MAUDE ADAMS SENDS ROSES

Great Bunch of American Beauties From the Actress to Collegiate Institute.

FOR GRADUATING EXERCISES.

She Was One of the Early Pupils at The Sectarian Institution in This City.

The twenty-sixth annual graduating exercises of the Salt Lake Collegiate Institute were held last evening, in the First Presbyterian church, where there was a large turnout of the friends and patrons of the institution. Some of them came from Idaho, relatives of Miss Hedden driving 60 miles to the railroad in order to come to Salt Lake. The platform was prettily draped in various forms and styles of greens, with flowers intertwined, and in front were potted plants and flowers. The most beautiful feature in the floral display was a great bunch of American Beauty roses costing $20, presented by Maud Adams, the actress, who was formerly for some time a pupil at the Collegiate Institute. She wanted to, but could not, be present—for obvious reasons.

ORATORY AND MUSIC.

The oratorical efforts were as follows: "The Advance of Woman," Miss Liddy J. Hedden of Idaho; "A Plea for Restricted Immigration," Miss Christie V. Neilson of Mt. Pleasant; "The Reclaiming of the Desert," Miss Margaret Williamson, Salt Lake; "A Hero of Modern Missions," Miss Delia M. Mahoney of Idaho; "A National Bulwark," Miss Ada Harris of Idaho; "Are Corporations a benefit or a menace?" Charles E. McBeth, Salt Lake; "The Lincoln-Douglas Debates," Leonard Larson of Montana. The musical numbers were a piano solo, "Dora Bella" Loeschorn by Miss Jean Valentine; a soprano solo by Miss Bessie Gates of Wyoming, two chorals, "Vesper Bells," by Bishop, and "The Bees," by Coote, and a minuet of Borowski's, by Miss Gates.

MISS HARRIS' EFFORTS.

The best effort by far was that of Miss Ada Harris. It was the best feature of the evening not only from an elocutionary standpoint, but judged by standards of moral excellence in the higher planes of thought and the nobler conception of the duties, the requirements of life. Miss Harris has the reputation of being one of the broadest minded young women who ever attended the Collegiate Institute, and her instructors regard her strength of character as out of the ordinary. The second honors might be divided between Miss Nielson and Miss Williamson, both of whom showed a very practical comprehension of their topics, more so in fact than one would naturally suspect from persons of their age. The girls, as usual, left the boys behind; but then, this has been noticed at other commencements. It is only just to the institute to state that all of the speakers showed a grasp of the subjects treated upon highly creditable to the thoroughness of the instruction given. The topics were all of a practical every day character, and the reading necessary in connection will come in handy in understanding the varied experiences of every day life. However, the lack of a prompter marred what was otherwise a satisfactory evening. School graduating students are prone to stage fright, no matter how well committed their addresses; and it is not justice to them, and it is not fair to the audience to allow the speakers to stutter, stumble and halt, when "a word fitly spoken" from a prompter would carry them through with but a second's delay. It may be a source of pride to the faculty to see students finally collect themselves, after several desperate efforts and spurt through; but such accomplishments are better displayed in the class room than in a public exhibition.

The musical numbers on the program were very good, particularly Miss Gates' song. The graduates awarded diplomas are as follows:

Classic Course—Ada Harris, Leonard Larson.

Latin Scientific Course—Liddy J. Hedden, Delia Mae Mahoney, Christie V. Neilson, Margaret Williamson, Charles Elmer McBeth.

Class Motto—"Esse, quam videri."

