

# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

## McPARRLAND MAKES HIS STATEMENT.

He Denies That He Has Secured A Confession From Harry Orchard.

## CASE AGAINST LABOR LEADERS

Says it Will Cost Moyer, Haywood, Pettibone and as Many More Their Lives.

Claims to Have Secured Evidence That Members of Western Federation Committed Many Murders.

Denver, Feb. 20.—In an interview published here today Detective James McParland denies the report that he secured a confession from Harry Orchard.

McParland is reported to have made at Denver, to the effect that the prisoner, Harry Orchard, has made no confession, is received with skepticism here. It is stated persistently that Orchard has made statements which will be used against the other prisoners.

Steve Adams, alias Dickson, who was arrested yesterday at Haines, Oregon, and taken to Baker City, will be brought to Boise as soon as his extradition can be arranged. He is charged with complicity in the assassination of former Gov. Steunenberg. Jack Snipsh, another suspect who had been in Haines and vicinity for some time, cannot be found by Penitentiary Officer Robbins and the detectives who have been searching for him. A grand jury will meet at Boise tomorrow at Caldwell to investigate the assassination and return indictments against such of the men now under arrest as may be warranted by the evidence.

## AM. INSURANCE CO'S DISCUSSED IN THE REICHSSTAG.

Berlin, Feb. 20.—American insurance companies came up for a brief discussion at the close of Monday's session of the reichstag. Herr Bachem, clerical, called attention to some of the facts brought out at the legislative insurance investigation in New York, and added that the situation required serious investigation of the question whether the interests of German policyholders were adequately protected. Count Posadowsky-Wehmer, the imperial secretary of state for the interior, remarked upon the grave nature of the charges brought against the New

## THREE CHILDREN CAST OVERBOARD

Deed of a Poor Demented Mother Who Committed Suicide By Drowning.

## SAD LETTER TO HER HUSBAND.

Tells Him She Could Not Live and Could Not Leave Her Little Ones.

Fall River, Mass., Feb. 20.—Mrs. John W. Watters, of New York, and formerly of Chicago, threw her three children overboard and then committed suicide last night by jumping from the steamer Plymouth.

Mrs. Watters left a number of letters, one of them in the nature of a will, disposing of the writer's personal property. One of the missives was written on a part of an envelope, the other on a piece of wrapping paper. The note on the envelope read:

"Dear husband, forgive this trouble. I have nearly broken my heart. Dear John, forgive me for causing you this sorrow, but I couldn't live and I couldn't leave my children. I have worried so much I fear insanity, and I could not leave the children."

The letter which disposed of the woman's personal property contained the name of John W. Watters, 170 Broadway, New York. Various trinkets and articles of wearing apparel were disposed of in the hurriedly written will. After having searched the boat and finding no trace of the woman or the children, the officers became convinced that the woman had thrown them overboard and leaped in after them. Persons occupying state rooms nearby heard one of the children crying at about midnight. Early that time until about 3:30 a. m., when the fact was discovered that the stateroom was not occupied, no other disturbance was heard.

Upon the arrival of the steamer here the evidence in the case was turned over to the local police for investigation with the result that her identity was established. Dwight Brady, son of Capt. James Brady, collector of the port of Fall River, identified the articles found in the stateroom as belonging to his sister, Mrs. John Watters of Brooklyn, N. Y. He could give no reason, he said, for the woman's action beyond the fact that she had said that she was not happy.

Mrs. Watters was 30 years of age. The three children included Helena, four years of age, Dorothy, aged two years, and a boy baby 19 months.

## FATHER IS PROSTRATED.

New York, Feb. 20.—John W. Watters is manager of the fire insurance bureau of the National Association of Manufacturers. He was prostrated when told of his wife's death, but later arranged to go to Fall River this afternoon.

To a business associate Mr. Watters said that his wife had been subject to short spells of insanity and that she spent some time in a sanitarium several years ago.

