TELEGRAPHIC.

CUBANS ADVANCING.

A Victory Claimed for the Insurgents Near Cardenas.

VALOROUS NEWSPAPER MEN.

General Campos Unable to Check the Progress of the Rebel Army—The Country in Ruins.

HAVANA, Dec. 25.—[Copyright, 1895, by the Associated Press.]—Further details received here today from Matanzas of the rapid advance of the insurgent army, numbering about 12,000 men, on Havana, after birding its way through the province of Santa Clara and into the province of Matanzas, in spite of the efforts of Captain General Martinez de Campos and about 8,000 troops at his disposal.

The reported important battle yesterday between the Spaniards under Campos and the insurgents at Coliseo plantation, twelve miles from Cardenas, does not appear to have been a severe engagement. The Spanish forces do not appear to have encountered the main body of the insurgents, as at first supposed. The fight at the Coliseo plantation was between a portion of the northern column of three insurgent columns now pushing through the province of Matanzas, and instead of turning out to be a great victory for the Spaniards, the result of the engagement was virtually a defeat for Campos's forces, for the Cuban army pushed onward unchecked, and is still advancing on this city. The fighting took place amid burning cane, underwood, tall grass and trees, and was of the usual guerrilla nature. At times both the troops and the insurgents were surrounded by walls of flame, and the smoke was so dense over certain portions of the ground contested that the Cubans and the troops were unable to see each other, but kept banging away at open spaces, wasting good ammunition. It is true that this indiscriminate firing was more noticed upon the part of the troops than on the side of the insurgents, but for one insurgent killed at least 2,000 shots must have been fired. The Cubans, following their customary tactics, seemed to melt away into the distance as soon as the troops got within fighting distance of them, and nearly all the firing was at very long range, although the soldiers made several gallant charges through the burning territory. This style of fighting is termed a defeat of the insurgents, but as they succeeded in accomplishing their object, holding the Spaniards in check, while the Cubans pushed on southward, the result was really a Cuban victory. The captain-general was so near the front as possible throughout the battle, encouraging the troops by words and action.

One of the captain-general's orderlies, who was sitting on his horse beside Campos, received a bullet in his breast, and fell to the ground badly wounded. The shot was no doubt intended for the Spanish commander.

The correspondent of Correspondencia, Manuel Escobar, was decorated on the field of battle by the captain-general for gallant conduct at the battle of Ensenada de la Mora, and it may be here added that several other newspaper men have displayed a good deal of pluck with the captain-general under fire. Campos seems to have a supreme contempt for the bullets of the insurgents, but he is rapidly learning to admire their tactics. In spite of all the veteran Spanish commander does, the Cubans are marching through his lines with but a few skirmishes here and there, and he seems to be utterly unable to concentrate ahead of them forces sufficient to draw the enemy into a pitched battle. When Campos establishes headquarters and lays out a plan of battle, the Cubans seem by some mysterious means to hear of it, and pretending to fall into the trap, they pass a body of men forward, skirmish with the troops, draw the Spanish forces upon them, and the Cuban army proper outflanks the Spanish and pushes onward toward Havana.

The admirers of the captain general claim this is his plan of campaign, that he is allowing the Cubans to get by him and nearer and nearer to Havana, only for the purpose of eventually falling on them in the rear and scattering them to all points of the compass. This sounds plausible enough but the insurgents are destroying all buildings, railways and plantations behind them. The route they have followed is marked with a blackened swath of smoking ruins and desolation, and the Spaniards will have a very difficult task to push on after their footloosed enemies. Besides, within two weeks Campos has changed his headquarters from Santiago to Cienfuegos, from Cienfuegos to Palmillas, from Palmillas to Colon, from Colon to Jovellanos, from Jovellanos to Limonare, and from Limonare to Guanajaica, where he slept last night. All these changes were direct retreats before the enemy, in the hope, it is true, of bringing about a pitched battle.

THE TURKISH OUTRAGES.

The Massacre at Karput—Fight With Druses.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—The Daily News has a minutely detailed letter describing the Karput massacre, the writer of which declares that the evidence serves no doubt that there was a well understood plan ordered directly from the Yildiz palace to plunder and burn all the Armenian buildings and to whether the further slay at the missionaries impossible.

A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople under date of December 20th says: Last evening bazaars were profusely scattered and thrust into windows and carriages and into the pockets of pedestrians announcing the imminent deposition of the sultan. The jewelers of Stamboul, fearing a revolution, stored their shops for the whole day.

