ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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MISS PHŒBE COUZINS

Files a Voucher for Her Salary for May with Assistant Secretary Nettleton.

A BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF HER CLAIM.

The Lady Not Struggling to Gain any Personal Advantages, but for a Principle.

By Telegraph to the News.

MISS COUZINS' FIGHT.

The Grounds on Which She Claims Her Salary.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Miss Phœbe Couzins filed a voucher for her salary for May, as secretary of the Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair, with Assistant Secretary Nettleton in the Treasury Department today, together with a brief in support of her claim.

The brief is in two parts, the first having been prepared by W. F. Black and C. S. Waite and the other by Robert Ilse. The case is reviewed in all its bearings, and an elaborate argument is presented to show that Miss Couzins is still legally the secretary of the Board of Lady Managers. It is contended that the commissioner had the power to prescribe the duties of the board, but that it could not control, direct or supersede the board in the exercise of its powers, nor in the agencies by which or methods in which that board should perform the duties prescribed by the commission. It is asserted that the executive committee of the board is constituted in an utterly irresponsible creation of the president of the board, and the following comment is made on the so-called subcommittee:

"Namely the sub-committee chosen from the personal acquaintance of one lady, however gifted and however qualified for official position, is not the body which Congress contemplated when it adopted section six of the act providing for World's Columbian Exposition to exercise the functions of a board of lady managers, provided for in that section. The attempt to substitute this little coterie of personal appointees for the magnificent body of representative women which was originally selected by the commission in the performance of the duty in that behalf, imposed upon it when enacting, with the publicly declared policy that no further meeting of the board of lady managers is ever to be called, and that all the duties of that board is to be performed in perpetuity by the executive committee of that board, or a sub-committee thereof is an effort furnishing sufficient evidence of the struggle which is being made by Miss Couzins to maintain the dignity and defend the rights of the board of lady managers and give sufficient concern to those who have honored this legislation of Congress would afford a fitting opportunity for representative women of America to show how, in their power, when called upon to participate in the transaction of a great National enterprise like this exposition, and who are in fact the only opportunity about to be designed by an effort to transfer all the powers of this board of lady managers to a single woman acting in a capacity then with an executive committee, so called, or sub-committee of such executive committee, illegally appointed by herself, and this notwithstanding the resolution of the executive committee, the commission and its director-general thus becoming merely subordinates to certain officers of the committee."

In closing the brief Black & Waite say: "In her fight in this case, Miss Couzins is not merely struggling to retain the office on account of its emoluments and personal advantages which she might derive from the exercise of its prerogatives and the performance of its duties, but she is asserting that she holds her commission by virtue of an action of the board of lady managers, and that the board must pass upon the question of her retention of office and as to whether she has faithfully performed all the duties devolving upon her by her election as secretary of the board of lady managers. She made an appeal to the courts, believing the proceedings which have been carried on against her arbitrary, illegal, revolutionary and unjustifiable that until the courts have spoken authoritatively upon the question presented she is entitled to exercise the functions, perform the duties and draw the salaries attaching to the position to which she was elected by the board of lady managers November 20, 1890."

In the brief Ilse makes the following remarks in regard to the powers of the board of lady managers: "It is the evident intention of the act of Congress that the board of lady managers should continue to the active performance of its duties up to and after the time of the awarding of the prizes in such way, if such should be pursued in whole or part of female labor. It is evidently the intention of Congress that it should so exist and continue to exist, and that the powers conferred upon it by Congress as well as the duties to be prescribed for it by the commissioner and as those duties require the exercise of judgment and discretion in the powers that must be exercised by itself, it was never intended that the executive committee should receive by delegation these high important trusts. It is a familiar principle of law that the directors of corporations are generally delegate their authority and power to others."

Assistant Secretary Nettleton says the department will take no action in the matter until the claim of Miss Couzins has been determined by the courts.

Senator Cullom a Candidate.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Senator Cullom of Illinois is a candidate for the Republican presidential nomination in 1892, and he makes no secret of the fact.

"If the nomination is tendered me you can bet I won't throw it over my shoulder," were the words he used to a reporter this morning. "And if I'm going to be a live first-class fight," he added, "and the Ohio delegation is for me, why then I'll be in the fight.

