

EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Monday, Nov. 14, 1901.

A PIOUS STRUGGLE FOR A LITTLE CASE.

In a recent issue of the New York Herald a report appears of the session of the Methodist "General Missionary Committee." Nothing of any particular interest to the people here was discussed, with the exception of a debate over an appropriation for "mission work in Utah." Bishop Wiley made a call for this purpose for \$2,500, a little more than for one year's pickings, especially when the call of the men who are to get the benefit of the appropriation is considered. The Methodist itinerants sent to do duty in Utah are generally of small culture and mediocre ability.

In order to get the money desired, Bishop Wiley resorted to the usual exaggerations and misrepresentations of his class. He had to do this as an excuse for asking so much money for the support of a mission which he admitted numbered only "eight ministers and 131 members, with 29 probationers." This, it appears to us, is a very pitiful showing for the aggressive Methodist body. Indeed, Dr. Buckley, during the debate, stated that "Methodism was better off in Utah twelve years ago than it is today."

Bishop Wiley, according to the Herald report, talked very inconsistently. He urged the importance of the appropriation and the labors of his church in Utah, and yet he said that the power to break up polygamy—the only thing that he assailed, was not with his church, but with Congress.

He said: "The system could be completely wiped out at the next session of Congress without revolution or disturbance."

But yet he wanted the money to wage warfare against it, urging that "this one of our greatest Territories, is a Territory of sin with this abomination—a Territory where the devil has his kingdom on earth. It has it anywhere. There are in Utah 80,000 females, 40,000 of whom are married and are well married. The other 40,000 can be got into the mission schools and the power and influence of Mormonism over them be broken. They are American born girls, and these girls leave the mission schools they will not enter into polygamous relations."

When these fellows are after the dollars they become perfectly reckless in their assertions and predictions. According to the census the number of females in Utah, old and young, married and single, parents and children, "Mormons" and "Gentiles" was 69,438. And yet Wiley claims that "40,000 can be got into the Methodist mission schools, all of them American born girls." Phew! The Mormon was drawing the long bow with a vengeance. But then his eye was fixed on that \$2,500. How do you figure tally with the statement made on other occasions and for another purpose, that "Mormonism is chiefly recruited, not by increase at home, but by immigration from abroad?"

Dr. Olin was not in favor of appropriating one cent to Utah. He considered that "the churches should hold the Government responsible for polygamy." But he "saw no reason why the politicians should interfere as long as the churches go on in this way building schools and meeting-houses." Dr. Olin had some consistency. If Bishop Wiley's statement about what Congress could do next session was correct, he thought the thing most needed was to "get the politicians converted." He made some damaging admissions. He did not seem to take any stock in the talk about "Mormon ignorance." He further said:

"The Mormons are shrewd fellows, and 'Polygamy' is not an infirmity, but a strength. The Mormon seems to take any stock in the talk about 'Mormon ignorance.' He further said:

"The politicians won't touch polygamy, and can't be abolished but by force. The Mormons believe it to be of divine origin."

This is a specimen sentiment of a Methodist divine. A body of people believe in the divinity of a certain principle, and the only way he can see to convert them from that belief is "by force." His gospel for the "Mormons" is the gospel of powder and ball or fire and imprisonment. Dr. Buckley lives "too late, too late." His proper time was in the days of the inquisition when faggot and fire, wheel and rack, thumb-screw and joint-breaker were the methods used for persuading men and women out of "belief in the divine origin" of anything unorthodox. The Doctor expressed his idea of a "Mormon" that he is "a combination of ignorance, superstition and dishonesty," yet in the next breath he admitted that Dr. Newman when he came to Utah "found to his great embarrassment" that "Orson Pratt was a debater of no mean order, a good Hebrew scholar and logician." He declared that "nothing seriously is being done religiously in Utah at this time," and obtained doubts about the results of the Methodist labors here, deploring the fact that "polygamous wives rarely enter the church, and intimating that though Ann Eliza became a Methodist, 'it is not quite certain that the profits of the lecture platform were not stronger motives in her case than the desire to follow Christ.'"