As an outcome of the meeting of the ambassadors to concert means to prevent the massacre of the inhabitants of Erzerum, for which the palace threats, for which it attempts to justify by publishing monstrous statements of atrocities committed by Zeitounlis, Baron Calice, the Austrian ambassador, went to the Porte today and insisted to the grand vizier the earnest hope of the powers that no extreme measures would be taken against the Zeitounlis.

M. Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador, had an audience with the Sultan today. It is understood that Russia declines to join the other powers in any real effective measure against the Porte.

FIGHT WITH DRUSES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 24.—[Via Sofia, Bulgaria.] Dec. 23.—A dispatch received here today from Jeyneit report that a severe fight has taken place between the Turkish troops and the Druses near Sudieh. The fight took place on December 21st, and the Druses lost 1200 killed, while only seventy Turks were killed and fifty wounded.

Representatives of the powers yesterday entered a protest before the commission which controls the execution of the reforms, and Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, denounced the immediate recall of Halil Kadi of Musus, who is accused of incited the Musulmans to disturbance.

It is reported from Tarsus that disturbances have occurred there between the Musulmans and Christians.

The outbreak, however, was soon quelled by the authorities. This disturbance is believed to explain the arrival of the miscreants and Christian families at Mersina on December 17th.

Advices from the island of Crete say there have been no fresh disturbances there.

FOUND HIS CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 25.—The Turkish Legation received from the Sublime Porte the following telegram under today's date:

"An Armenian priest belonging to the revolutionary committee, was arrested at Marash. His whole correspondence with the chief of the Zeitoun insurgents was found on him."

RUSSIA TO THE RESCUE.

She Offers to Lend Money to the United States.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Great interest was excited in official circles here today by the publication in the Washington Post, under a New York date, of a statement to the effect that the Russian government has offered to lend the United States any amount of gold up to $600,000,000—one half of its total possessions in this specie—in order to maintain its credit against assaults from the great money powers of the other European nations, and that bearing of this leader, the Rothschilds, through Messrs. Belmont and Morgan, had overtures to let the United States have any amount of gold needed. The statement, it is learned, is accurate so far as concerns the fact that Russia tendered the United States agent of its show of gold, but the natural inference that this offer was a recent one seems in consequence of the late Venezuelan message and subsequent panic, is not warranted, for it was made two years ago.

THE STREET CAR STRIKE.

Broke Out Again Yesterday, But was Quickly Ended.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—The street railway trouble broke out afresh today, but was quickly quelled and cars are again running as usual. While it lasted several cars were stoned and their windows smashed, but nobody was hurt. The difficulty occurred on Girard avenue, the strikers charging that the division superintendent in sending out cars this morning violated the company's agreement of Monday by giving preference to the men of non-union men. The old employes gathered together, and after watching the cars going out for some time with imported motormen and conductors, started a revolt. Obstructions were placed on the tracks, and a mob of ten thousand people gathered and began to stone the cars. A squad of mounted police was called to the scene, and in a short time the mob was dispersed after several arrests had been made.

Raised by Floods.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Dec. 25.—The Osage, Gasconade and Moreau river floods are subsiding, and tonight the weather is clear. Communication was established with the Gasconade this afternoon. It is falling rapidly, and no further danger is apprehended. The valley is bare, but the loss will be small in comparison with that in the Osage valley, as the former valley is narrow and the river much shorter.

The only point that can be communicated with on the Osage, except at the mouth, is Bagnell, nearly miles up. There the river has fallen twenty-one inches, but is receding very slowly, and the bottoms will be under water for two days. A further rise is not anticipated. A large per cent of the corn crop was in the fields, and all is lost. One estimate places the corn loss at $2,500,000 alone. This may be excessive, but when the other losses are determined, such as live stock, hay, forcing, damage to wheat, outbuildings, etc., the loss will run up into the millions. The entire Osage valley for 100 miles is a scene of desolation and ruin, great suffering necessarily resulting, as hundreds of families have lost everything. Within the space of six days one of the richest valleys in the state has been transformed into a scene of distress without a parallel in the history of the state. The Moreau valley is also a scene of practical ruin, but the farmers in that section will probably be able to take care of themselves without much assistance.