What is a cold in the head? Nothing to worry about if you treat it with Ely's Cream Balm as soon as you begin to sneeze and snuffle. Neglected, the cold may grow into catarrh, and the air-passages be so inflamed that you have to fight for every breath. It is true that Ely's Cream Balm cures catarrh, promptly and certainly. But you know the old saw about the ounce of prevention. Therefore use Cream Balm when the cold in the head shows itself. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

ONLY $1.00

To Ogden and return Sunday June 9th, via Oregon Short Line. Use any morning train going.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

J. A. Kizer of Des Moines, Iawo, is at the Wilson. Mr. Kizer is on a special trip through this section, combining business with pleasure. He says that business conditions east are very satisfactory, in fact, said he, times were never better in the history of Iowa than they are right now. Mr. Kizer said there is as much interest being taken in the east in the Haywood trial as anywhere, and the belief is everywhere prevalent that a fair trial will be accorded the accused men. "There is a sentiment among the Socialist class east," said he, "in sympathy with the men on trial for the murder of Steunenberg; but everybody wants to see fair play." Mr. Kizer is favorably impressed with Salt Lake, and will probably remain here several days.

* * *

Thomas Holland and wife and W. P. Jones and wife of Colorado Springs, are in Salt Lake, guests at the Metropole. These young Colorado people are out on a wedding tour.

* * *

G. Julien and Aug. F. Zoeller of Paris, France, are registered at the Knutsford. The gentlemen are traveling for pleasure, being now on their way to New York from Seattle and Portland. Monsieur Julien has been it Salt Lake before, having spent several weeks here some five months ago. "I like Salt Lake very much," said Mr. Juloen with quaint French accent, "and O, what beautiful women you have here. I think your women ate lovely. I do not like your language, though," he said, "it is so hard to say. Now French is very easy to speak, and is so nice; why don't you learn to speak French? Every gentleman in France speaks three or four languages, and every waiter speaks five or six. Oh, yes, ze Anglaise iss so very difficult to spik. I think America a fine place, for business and for money. We are now on our way back to France. But, oh, ze beautiful American women!"

* * *

J. B. Adams and wife of Duluth, Minn., are stopping at the Knutsford. "Since the day when Proctor Knott tried to kill Duluth by his irony and sarcasm in the United States senate," said Mr. Adams, "up to the present hour, the Minnesota town 'where rail and water meet,' has prospered. In fact Duluth has become one of the leading manufacturing and shipping centers in the United States. Before Proctor Knott's speech, nobody knew where Duluth was; but now it is pretty well located on the map."

* * *

E. C. Smith, Mrs. W. A. Langton and Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Fleming are registered at the Kenyon from Logan. Mr. Smith is connected with the Agricultural college, Mrs. Langton came to Salt Lake to meet her husband, who is also a professor at the A. C., and Mr. Fleming is cashier of the First National bank at Logan.

* * *

Earl Zundel and Myrtle Rosenbrum of La Grande, Oregon, registered yesterday at the Kenyon. When they return to Oregon it will be as Mr. and Mrs. Zundel, the couple intend to spend a portion of their honeymoon in this city.

* * *

Senator Bullen of Cache county is at the Wilson. "Everything is fine up in Cache," said the senator. "We are now in the midst of commencement exercises at the various colleges and schools, and there is not much else doing. But Logan is prosperous, business is good and the crops are looking fine."

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE

Relieves Nervous Disorders.

Headache, Insomnia, Exhaustion and Restlessness. Rebuilds the nervous system.

THE CIGAR STRIKE.

Factorymen Answer the Statement Put Forth by Cigarmakers Who Are Out.

The breaking of silence on the part of the striking cigar makers yesterday, is followed today by publicity on the part of the manufacturers. Their claim is that they are willing to arbitrate prices and arrive at a satisfactory wage scale in that way. The men now are paid more than in any other city, it is declared, and answer is made at length to the declaration of the strikers. The employers reply as follows:

"Tonight's issue of your paper contains a statement from J. C. Weckworth, president of the Cigarmakers' union No. 224, giving his views of the present trouble between the cigarmakers and the cigar manufacturers of Salt Lake City. In justice to the other side, I respectfully request you to print the following facts:

"Mr. Weckworth states that the cigar manufacturers asked as a special favor that the cigarmakers make no statement to the press regarding their demands. The fact is, we were informed by the committee that it was the intention of the cigarmakers to keep this trouble from the public as much as possible and they had selected E. J. Bohe to handle that part of it. The committee then agreed that there should be nothing given to the press.

