The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 60. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1895, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

WAR IN THE HOUSE.

Representatives Breckinridge and Heard Create a Scene.

WILD CONFUSION FOR A TIME.

Personal Satisfaction Demanded by Kentucky's Congressman—Apologies Offered.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 1.—There was a most exciting scene in the House of Representatives this morning when Representative Breckinridge (Kentucky) and Representative Heard (Missouri) came to blows in the center aisle in the middle of the hall.

Representative Heard, chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia, became angered because the Hawaiian question was being brought forward in the time devoted to his committee and attempted to secure the floor. The beginning of the controversy was not plain, but suddenly both members sprang toward each other. Breckinridge shouted "You cur, scoundrel and liar," striking at the member from Missouri a fierce blow which missed him. Instantly they were seized by other members, but struggled fiercely to get at each other, shouting "liar."

Pence (Colo.) had Breckinridge by the throat and McCreary (Ky.) climbed over several seats and held him by the shoulder. For three or four minutes there was wild scrambling resembling a football rush, while all the members of the House poured into the aisle and the greatest confusion reigned. The pounding of the Speaker's gavel could not be heard, but Crisp's voice rang above the tumult, shouting, "The sergeant-at-arms will arrest the members" and then, "The sergeant-at-arms will bring them before the bar of the House." Deputy Sergeant-at-arms Isaac Hill rushed down the aisle bearing the great mace, followed by his assistants. The two members were then brought up before the Speaker's desk, two men on each side holding their arms and Representative Dockery (Missouri) standing behind them.

Breckinridge was exceedingly red in the face, while Heard, who is a slender man, was ashen pale and trembling like a leaf.

In the course of his explanation to the House, Breckinridge practically challenged Heard and demanded personal satisfaction. Both Heard and Breckinridge were forced to apologize to the House. Expulsion proceedings are unlikely.

DECLINES THE POSITION.

The Work of Government Architect too Much for One Man.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The World today says:

John M. Carrere, of this city, to whom the place of supervising architect of the treasury department was offered, has written to Secretary Carlisle explaining his reasons for declining the position.

Mr. Carrere reviews the organization of the office and the work it has on hand. He says there are 1,119 structures planned and authorized, some unfinished, others nearly completed, ranging from a marine hospital to the $25,000,000 San Francisco postoffice.

He says the present condition of this work is in such a disorganized state that it would take the best part of any man's time to reorganize the work itself, irrespective of the department. The accumulated waste of money is beyond belief although the department, in the main, seems to be well organized, though cumbersome. The personnel is efficient in a measure, but ill adapted to the class of work which the country expects of our government and absolutely deficient in artistic worth.

Mr. Carrere thinks the time must come when the work will be divided and intrusted to the best architects of the country. He believes that the principles of the office are wrong and that it is beyond the power of any one man to make a success of it as conditions are at present.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

Came Near Bringing a Sane Man Into an Insane Asylum.

QUINCY, Ill., Feb. 1.—A mistake was made in the county court here which came near landing a sane man in the Jacksonville asylum and liberating an insane man.

Dr. Hedrick, of Golden, sent his insane brother, Charles, to this city for the purpose of having the county court inquire into his mental condition. Charles Hedrick was sitting among the spectators in the courtroom while a jury was being impaneled. After the jury had been sworn Deputy Sheriff Schaeffer, through mistake got hold of a railway engineer named Tom Nichol, and believing that he had Hedrick, asked him to take the insane man in front of the jury. Nichol did not realize that the deputy had made a mistake and supposed he was going to be used as a juror or witness. In fact no one noticed the mistake, and while several witnesses were testifying to the condition of Hedrick, who was sitting among the spectators, all eyes were turned on Nichol.

When the evidence was all in the jury retired, returning with a verdict of insanity.