"Blaine can have the nomination if he wants it," continued the senator, "but I doubt it he will encourage any movement to put him in the field. Harrison stands the best chance, in my opinion, and will doubtless be nominated. The tariff will be the issue and silver and other minor questions will be sort of tacked on to the tariff as side issues. McKinley will be elected governor of Ohio for three reasons: First, he is personally a very popular man; having the magnetic attractiveness of Blaine recalled, Campbell, who will doubtless be his opponent, succeeded in dividing his party; and third, the Republican party in Ohio was never as strong as now."

The senator is on route to Europe, where he expects to spend most of the summer.

Great Wants to Resign.

LONDON, June 22.—In the course of a debate in the House of Lords today on the Manipur rebellion, Viscount Cross, secretary of India, repudiated the portions of a statement made by Sir A. M. Gorst in the early discussion on the subject in the Commons.

Tonight word went word to Salisbury that the allusions left him no alternative but to resign as undersecretary of the India office. Lord Salisbury responded, trying to induce him to remain in office.

The Florence National Bank Closes.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 22.—The Florence National bank of Florence, Ala., closed its doors today. The immediate cause of this was the refusal of false reports which caused a run on the bank.

Some confusing scene is to have resulted by reason of Mr. Farrington, cashier of an Alabama Banking and Trust company, having been for some time vice president of the Florence National bank.

Will Move the Rejection of the Land Bill.

LONDON, June 22.—Lord Denman gave notice in the House of Lords today that he would move the rejection of the Irish land bill when it comes up for second reading on Thursday next.

Mr. Spurgeon Issues a Manifesto.

LONDON, June 22.—Alarmed by the recent Westcott disclosures in Spiritism and Mahatma-keeping, Mr. Spurgeon, with a number of other ministers, has signed a manifesto denouncing both Theosophy and Spiritism as the work of the devil, saying the two must stand or fall together.

Professor Sherbing Dead.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., June 22.—Professor George M. Sherbing died last night, aged 65 years. He was widely known as the inventor of nitroglycerine.

The Congressional Army in Chile.

LONDON, June 22.—The United States frigate "San Francisco" returned to port today and will leave for the south tomorrow. Men are steadily joining the congressional army. There have been many to volunteer to serve without pay. It is expected that the congressional army will soon assume the offensive.

A Tornado in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, June 22.—A tornado is reported from the counties of Monroe, Hancock and Ohio, in the southwestern part of the state. A number of houses were swept away and crops were greatly damaged. Near Tompkinsville, Mr. Taylor's house was wrecked and several members of his family injured.

Hutchinson in New York.

NEW YORK, June 22.—B. P. Hutchinson, Chicago's famous grain speculator, appeared on the floor of the Produce Exchange in this city this morning and remained all day. He said he was operating in the market, and expected to stay in the city.

The Damage by Storms in Kansas Slight.

WICHITA, Kans., June 22.—Sixty-nine stations on the main and branch lines of the Missouri Pacific in southwestern Kansas, where heavy storms occurred Friday and Saturday, have reported on the condition of the wheat, oats and corn, showing that the damage was slight.

How to Cure the Cough following La Grippe.

For a troublesome cough there is nothing better than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It strengthens the patient's energy again, allays any irritation and effectually cures the cough. It is especially valuable for the cough which so often follows an attack of the grippe. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Consumption

Ballard's Horehound Syrup.

No single disease has plagued such and has with the human race as Consumption. Neither disease approaches so fatally. Its early symptoms are ignored because it is thought only a Cold or hacking Cough, which is neglected until this grim monster has such a hold that nothing but death can relieve it. Ballard's Horehound Syrup has removed the grip of this grim monster from many a throat. If taken in time it will give surprising relief. For the soothing and healing virtues. Do not put it off until too late. Z. C. M. I., Agents. 5*

Many a Poor Woman Suffers Untold Tortures From Back Ache.

If she only knew how easily she could get relief by using Bolland's Sacre Liniment she would thus do away she cost those few Hours. It is a grand remedy for Headache and all Neuralgic Pains. No pain can withstand its potent influence. It removes the fire from a burn or scald in one minute. It will cure inflammatory congestion and Sciatica applied to the Throat and Chest in Croup it will give immediate relief and make breathing much easier. No family can be without it if once they know its value. Try it. Price 50 cents. Sold by Z. C. M. I. 4*

Bilious Sufferers Hark Hills.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, constipated with Headache, bad breath, poisoned, or sallow, look out your liver is out of order. One box of these Little Pills will give all the results wanted and make a new being of you. Price 25 cents. Zion Co-op Mer. Inst. Drug Dept. Assnh

CHILEAN AFFAIRS.

