocers at 25c. a pound. Ask for it and refuse all others.

HEWLETT BROS. CO.

IN INTEREST OF LIVE STOCK

Secretary Martin of National Association Writes Strong Letter.

RELATIVE TO LEGISLATION

Declares That Passage of Grant Bill Will Mean an Annual Loss of \$21,000,000 to Cattle Industry.

Secretary C. F. Martin of the National Livestock association has written Ed. J. Kearnes of Gunnison in this state a letter of some length relative to future congressional action in matters which every stockman is interested. Mr. Martin says:

"The Grant bill, the passage of which at the last session of Congress, was defeated by this association, was reintroduced at the beginning of the present session under the names of the McCreary Tawney and Davidson bills; and the passage of either one of these measures means a loss to the cattle industry alone of \$21,000,000 annually. Congressman Grosvenor of Ohio, in behalf of this association, has introduced into the house a bill providing for inspection of manufactured woolen goods in the interest of the consumer and grower of wool. This association has also caused to be introduced a bill providing for government aid in erecting the West through irrigation projects, and an amending the interstate commerce act so as to give the interstate commerce commission power to enforce its own rulings.

The stock interests of the nation also demand an annual classified census of livestock; a just and permanent settlement of the question of grazing on forest reserves; and the setting of a protective tariff on imported horses; and just treatment for the agricultural and livestock press at the hands of the postoffice department.

The manufacturer will move at this session of Congress for free wool and hides. This association is not only utterly opposed to this, but demands that no hides of whatever class or weight shall be admitted free. In prosecuting the oleomargarine matter before Congress, the association will have a majority of the Senate and House committees on agriculture against it, and we have been served with notice from the leaders of these matters are in the hands of Judge Springer at Washington, and urges organization in every congressional district in the interests of the stockmen and the welfare of the country, urging them to support all such measures as are favorable to the livestock interests of the country. Secretary Martin also says: "Upon the result of the present campaign will depend to a large extent your future influence in Washington."

SPIRITED GAME OF HOCKEY.

Several Hundred People Witness Game on the Ice.

The game of hockey that was played at the ice rink on State and Tenth South today was witnessed by several hundred enthusiastic citizens and the game was played with a dash and skill that was charming. The contest was between a team styling themselves the Tingles and a team called the Salt Lakes. The game was won by the former team with a score of 2 to 0. The line-up was as follows:

Tingles: Fred Foulger, Fred Foulger, E. Sprout, F. E. Smith, M. Teter, S. Szwedick, L. Teter.

The goals were made by Fred Foulger and H. Hadley. Referee R. Bradford.

HILLBURG PAROLED.

Board Thinks Him Sufficiently Punished—Riley Pardoned.

The state board of pardons today ordered that Christopher Hillburg, convicted of having sexual intercourse with a girl under the age of consent, be released on parole. The information furnished to board, concerning Hillburg's behavior in prison is entirely to his credit. He has been a model prisoner and a trustworthy outside the walls. Now he is offered employment by the Salt Lake Pressed Brick company, and as his parents are in need of his help, the board has decided to parole him for the balance of his sentence—some seven months.

Hillburg had two trials, at the last he was convicted and sentenced to serve eighteen months in the state prison. This was on April 3, 1901.

The board pardoned William Risley, who was convicted of stealing \$250 from the quartermaster sergeant at Fort Douglas, and on May 13 last was sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary. The district attorney recommended the pardon, and it is believed that the ends of justice have been met.

The case of Geo. M. Bates, convicted of voluntary manslaughter, and on Dec. 16 last, was sentenced to serve a year in the state prison, was continued till the next meeting.

The application for a pardon for George Dahmer was denied. Dahmer, alias Willis, was convicted of burglary in Sanpete county on Jan. 11, 1899, and sentenced to eight years.

DID RATES STEAL A HORSE?

Sheriff Naylor and Deputy Busby went to Erda yesterday and brought back George Bates who will have to answer a charge of horse stealing.

