

CHICAGO, 31.—The city council to-night voted to abolish the office of the city marshal. In the *quo warranto* case of Colvin vs. Hoyne, the legal advisers of both claimants for the mayoralty presented their arguments before five judges of the Circuit Court, who, upon conclusion of the arguments, took the matter under advisement. It is believed they will, sometime this week, give a decision which will settle the mayoralty question.

NEW YORK, 31.—The body of a man, found yesterday in a creek at North Bergen, N. Y., was to-day identified as that of S. L. Burdett, of Washington, ex-commissioner of the land office. Deceased was last seen at the Astor House on the 13th, and at that time had in his possession several thousand dollars and some valuable jewelry.

Dispatches from Florida state that the republican convention, assembled at Madison to-day. They had a stormy time. Sixty-seven delegates seem to be for one faction, and sixty-five for another. Nine counties send double delegates. There have been some fights, in which pistols were used. Further trouble is apprehended.

PHILADELPHIA, 31.—The annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland will take place here on the sixth and seventh of July next. General Sheridan will preside. The Academy of Music has been engaged for the occasion, and extensive preparations have been made. The society of the army of the Potomac will meet here on the 6th of June.

SAN FRANCISCO, 31.—A. Egel, J. R. Robinson and A. Coolot, stockholders of the Central Pacific Railroad, have commenced suit to restrain the execution of the proposed settlement by which German bondholders of the California Pacific were to receive bonds of that road, endorsed by the Central Pacific in payment of claims, and to have such endorsement declared illegal and void.

A dispatch from San Diego says the bandits mentioned in last night's dispatch, as gathered near Campo, have quarrelled among themselves, and the band broken up.

HARRISBURG, Pa., 1.—Jarrett & Palmer's trans-continental express train for San Francisco passed Harrisburg, Pa., one minute ahead of time, and passed Altoona on time, without making any stop between Jersey and Altoona.

WASHINGTON, 1.—The debt statement shows a decrease during May of \$1,616,515; coin balance \$66,624,766; currency balance \$9,285,708. The special deposit held for the redemption of certificates of deposit \$34,385,000.

PITTSBURG, Pa., 1.—Jarrett & Palmer's train arrived here at 10.58, two minutes ahead of time. The distance from New York is 439 miles, and was without stoppage and with one engine.

NEW YORK, 1.—The *Herald* says that William D. Hughes, ex-Assistant District Attorney of Brooklyn, and Daniel Gillen and Samuel Giberson, deputy collectors of internal revenue, are to be prosecuted for permitting an illicit still, owned by Christian A. Stein, to be operated. Stein accuses them of receiving from him during two years \$500 weekly as the price of their silence.

The great mustang race at Fleetwood Park began at four o'clock this a.m. Up to 10.30 o'clock Parker had ridden 136 miles. The track is in excellent condition, and the rider was three minutes ahead of time at the one hundredth mile.

WASHINGTON, 1.—The sub-judicial committee met again this a.m. and continued the examination of James Mulligan. Witness said he wanted to make a statement before continuing his examination. He said that when he arrived here a note came down from Blaine requesting witness and Fisher to call at his house. Witness declined to go, but Fisher went after. Witness testified yesterday that Blaine called upon witness and asked him about some letters which were in his possession, and wanted witness to give them up to him, but witness declined to do so. Witness said Blaine almost got down on his knees and plead for the letters, saying they would ruin him for life, and when witness further declined, Blaine asked him to think of his wife and six children. He besought witness, and almost contemplated suicide. Witness then allowed Blaine to take them under a pledge that he would return them. He looked them over and did not return them. This was in the presence of Fisher and Atkins. Wit-

ness then retired to his room and Blaine followed him and wanted to look at the letters again. Witness allowed Blaine to take them, and Blaine refused to return them, and still retains them. No one was present at this time but Blaine and witness. There were, about eighteen letters.