Balmaceda Said to Deserve to Have the Term "Tyrant" Applied to Him.

ACTS OF SAVAGE CRUELTY PERPETRATED.

How the President Obtains Soldiers from the Province.—Cruisers Just Finished.

Transcribed to the News.

ACTS OF CRUELTY

Ascribed to President Balmaceda of Chile.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Three gentlemen, recently arrived from Chile, speak about the condition of affairs in that country in a way which would seem to indicate that the term "tyrant" is well applied to President Balmaceda. They tell of all sorts of indignities heaped by his order upon people whom he suspects are not wholly in sympathy with him, and of their houses being broken into and outgoing mails houses in search and pillage by his soldiers at any time.

Men who are proved into military service are horribly punished if insubordinate. One unfortunate, who said he would work his hands off for the revolutionists, was arrested. His fingers were

PICKED TO A SHAVE

with a mallet and he was told to go and work with his hands.

The weak point with the revolutionists is the lack of arms and ammunition. They have about 5000 men fully armed and equipped. Could the necessary munitions of war be obtained, the united would be at once increased to over 10,000. Seven thousand men are only waiting for equipments to take up the march against the Government party.

Balmaceda's army consists of 25,000 men, well equipped. Of them, only one-tenth of the old army, the remainder being recruits forced into service. Prisoners are brought in from the Provinces in batches of twenty-five to fifty, handcuffed together and guarded like desperadoes. They are put in to the ranks and compelled to serve.

The gentlemen said Don Pedro Montt was on his way to this country to try to induce the United States to recognize the revolutionists as belligerents.

Money is current in this city that the Insurgent agents of the revolutionists have paid the remainder of the contract money due on the two cruisers just finished for the Chilean government and have locked and unlocked these vessels in Chile, where they will fight against Balmaceda. If the be true, it will be the hardest blow against him yet attempted.

Miss Pomeroy Married.

LONDON, June 22.—The marriage of Miss Alberta Pomeroy, granddaughter of the Queen and daughter of Sir Henry Pomeroy, private secretary of Her Majesty, to Lieutenant Colonel W. E. Montgomery of the Scots Guards, other Guards took place this afternoon at Wellington barracks chapel. The Queen, Prince and Princess of Wales, Duke and Duchess of Connaught and nearly 700 guests were present.

To Meet at Helena.

DETROIT, June 22.—The Supreme Lodge A. O. U. W. adjourned to meet on the second Tuesday of June, 1892, at Helena.

Motion Denied.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Judge Bartlett today handed down a decision denying the second motion on behalf of the Paraguay to restrain Eugene Kelly from transmitting any more money to the McCarthyites.

The Strike in Bordeaux.

PARIS, June 22.—The Gendarmes strike at Bordeaux led to rioting today. A mob of citizens sided with the strikers and a force of cavalry had to be called out. Several persons were injured and many assaulted. This evening the strikers derailed a number of cars and set fire to the ticket office.

Russian Editors Violent.

MOSCOW, June 22.—The editor of the Moscow Sheremetyevskaya Gazette fired with a revolver at the editor of the Gedomosti today. The shot missed the editor, but killed a journalist named Shilitskoff.

The Panama Canal Affairs.

PARIS, June 22.—The committee of the Chamber appointed to inquire into Panama canal matters, has decided to be called out. Several persons were injured and many assaulted. This evening the strikers derailed a number of cars and set fire to the ticket office.

A Bill For Remitting Taxes Reported.

PARIS, June 22.—The Senate rejected the bill recently passed by the Chamber of remitting 6,000,000 francs, a tax on land sown in wheat the last spring season.

Fatal Shooting.

BEVERLY, Mass., June 22.—Warren A. Shaw, whose wife keeps a boarding house, tonight fatally shot Henry Morgan and painfully wounded Arthur G. Morgan. Shaw's daughter interfered, and was beaten over the head with the butt of a revolver, inflicting dangerous wounds. Another daughter interfered, and was shot in the leg.

Shaw fled, and while pursued by officers blew out his own brains. He had charged Morgan and Roberts with intimacy with his wife and daughter.

The Riot at Chain of Rocks.