## A PATRIOTIC SUICIDE.

Mr. Chong of Korea Kills Himself as Protest Against Japanese Convention.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 20.—Another patriotic suicide in protest of Japanese occupancy in Korea is reported. Mr. Chong, a Korean, announced that he would commit suicide in protest to the convention with Japan, but the Japanese police prevented him from doing so. He then went to a temple and swallowed opium. He was found by a Korean friend and taken to the hospital, but he died before he could be removed. He was a native of Korea and had been in Victoria for some time.

Fire at Tokio destroyed 45 houses in Asakusa district on Jan. 21. Several persons were killed and many injured.

Telegrams from Vladivostok to Japanese papers report the destruction of a train loaded with soldiers, which was blown up and precipitated into a river. The loss of life is given as 3,000, but this is considered exaggerated. On Jan. 25, another collision occurred between Cossacks and prisoners from Japan, these latter unarmed, and 1-10 were reported killed.

Heavy rains in Java have caused great floods, many natives being drowned. The destruction of growing crops and damage by the floods will cause great distress. Prince Puhia, a Mongol prince, chief of the Turghut tribe, has been given permission at Peking to travel in the United States.

The Japanese government has declared March 10 as the date to be celebrated as the anniversary of the war.

## PLOT TO RELEASE MURDERERS.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 20.—The police have been advised of the discovery of a plot at Saratoff to release the murderer of Gen. Sakharoff, who was shot and killed at Saratoff Dec. 5 last, the man who threw a bomb at the Vice Governor von Knoll and other political prisoners. A number of revolutionists secured positions as jailers, constructed a tunnel and smuggled into the prison a quantity of poison which was to be administered to the officials. The death of one of the conspirators revealed their plans.

## A FALSE ALARM.

What Was Thought to be a Mysterious Crime Was Only an Accident.

New York, Feb. 20.—A mystery, with some features not unlike that of the famous Patterson case of two years ago, is engaging the attention of the police today. As in the crime which cost Caesar Young his life and Nan Patterson an actress, Miss Hart was about 20 years old. She and a woman of the stage are the principal features in the mystery of today. The woman, Guiseppe Hart, was the victim and the carline, according to the theory of the police, was the scene of her death. Several persons who thought to know something of the manner in which the woman was killed have disappeared. Her husband, a few days ago, that her father resided in Washington, D. C. Later, a dancing master, and it developed that the woman's death was due to an accidental fall down a flight of stairs. Miss Hart was about 20 years old. She was well known as a black face comedienne. She has a son living in Cincinnati. A daughter died recently.

## FRANCO-GERMAN SITUATION GRAVE.

Germany's Action on Police System Leaves But One Course Open to France.

## END PRIVATE NEGOTIATIONS.

Then Appeal Would be Made to the World Before the Open Conference.

Paris, Feb. 20.—Germany's rejection of the Franco-German proposal at Algiers—that the proposed Moroccan police system shall be French and Spanish—has given renewed gravity to the Franco-German situation. It is officially announced that Germany's action leaves France no course but to terminate the private negotiations and appeal to the judgment of the world before the open conference. This decision suspends the meetings between Mr. Revell, head of the French mission at Algiers, and Herr von Radowicz, chief of the German delegation, at which they have been seeking to find an accord. The failure to agree promises to result in a prolonged crisis in which each side maintains the position which it took up before the open conference.

Reports are in circulation to the effect that France intends to withdraw from the conference, but they are not confirmed and the determination of the French delegates to carry the matter before the open conference shows that the withdrawal stake has not yet been reached. It is expected that the strained situation will have the effect of re-energizing the war reports and of arousing public apprehension.

## SECRETARY ROOT ON THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Washington, Feb. 20.—The diplomatic representatives of the South American republics in this city are discussing with great interest the speech made by Secretary Root at the dinner which the Brazilian ambassador gave in his honor and in honor of the countries which will send delegates to the Pan-American congress in Rio de Janeiro next summer. Mr. Root talked chiefly about the Monroe doctrine, and spoke in part as follows:

"When President Monroe, coming to the aid of struggling Spanish-American republics, made the audacious and gallant declaration that no part of the American continent must be deemed subject to colonization by any European power, he affirmed the proposition that all the American republics are competent to maintain throughout their territories government answering to the demands of civilization, preserving order, enforcing the law, doing justice and performing all the obligations of a civilized state."