Deputy Schaeffer then asked Nichol, who had not yet discovered that he had been arraigned in Hedrick's place to accompany him down stairs. Nichol, thinking he was going to be of some assistance to the deputy promptly consented. On reaching the basement and seeing the jail bars, Nichol asked what was wanted of him. Noticing that the deputy gave him an evasive reply Nichol realized for the first time that he was being mistaken for Hedrick. He refused to go any farther and while the deputy was trying to persuade him to go with him sheriff Roth came upon the scene. Nichol tried to explain things, but the more he tried to convince them that he was Nichol the more the officers believed him to be Hedrick. The two officers took Nichol along by coax telling him they would have a nice game of seven up together and then they would take a pleasant trip to Jacksonville. The thought struck Nichol that may be he was actually insane and his relatives had him taken into custody. But he said no sound and reason it out along that line very well and he came to the conclusion that the last ray of hope was in some papers he had in his pocket. He presented the papers to the officers and in another instant the deputy was bounding upstairs in quest of Charles Hedrick, whom he found still seated in the audience where he had been an interested spectator of his own inquisition. The officers offered Nichol all sorts of apologies and begged him not to say anything about the occurrence to any one, but after Nichol had gained his liberty the story was too good to keep and before dark it was the talk of the town.

WILL VISIT SALT LAKE.

Billiardists Arrange for an Exhibition Tour Through the West.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Billiardists Frank Ives and Jake Schaefer have signed with Manager Chaney Parker for an exhibition tour of four months during which time they will play exhibition games in Denver, Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Leadville, Cripple Creek, Cheyenne, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Butte, Helena, Missoula, Great Falls, Walla Walla, Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Very Much Disgusted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Edward Fournil, the French billiardist who came to this country some months ago with the object of arranging a match with either Ives or Schaefer, will sail for France on Saturday a much disgusted man. Fournil is indignant over the treatment he has received at the hands of the American players.

PATRIOTISM IN MEXICO.

Members of Labor Unions Decide to Enlist as Soldiers

In Case of a War With Guatemala—President Diaz Makes a Speech.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 1.—The various industrial organizations of this republic and of border points in the United States are making elaborate preparations for an immense demonstration in favor of the Mexican government in its dealings with the Guatemalan question. The fifty or more unions which will take part will be called to order as a congress in this city on Feb. 5, and their members asked to enlist as volunteers to fight for the republic in the event of war with Guatemala. Aside from the workingmen's unions from all over Mexico, delegates will be present from the colonies of Mexicans living along the border in Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and California and who have already signified their willingness to fight for their mother country, when needed. Enthusiasm is running high among the labor organizations of the country and the gathering is expected to be a large one.

A large committee representing the united labor organizations was received by President Diaz at the palace. The chief executive was addressed at length on the feelings of patriotism which inspire the working men of Mexico at this time of impending danger to the republic and its institutions.

General Diaz replied that it was very gratifying for him to see that now, as in all past times of war in Mexico, justice and right had found their defenders in those ready to use the cannon and unsheath the sword, and it was a great pleasure for him to serve such a country, where its people at all times observed the religion of patriotism. He still hoped the dispute with Guatemala might remain within the boundaries of diplomacy and business without the spilling of Mexican blood, but this did not detract from the pleasure it gave him to feel that, come what might, the government and people would stand together in a common cause and for a common defense. The president begged his auditors to use at all times great discretion in their demonstrations of patriotism and by word or deed offend no one, as by this way only the dignity of the nation in general can be sustained. In closing the president again thanked the working men for the honor they had shown him and Mexico and the practical proof they had presented that if Mexico be in need, it has integrity and honor and will have the backing of 10,000,000 Mexican defenders.

For the Construction of a Canal.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A special from Washington says: An effort is to be made before the adjournment of the Fifty-third Congress to authorize the construction of a canal between the great lakes, the St. Lawrence and tide water in the Hudson river. Articles of incorporation have been drawn up and soon the bill will be presented simultaneously in the House and Senate. The capital stock of the company will be $10,000,000 divided into shares of $100 each.

Rebels Repulsed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—A special to a morning paper from Panama says: The Royal Mail steamship Para has arrived from Cartagena bringing news of a battle between the revolutionary forces and the government troops in the streets of Bogota. President Caro, it is reported, led in person two battalions of regular artillery. The rebels were repulsed with heavy loss. Many prisoners were taken. Three government steamers were anchored off Puerto Barrio in readiness in case of any attack being made by the rebels there. Panama is tranquil.

Chief Arthur in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—Chief P. M. Arthur, of the Locomotive engineers, arrived here last night to adjust the difficulty between the engineers and the Southern Pacific railroad company. He was met by a committee of engineers at the Oakland mole and escorted to the Baldwin hotel.

Regarding the railroad he spoke briefly and tersely.