ST. LOUIS, June 22.—Police investigation has developed the fact that the riot at Chain of Rocks on Monday morning was not the result of sectional fight among Italians, but arose from hard feelings caused by the arrival of Italians at the camp. The raid was made by American workmen. The Italians were driven from the camp, their valuables and money confiscated by the half of a dozen Americans, who are making the attack and a race panic is inaugurated.

Sentiment was the impetus assumed by the affair that Italian Consul Gimondi this morning called on Chief of Police Harrigan at the Four Courts demanding police protection for his countrymen and the contractor at the official investigation. The contractor at the works has also asked for police protection. There are likely to be serious consequences resulting from the bloody anti-Italian raid, and rigid and searching investigation is now under way. Some of the American leaders thought to have been implicated are already under arrest.

The Italian laborers driven from camp are now in refuge in the city. Many played a prominent part in the play, and the "Mafia cry" was used as a means of getting American workmen to attack the Italians.

The Flood in the Missouri.

KANSAS CITY, June 22.—The flood in the Missouri reached this city last night, and the water now stands 22 feet above low water mark. An additional rise of one foot would flood the low lands and cause great loss of property. The rise in the Missouri has reached up the rivers of the West and they may stand within 100 feet of flood tide.

Three Boys Drowned.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—While diving from a swing plank today John Chaulie, aged ten and brother of Mike Chaulie, aged twelve, struck his head on the bottom and was drowning when young John McGowan, son of the millionaire oil king, jumped to the rescue and the half-drowned boy was dragged him down.

Walter Jones, aged thirteen, son of the presiding elder of the Washington district of the M. E. Church, began to and made a brave effort to save his two friends, but was overcome and all were drowned.

Take Care of the Baby.

(Chicago Herald.)

Don't pass the baby over the crossing by its arms. How would you like to have the little mamma giant come along and lead you across town by the collar bone? What would be a mere indignity to you is a positive cruelty to a child. Don't hang your children on events. Candy, as it is served by most confectioners, is to the baby the chemical of all things opposite to food, and it is absolutely inexplicable into bitter digestion of a child. Saddle the bed and that ever colored the Zenith with the rosiest of hues and when you start it for the race of life with a poor digestion. Look the baby drink concentrated lye and to dose with it, but don't give it tea and coffee. Wouldn't a dead baby, provided it were to happen, be about as well off as adried up wisp of nerves, a wizen little mortal, old before its time, with a stomach the tenacity leather and a digestion the tenacity of a goat? No matter what anybody says to the contrary, tea are coffee are milk drinks for children and tend to nervous prostrate. Milk is a food, and wonderful mechanism of the body. He would have his hands fall hanging up shelved and broken humanity to the perfect test and model. Just think what an safety there would be among humanitarians if one, who when had decanted the bottom of a priceless violin, should say, "Take care of the violin." We should expect the violin shell against the stones and leave it over night in the dews and stuff it full of sand and pebbles and otherwise abuse it, so as to render it of little worth. But could that be worse than the way we treat those delicate bodies of ours—the instruments of the upper? If the reader would wish to know how to account for malfeasance of the priceless violin, will we not be in a sorry plight?

American Helmet—And so you have bought a real duel. Now, to tell the truth, Count, weren't you just the least bit frightened?

Foreign Count—No, mistaver; you see our seconds had extracted the bullets without our knowledge.

A Suggestion.

If you are troubled with rheumatism or a lame back, allow us to suggest that you try the following simple remedy: Take a piece of flannel the size of the part affected and saturate it with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on over the seat of pain. It will produce a pleasant warmth and relieve you of all pain. Many persons have been cured in this way. This Pain Balm can be obtained from Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1 per bottle at A. C. Smith and Co's Drug Store.

GARFIELD BEACH.

Commencing May 30th, and until Further Notice,

Trains between Salt Lake and Garfield Beach will run as follows:

Leave Salt Lake	Arrive Garfield	Leave Garfield	Arrive Salt Lake
9:00 a.m.	9:45 a.m.	10:00 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
1:30 p.m.	2:15 p.m.	3:30 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
5:30 p.m.	6:15 p.m.	7:30 p.m.	8:15 p.m.
8:00 p.m.	8:45 p.m.	11:00 p.m.	11:45 p.m.

Garfield Beach accommodation every day.

Fare for round trip, 50c.