"To that proposition all of us stand committed. Its truth we all maintain. Every evidence in its support is a source of satisfaction to us. Every forward step in the path of progress by any American republic is a cause of joy to all of us. Let me then, Mr. Ambassador, pass along the toast which you were good enough to propose to my countrymen. They are to drink to the sisterhood of American republics. May every one of them grow in prosperity and strength. May the independence, the freedom and the rights of the least and weakest ever represented equally with the rights of the strongest and may we all do our share towards the building up of a world of peace and justice. I ask you of the Americans which shall ever be the rights of the least and weakest."

## RUN ON JACKSON TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, CHICAGO

Chicago, Feb. 20.—A run was started today on the Jackson Trust & Savings bank, it being thought by many of the depositors that the institution is involved by the failure of the Bank of America, which is reported to be in liquidation.

At the hour set for the opening of the bank, 300 depositors were in waiting, and as soon as the doors were opened, they commenced to withdraw their funds. It is known that the institution is a loser through loans to F. C. Creelman, whose loans from the Bank of America were the immediate cause of the closing of that concern. The amount of money loaned to Creelman by the Jackson Trust and Savings bank, is said by its officers to be \$25,000, but stories on the street say the amount is several times as much.

W. H. Egan, president of the Jackson Trust & Savings bank, said today:

"We have loaned on collateral security \$25,000 to F. C. Creelman and we believe the loan is good. Even if it is not, we cannot be injured by any run that can be made against us. We have ample funds and we can obtain all the outside assistance we wish, but it is not necessary for us to ask it."

The bank yesterday in an effort to cover possible losses through the Creelman loans, effected the purchase of the Illinois Hardwood Lumber company, a corporation in which Creelman is interested, and attempted to sell some of the assets at a sacrifice. The Creelman loan is being covered in this way by the federal court.

The Jackson Trust & Savings bank according to a recent report of its resources and liabilities, held savings deposits to the amount of \$100,000 and commercial deposits amounting to \$750,000. Its capital stock is \$250,000 and a surplus fund of \$50,000 was reported with undivided profits of \$25,000. Among its resources were \$600,000 approximately in loans and discounts, and \$24,000 in stocks and bonds. The officers are W. H. Egan, president; David Decker, and W. B. Demuth, vice presidents, and William L. Lawson, cashier.

It had been clearing through the Continental National bank.

## DIDN'T CRITICISE GERMANY.

Madrid, Feb. 20.—Premier Moret in an interview yesterday said he had not criticised Germany's policy in connection with the Algerian conference. The premier said that all the powers, including Germany, were doing their utmost to reach a satisfactory accord on the subject of Morocco and were hopeful of success.

## ADD IT GENERAL; WHO WILL IT BE?

Names of Those Who Are Talked Of as Successor to Colonel Geoghegan.

## THE GUARD DINNER TONIGHT.

Function Should do Much Towards Cementing General Good Feeling—Bill for Dance Expenses.

There is much speculation as to who Gov. Cutler will appoint as adjutant-general to take the place of Col. Geoghegan. Col. A. P. Kesler, the present chief quartermaster, is mentioned by some, while Col. Willard Young, who served through the Spanish war in command of an engineering regiment, is also discussed for the place. Ray C. Naylor, a lieutenant of the Utah batteries, who made a splendid war record, is mentioned, as is also Capt. E. A. Wedgwood of the batteries. It is possible that should either of the battery officers take charge there would be a general defection of the former battery members back into the guard. It is probable that an announcement will be made within the next few days, as Col. Geoghegan stands most emphatically that his action is final.

## THE OFFICIAL DINNER.

Tonight at the Commercial club the banquet to be tendered by the National Guard officers by Col. Cutler will take place as arranged. So far as known all the Salt Lake officers have signified their intention of being present. It is understood that Gov. Cutler will speak to them of his desire to build up the National Guard until it is a credit to the state and until it compares favorably with similar organizations of other states. He will also ask for expressions of opinion from the officers as to the best way to go ahead in reaching this end, and much good in the way of a mutual understanding is expected to result from the meeting.