"I am supposed not to know anything about it in detail, and really do not," he said. "All I know is that I have been called here to help adjust it.

"After I have seen and conferred with the committee from the engineers and have met the railroad people, I will tell you all about it, but until that time, I must keep things in abeyance."

Many of the engineers called during the evening to see the chief and waited awhile in the corridor. He admitted only one or two, and the talk he had was merely general. It is the intention to give Chief Arthur an informal reception at the Baldwin today.

Paper Car Wheels.

DECATUR, Ala., Feb. 1.—The large machine foundry built here some years ago at a cost of $125,000, but which has been idle for several years, has been purchased by Chicago men with plenty of capital who will at once overhaul the plant and begin the manufacture of paper car wheels.

TO TEST SPIRITUALISM.

Yakes Will Denounce It if the Chicora is Not Found.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—J. W. Yakes, a local clairvoyant and lecturer on spiritualism, believes he knows where the Chicora is. He says the boat is in the lake two and a half miles north and east of Muskegon, Mich. None of the crew, he says, are alive. Some of the dead are in the boat. Writings will be washed ashore next spring, he believes, that will tell the fate of the Chicora's lost cruise.

Yakes claims to have communed with the spirit of an old lake captain named Mead, long since dead, who, Yakes says, accurately described the location where lies the hull of the ill-fated Chicora.

Yakes's home, up to three years ago, was in Ludington, Mich., and he says he knows the eastern coast thoroughly. He has sworn a mighty oath that if the Chicora is not found two and one half miles northeast of Muskegon, to forever give up his belief in spiritualism and to denounce it to all men.

Two of the Elbe's Passengers.

OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. 1.—There is no doubt that "J. M. Brunson and Ida Brunson," whose names appear on the roll of the Elbe's steerage passengers, are the young militia captain and wife who started for Berlin on Dec. 19th last to present their claim to a $25,000 estate of Baron von Hanseler. All the circumstances of time and travel, and the knowledge of the young couple's intentions in the event of failure, prove their identity.

It became known today that on board the Elbe was the body of M. C. Connors, of Dakota, who died recently in the sanitarium at Berlin. Mrs. Connors, who accompanied her husband, was drowned.

DIAMOND RING LOST.

Taken from the Finger of the Late John W. Norton.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Friends of the late John W. Norton have not as yet been able to ascertain the whereabouts of the diamond ring that was taken off his finger after he was conveyed to the little church in Centerville, Ind., in which he died. Colonel Charles H. Pope, who brought back an inventory of Mr. Norton's belongings at the time of the wreck, said that he was hopeful that the ring would be yet recovered. It is thought that one of the car porters secured it. It is said the ring cost Mr. Norton $1,000.

Robbery Planned Probably.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Feb. 1.—For several days past eight men, very heavily armed, have been lurking in Jasper county and extensively trading horses, making a specialty of finding lonely passengers on the road to part with any horse they choose, and generally taking fine stock in exchange for plugs. Reconnoissance is useless, owing to the numbers and formidable appearance of the men. It is believed by many that they are arranging to rob a train or make a raid somewhere in the neighborhood.

THE FULDA AGROUND.

Another North German Line Steamer Meets With an Accident.

BREMEN, Feb. 1.—The North German line steamer Fulda, Captain Thalenhorst, is aground in the river Weser. Tugs are alongside of her and she will probably float next high tide. The Fulda sailed from New York Jan. 22 for Southampton and Bremen.

THE SELECTION APPROVED.

Seven Hundred and Fifty-three Acres in the Salt Lake Land District.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The secretary of the interior has approved the lists of lands selected by the Central Pacific railroad under the act of June 22, 1874, aggregating 753 acres in the Salt Lake City land district, Utah, and 91.78 acres within the limit of the grant of the Union Pacific company in the Cheyenne, Wyo., district.

THE AMEER WILL TRAVEL.

He Proposes to Visit the United States.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 1.—The Ameer of Afghanistan has definitely decided to visit England in the spring if his health continues good. He proposes to go via Yokohama and United States.

Portuguese Gain a Victory.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—An official dispatch from Lorenzo Marques, Delagoa Bay, says 800 Portuguese troops commanded by Majors Roberts and Xavier, supported by gun boats, defeated the native rebels on Tuesday on the right bank in the Comati river.

SHOT BY A POLICEMAN.