D. C. BURLEY, Gen. Agent.

A WEIRD STORY

Concerning the Attempt to Assassinate the Russian Prince in Japan.

VIOLATION OF THE RULES OF ETIQUETTE THE CAUSE.

Three Messengers from the Czarewitch Assassinated in a Mysterious Manner.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE RUSSIAN PRINCE.

Story About the Attempt to Assassinate Him in Japan.

CHICAGO, June 22.—C. Waterman, a member of a mercantile firm of Yokohama and Lonsdale, who is now on a visit from San Francisco to New York, today told a reporter a weird story concerning the attempt to assassinate the Czarewitch of Russia in Japan. He says it was not because of the desecration of the Sacred temple, the Czarewitch had accepted an invitation to visit a great temple at Tokio. On the way there he yielded to the importunities of another noble to visit Idzo Shrine. His Tokio host received this as an insult, and his wrath was so that he knew that he employed the assassin, and the result of the man's work was heralded to the world as the deed of a religious lunatic. Mr. Waterman says the Czarewitch sent dispatches to the Czar by three messengers, traveling different routes. Two of them through the United States was on the same steamer with Waterman. The train being delayed by wreck, he stopped over at Denver and never heard his journey.

The belief is prevalent among his steamer acquaintances that the young Russian has been assassinated. Waterman further asserts that the other messengers have also been put out of the way by someone from Japan, although he does not give his source of information.

Behring Sea Arbiters.

LONDON, June 22.—Sir George Baden Powell, member of parliament, and W. Dawson of the Canadian survey department, have been appointed as arbiters by the Queen in the Behring sea dispute between the government of the United States and the government of Great Britain. The first meeting of the board of arbitration will take place in October next. The British members of the board will meet almost immediately at Ottawa, where they will proceed to Vancouver island, B. C., with the intention of spending two months on board a man-of-war cruising in Behring sea, visiting the Pribilof islands and all the principal stations frequented by the sealers.

At the expiration of their cruise it is expected that the British arbiters will be sufficiently acquainted with the details of the seal hunting business and with the needs and interests of the sealers to be able to meet the American arbiters as experts.

The Times today says that the appointments will be received with general satisfaction both in England and in Canada. The Times adds that the American commissioners doubtless will be equally qualified and that the result will have every chance of being settled in an honorable and peaceful manner with full knowledge on both sides.

Archby Froude, son of the historian, has been appointed secretary of the British Behring Sea commission.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The department of state has been notified of the appointment by the British government of Sir George Baden Powell and William Dawson, agents to visit Alaska and other Pacific coast points regarding the seal fisheries. The statement coming from London that these men had been appointed arbiters in controversy. Negotiations looking to the settlement of the claims made by the United States have not yet progressed to the point that would permit of the appointment of arbiters, and in fact the nature of arbitration itself has not yet been agreed upon. It may be that Powell and Dawson will hereafter serve as representatives of the British government upon the vexed commission which the two nations are bound to meet to discuss, but it is altogether improbable that they will be appointed arbiters, as their previous duties might be supposed to unfit them to act impartially in a matter where they had formerly acted as partisan experts.

Correspondence Between Leary and Dorn and Others.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—The official copy of all correspondence between Comptroller Leary, Bank Examiner Dorn and others with reference to the affairs of the Keystone bank, which was received from the treasury department last week, was made public today. It is very voluminous and much of it has already been published in connection with the investigation.

In a letter from Dorn to Leary, he gives the result of his examination of January 9th, when he was informed of President Lucas's $100,000 deficit, and gives in detail the measures he took to recover it from the bank's assets. He says Mash was ignorantly led into these transactions while cashier by Lucas, and the latter on his death-bed exacted a promise from Mash to continue the deception under representations that the money abstracted would soon return from Lucas's enterprises.

The letters this at frequent intervals were letters and telegrams in reference to the condition of the bank and the congressional committee.

On January 10th Dorn's mind was evidently changing in regard to Mash, he responded that developments made him suspicious of that gentleman. On February 25th Comptroller Leary wrote Dorn urging prompt measures to rehabilitate the bank, and saying that unless some relief was obtained at once he would order an examination of stock. After the assessment had been made there were many other communications, and finally, on March 16th, the comptroller telegraphed Dorn to visit the bank in the morning. The next morning he received instructions to close it.