"Mr. Weckworth states that they have been working under the same bill of prices for 19 years, which is true, but he forgets to tell you that the bill was copied from the Denver bill when Denver was enjoying the greatest boom in the cigar industry she ever had. He forgets to tell you that while Denver's bill was reduced from $1 to $2 per 1,000, Salt Lake's price remained as it was. He forgets to tell you that our old prices are still higher than the present Denver price and that cigarmakers make from $1.50 to $5 more per week in Salt Lake than they do in Denver. Again Mr. Weckworth does not inform the public that while every other trade in Salt Lake, during the panic of 1893 to 1896, suffered a reduction in wages of from 10 to 40 per cent, the cigarmakers' wages remained the same.

"Now, the cigar manufacturers take this stand: First, the prices of raw material have advanced from 7 to 25 per cent in the last year; second, Salt Lake and Ogden are now paying a higher scale of prices than any other cities in the United States, excepting Butte, Mont., where there are, practically speaking, no cigars made; third, the margin is so small now that it is impossible to grant the increase without detracting from the quality of the goods, and should we do this, it would be only a matter of a short time until we would be driven out of business; fourth, we must be in a position to compete with eastern and western union factories or we cannot continue in business. All the factories in this city as far as I know, are working only union men, and would not employ anything else if they could; fifth, we admit that there are certain shop conditions which should be remedied and we have agreed to do so.

"Again, to show that we are confident of our position, we are willing that the whole matter be referred to two cigarmakers and two manufacturers, they to choose the fifth man, and we agree to stand by their decision."

Body well nourished ON POSTUM FOOD COFFEE "There's a Reason."

SATURDAY

Will be the biggest Bargain Day in Summer Millinery at

BANKS'

116 So. Main Street.

Ever seen in Salt Lake City

116 So. Main St.

PARTY MEMBERS COMPETENT OR NOT

Asst. City Attorney Dininney Would Limit Field for City Employment.

TILT WITH ENGINEER KELSEY.

Parley L. Williams Also Enlivens City Council Committee Meeting by Argument With Members.

A little bout between City Engineer Kelsey and Assistant City Atty. Dininny and another between Atty. P. L. Williams of the Utah Light & Railway company and the members of the engineering committee, were the interesting features of the regular weekly meetings of the city council last night. Mr. Dininny scored the city engineer because he employed competent men withopt regard to politics instead of giving the preference to "American" party men who were incompetent. The trouble arose over the employment of D. P. Thomas, a Democrat, who served in the engineering department under the last administration. Dininny insisted that Mr. Kelsey remove Thomas and gave expression to his feelings in the following language:

"If you don't remove that man, I will go to the mayor and demand that he remove you. That man has no right in the city engineer's department. He is not one of us. You are a traitor to your party for appointing such a man."

KELSEY NOT A TOOL.

Mr. Kelsey gave the assistant attorney to understand that he was running his own department and would employ any competent man he pleased without regard to his politics. He declared that he could not get good men fast enough to handle the work of his department and that when one did come along and made good he was going to keep him.

DININNY TO MAYOR.

Dininny made the parting remark that he would see the mayor about the matter. As he turned to walk away Officer Jim Taylor, who acts as sergeant-at-arms at the council meetings, asked him what was the matter. Dininny turned upon him and said that he was another man who should not be working for the city as he was not an "American." He told the officer that if he were chief of police he would not be on the police force 30 seconds. Taylor declared that he would have no desire to be on the force if Dininny were chief of police. The attorney declared in conclusion that he was going to get Taylor's scalp before he was done. It is presumed that the attorney will call both matters to the attention of the "American" caucus, which is scheduled for 3 o'clock this afternoon in the mayor's office.

UTAH LIGHT COMPANY'S PAVING

Atty. P. L. Williams of the Utah Light and Railway company appeared before the engineering committee to explain the meaning of his letter which stated in effect that there was no reason for the council's "inflammatory" resolution against the company in regard to its work on Second and Fourth South streets. The resolution complained that the company was way behind Contractor Moran in the matter of laying tracks on the streets mentioned so that the streets could be paved and threatened to revoke the company's franchise if it did not catch up with the work.