A Man Cutting Trolley Wires in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 1.—A man named Dunn was shot by Policeman Cornelius today, while endeavoring to escape, having cut the trolley wire. Dunn's injuries though serious are not likely to prove fatal. Master Workman Connelly says K. V. Debs is expected here in a few days.

Connelly has received application for $15,000 of the $100,000 bonds on which interest is guaranteed by District Assembly No. 75 at 5 per cent, and he expects to place the balance by tomorrow night.

GORDON'S VERSION.

The Captain of the Crathie Makes Another Statement.

THOUGHT THE ELBE WAS NOT HURT

Apparent Discrepancy Between His Report and the Accounts Given by the Elbe Survivors.

ROTTERDAM, Feb. 1.—Captain Gordon, of the British steamship Crathie, which ran into and sank the Elbe, has made a statement to the Lloyds' agent. He says he was knocked down by the force of the collision and when he regained his feet the two ships were some distance apart. The Crathie was so damaged that he expected her to sink any minute. In spite of this, Captain Gordon added, he followed the other steamer but found that she went faster than the Crathie and he concluded the vessel he had collided with was safe.

TERRIBLE WEATHER STILL PREVAILING.

LOWESTOFT, Feb. 1.—The terrible weather prevailing the last twenty-four hours continues along the coast of England. Visits made today to the life saving and coast guard stations show that no additional news has been received regarding the loss of the Elbe, and no trace has been found of the missing life boat supposed to contain people from that steamer. However, the sea is so rough that many fishing smacks are unable to make port and are beating up and down the coast waiting for a chance to run into some harbor.

WEI HAI WEI.

The Land Fort Captured—The Fleet Will Be Taken, Too.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 1.—U. S. Consul Jernigan at Shanghai, cables under date of February 1 that the land fort at Wei Hai Wei has been captured and the capture of the islands and fleet is considered imminent.

CHINESE PEACE ENVOYS.

Audience Granted to the Embassadors of the Emperor.

HIROSHIMA, Feb. 1.—Count Ito Hirobumi, president of the council of ministers, and M. Mutsu Munemitsu, minister of foreign affairs, gave an audience today to the Chinese peace envoys.

Tendered His Resignation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Lawrence Maxwell, solicitor general of the United States, has tendered his resignation to the President and it has been accepted. The relations between Attorney General Olney and Mr. Maxwell have been strained for some time.

London Stock Exchange.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The feature of the stock exchange here today was the improvement of American securities in response to advices from Wall street.

PRACTICALLY ADMITTED.

Baron Rothschild said regarding the cabled reports of his connection with the proposed American loan: It is untrue that any negotiations are pending with us; neither has the house of Rothschilds any intention of taking the whole loan.

Four Perished in the Flames.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 1.—The Deaconess Home, on Jennings Avenue, is burning, and it is reported that four persons are burned to death.

The dead are: Albert Almeyer, Minnie Baumer, an eight months old baby, and Jacob Krause.

The fire started in the basement, presumably from a furnace, and before it could be extinguished four of the fifteen patients in the house and hospital were dead and the building almost entirely destroyed. The brave work on the part of the firemen and police alone prevented further loss.

Minnie Baumer was a nurse. She appeared at the upper window and implored the people below to save her patient, Wm. Almeyer. It was impossible for any one to enter the building. Miss Baumer could have saved herself by jumping to the veranda roof, but she went back to her patient and was burned to death. Almeyer, who was suffering from a broken hip, was suffocated. Jacob Krause, who had been suffering from a fractured skull, was found at the foot of the stairs suffocated.

American Murdered in Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 1.—The American killed in the Pan Caldi quarter of this city on Wednesday evening by a man who, armed with a knife, ran amuck through the streets, stabbing and slashing right and left, was Mr. Sisps, director of the Metropolitan railroad in Constantinople. A Turkish official and railroad employe were also killed and ten persons more or less seriously wounded. The murderer escaped.

Maxwell's Successor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Holmes Conrad, of Virginia, has been appointed solicitor general of the United States by the President, vice Maxwell.

Low Temperature.

MARSHALLTOWN, Iowa, Feb. 1.—The government thermometer registered 21 below today.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, Feb. 1.—This is the coldest day of the season, 10 below.