Bates is charged with having stolen a horse valued at \$100 from his uncle and having sold the animal to E. Lohman, a tailor on State street.

WITH THE JUSTICES.

In Justice Dana T. Smith's court yesterday afternoon Mike Aaron was convicted of attempting to smuggle morphine into the state prison, and given sixty days in the county jail. Mike was "do" this time after he has served out the sentence imposed upon him by Judge Diehl several days ago. The case was prosecuted by Assistant County Attorney Looftbourrow.

IN BEHALF OF BEET SUGAR.

President Smith Wires Congressman Sutherland—Michigan Delegation Calls on President Roosevelt.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Jan. 18.—Congressman Sutherland today received a telegram from Joseph F. Smith President of the Utah Sugar company insisting that the existing tariff on sugar from Cuba should be maintained.

Mr. Cutler of the Utah Sugar company now in New York has wired Congressman Sutherland an emphatic denial that he ever said sugar could be sold in Utah for a profit, at less than 3 cents a pound. This statement was made before the ways and means committee, and illustrates the straits to which the opponents of beet sugar are going. A similar denial was wired by the Ogden Sugar company. Mr. Cutler will be here Wednesday to attend the hearing before the committee.

NEW SALT LAKE PAPER.

Evening Edition of the Tribune to be Known as the Telegram.

Within the next ten days or two weeks this city is to have another newspaper. It will in reality be an evening edition of the Tribune and will be called the Telegram to distinguish it from the morning issue.

When Senator Kearns and associates bought the Tribune a few years ago, they also came into possession of the one unused Associated Press franchise which E. H. Lamm had under option and ever since that time there has been a less talk of starting an evening paper. The venture is now undertaken to save the franchise which either had to be taken up or forfeited.

The Telegram will, it is understood, have a business office on Second South and its printing will be done at the Tribune building both as to type setting and press work.

William M. Butler of Cincinnati is to be president and general manager and D. Elliott Keller of Philadelphia managing editor. The rest of the staff will be divided between local and imported newspaper men.

WEEKLY HEALTH REPORT.

Five Males and Thirteen Females Added to Population.

The weekly report of the board of health for the week ending January 18 shows eighteen births, five males and thirteen females.

Of the deaths reported there were seven of each sex, of which two were shipped away for burial elsewhere. Two bodies were received for interment from points outside the city limits.

One case of smallpox developed during the week or rather came here, as the patient arrived sick with the disease. This is the only case now in quarantine. There were fifty-one cases of scarlet fever in quarantine at the close of last report. During the week seven new cases were reported and eighteen released, leaving forty cases now in quarantine. Of these, three were released and seven released. There are now fifteen cases in quarantine, the same as last week. No new cases of typhoid fever were reported during the week. Sixteen cases of measles were reported as compared with twenty-three of the last week, while of chickenpox no new cases were reported.

LATE LOCALS.

In Judge Diehl's court this afternoon Mexican Pete Everett pleaded guilty to vagrancy and being a dissolute person without visible means of support. Upon promising to leave town by tomorrow he was permitted to go.

There was a pleasant musical last night, at the Third street restaurant. The performers were Mrs. Osborne pianiste, a new and valuable addition to the local musical community, Miss Ready, pianiste, Prof. A. H. Penabody, who sang the "Two Doctors" and a quartet of vocalists, led by Mrs. Frank Kimball. Light refreshments were served.

The Utah State Historical Society will hold its fifth annual meeting on Monday next, Jan. 20, at 4 p. m., in the Deseret National bank, to elect officers and to arrange for a public meeting to be held a few weeks later. The present officers are: President, John T. Caine; vice president, Isabel Cameron Brown; secretary, J. R. Leonard; recording secretary, J. L. Hammond; executive committee, Joseph Goscheban, Emmeline B. Wells, and A. O. Smoot—1902; R. B. Lund, F. S. Richards and Henry W. Lawrence—1903; Alden Kingsbury—1904. Of these, the three first officers and first three of the executive committee will have served out their official term, and the new officers will be elected at the meeting. A full attendance is desired.