Arkansas River Rising.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 25.—A special to the Republic from Little Rock, Ark., says: The Arkansas river here and at all points north from is still rising. Communication is entirely cut off from Perryville and points south of the river in that section. The ferry-boats generally are inoperative. From all parts of the state come reports of damage by high water. The rivers are approaching very near the disastrous stage of 1892. Houses are being carried away near Red Bluff, but no casualties are reported. At Little Rock the river is still at the danger point of twenty-three feet, still five feet from the high-water mark of May 23, 1892.

The Venezuela Incident.

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.—A special to the World from Caracas says: President Crespo repudiates the interview in the London Times, in which he is made to say that the Orinoco incident is distinct from the boundary question. The editor of the Freijoeiro, Leon Prata, has been held in prison for having reproduced the interview here. The government will refuse to pay England indemnity for the Orinoco affair. The government has declined any extension of time for the hoisting of the Anglo-Venezuelan bona concession.

The militia have been called for service by the executive decree. This enrolls every able citizen.

Christmas will see the grandest public manifestation in the history of the country for the purpose of expressing the gratitude of Venezuela to the United States. It will also be a demonstration against England.

Trouble in Utah Business.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—The scheme of the transcontinental lines to make all the tickets from Montana points to the Missouri river continuous passage tickets is not meeting with the success that was anticipated. Some of the lines have not yet voted on the proposition at all, and the general feeling seems to be that the Denver & Rio Grande will not accept it. If it does not the whole affair goes by the board, and there will be all sorts of trouble in the Colorado and Utah business.

Mrs. Hearne's Case Dismissed

BOWLING GREEN, Mo., Dec. 24.—Late this afternoon a telegram came to Dr. Hearne from his attorney at Hannibal, Gen. Harrison, saying: "I have a letter from H. Clay Heather, prosecuting attorney, advising me to dismiss the case now pending in this circuit court against Mrs. Fannie C. Hearne, charged with the murder of Amos J. Stillwell."

Dr. Hearne and his family at once began preparing to leave for California. They hope to get away tomorrow night.

Authors Appeal for Peace.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—An appeal has been issued by the British authors, signed with 359 names, to their confreres in the United States. The names include those of Sir Walter Besant, John Morley, John Ruskin, Hall Caine, H. Rider Haggard, Sid Edwin Arnold, George Meredith, Prof. W. E. H. Lecky, Martin Conway, R. D. Blackmore, William Black and Alfred Austin.

As a Matter of Courtesy.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—A dispatch to the Standard from Madrid, says that their correspondent understands that Spain will not object to the American committee consulting the Spanish archives about Venezuela, but will clearly intimate that this is an act of courtesy which does not apply the slightest semblance of the Monroe doctrine.

A dispatch from Moscow to the Standard says: The entire Russian press discusses the chances of a conflict between England and America with an order approaching enthusiasm, and in a tone of frank hostility to England.

All the morning papers have editorials treating Christmas sentiment of peace and good will with reference to Venezuela and Armenia.

Will Not Perform Miracles But It Will Cure.

DR. MILES' RESTORATIVE NERVINE cures nervous prostration. Not miraculously, but scientifically, by first removing the germs of disease, and then supplying healthy nerve food, increasing the appetite, helping digestion and invigorating the entire system. Desperate cases require prolonged treatment as shown by that of Mrs. M. H. Rood, of Delta, Iowa, who writes: "At the touch of a lightning stroke, the pressure said I took a fifty stroke of paralysis, my limbs would all draw up. I would have nervousness to my mind that seemed unendurable. For three months I scarcely slept and for three weeks did not close my eyes. I prayed for sleep, and felt that if relief did not come I would be dead or insane. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and the second night after two hours sound from that time on my health improved, slowly at first, but steadily and surely. I took in all eight bottles and I cannot express how grateful I am, for I am now perfectly well, and have taken no medicine for over four months." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by druggists on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

Book on heart and nerves free. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Restores Health.....

For sale by all druggists.

ON THE ROAD to recovery, the young woman who is taking Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In maidenhood, womanhood, wifehood and motherhood the Prescription is a supporting tonic and nervine, this peculiarly adapted to her needs, regulating, strengthening and curing the derangements of the sex. Why is it so many women say their health is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? Because beauty of form and fore bodies from the compact and robust health. The best bodily condition results from good food, fresh air and exercise coupled with the judicious use of the Prescription.

If there be weakness, pain in the back, bearing-down sensations, or general debility, or if there be nervous disturbance, nervous prostration, and sleeplessness, the "Prescription" renders the organs of the female and severely it. It dispels aches and pains, corrects displacements and cures entirely inflammation of the living membranes, falling of the womb, ulceration, irregularities and kindred maladies.