## BILL FOR FIFTY DOLLARS.

In response to an invitation from the Republican banquet committee Capt. Hyram E. Butcher has been invited to give a bill for \$50, which represents the outlay of the battery on its dance, which was scheduled to be held on the evening of the banquet. Judge Booth stated to Capt. Butcher that a collection would be taken up to meet the bill, and that furthermore he would personally take 50 tickets to the battery dance, and see that they were sold. The battery will hold its postponed entertainment on next Monday evening, its regular drill night.

## RURAL ROUTE FOR BLACKFOOT.

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.—Rural route No. 4 has been ordered established April 2, at Blackfoot, Blaine county, Idaho, serving 320 farms and 115 houses. Wyoming. Patents issued—Harvey M. Davenport, Sheridan, headlight cover; Samuel W. Womack, Laramie, plaster kettle.

## CHOLERA AMONG HOGS.

Inspector Frazier Finds 51 Dead Ones in Emigration Canyon.

Something of a stir is being caused in city health circles by the discovery through Inspector Frazier of 51 dead hogs in a gulch up in Emigration canyon. It is suspected that the swine died of cholera and the city chemist is analyzing samples of the meat to ascertain the cause of death. The owner seems to have sought to avoid the expense of burial by dumping the hogs where he had. While at present there is no danger of contamination of the Parley's canyon water supply, the officials call attention to the fact that when the spring water begins to run that from this locality, the infected water will run into the city mains. The inspector is locating the ownership of the hogs, and it is claimed that some of the diseased pork was sold to butchers in this city, where it is causing complaint.

## NEW MAIL SERVICE.

Between Salt Lake and Ogden Inaugurated This Morning.

A new mail service was inaugurated this morning between Salt Lake City and Ogden. Heretofore there has not been mail messengers on the local service between these points. Because of the inability of the postoffice department at Washington to obtain experienced men for the railway mail service, a new clerk was put on the line. It seems that he was not able to handle the work and a fair portion of the mail was returned by the hurling of the bag, followed by the hurling of a shell overhead. It was learned that the bombardier, in charge of the magazine of the battery, loaded a 6-inch gun and fired recklessly. The shell landed on one of the cays to the eastward of Port Royal. A slight alteration of the flight of the shell in a northerly direction would have dropped it near the French warship now lying in this harbor. The incident therefore caused a sensation. The bombardier, who is believed to be insane, was arrested.

## MIGHTY RECKLESS SHOOTING.

Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 20.—The garrison of Port Royal was alarmed Sunday night by the report of a gun from the Apollon battery on the opposite side of the bay, followed by the hurling of a shell overhead. It was learned that the bombardier, in charge of the magazine of the battery, loaded a 6-inch gun and fired recklessly. The shell landed on one of the cays to the eastward of Port Royal. A slight alteration of the flight of the shell in a northerly direction would have dropped it near the French warship now lying in this harbor. The incident therefore caused a sensation. The bombardier, who is believed to be insane, was arrested.

## NO DISQUIET WHATEVER IS FELT IN PEKIN.

Pekin, Feb. 20.—Foreigners here are receiving telegrams from relatives indicating that there is a feeling of alarm abroad over the possibility of an outbreak of Chinese hostilities. No disquiet whatever is felt at Pekin. All the foreign ministers agree that the Chinese here, both officials and

people, were never more friendly towards foreigners personally than they are following an independent line politically. There is no anti-foreign movement in North China likely to lead to hostilities. The troubles at Canton and Shanghai are not felt here. It is reported from Honan that members of the Big Knife society have killed a number of Chinese Catholics as the result of a local quarrel.