On the same day Dorn telegraphed the comptroller urging the appointment of a receiver without delay and suggested the name of Mr. Lynch. He added that there were strong probabilities that the bank would be reorganized by wealthy men. The same day Comptroller Leary sent Dorn the following telegram, marked confidential:

"Call at southeast corner Eighteenth and Spruce streets, if others this evening, and give Mr. W. Elkins estimate of assets and liabilities. Encourage all efforts to reopen bank, and give out no information except such as will lead to that end and then with great care."

March 22nd Dorn wrote a private letter to Leary, advising that no action be taken against Mash, as his services were indispensable to and the investigation. Previous to Mash's arrest statements letters joined in regard to reorganization.

The Sullivan Scandal.

PARIS, June 22.—In the Deputies today Lamarque moved that the government explain why it is doing its best for the prosecution of the culprits in the sullivan scandal, and why the prosecution of Baron Reinach and Joseph Fry Freycinet, minister of war, responded that so far back as 1889 he instituted an inquiry into the relations existing between Reinach and Thomas and he found that an open trial might lead to disclosures which it would be inconvenient for the war office to make.

Turpin's subsequent action, he said, caused a further exhaustive inquiry in 1890, and the committee on the matter reported that the trial would not endanger the national defense, the prosecution proceeded, showing that everybody concerned, except the perjured witnesses, were confined in prison of the country. After a protracted debate, a vote of confidence was adopted, 338 to 137.

A Baptist Minister on Masonry.

BOSTON, June 22.—During the regular Monday meeting of the Baptist ministers, Rev. W. S. Rainsford, who lived an address on the influence of secret societies and denounced Masonry in the strongest terms. Rev. Mr. Rainsford, of Melrose, said he was a Mason and would not listen to such subject and unveiled for shame. He made the point of order. It was seconded, 43 to 7, and Mr. Cleveland, of Melrose, after requesting the conference to strike his name from the membership roll, left the hall.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Three hundred and fifteen thousand ounces of silver were purchased today at prices ranging from $1.005 to 1.0278.

A statement of the condition of the treasury, made today, shows the balance available, $6,004,876. The treasurer's statement issued today, but which bears date of the 19th inst., shows a cash balance of $42,302,918, at the close of business, which amount is deposits in the national banks and fractional silver.

The Seattle Times in discussing President Harrison's attitude on the subject of silver says: "Mr. Harrison is very among about the feeling in the West in the near future of the Republican party in favor of the free coinage of silver. He is actually opposed to this now as he ever was, and will not sign a bill to that effect if it should pass, but he naturally desires to avoid such a contingency. It is said that the silver plank in the Ohio platform just adopted was inserted in the Ohio platform just adopted by him, and that it will be urged by the Republican national convention as a compromise if the conditions are such that it will be necessary to carry the Ohio idea in a simple endorsement of the coinage act of the billion dollar Congress with the stipulation that it has power to coin any of all the silver product of the American mines."

Another Manipur Prince Sentenced.

CALCUTTA, June 22.—Another Manipur prince, Sana, has been sentenced to death for waging against the Queen and abetting a mutiny of officers.

Gladstone Ill Again.

LONDON, June 22.—Gladstone suffered another relapse, due to exertion in addressing a meeting of Cornish Unionists. Mr. Gladstone says his condition is not serious.

A Merchant's Opinion.

Mr. John Catagher, a merchant at Coraghar, Fulton County, Ohio, says that Mr. Patrick's Pills are the best selling pills he handles. The reason seems to be they are a pleasant cathartic effect and are certain and thorough in their action. Try them when you want a cathartic pill. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 5.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Hoffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment without benefit, he was not to get second. They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found before he had used half of a bottle that he was much better; he continued to use it and is today enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at A. C. Smith & Co.'s Drug Store. 5

LAND.—Many persons have received their patents for land through the able assistance of Judge Stayner, at Washington, D. C., who advertises in other parts in today's paper. And in all departments of the Government he has acquired reputation as a conscientious and capable lawyer. d&w

For all forms of nasal catarrh where there is dryness of the air passages with what is commonly called "snuffing up," especially when going to bed, Ely's Cream Balm gives immediate relief. The benefit to me has been priceless.—A. G. Case, M. D., Milford, Kan.

One of my children had a very bad discharge from her nose. Two physicians prescribed, but without benefit. We tried Ely's Cream Balm, and much to our surprise there was a marked improvement. We continued using the Balm and in a short time the discharge was cured.—J. A. Carty, Corning, N. Y.