Secretary Robeson appeared before the House committee on naval affairs to-day, and explained at length his account with Cattell & Co., which he showed was fully settled on the 13th of October, 1871. He paid them in money value. The wrong done to him was in the publication of detached portions of the testimony. The committee would see, by a fair analysis, that he had turned from one account back to another, covering 100 pages, in order to give this explanation. The Secretary also referred to the testimony of Mr. Lewis, receiver of the late Jay Cook & Co. At the time that firm failed he owed them \$18,000 in two amounts, \$10,000 and \$8,000. This latter amount was mentioned in the testimony seven times, making it appear as \$56,000. The secretary circumstantially relates his business transactions with Cattell & Co. at that period, from which it appears that he had loaned them \$25,600 or \$7,600 more than he had to pay. Cattell began to pay him back as was convenient, and the account was closed by their giving him a check for \$2,500. The Secretary produced all the notes and checks, showing that his indebtedness to the firm of Jay Cook & Co. was settled. The Secretary also explained the item of \$13,000, which appeared on Cattell's bonds, as the amount owing by him for a building lot and cottage at Long Branch. The property was not at Long Branch but two miles off, at Monmouth Beach. In 1871 a number of gentlemen formed a company and entered into a speculation by buying a farm on credit and dividing it into building lots. He went into the speculation believing, with the other gentlemen, that they could sell enough of the property to pay them all back what they had advanced and make a good deal of money besides. It was not, however, convenient for him at that time to go into the speculation and spend money, and A. G. Cattell covered his shares, as has been done for several other subscribers. As much had been said about Cattell receiving commissions on contracts, the secretary desired to say that such transactions, on Cattell's part, were in all respects unknown and unauthorized by him.

The oath of office, as Secretary of War, was administered to Don Cameron this morning by Judge McArthur, and soon after Cameron began the performance of his new duties at the War Department. At the same time Judge Taft qualified as Attorney General.

The Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Edward F. Beale to be minister to Austria, and Charles N. Harris to be register of the land office in Carson city, Nevada.

OMAHA, 1.—The following dispatch was received from the proprietor of the Sidney and Black Hills stage line—

"My stage driver from the agency to Sidney came on foot to the Platte; his horse was killed under him. The Indians got the mail and saddle."

This gives the idea that the Indians are operating south of the agencies, but to what extent and in what numbers is unknown.

NEW YORK, 1.—The *World's* Washington special says, Harney, Speaker Kerr's accuser, has absconded. He is supposed to have fled to Canada, as his testimony is full of contradictions, which probably renders him liable for perjury. He has most likely broken his parole and escaped. His residence at New York was searched to-night, but his whereabouts has not been found. It is said he is unable to read or write.

The rumors lately floating about contesting Stewart's will have assumed form. The will is alleged to have been obtained through undue influence, and the Surrogate has granted an order to show cause. The probate is contested on behalf of sixteen persons, all claiming to be blood relations.

Springstein was fatally shot early this morning in the saloon of Jacob Peth, 566 Hudson Street, by Adolph Kessler, bartender.

The bar association made a final report to-day, completely exonerating O'Connor.

Parker finished his two hundredth mile at five o'clock. He then took refreshments, and lost twelve minutes.

On the 206th mile Parker staggered to the judges' stand and mounted, after a rest of twenty minutes. On the 208th mile, he again went to the judges' stand, where he now remains with little prospect of his again attempting to finish.

Parker, after riding 216 miles, again failed.

Peralto immediately jumped into the saddle, and undertook to ride forty miles in two hours, which he did in fine style, having sixteen and a half minutes to spare.

CHICAGO, Ill., 1.

The grand jury to-day returned indictments against the county commissioners and ex-county commissioners, and against Perolat, O'Donnell and Swetzer, who are individual characters. The indictment in each case charges a conspiracy to defraud Cook County. The evidence given before the jury went to show that the most scandalous and unscrupulous ring existed, the members of which, with the aid of the warden at the insane asylum and poor house, fleeced the county out of large sums of money by means of under weights, overcharges, and inferiority of goods furnished.

NEW ORLEANS, 1.—The congressional committee commenced an open investigation to-day. All present except Blackburn. Internal Revenue Supervisor Hunt testified that in 1875, while en route to New Orleans, a distiller named Walsh, of this city, met him at Holly Springs, and stated that the distiller paid his predecessor Cobb a thousand dollars a month, and desired a similar arrangement with witness. Came on to New Orleans, where he found distillers running a large amount of "crooked" in a manner which he explained. He dismissed Todd and Harmon for irregularities, but they were soon afterwards employed on the Custom House.