## PATTERSON CONTEMPT CASE.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Justice Brewer of the supreme court of the United States, today entered an order granting a writ of error in the contempt case of United States Senator Patterson. The case grew out of the publication of a cartoon of the Colorado state supreme court in the Rocky Mountain News, of which Mr. Patterson is the proprietor. For this the state court held the senator in contempt and assessed a fine of \$1,000 against him. The writ granted by Justice Brewer is a supersedeas and the order stays all proceedings in the Colorado court, the collection of the fine. The case will be reviewed by the full bench of the supreme court.

## LIPTON OFFERS A CUP.

To be Raced For by 22 Raters of Mass. Yacht Racing Assn.

Boston, Feb. 20.—Sir Thomas Lipton has offered, and the Boston Yacht club has accepted, in trust, a \$500 cup to be raced for in the 22 rating class of the Yacht Racing association of Massachusetts. There are 25 clubs in the association, representing ports from Provincetown to Annisquam. The cup will become absolutely the property of the owner first winning two championships. He need not necessarily win them with the same boat or two years in succession.

Sir Thomas previously has given cups for yachts racing on the Pacific coast and on the great lakes.

## CAPE TAGGART GOES TO ISLANDS.

Columbus, O., Feb. 20.—Companies C and D of the Eighth infantry, consisting of 145 men and five officers, in command of Capt. Taggart of Wooster divorce fame, left for San Francisco today and will embark on the transport Logan March 5 for the Philippines.

## WANTS NEGROES EMPLOYED TO BUILD PANAMA CANAL.

Washington, Feb. 20.—J. Milton Turner of St. Louis, formerly American minister to Liberia, is endeavoring to enlist the interest of Isthmian canal officials in the employment of negro labor from the United States in building the canal. He has discussed the matter with Chairman Shoup and will further representations on the subject.

## JULIA WARD HOWE VERY ILL.

New York, Feb. 20.—A special to the Tribune from Boston says: Mrs. Julia Ward Howe is seriously ill at her home in Beacon street, and her friends are alarmed over her condition. She has a severe attack of rheumatism, from which she has frequently suffered and at her advanced age it is feared the attack, which is worse than usual, may prove fatal.

## EXPLOSION IN BRITISH BARRACKS AT KHARTOUM.

London, Feb. 20.—The Evening News this afternoon published a dispatch from Khartoum, Egypt, announcing that a great explosion had occurred at the British barracks in Khartoum. Considerable loss of life and much damage are reported.

## "NO APPARENT DANGER."

Such is Cable Message from Dr. R. J. Bryan, Missionary in China.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 20.—A cable message from Dr. R. J. Bryan, a missionary, has been received from Shanghai, China. It reads as follows: "No apparent danger."

"Letters which came from the missionaries show that there is a state of unrest in China, but they do not seem to be alarmed about conditions. One person in writing from Yang Chow says: 'The great anti-foreign feeling will probably show itself for a while, though we have not felt much of it in Yang Chow.'"

Another writing from Canton says: "The anti-foreign feeling is a very serious state politically and robbery is very common, but we have been left in peace."

## MRS. GERALD FITZGERALD IS REFUSED A DIVORCE.

London, Feb. 20.—The application for the divorce of Mrs. Fitzgerald from Gerald Fitzgerald, formerly owner of a ranch near Los Angeles, Cal., and a large land owner in Ireland, has been refused by the court today ruling that Mr. Fitzgerald was domiciled in Ireland and that the divorce court had no jurisdiction. Mrs. Fitzgerald, who is a daughter of John Nicholas, of Uniontown, Pa., testified that she met her husband on a journey from Chicago to Los Angeles in 1888. Shortly afterwards she married him. She testified that she always claimed to be an Englishman. Mr. Fitzgerald is a descendant of Edward Fitzgerald, the translator of "Rubaiyat" of Omar Khayyam. The couple have been separated for some time.

## TROOPS FOR PHILIPPINES.

New York, Feb. 20.—Four companies of the Eighth United States infantry will leave for Manila, P. I., this afternoon for San Francisco via New Orleans. The trip across the continent will be made by rail, and at San Francisco the soldiers will take ship for the Philippines on the transport Logan. There are 65 men to each company, with 15 officers. They are to be joined at San Francisco by two companies now stationed at Fort Slocum, two from Columbus, O., and four from Fort Niagara, and will sail from San Francisco March 5.