"FALLING OF WOMB."

MRS. FRANK CAMPBELL of East Jackson, Montgomery Co., Ark., writes: "I owe it my duty to express my thanks to Dr. Pierce for the benefit received from his medicines, under Providence, of restoration to health. For 7 years I have been by spells unable to walk. My troubles were of the worst—inflammatory and bearing-down sensations and the doctors all said they could not cure me.

MRS. CAMPBELL.

"Twelve bottles of Dr. Pierce's wonderful Favorite Prescription has cured me."

DECEMBER STOCK-REDUCING SALE OF

Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

THE STRONGEST KIND OF INDUCEMENTS.

By January 1st our stock of Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats must be ONE-QUARTER ITS PRESENT SIZE. Many recent chances which we took advantage of to buy at large sacrifices, have swelled these stocks to unusual proportions, but places us in a position to offer values which are simply marvels of cheapness. There's a tremendous load of them, but the intelligent buyers will soon be wearing them at these prices.

Men's Suits.

MEN'S SUITS, sizes 34 to 42, medium dark mixed goods, thoroughly well made, neat appearing garments; worth $6, $7 and $8

$3.50

MEN'S SUITS—Oxford Mixed Cassimeres blue and blacks, good lining and well-made garments; worth $12, $13, and $14; our price

$7.50

MEN'S SUITS—Blue, black and tan colored Cheviots and fancy boutch mixtures, finely tailored and trimmed; worth $15, $16 and $18; our price

$10.00

Men's Overcoats.

We have a very large lot of odds and ends in Men's Overcoats that we are closing out at actual cost, from $5 to $18. They are worth just as much as they were last week, when we made a profit on them, but there are only one or two of a kind and they go at actual cost to make room for full lines of new goods.

Men's Mackintoshes.

Customers tell us that money goes further in Mackintoshes buying at Gardner's than anywhere else.

At Gardner's $5; elsewhere, $6
At Gardner's $7.50; elsewhere $10.
At Gardner's $10; elsewhere $15
At Gardner's $12; elsewhere, $15
At Gardner's $13; elsewhere $20.
And that our assortment is as big as all others combined.

There are big savings in the

Boys' Department.

BOY'S SUITS, ages 4 to 14, mixed Cheviots, strongly made; worth $4 $5, $6.50, $6.75; sale price

$1.00

BOYS' SUITS, ages 4 to 14, all-wool Cheviots and mixed Cassimeres, blue black, are the best makes and fitters; worth $4, $4.50 and $5; sale price

$3.50

We always carry a full line of Stanley Suits—"One, two pairs of Pants and Cap"—in all qualities.

Boys' Overcoats.

BOYS' OVERCOATS, ages 13 to 19, dark blue Chinchilla, large collars, extra values

$5.00

BOYS' OVERCOATS, in black, blue and light brown Melrose, age 13 to 19, worth $8, $10 and $12; sale price

$7.50

BOYS' OVERCOATS, ages 3 to 14, Chinchilla and Scotch Cheviots, good lining and properly made; worth $4, $4.50 and $5; our price

$3.50

BOYS' REEFERS, ages 3 to 8, black and light Cheviots, dark blue Melrose

$4, $5, $6

House Coats.

Are home comforts. Save your coal and secure your ease and enjoyment by providing yourself with a house coat from our stock. Nothing can be more comfortable than these garments. We are offering them at each prices as $4, $5, $11 and $14.

REMEMBER, when you are buying Christmas presents, that our stock of Umbrellas, Gloves, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Socks, Etc., is complete, and you can save money by buying from us. Agents for Lyon's Umbrellas.

J. P. GARDNER

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A Beautifully Illustrated Book, Free.

Prices Lower and Values Higher in Seasonable Footwear for Everybody.

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EPICURES ATTENTION!

Our Great Holiday Display of TURKEYS, TURKEYS, all Utah Birds.

Our Holiday Exhibit is Complete.

We make special mention of a pair of choice cattle, fed by Harry Jennings. Our Beef and Mutton is strictly range fed, from the bunch grass ranges of Northern Utah. No better in the world.

FISH, GAME, DUCKS, CHICKENS, VENISON.

Staple and Fine Groceries Imported Pickles and Delicacies.

CRANBERRIES, ORANGES, FRUIT, NUTS, VEGETABLES.

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