Councilman Black asked the attorney if he thought the language used in his letter showed the proper courtesy to the council. Mr. Williams replied that he thought the letter showed due consideration for the council in view of the fact that the council did not have the power to revoke the company's franchise.

Crabtree then inquired if the attorney meant to say that the council did not have the power to revoke the franchise. In reply Mr. Williams informed him that the matter was for the court to determine, not the city council.

The engineer for the company informed the committee that the reason the company had been behind with its work on Second South street was because of its crusher breaking down and as that has been placed in commission again, the committee decided to let the matter rest.

FLAGMEN WANTED.

The municipal laws committee received a delegation of residents of the west side who complained against the failure of the Oregon Short Line company to keep flagmen at the principal street crossings to prevent accidents and also complained against the speed of trains within the city limits. Albert S. Reiser presented the matter to the committee and asked that some relief be given. He said that flagmen should be stationed at the crossings from Fourth to Seventh South as well as the crossings where they are at present. A great many children have to cross the tracks on the streets named and are always in danger.

Atty. Williams stated that the officials of the company would be glad to meet a committee of residents and take some action on the matter, and that he was satisfied that it could be settled agreeably to all. Such a meeting will be arranged for the near future.

CITY CREEK SITUATION.

The streets committee decided to ask the city engineer for the estimate of the cost of constructing a concrete aqueduct for City creek along North Temple street from Fifth to Ninth West streets. The property owners along that street who were greatly damaged by the recent overflow of the creek, petitioned the council for the building of the aqueduct so as to prevent future floods. It is believed that the cost of the improvement will be about $30,000. A number of property owners from that street appeared before the committee in regard to the matter.

After considerable discussion, the sanitary committee decided to build the addition to the crematory for which the contract was let some weeks ago by the board of public works. Fernstrom opposed the proposition for the reason that the city is now making arrangements to dispose of its garbage otherwise and further than that he contended that the crematory is not now running half the time. Health Commissioner Stewart and other members of the committee disputed that statement and finally decided to go ahead with the contract. The committee will recommend that the contract for the construction of the addition at a cost of about $10,000 be approved at once so that the work can be commenced.

EMERGENCY AMBULANCE.

The finance committee will recommend the purchase of an emergency ambulance for public use. The ambulance will cost between $500 and $800 and will be used to answer all emergency calls in cases of accident. It is a needed improvement and will be greatly appreciated by the public. Chiefs Sheets will have to find some place to keep the ambulance at headquarters.

The police and prison committee will recommend that Chief Sheets detail two officers for duty at Liberty park on Sundays and holidays.

SALARY SCHEDULE FIXED BY BOARD

Teachers Now Advised of Rates That Will Prevail During Coming Year.

SUPT. CHRISTENSEN'S REPORT

It is Acted on in Part While Some Features Go Over Until the Next Meeting.

At a meeting of the board of education last evening, changes were made from the proposed increase in the salaries of teachers. Instead of $5 extra going each month to the minimum and maximum alike, the teachers receiving the lesser will receive $10 more than heretofore while persons whose stipend is higher will receive less of a raise than was at first expected. The following communication from Supt. D. H. Christensen, the recommendations of which were adopted in part by the board and other features of which will be acted upon at another meeting is as follows:

Acting under the directions of your honorable body, I have given careful attention to the adjustment of salaries for 1907-8, and I beg leave to make the following recommendations: Teachers now receiving $40 per month be increased $10 per month; teachers now receiving $45 be increased $9.50; teachers now receiving $47.50 be increased $9; teachers now receiving $50 be increased $8.50; teachers now receiving $52.50 be increased $8.50; teachers now receiving $55 be increased $8; teachers now receiving $57.50 be increased $7.50; teachers now receiving $60 be increased $7; teachers now receiving $62.50 be increased $6; teachers now receiving $67.50 be increased $5.50. That all elementary and high school teachers receiving $70 or more per month, principals of elementary schools included in the revised schedule, the clerical help in the office of the high school principal, the clerk's office, and this office, the storekeeper, the truant officer and the teacher of manual training, receive a uniform increase of $5 per month.