The Bishop, however, made out pretty well in his struggle for the cash, for the committee appropriated \$5,000 for the old work in Utah and \$2,000 for new schools. This will give the nearly defunct Methodist cause in this Territory a spasm of new life. But if the man who pleaded for this appropriation has any sense of honor, or regard for truth, how cheap he must feel when

he thinks of his own degradation in resorting to such falsehoods for the purpose of getting a little money! Although he despises these petty creatures who defend old people and principles for pelf, we cannot help feeling pity for them and regret that they should thus sell their souls for pelf. At the same time we have this satisfaction, that our enemies are compelled to resort to falsehood whenever they assail our position, as this is one of the many evidences of its foundation upon the rock of truth.

PRESIDENT TAYLOR AND PARTY.

The following further particulars were received this morning: St. George, November 11, 1891.

On Wednesday, November 9th, most of the day was spent in the Temple, by President John Taylor and party.

At 8:30 p.m. meeting was held in the Tabernacle, on which occasion President George Q. Cannon, Apostle J. H. Smith, and President Woodruff and Taylor addressed the congregation.

In the evening the members of the family of Apostle Elias and son started early for the north. The day was spent in the Temple.

Thursday, November 10th. President Cannon, wife, daughter and son started early for the north. The day was spent in the Temple. Apostle John H. Smith and Elder John L. Smith attended a meeting at Santa Clara, the evening per previous appointment.

Friday, Nov. 11th. Business pertaining to the Temple was transacted. Visiting and preparations for starting north and east on the morning occupied the day.

We leave for Toquerville in the morning. Health of the party excellent; weather favorable; a general good time of health in this part of the Territory; everybody pleased with the visit of President Taylor and party.

President Joseph F. Smith: "There are ten of us now in the mission. I believe the mission on these islands is of sufficient importance to present to justify a force of fifteen missionaries constantly laboring here. This will give us the help on the plantation to manage the various branches of business and also to fill the ministerial requirements on the other islands with native help. In connection with this, I will state that we have adopted the rule that all the Elders who labor in this mission, whether in the ministry or upon the plantation, as directed by the one having charge, draw their support, all boarding together during their stay here, and when related to return home, have the passage money paid through to Salt Lake."

Our conference, which commenced on the 6th inst. and closed on the 9th, was one of refreshing exercises of equal importance and interest with any previous time. The gathering, which we made a specialty, was a most interesting one, with the strangers as well as those who have already gathered here, and we took forward a good result from this move, through the blessings of the Lord.

I reported to the C. conference the receipt of \$2,344.95 on subscription to our new meeting-house. The people have been universally liberal in paying up their amounts which were allotted to the branches, and in quite a number of cases, they have doubled the amount. This amount, in connection with what President Taylor has consented for us to use of the tithing money paid here, will give us nearly \$3,000 towards our new church or meeting-house.

The distribution of the Elders made at our Conference is as follows: Elder Sidney Coray and Kailo take the Kong side of the island of Hawaii; Elders S. Gentry and Kailo take the island of Maui; Molokai and Lanai; Elders S. Woolley and Nepal, the island of Kauai; and Elder H. A. Woolley will have charge of Oahu; native Elders will be called to assist him from time to time, when he can leave the work on the meeting-house. The Kohala side of Hawaii we have left until the new recruit of missionaries arrive.

Since completing the grinding of the cane from the seven and a half acre piece, which we had irrigated and which we mentioned in a letter from which we took 42 tons of sugar, we have tested the yield from the first piece I planted after my arrival here, which the folks call "my pet cane," and from the first one acre and 95 rods, which was the amount taken off up to the time we cleared up the conference, making a trifling over six tons per acre. I estimate that we have now cane enough on the land that we can take it off to pay the whole indebtedness of the plantation; in fact, with more and steady labor this can be made a very remunerative plantation.

We have been invited to participate in the grand reception of the king on his return, and we have arranged to hold a conference in Honolulu on the 28th and 29th of this month, which is about the time of his arrival. We shall accept the privilege, and with our people form in such order as may seem best.

Mrs. Clark has improved considerably since I last wrote to you, and made a visit to Honolulu, regulating the Hui Manawalea, or Relief Society.

All is peace and plenty with us; the brethren feel well, and all enjoy good health. We shall greet the new missionaries when they arrive. We crave an interest in your prayers.