PHILADELPHIA, 1.—The Knight Templar demonstration in this city to-day was probably the finest display of the kind ever witnessed in this country. There were over one hundred commanderies, numbering about 7,500 Sir Knights, in line, each commandery being headed by a band. The streets through which the procession passed were thronged with spectators, and business was nearly suspended. The procession was over an hour passing a given point.

SAN FRANCISCO, 1.—Referring to the reported excitement on the Pacific Coast in favor of ex-Governor of Oregon and Utah, for republican nominee for Vice President, the *Alta* this morning editorially advocates his nomination. With the above exception no prominent journal in California has come out in his favor as yet, and no expression of public sentiment has been had.

NEW YORK, 2.—The *Times* Boston special says, any effort to impeach Mulligan's testimony is looked upon with little hope or favor. Mulligan is known there as a man of facts and figures, clear headed, cool and consistent, who cannot be bribed, drilled or broken down. He is one of the best and most accurate accountants in the city, and a methodical, accurate book-keeper.

The journals this morning surrender much space to developments in the Blaine matter yesterday. The *Herald* says Blaine is tricky, shifty, and bellicose by turns. Blaine cuts a poor figure in his successful effort to secure the letters. We think it will bring little credit to the Maine statesman, while it gives the last touch to his want of true personal dignity. To seek a private interview with a hostile witness is in itself so unbecoming that we must only wonder at the whole proceeding. It has been charged against Blaine that in the excess of his smartness, he has been fishing out floating scandals and putting them in piles for the purpose of demolishing them after his own fashion with bang and flour, but this Chinese juggler business is poor work in a man who aspires to the chief magistracy of the Union. Also it has brought about its natural consequences. It looks as though the fantastic candidate, having blown the wind, is reaping the whirlwind that must blow him over in another place.

The *Tribune* says at last it looks a little as if some of the mud thrown at Blaine might stick. There is nothing in the testimony of the witness Mulligan calculated to produce much effect, excepting in the matter of private letters. These

Blaine must in some way promptly explain. It was natural enough that he should object to Mulligan holding them and should demand possession. They clearly belonged either to the man to whom they were sent, or to the man who wrote them. Mulligan had no right to them, and it is equally clear that no man is willing to have his private correspondence with friends stolen, and its public action by his enemies threatened. But the public in this case will not consider these technical points. Some explanation about the letters is indispensable, or it will be believed that they conceal something that will not bear the light. Manifestly Mulligan and his kind are being put forward in the desperation of the gigantic political struggle by men who hope to keep the hated rival from clutching the prize. It is in fact becoming an ordeal by fire all the same. Blaine must bear it, or go down.

The *Times* says the extraordinary proceedings of yesterday before the House committee revealed Blaine in a light which is fatal to his availability as a presidential candidate. That fact will be as serious an objection to him in the eyes of practical politicians as the distaste for his character and associations have already proved, to the thinking majority of his party. Popular judgment and political expediency combine to reject Blaine, and between them he has gone over to the majority of dead candidates. From Blaine's fall the friends of Conkling will take courage.

The *World* says Mulligan is much more brilliant and sensational in his way than Harney, and it is to be hoped for his own sake, if not for Blaine's, that he may turn out to have rather more character, but on the face of it common fairness requires us to say that his tale is rather highly colored and that people who, having been private secretaries, flower out into public accusers must not expect to be received with open arms by honorable men, however sure they may be of being received with open mouths by the multitude.

Daniel Drew is failing gradually. The *Sun* speaks despairingly of the mustang race. It was the general opinion of the spectators that Parker was pushed into the ring many times after his blindness had been noticed, so that the gate money may continue to flow in from hundreds arriving from New York by every train. It was five hundred dollars an hour to them to keep him going, although he was nearly an hour behind hand. "Yes," said one old gentleman, "that's what Peralto is running this forty miles for. They cannot bear to close the gates." Parker's physician, Stanley, says, he permitted Parker to ride after he had been blinded, because he was between two fires, it would injure Hand's prospects if I called Parker off the track, and it was injuring Parker's eyes to keep him at work.