The Whisky Trust Case.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—The developments in the whisky trust case today were sensational. Last night Nathan Bijur, of New York, left for Peoria, accompanied by two expert accountants, and armed with an order from Judge Grosscup for the examination of the books of the company. Early today Bijur wired that the books were locked in the vault and the only man having the combination to the safe was out of town. He was immediately instructed to secure the books at any cost and by any means.

One of the attorneys for the stockholders' committee said: "This afternoon Bijur was wired at Peoria to use dynamite in getting at the books, and I have no doubt he will do so if he finds it necessary. We are not to be stopped by any trickery on the part of the opposition."

Rough on the Atlantic.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 1.—The Cunard line steamship Lucania, arrived this morning from New York, and reported that rough seas were encountered throughout the entire voyage.

Grounded and Foundered.

ST. MICHAELS, Azores, Feb. 1.—The British steamer Hunt, Captain Smith, grounded and foundered off this port on the return trip to London from Barbadoes. The Hunt was a screw steamer owned by the Demerara and Berbice company.

Preparing for the Bond Issue.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Negotiations preliminary to the bond issue have been entered into, but as far as known no definite conclusion has been reached. The administration is fully determined to make whatever bond issue the circumstances render necessary to preserve the confidence in the integrity of the national finances. The cabinet will meet today as usual and some announcement may follow, or may be given out tomorrow.

Snowing in Germany.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—The weather is very severe throughout Germany, snow having fallen for several hours continually. Railroad traffic is blocked in the mountainous parts of southern Germany.

Assistant Attorney General.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The President today appointed J. M. Dickinson, of Tennessee, assistant attorney general.

Colonel Dawson Dead.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—News has been received here of the death at Selma, Ala., today, of Col. Nathaniel H. G. Dawson, a prominent Alabama lawyer and U. S. commissioner of education from 1886 to 1889.

Suspension Announced.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Brewer and Mellon have announced suspension on the stock exchange. The liabilities are $450,000.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Senator Teller addressed the Senate on the financial question today. In conclusion Teller said:

"Mr. President, I will see to it at this session that there shall be no hasty and ill-considered legislation to carry out the fell purpose of those seeking to fasten a gold standard on the country."

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The House met at 11 o'clock today and gave an hour to the debate on the Pacific Railroad Funding bill before taking up the District of Columbia business to which the day was to be devoted, by an order made Wednesday.

Bowers (Rep. Calif.) opposed the bill bitterly. In doing so, however, he severely condemned the methods pursued by some California opponents of the measure, notably Mayor Sutro, of San Francisco, who had been flooding the members with frantic appeals to kill the bill.

"The foe of the gentleman claims that Mayor Sutro is in reality attempting to aid the passage of the measure," said Caminetti (Dem. Calif.)

"I do not," replied Bowers, "but I believe that is the real effect of his circulars."

CRIMINAL CASES FOR TRIAL.

A Short List of Settings Was Made in Court This Morning.

Judge Bartch this morning made the following settings of criminal cases for trial at the ensuing February term:

FEBRUARY 5TH.

People vs Minnie Davis; abduction.

People vs Charles H. Whitehead; grand larceny.

People vs W. S. Fagale; embezzlement.

FEBRUARY 6TH.

People vs Elmer E. Ritchie; criminal libel and perjury (two cases.)

FEBRUARY 7TH.

People vs Charles Alexander; grand larceny (two cases.)

U. S. vs Wm. Lynch; fornication.

A further setting of cases will be made on Tuesday, February 5th.

"Future of the Universe."

A large and intelligent audience listened to Professor Kingsbury's lecture at the University lecture room last evening, the subject being "Physical and Chemical Science."

The speaker introduced his lecture by a number of interesting experiments showing the different manifestations of energy and how one kind could be changed into another, and explained what is meant by conservation and transmutation of energy. The lecturer dwelt to some extent upon transmutation of energy, the cause of the sun's heat, its increase, its final diminution and probable extinction. He also went somewhat into detail in giving the conditions necessary for the growth of vegetation and for the existence of animal life upon the earth, showing that these conditions are all due to the heat radiated from the sun.

The future of the earth was speculated upon from a scientific point of view, and it was argued how the conditions would be changed and the earth, like the moon, be consigned to a state of desolation. He gave his reasons for believing that the sun's light in the future might become extinct, and all the solar systems becoming uniform in temperature, our earth and all the planets would fall together, making a stupendous whole. During this process of attracting and aggregating of matter many systems of worlds would probably come and go after the manner of our solar system.