With kind regards to your family, I remain, yours truly,

H. E. CLUFF.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR WIRELESS INTERNATIONAL LINE.

AMERICAN.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

A Paper Company is Trouble. Chicago, 13.—A special from Springfield, Mass., says: The Massachusetts Paper Company is in serious financial trouble, and is insolvent next week. The liabilities are about \$300,000, including the contingent. A keeper was placed in charge of the company's property in this city, and an attachment being served by the City National Bank, and also at its instance, by McArnold & Hart, of New York and Newburyport. The Kansas City Paper Company, of Kansas City, Mo., and the Russell Paper Co., of

Lawrence, Mass., is the sole property of Philo Cline, the treasurer, who resided in this city a year ago, and has lately lived in Kansas City, and Denver, Col. The managers are J. M. Hunt, Jr., and W. H. Carle of this city.

Flooded Mine.

News was received in this city that on Friday night last, the bed of Prairie Creek broke through into one of the mines of the Chicago, Wilmington and Vermillion Coal Co., at Streeter in this State. The bed of the stream at the point where the break was made, was only eight or nine inches above a bed of some 25 feet of quicksand, and the rains of Friday caused pressure enough to break through the bed and the quicksand into the mine. The hole thus made is about 200 by 400 feet. Only four men were working in the mine where the break occurred, and all of them escaped. Most of the implements and all but two of the mules in the shaft were gotten out. The loss to the company is estimated at \$1,000. It will require four or five weeks to pump out the water and repair the break.

A Living Monument.

New York, 13.—The James A. Garfield Oak Society, formed almost entirely of German-Americans, the German-American Association, the Nineteenth Ward Battery, Veteran Cadets and Soldiers and Sailors' Union, started at 11 o'clock for the cemetery. Arriving at a spot, not far from the oak, the exercises began by an air by the military band, followed by a war song by the Schweizer Längertbund, an English oration by Col. Lewis S. Brown, the newly elected sheriff. The solemn planting of the oak was accompanied by a salute of 21 guns, then followed a German oration by Herr Thoman and the ceremonies ended with a dirge. The throng of spectators at the cemetery was immense, and the deepest respect was paid to the proceedings. The members of the various societies were badges.

Threatened Assassination of Jay Gould. On October 15 an anonymous letter was sent to the editor of Wall Street Weekly, asking that the enclosure be forwarded to Jay Gould, the well known financier. The letter addressed to Gould was also anonymous and reads as follows:

WINDSOR HOTEL, October 15, 1891. Jay Gould, Esq.—Sir: It is my painful duty to inform you that within six days from the date of this letter your body will have returned to dust, from whence it came, and therefore entreat you to make your peace with God, and prepare for the fate which awaits you. This is no wish of mine to take your life, but I am inspired and compelled to do so. All Living God do so, as a public necessity, and for the benefit of the community at large. You must undoubtedly be aware that you have been a rogue of the first water all your life; that through your artful cunning and deceit you have robbed thousands of people of their birthright. You have had no mercy, father and fatherless, widow and orphan indiscriminately of the last dollar, and through your villainy have brought ruin and destruction upon thousands of families. All this you have done under a cloak of respectability, by buying and selling newspapers, making false statements, committing perjury, and by artful cunning and deception. In fact, you have robbed both great and small, and now the Lord says you must pay for all. That your death is a public necessity in order to save thousands of others from pain and destruction. Your death will be an easy one, for I propose shooting you through the heart, if possible; and if not, I will give you instant death, I will give you the coup de grace with a second shot, so that your death shall be quick and easy. Don't hold out any hope that this is a threatening letter, nor for stock jobbing purposes, for I do not want a single share of stocks of any kind, neither am I interested in any. This is simply the will of God and he has chosen me to carry this out. He has applied to me in a dream and requested me to play you as a public necessity, and doing so, God has assured me that by divine providence I am chosen to do this act, and that by doing so I shall become a public benefactor and have sworn and taken a solemn oath before the all-living God that I will put you to death. I intended to have shot you last Friday (yesterday) when I saw you with Dillon and Sage. I had my pistol ready and cocked but a voice sounded in my ear saying, 'Hold on, give him time to repent, let him descend into everlasting punishment.' Now make your peace with God and prepare for the fate that awaits you, and may the Lord have mercy on your soul. I am only the agent of the Lord, etc.

(Signed) AN OLD VICTIM.

N.B. Should I not have the opportunity within six days I will surely do so the first opportunity that occurs.