CORRESPONDENCE

On the Reciprocity Proposals between Canada and the United States.

LETTERS BETWEEN BLAINE AND PAUNCEFOTE.

Public Reference to the Matter Was to be Avoided Above All Things.

By Telegraph to the News.

RECIPROCITY.

Correspondence on the Matter Between Blaine and Pauncefote.

OTTAWA, June 22.—In the senate today additional correspondence on the reciprocity proposals between Canada and the United States was brought out. This embraced the letters between Blaine and Pauncefote on the matter. The first letter of letters deals with the preliminary arrangements for a conference. Then comes a letter from Blaine to Pauncefote, written a short time before the conference, in which he says:

"If an agreement is reached, all is well; if not, no official mention is to be made of this relief. Above all things, it is important to avoid public reference to the matter. This the President will insist on."

He continues: "While no notes were exchanged between us I carefully minuted my modification on the paper you left me containing Lord Salisbury's proposition, and did so immediately after you left the department." He adds, as to impasse it: "You will observe the private character which I wished to impart to the conference is recognized by you."

Another letter has to do an angry tone. The Canadian elections were over. Blaine writing of Pauncefote reminds him forcibly of the agreement as to secrecy made between the government and opposition. He says: "I was a surprise to me when I learned that during the Canadian canvass Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper both asked before their constituents that an informal discussion of a reciprocity treaty would take place at Washington after March 4th by invitation of the Secretary of State."

The New York Life Insurance Company.

NEW YORK, June 22.—Representatives of the State Insurance department began the examination of the affairs of the New York Life Insurance company today. It was learned today that Bell Kern, a lawyer of Hungary, has brought suit against the company in the courts of that country for the return of premiums he has paid plus 6 per cent interest. This action, it is said, is based upon a law prohibiting mutual companies from doing business on joint stock principles.

The New York Life is reported to have tried to do this, and registered in 1886 as a share company, which it is said, and believed Kern to insure his life on such representation.

Vice-President Tuck said that the difficulty in relation to the company not being a joint stock company had been settled. It arose through a mistake in the translation of the concession from the Hungarian government. Now, as we understand, it has been fixed, and there was no longer any difficulty of the nature indicated.

Jay Gould Afraid of Too Much Silver Money.

NEW YORK, June 22.—The Tribune has been interviewing New York financiers upon the effect of the coining of silver under section 3 of the silver bill, which becomes operative July 1st.

Jay Gould said: "I think it would be very unfortunate to enlarge the volume of silver money just at this time. We have a superabundance of silver as we stand, and I think if nothing more is done that we can about maintain a parity between silver and gold. I should be afraid, if we went any further, that it would be just enough that would break the camel's back. Of course I am very anxious, as we produce so much silver, to see it maintained at a high standard, but we have got to take into account other great financial centers of the world."

Chicago Races.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Half a mile—Miss Dixie won, Mirbeau second, Sinbeam third. Time—:50.

Mile—Lowell won, Charlie Kinnie second, Silver Lake third. Time—1:42.

Mile and a third—Joe Blackburn won, Los Angeles second, Two starters. Time—2:04.

Mile and one sixteenth—Balgowan won, Jim Carter second, Hypalis third. Time—1:51.

Half a mile—Frank Kinney won, Terra Firma second, Tom Elliott third. Time—:50.

Mile—Perle won, Bob Forsythe second, Rosemond third. Time—1:44.

Sheepshead Bay Races.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, June 22.—The track was slow.

First furlong—Kingston won, Forteel second, Nellie Bly third. Time—:106.

Five furlongs — Zoeling won, Orlando second, Defiance third. Time—1:17.

Five and a half furlongs—Nidella won, Bitter second, Fatality third. Time—1:11.

Mile and three sixteenths—Tammany won, Calabum second, Mountain Deer third. Time—2:06.

Mile and sixteenth—Rambler won, Rico second, Alabama third. Time—1:57 1-5.

Mile and three-quarters—Masterbloke won, Concealer second, St. Luke third. Time—3:03 1-5.

Handicap, mile and a quarter—It was a walk-over for Sir John.

Arrest of an Officer.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Anton Kach, an old and trusted officer of the geological survey, was arrested today charged with embezzling $5,000 government funds. He asserts that while there were apparent irregularities he never took a dollar not belonging to him.