He then discussed the future existence of life, advancing reasons that life must have an end and must not have originated on the earth, although it might not continue to exist on the earth, manifesting itself as it does at the present time, so far as scientific investigation can determine.

This being the case life must be eternal, as the only rational conclusion.

It was argued that consciousness, which is wholly dependent upon life, may abstract itself from the material and dwell in an immaterial sphere, thus proving that life is independent of the gross matter beyond which we are incapable of understanding.

He further showed that science pointed toward an end to our present material universe and therefore toward a beginning. A beginning of this material universe involves a self-acting power, a creator. Thus speculation in science leads to a self-acting power, and a future from our present material universe.

The lecture was presented very clearly, so that those present who had not the opportunity of studying physics and chemistry could understand every step.

FATALLY SHOT.

A Hooper Young Man the Victim of George Wilson, at Blackfoot.

Word has been received in this city that a young man named Manning, whose parents reside at Hooper, was shot on Wednesday evening at Blackfoot, Idaho, and probably fatally wounded. Manning has been living on Snake river, three miles from Blackfoot. He was at the ranch of John Meslin, to which place he had been followed by George Wilson. The latter called Manning out, and fired one shot, the ball passing through the young man's body. The shooter was arrested. The cause of the shooting is said to be Wilson's jealousy of his wife. It is stated that he was engaged in a shooting affray on her account at Rockham, where they formerly lived.

BLACKMAILING CHINAMEN.

It is Said That Bogus City Detectives are Engaged in That Kind of Work.

The news comes from the musty and opium saturated precincts of Salt Lake's Chinatown that bogus city detectives are creating a consternation among its uncanny inhabitants by levying blackmail upon them.

One man, however, is given credit for most of the work that has been done in this direction for several months past. It has been his custom, it appears, to visit the gambling and opium establishments of Chinese proprietors with remarkable regularity and frequency and represent to them that it had been decided at police headquarters to "pull them" but if they would only put up $5 each he would see to it that they were not arrested. The Chinamen believing he was what he represented himself to be and that he spoke by the card as an attache of the police department, and was really a friend to them, were glad to get off so easily and readily acceded to his demands.

Finally something transpired which opened the eyes of the Mongolians and now they refuse to allow themselves to be held up in that fashion and say they will only submit to fines and assessments when imposed by regular police department functionaries through the medium of Justice Smith's court.

Election Cases Tomorrow.

The Territorial Supreme Court will hold a special session tomorrow to hear the legal arguments in the Sanpete election cases, which come up on appeal from Judge Bartch's branch of the Third district court.

Ceylon's Lucky Star Stones.

From the London Graphic.

Familiar to some of the ancient writers, and credited with supernatural powers, the Asteria or star gem, was highly valued for the benefits supposed to be conferred on the wearer. Its bright six-rayed star, ever changing and shifting with every play of light, and especially shooting out its flames in the direct sunlight, would seem to be something more than an ordinary crystal, and to the superstitious mind it could readily be believed to embody some tutelar spirit. The particular virtue attributed to this gem was the conferring upon the wearer "health and good fortune," when worn as an amulet, and to those fortunate to be born in the month of April, with which that stone was associated or represented, the wearer was insured from all evil.

The star stone is found principally in Ceylon, invariably in soil peculiar to rubies and sapphires; indeed, it is composed of the same constituent, corundum, its chatoyant, or star-rays, being caused by the presence of what the natives call "silk." It is found in many different colors, from pale-blue, pink and white to deep dark-blue, ruby and purple. The blue are termed "sapphire stars," the red "ruby stars." It is always cut "en cabuchon," the star dividing into six rays at the apex. It is next in hardness to the diamond.

Of late years, since the magnificent collection in the Ceylon Court of the Colonial Exhibition, this gem has been better known, and fine specimens collected for costly ornaments.

The native lapidary, with tools as rude and simple as his forefathers used 1,000 years before, with no training or instruction, except the unwritten mysteries of the craft handed down from father to son, produces the most wonderful results in cutting and polishing gems, and in many instances rivals the more educated lapidary of Europe for judgment in cutting gems to the greatest advantage.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Three Very Bad Boys Who are Bound for the Reform School.

BOTH JUDGES IN SESSION TODAY.