Gould gave the letter to his broker, Washington E. Conner, and directed every effort made to find the writer and punish him. Conner gave the letter to Inspector Byrnes of the detective force, and they began devising means to capture the rogue. Persons were inserted in the newspaper which drew from the unknown writer a number of other letters, in which he by turns threatened Gould and implored him to "help him win back some of the hundreds of thousands he claimed to have lost in stock speculations. He sent Gould a key by which persons could be published, using cipher words in place of names of stocks and with Gould could give him information on which he could speculate safely. Following this key the inspector and Mr. Conner kept up a correspondence with the blackmailer until to-day. Meanwhile it was discovered that all the letters sent by the blackmailer passed through Station E, 34th Street and Avenue, and a plan was formed to capture him. The Postmaster and Post Inspector General were consulted and fifty carriers in civilian dress were placed at the disposal of Inspector Byrnes to-day. The carriers assembled at Station E at an early hour this morning and were there by an equal number of detectives. Soon afterwards each of the fifty letter boxes in the district were watched by the detectives and carriers. Whenever a person dropped a letter in the box, a detective kept watch of the person until the carrier had gone to the box and opened it and read the address on the envelope. It was agreed if the carrier found a letter addressed to Gould, that the carrier was to raise his hat and the detective was to arrest the person who had dropped it. The secret was closely kept, and at 3 p.m. a tall well-dressed man of sixty years dropped a letter into a box in the district at 34th Street and 7th Avenue. He was arrested at once and taken to the police headquarters, where he admitted his guilt. He was dressed as Col. J. Howard Wells, 855 Fifth Avenue. He would not give any further information about himself, and it was ascertained afterwards that the blackmailer was a man of about 60 years of age, of the name of J. W. Wells, who had been at one time bonded there. He was so

much distressed by his arrest that he watched closely to-night for fear he would commit suicide. It was said to-night that Gould would prosecute Wells.

Death of the Wife of Edwin Booth.

Mary Francis McVicker, wife of Edwin Booth, died at four this afternoon, at the residence of her parents, 13 West 53d Street. The remains will be taken to Chicago for interment. Arrangements for the funeral will be completed on Monday.

International Trade Congress.

"PITTSBURGH, 13.—The International Trade Union Congress will meet here next Tuesday and remain in session probably all the week. About 400 delegates will be present from all parts of the United States and Canada. The object of the meeting is to unite labor unions of all kinds and also to ask Congress to pass an act allowing a charter to be granted to National trade unions.

Fatal Explosion.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., 13.—Ten boilers at the extensive lumber and salt manufacturing of Hamilton and McClure, six miles above this city, exploded this morning, wrecking property to the extent of \$25,000 and killing four firemen and blowing the debris in every direction, the coming down half a mile distant.

Wholesale Death by Explosion.

CHICAGO, 13.—A special from London says: A dispatch from Rome announces a terrible catastrophe which occurred near the city of Gallipoli, Sicily, where an explosion of gas occurred in one of the extensive sulphur mines in the vicinity by which 45 persons were killed.

Guitane's Trial Commenced.

WASHINGTON, 14.—At 10 o'clock precisely Judge Cox entered the criminal court room and the court was declared formally opened by the clerk. Immediately thereafter Guitane was brought into the court room by the marshal and his deputies. He looked much better physically and otherwise than when he last appeared to plead to the indictment, still he had the same restless, furtive expression which characterized him before. He was at once relieved of his handcuffs and took his seat beside his sister, Mrs. E. G. Guitane.

The Courtroom was crowded. District Attorney Corkhill, for the Government, and John P. Robinson for the defense, were present to represent the Attorney General. One of Guitane's first acts was to turn to his left and look one of his pockets, and half take out a roll of paper, Scoville, however, in dumb play, ordered him to put it back, and he did so. Then the District Attorney declared the readiness of the prosecution to proceed with the case. Robinson then arose and made a plea for still more time to procure defense, which appeared not to meet the approval of Guitane. All the time that Robinson was speaking, Guitane was carrying on what appeared to be a conversation with Scoville, who was apparently trying to quiet and suppress. At the close of Robinson's speech, Guitane insisted on being heard. He said he was not aware that his presence was to be requested, he desired to be heard on his own behalf at the very threshold of the case. So far as he was concerned he did not want further time.

About 11 o'clock the work of obtaining a jury was begun. The three present being disqualified, two more were called, and the jury was fixed upon on the case, and the other on the ground that he had conscientious scruples on the subject of capital punishment. In examining the jurors, Scoville went over a large range of questions as to religious and political belief.

Five jurors have been obtained and sworn in. Their names and occupations are as follows: John P. Barlin, restaurant keeper, Fred W. Branden, cigar maker, Charles G. Stewart, flour and feed dealer, Henry J. Bright, retired from business, Thos. H. Langley, grocer.