TABULATION INCREASE.

Proposed increase tabulated: Forty teachers at $40 to be increased $10 each, $400; nine teachers at $45 to be increased $9.50 each, $85.50; 17 teachers at $47.50 to be increased $9 each, $153; 10 teachers at $50 to be increased $8.50 each, $85; two teachers at $52.50 to be increased $8.50 each, $17; 21 teachers at $55 to be increased $8 each, $168; 14 teachers at $57.50 to be increased $7.50 each, $105; 15 teachers at $60 to be increased $7 each, $105; 15 teachers at $62.50 to be increased $6.50 each, $97.50; 29 teachers at $65 to be increased $6 each, $174; 19 teachers at $67.50 to be increased $5.50 each, $104.50; 205 at $70 and above to be increased $5 each, $1,025; increase per month, $2,519.50; increase for nine months, $22,675.50.

There are 14 principals, including the vice-principal of the high school, and five special supervisors not included in the above tables. I hope the board will see its way clear to reconsider its action of June 4 and to include these persons. A $5 monthly increase for each of them would ad $950 to the former total, making $23,625.50.

The following teachers will be notified by the clerk that their services will be required during the following year:

Elementary schools—Edwin Damman, Bina Brandenburger, Alice Tomlinson, Ella Crowder, Luella Irvine, Lula B. Shepherd.

High school—Elsie J. Ward.

Mr. Thomas asked if an investigation had been made of the report that Mrs. Shepherd had criticised the members of the board, before a committee of the legislature. Mr. Moyle said the lady denied the accusation, and the matter was passed.

DILUTED MILK.

Restaurants and Hotels Under the Ban Of City Food Inspector.

The state chemist has just analyzed 24 samples of alleged milk collected at various restaurants and a few hotels by City Food Inspector Frazier. The chemist found 14 of the samples far below the standard, some of them having only .5 per cent of butter fat—a bare trace when compared with the requirements of the law. The inspector says, the restaurant men not only skim their milk, but water it in addition, citing one instance where the "milk" was hardly more than water colored with a little milk. He says in some places where he would order a glass, he was charged 10 cents per glass, and at other places 5; while in two or three places where he was recognized pay was declined.

The restaurant men claim they give away the milk, with orders, so that they feel at liberty to do with it anything they like.

The food inspector differs with these parties, and says he will prosecute them the next time he catches any of them selling skimmed milk for whole milk or loading it up with water.

NEW COMPANIES.

A copy of the articles of incorporation of the Great Western Life Insurance company of Missouri has been filed with the secretary of state. The company will establish an agency in this city.

The National Ozokerite company of Maine has also filed a copy of its articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. Its capital stock is $300,000.

OUT OF AMMUNITION.

O. P. Arnold Seeks Caps and Bullets For His Trusty Horse Pistol.

O. P. Arnold, the Indian War veteran, is around town today with a huge and ancient horse pistol which is technically known as a Colt's dragoon navy size revolver. While Mr. Arnold is on the war path with his trusty weapon it is not human gore for which he is thirsting, simply the life of a cat endowed by nature with a depraved spirit, a propensity to commit petty larceny and a lovely tenor voice which he exercises at unseemly hours of the night.

The cat belongs to a neighbor while some chickens belong to Mr. Arnold. Tomasso covets these chickens and for the past week has been entertaining one or two daily in his midst.

This is just an incident, however, for the story is that for the first time since the stirring days of the early sixties Mr. Arnold has brought his trusty weapon into requisition and now he finds that he has not the ammunition, hence the frenzied round-up of all the hardware and junk stores in the city for old fashioned percussion caps and bullet moulds.

His efforts so far have been in vain and the cat still lives.

HE APPEALS TO WOMAN'S CLUB

Judge Gowans Asks for a Conference on the Juvenile Court Situation.