Four desperadoes, named James Carpenter, John Murphy, John Quinn and Joseph Farrell, who were serving terms in Sing Sing prison, overpowered their keepers this morning and escaped.

The body of the man found in Hackensack river, supposed to be that of Dr. Berdeth, late land commissioner, has been identified as that of Diedrich Gephardt, who lived outside of Jersey City.

PITTSBURG, Pa., 2.—All the conferences between the manufacturers and puddlers have failed to prevent a lock-out, and to-day but very few puddling mills in this county are at work.

ST. LOUIS, 2.—In the U. S. District Court this morning, sentences of one day's imprisonment and \$1,000 fine were pronounced in the cases of R. W. Ulrice, A. R. Gannett, and Louis Tenschler, distillers, B. Quinton, L. G. Quinton, and Bellman O'Hara, rectifiers, and Wadsworth, gauger. Several other members of the ring will be held as witnesses in the New Orleans cases, and will not receive sentence until those cases are disposed of.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 29.—Two men, John and James Young, in jail here under sentence of death for the murder of Mr. McDonald, tried to remove their shackles yesterday morning, and attacked the jailor with them, leaving him dead. They took the keys from him and escaped.

Replies to inquiries made in the lobby of the House of Commons show that the Government doubt-

less intends to surrender Winslow, and the only difficulty is to find the means of doing so gracefully. Members of Parliament of all parties agree as to the justness of the surrender.

The Marquis of Hartington, in a speech at the laying of the foundation of the new city Liberal Club-house, stated that the situation of foreign relations in the East was grave. Granville said he believed that there was some unnecessary alarm about the immediate future. Still the Government had to deal with a state of things requiring the anxious consideration of the statesmen of Europe.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 29.—The Turkish squadron is about to sail from the Grecian Archipelago for evolutions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 30.—This afternoon the dethroned Sultan was kept under guard in the Kiosque, at the extremity of the Seraglio. The ministers informed Murad Efendi that he was proclaimed Sultan on Monday night. Popular demonstrations took place next morning, but no resistance was offered to the new regime. Perfect tranquility now prevails; both Christians and Mussulmans express great satisfaction at the change. The city will be illuminated to-night, and the festivities will continue three days.

All the London journals augur favorably for Turkey in consequence of the revolution.

Correspondence.

School Book Notice.

SALT LAKE CITY,

June 1, 1876.

Editor Deseret News:

Dear Sir—As I have been informed certain parties have been proposing to introduce certain new school books, said to have been adopted by the late school convention, I would advise all interested to be cautious how they receive or adopt any such at the present, as there is no time specified by law for the introduction of said books. I am also informed that the convention allowed twelve months for their introduction. And furthermore, it is the opinion of a great many intelligent men that the acts of the convention are void and cannot be sustained by law. I propose to give statistical and other information in a short time in relation to this matter, wherein I am prepared to prove that books can be purchased and delivered at from 35 to 38 per cent cheaper than the published prices of said convention.

JOHN TAYLOR.

STRAYED.—A dark colored one-year old HORSE COLT left my place, 18th Ward, on Friday morning, May 26th. Bring it along and be rewarded.

d&w DAVID O. CALDER.

Marvelous Beyond Precedent.

Is the effect of SOZODONT upon the whole economy of the mouth, keeping the gums rosy and healthy, the teeth in perfect order, giving to the breath a balmy fragrance. d&w

OILY substances always aggravate skin diseases. Ointments are therefore rather hurtful than beneficial. GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP, which opens, instead of clogging the pores with grease, has, as might have been expected, widely superseded oleaginous compounds as a remedy for scorbutic affections.

d & w

IN this issue will be found the business card of the Millers Fall Co., to which the attention of mechanics and business firms who use or deal in that class of goods is invited. The company manufacture every kind of saws. They make a specialty of saws that are used for all kinds of bracket or scroll work, and always keep an extensive assortment on hand. Their goods are of excellent quality, and have acquired a good reputation. They have been sold in this market for years, and can always be obtained at Z. C. M. I. and all hardware establishments. Read their business card on the first page.