The Dyer Claim Against the Government—Eilerbeck-Midgley Litigation—A Divorce, Etc.

This was bad boys' day in Judge Bartch's branch of the Third district court. Three youthful incorrigibles were brought up from the police court with the intention of having them sent to the Reform school. Two of them were committed and the prospect is that the third will follow them to Ogden next Tuesday.

The first of the trio dealt with was Brig Chapman, whose parents reside on West Third South street. Brig was 17 years old last August, though he does not look it, and has a very hardened and defiant manner. His father stated upon the witness-stand that he was one of a family of seventeen children, only nine of whom, however, are now living; that his language to his mother, himself and his brothers and sisters was "intolerable," and that he had been for a long time absolutely beyond control. He was before this court about a year ago on a charge of being implicated in the stealing of some pieces of machinery, and witness did his best then to get him off; but since his discharge then his behavior had been even worse than before, and he had been at home but a few days only in the interval.

Mrs. Chapman stated that her son had taken advantage of her leniency. She had mistakenly tried to "screen" his faults from his father, whom he had abused the more in consequence.

Attorney Zimmerman said he had repeatedly prosecuted the defendant in the police court for petty crimes.

Judge Bartch made the order committing him to the Reform school.

BIRDS OF A FEATHER.

Daniel Danielson was the next to answer. He is about fifteen years of age and a companion of Brig Chapman. He also had been sent here from the police court, a charge of petit larceny having been there preferred against them. His parents are dead and therefore the court appointed Judge Sawyer to confer with him. Counsel did so, but the case went over till next Friday to enable the prosecution to bring in certain witnesses.

THE SINS OF THE FATHERS.

John Wilkerson is another 13-year-old incorrigible, and he treated the matter this morning as a huge joke. His mother resides on east First South and she told a very pitiful story in answer to Attorney Street's questions. Some time ago, she said, she obtained a divorce from her husband. Before they parted he seemed to delight in "training" the boy to insult her, and Johnny was now wholly beyond her control. His father had never contributed five cents towards his support, and she had now no means of obtaining a livelihood, except what she and her other children earned. This boy had been arrested several times.

Attorney Street said that to his personal knowledge the defendant had been a sore trial to his mother for the past three years or more and it was desirable that he should be placed under rigid discipline.

The court directed, as in the case of Chapman, that the defendant be sent to the Reform school until he attains the age of twenty-one.

A DIVORCE SUIT.

On the ground of desertion, Gerald G. P. Jackson was granted a divorce from his wife, Helen L., to whom he was married in New York on April 29, 1889. The parties came to Salt Lake subsequently, but in September, 1892, Mrs. Jackson returned to New York, and positively refuses to return, although several times solicited by her husband to do so. The plaintiff stated on the witness-stand that he gave his wife no cause whatever for leaving him. There are no children issue of the marriage.

Mrs. Jackson was represented by Judge Sawyer, who offered no objection to the decree being entered. Morris Sommer was Mr. Jackson's attorney.

MISCELLANEOUS.

In the case of the Davis & Rankin Building company vs. Jed Stringham et al., dismissal was entered upon stipulation.

Fraser & Chalmers vs. L. C. Trent. Order granted upon affidavit to take the deposition of Otto Stallman in this case.

THE SMITH DEMURRER.

Judge Bartch today sustained the demurrer of the defendant's counsel to the indictment (argued a couple of weeks ago) charging John W. Smith with having unlawfully taken a letter from the Salt Lake postoffice.

Having disposed of the day's business in his division, Judge Bartch adjourned till Monday morning at ten o'clock.

Before Judge Merritt.

In the case of Gilbert D. Amos vs the Salt Lake Copper Manufacturing company, on motion of plaintiff's counsel and by consent of the other side, an order for full reference to Judge Howat was made.

THE MATTER IS NOW SETTLED.

In regard to the claim of Judge Henderson and Attorney F. L. Williams, who, as executors of the estate of the late Frank H. Dyer, had brought suit against the United States to recover a sum of money due to the decedent for services rendered while holding the office of United States marshal, the findings of fact heretofore filed were now withdrawn by leave of the court and new findings filed. Thereupon judgment was entered for the plaintiffs in the sum of $2,353 and $78.50 costs.

This case, it will be remembered, was before the court last Saturday, subsequent to which a complaint in intervention

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