"AMERICANS" DISSATISFIED.

All Maintain That the Detention Home Is Essentially Necessary for Proper Conduct of the Work.

The matter of the failure of the city council to confirm the appointment of three assistant probation officers for the city work of the juvenile court or to have anything to do with the maintenance of the detention home, will be taken up by the women's clubs of this city and state in the very near future. Judge Gowans of the juvenile court has appealed to the clubs for a conference on the matter as the court is now decidedly crippled because of lack of probation work and also because of being without a detention home. All the leading club women of the city are strongly in favor of the juvenile court system and realize that it cannot be carried on without the proper probation work and without a detention home.

Even the Women's American club is dissatisfied with the action of the city council in the matter and it is probable that when all the representatives of the clubs meet with the judge resolutions will be drawn up for presentation to the city council. Should the council fail to take any action in the matter after the appeal from the clubs, some arrangement will no doubt be made for volunteer probation officers.

STATEMENT ISSUED.

In regard to a detention home and probation work, the Women's American club has issued this statement:

"As early as June, 1906, the Woman's American club placed itself on record as favoring the establishment of a home of detention for girls, in connection with the juvenile court. At that time there were two institutions where boys were detained pending an investigation of their cases, but nothing for girls. To show that we were in earnest in the matter, one of our members, Mrs. Leo Chamberlain, took care of several girls in her home to save them from being confined to the city jail. We also undertook to establish a temporary home for girls, pledging ourselves to assume the financial responsibility of maintaining the home. We had all our plans in readiness, when an arbitrary decision of the then judge of the juvenile court, caused us to abandon the work. Last winter a committee was appointed from the club to meet with the legislative committee having the bill in charge, to urge them to make provision in the bill for the establishment of a detention home. We were informed that it would not be necessary for the committee to act, as the new bill contained a specific provision to that effect. Evidently the legislature did not do its work well, for we have the spectacle of the city and county officials, quibbling as to which shall take the initiative in the matter, or whether we shall have a home at all. Meanwhile our wayward young are thrown into jail, for the police have no other alternative. Since the abandonment of the Morris home, the crying evil, which has existed in our midst for so long, has become very much worse, for boys as well as girls have no home of detention but in jail. Not as members of the Women's American club, but as citizens and mothers, we call upon every woman of Salt Lake City, who has the uplifting of the youth of the city at heart, to unite with us in demanding of the city and county officials, that they cease quibbling, and at once establish, at least, a temporary home of detention, and thus remove the stigma attached to the fair name of our city, that our wayward boys and girls are not cared for in a proper manner."

GO TO OGDEN CANYON

Sunday June 9th. Excursion via Oregon Short Line. Round trip to Ogden $1.00. Any morning train going.

DR. PRICE'S WHEAT FLAKE CELERY FOOD

is prepared under the personal supervision of Dr. V. C. Price, whose name as a manufacturer of pure food products is national. No breakfast food can compare with it, as it contains all the elements found in the body.

10 cents a package. 42

For sale by all Grocers

WEATHER REPORT

Record at the local office of the United States weather bureau, for the 24 hours ending at 6 a. m. today:

Temperature at 6 a. m., 57; maximum, 71; minimum, 52; mean, 62, which is 4 degrees below normal.

Total excess of temperature since the first of the month, 2 degrees.

Accumulated excess of temperature since Jan. 1, 168 degrees.

Total precipitation, .19 inch.

Total since first of month, .28 inch, which is .01 inch above the normal.

Accumulated excess deficiency since Jan. 1, 2.86 inches.

Relative humidity at 6 a. m., 85 per cent.

FORECAST TILL 6 P. M. SATURDAY.

Local forecast for Salt Lake City and vicinity:

Local showers tonight and probably Saturday.

R. J. HYATT,
Section Director.

OGDEN EXCURSION

Via O. S. L. Sunday, June 9th, $1.00 round trip. Any morning train and any one of three trains returning in the afternoon.

KEITH-O'BRIEN CO.

The Steady Throng of Shoppers at This Popular Saturday Store is the Talk On All Sides.