PEOPLE WHO ARE PASSING

George Fisher gives out some additional and interesting information about conditions in the Philippine Islands. The natives told him that the Americans had done the Philippines a great deal of good, in the way of schools, reduction of taxes, cleaner streets, better business facilities and other things, but what puzzled them was that they had been brought into contact with a people who do nothing but fight, and as fighting was the occupation of Americans, was a problem to the natives how they were going to get along with such a nation. "You see," said Mr. Fisher, "that the Philippines have only seen American soldiers, and imagine in their simplicity that they constitute the whole push, and that the rest of the American people are soldiers also."

W. M. Cole returned last evening from an extended business trip through the Grand Valley in Colorado. He says the way the peach orchards are growing in that country is something astonishing. The natives no longer buy single or small bunches of trees, but buy for the acre, the number being 100 trees to the acre. Growers are in fact buying with the intention of planting anywhere from 25 to 25 acres of trees, and to their already large holdings for the coming season. Mr. Cole says that all up and down the valley where only a few years ago the soil was entirely given over to sage brush, it is now set out to peach trees, and the soil is so well adapted to peach raising that there is no telling to what extent the growing of this luscious fruit may be carried. There is no scarcity of water, and that the rest of the American people are soldiers also."

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AS TO CUBAN INDEPENDENCE.

Some Doubt Felt That It Will Prove a Success.

Continued Peace and Closer Trade Relations With This Country Needed to Start Wheels.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Cuba and her possible success as an independent, self governing nation are among the interesting subjects that engage the attention of the administration and congress. Secretary Root, who has had the direction of Cuban affairs so long, has a certain amount of confidence in the ultimate peace and prosperity of the island, although his intimate knowledge of all the conditions causes some apprehension that troubles may follow the change from one government to another. It is a fact that many public men doubt that independent Cuba will be a success, while others say that the long strife with Spain followed by peace under the direction of the United States, has shown the Cubans that the latter method is much better than the former. It is known that Secretary Root fears some disturbances will occur if the Cubans fail to get the commercial concessions from the United States which they are so anxious to obtain, and for this reason he has been urging the congressmen who discuss the subject with him to take early action in this direction. It is urged that independence alone will not start the industries of the island, which have languished by the unquiet times. The administration believes that continued peace, followed by prosperity, will only be assured by closer trade relations between the old republic and the new. These questions are being talked about while each successive step toward free and independent Cuba is watched with keen interest.

PAN-AMERICAN RUMORS.

Rumors of various shades reach Washington from the pan-American congress assembled in Mexico to the effect that while there has been a vast deal to talk there has been mighty little success. With four South American nations at each other's throat it is not to be expected that much amity could flow from these quarters, and a decidedly chilly reception. With reciprocity treaties hung up in the senate for nearly two years and little prospect of their being favorably acted upon, the United States, through her delegates, could not have very much to say. But who has been apparent to all who have closely watched the progress of events among the countries south of us came out more pointedly at the present conference—that is, the Latin-American countries do not like the United States. They are jealous of our prestige, do not like our assumption of the word "American" and resent the semiprotection which we assume to them in their relations to European countries. It is a fact that we do not have much in common with the South American people, and they realize it when they see that our commercial relations are almost wholly with Europe and Asia.

SOME PHILIPPINE DIFFICULTIES

It is found more difficult to adjust the Philippine legislation than was at first supposed. With Porto Rico congress was venturing upon an unknown sea, as no one was sure the legislation would be upheld. Now there have been supreme court decisions on almost every phase of our regular government, and yet the legislators are somewhat perplexed as to the best method to proceed with the Philippines. The fact that the islands are still unpopulated, that the treaty provision with Spain was different from that regarding Porto Rico and is further fact that the Philippines are a far different people from the Porto Ricans makes the task of legislating either in the matter of revenue or government much more difficult than that