The New Secretary.

Judge Folger to-day assumed the duties of Secretary of the Treasury.

Seventies' General Meeting.

The Seventies will please take notice that they are invited to attend their next meeting, on Wednesday, the 16th inst., at seven o'clock p.m., to be held in the Council House.

ROBT. CAMPBELL, Clerk of First Council of Seventies.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 14, 1891.

Back Again.—To-day we had the pleasure of meeting Elder Alexander Burt of this city, just returned from Scotland, where he labored 16 months as a missionary. His first ministry in that country was in Edinburgh and vicinity, and the latter portion of his time abroad was spent in Ayrshire. While operating as a missionary, he had the satisfaction of obtaining many new members. He returns in excellent health, pleased that he had the privilege of preaching the gospel abroad.

COME AT LAST!

Plain Brown Dress Flannels. Gray Vests. Blue Clouded Yarn. Yard Wide White Linsey. Double and Single Shawls. Men's Gray Socks. Ladies' Wool Stockings. Twilled Flannels.

Making our Stock of Prove Wool Goods complete and at Lowest Prices. JOHN C. CUTLER, Agent, Old Constitution Building, Salt Lake City.

GOT AWAY.

Strayed from my place on the 19th inst., one of the best of CATTLE, 1 Steer and 3 Cows, of which I would be pleased to learn of their whereabouts and am willing to pay reward for the same. W. F. FARMER, Butcher, First South St., S. L. City.

MARRIED.

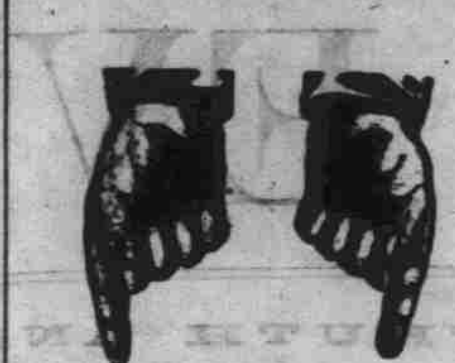
At the residence of the bride's father, Kayville, November 10, by Judge Emerson, Miss Thelma Thornley to Mr. R. E. Heywood, of this city.

DIED.

At Mill Creek Ward, Salt Lake County, Utah, or typified here, ELIZABETH A. daughter of Joseph Cardale and Isabelle Sharp, aged 18 years, 11 months and 13 days. Deceased was born in Mill Creek Ward, was a useful member of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints while she lived and died in full faith of the gospel. Salt Lake Herald please copy.

STRAYED AWAY.

ON FRIDAY NIGHT, FROM MY FIRST HORSE and grey mare, were seen going in or give information of their whereabouts and be rewarded. GEORGE BUNK.



HEADQUARTERS TENTS

FOR

Railroad Contractors' SUPPLIES!

I have the only Good Supply of

TENTS

7x7 and 7x9

WEDGE TENTS,

9x9 and 10x10

10x12 and 12x14

14 by 16.

WALL TENTS.

All Wall Tents are made of 10

in UTAH, Constantly in Stock.

5x7 and 7x9

WEDGE TENTS,

9x9 and 10x10

10x12 and 12x14

14 by 16.

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All Wall Tents are made of 10

Z. C. M. I., INVITES A PUBLIC INSPECTION OF THEIR IMMENSE STOCK

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Newest Styles for MEN, YOUTHS and BOYS.

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CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Has had Special Attention this Fall, and we

feel confident we will be able to suit

the most fastidious both

as regards

QUALITY and PRICE!

WM. JENNINGS, Superintendent.

36 & 88 EAST TEMPLE STREET.

NEW GOODS

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THOMAS W. JENNINGS,

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RETAIL DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT!

WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF LADIES TO THE

FOLLOWING GREAT

SPECIALTIES:

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Cloaks, Dolmans, Jackets,

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BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

Suits, Overcoats, Usters,

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SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO OUR

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OUR ASSORTMENT OF

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OUR STOCK OF

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WALKER BROS.

WALKER BROTHERS!

WHOLESALE GROCERS, IMPORTERS AND

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TEAS and COFFEES!

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BLASTING & SPORTING POWDERS, MINERS' SUPPLIES, Etc.

BOOTS & SHOES!

In Our Grocery Department we Sell to

DEALERS ONLY!

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