Splendid Musical Program Tonight.

Saturday Shoe Specials

$1.00 Infants' and children's shoes and slippers, worth $1.25 and $1.50.

$1.50 Infants' soft sole slippers, shoes and oxfords 40 new styles, all colors in pretty effects.

$1.65 Boys' shoes in calf skin, solid soles and uppers. They will wear.

$1.35 Little gents' shoes size 8 to 13 1-2; regular $1.75 values.

$2.50 500 pairs more just received of those women's oxfords worth $3.50; all leathers and styles.

$3.50 Wright & Peters oxfords for women, worth $4.00 and $5.00. NOTHING BETTER MADE.

Special Sale of Jumper Suits for Saturday. Beautiful Styles. Decided Bargains.

Saturday Specials—Linens and Wash Summer Goods

White suiting linen, all pure Irish flax, 5,000 yards, 35c quality, for 18c yard.

2,000 yards 45c, quality, 29c yard.

100 dozen hemmed huck towels, size 18x36, values up to 15c each, for 10c.

1,000 yards 72 inch all linen Irish damask table linen, $1.50 grade, for $1.10 yard.

32 inches wide Persian lawn, 25c value, for 18c yard.

30 inches wide dotted Swiss, values up to 50c yard, for 29c yard.

100 pieces fine English long cloth, 12 yards to a piece, $3.00 regular, for $2.25.

50 dozen hemmed sheets, ready for use, size 81-30 For one day only, 59c each.

35c French Lingerie, 40 inches wide, for one day sale, 29c yard.

40 inch India linen, 18c grade, for 12½c yard.

Imperial sea Island Nainsook, bolt of 12 yards, Regular $4.00 grade, for $3.00.

18c figured batiste, 8 1-3c yard.

20c Egyptian Lawns, 12½c yard.

36 inch white linen finish suiting, 18c value for 12½c yard.

Japanese silks in the new dot and Jacuard effects, 45c yard.

1,000 yards Manchester Gaiatea Cloth, 20c grade, for 12½c yard.

Popular $1.50 Novels for 59c.

Guimp Waist for the Jumper Suits

These popular waists are made of dainty laces and embroidery. Special for Saturday. Neckwear section.

$3.00 for..... $2.25
$2.50 for..... $1.50
$2.00 for..... $1.50
$1.50 for..... $1.00

Pure linen hemstitched initial handkerchiefs. Special 10c.

Box ruching, 6 in a box. Special 25 cents a box.

Special Sale of infants' goods.

Rough Rider Suits for Boys.

Material and colors the same as soldier suits, especially good for the canyons. Tan strapped with red. Special $1.75.

Girls Overalls

Dark blue, trimmed with red. A shipment has just reached us.

Boys Wash Trousers

White and colors, 2½ to 16 years, 65 cents to $1.50.

Girls' Guimp Waists.

These guimps are used for the suspender and jumper dresses. Made of thin lawns, embroidery and lace rimmed; low neck and short sleeves. $1.25 to $3.95.

Boys' Summer Suits in attractive Mixtures. $4.95 values for $3.95.

We have just opened a new line of fancy ribbons. Values to 40 cents a yard. Special 25c.

Saturday Stationery

High grade English linen paper, in boxes, 60 sheets of paper and 50 envelopes. Worth 75 cents a box. Saturday sale price—

45 cents

All Leather Hand Bags for $2.60

Real seal, leather lined and Vienna handle, coin purse, card case, etc. Worth $5.00.

Ladies' Elastic Belts

Steel studded, black, white, blue and brown, 75c and $1.00 values—

50 cents

Shown in large sizes.

$2.50 STERLING SILVER BRACELETS—

75 cents

Special Sale of Waists. Traveling Men's Samples. Extraordinary Reductions.

Our Candy is Becoming More Popular Every Day.

50c, 60c, and 80c grades are packed in handsome boxes. The highest qualities.

Special Saturday, Inducements Will Be Candies at 25c, 30c and 40c a Pound.