## CLEARING HOUSE AND TRUST CO.

New York, Feb. 20.—The New York clearing house has adopted a resolution looking to the resumption of harmonious relations with the trust companies. Nearly all the trust companies withdrew from clearing house relations some time ago because they were unwilling to accept its requirements as to cash reserves.

## KING EDWARD'S ILLNESS.

Held in Buckingham Palace, Several Americans Being Present.

London, Feb. 20.—King Edward held the first levee of the season at Buckingham palace at noon today, thus avoiding the state procession to St. James' palace, where the levees are usually held. The occasion, however, was not robbed of its picturesque character by the attendance of cabinet ministers, the leading members of the opposition and the foreign diplomats, among whom was Ambassador Reid and members of the American embassy, including Delancey J. Day. The foreign ministers agree that the Chinese here, both officials and

## AN AUDITORIUM FOR SALT LAKE.

Business Men Asking Question as To Why One Should Not Be Built.

## WOULD BE BIG DRAWING CARD.

While City Has the Tabernacle, a Most Famous Structure, it Cannot be Used for Everything.

Plan is to be Put Forth for Construction of a Pretentious Convention Hall.

An Auditorium building for Salt Lake? The matter is being talked of among business men, and the wonder is being expressed why there hasn't been a general movement in favor of it and towards the erection of one years ago.

It is suggested that the time is now opportune to launch a movement of this kind, and that within the next week under the auspices of some committee of citizens, or the manufacturers and merchants' association a plan will be put forth for the construction in this city of a gigantic hall, in which large conventions, large state affairs, dances, and banquets may be held.

Since then, and under the investigations resulting from the awakened interest in home manufactures, it has been observed that Denver has a tremendous list of conventions for the coming summer, and that the coast cities on beyond Salt Lake are dated up with dozens of big meetings, while Salt Lake is comparatively free from engagements of this kind.

What is not Salt Lake entitled to a large part of the Denver business in the convention line? It will bring hosts of people here, who will leave money in all the general avenues of commerce, and in every way is desirable, because it sends out business for the city to all corners of the nation.

In figuring out why Utah does not get the business, many business men have reached the conclusion that a big convention hall—an auditorium such as that at Kansas City, or at Chicago, is what is lacking, and it is proposed to see if the missing building cannot be supplied. Of course with it the companion need of hotels is considered, and it is urged by many that the addition of these two features would make Salt Lake an ideal convention city, surpassing Denver in every respect.

## SALT LAKE QUALIFICATIONS.

Among members of the Manufacturers and Merchants' association, who want to see something done, is O. H. Hewlett. He is a strong advocate for taking immediate steps to secure the building.

"Why," he declared this morning, "Salt Lake has twenty natural qualifications for a big convention city to Denver's one. Denver has a garden, and buildings, and that is about all, while we have the most beautiful places to take visitors, places that are of real interest. Yet Denver gets forty and fifty big conventions a year, because she has the place to accommodate them all, while Salt Lake gets scarcely any."

"We must have an auditorium hall, not only for outsiders, but for our own use. There is now no good place here for winter meetings, and it is a large, large place, or even a big convention. Salt Lake is getting to be a big city now, and what was good enough for a town, isn't going to be good enough for her in the future. The theaters are getting more and more where they can't be hired on account of having their dates full, and anyhow, they are not good convention halls."

## WHAT MURRAY HALL DID.

"Down at Murray Hall built a big hall, spending about \$5,000 on it, and by its use, the city has been engaged, they have cleared the coat in a year. Of course what we need is a much bigger proposition, but it could be made to pay for itself. It is a main street, where business property is most expensive, but on a good centrally located site. It ought to be built for her in the future. The couple, and ought to be heated sufficiently to allow winter meetings as well as summer meetings."

"Through the winter we could keep it in use ourselves, with the big dances, the local conventions, and mass assemblies, which are now without a good place to meet. In the summer we would rent it out to conventions, and it would in this way pay the whole year round."

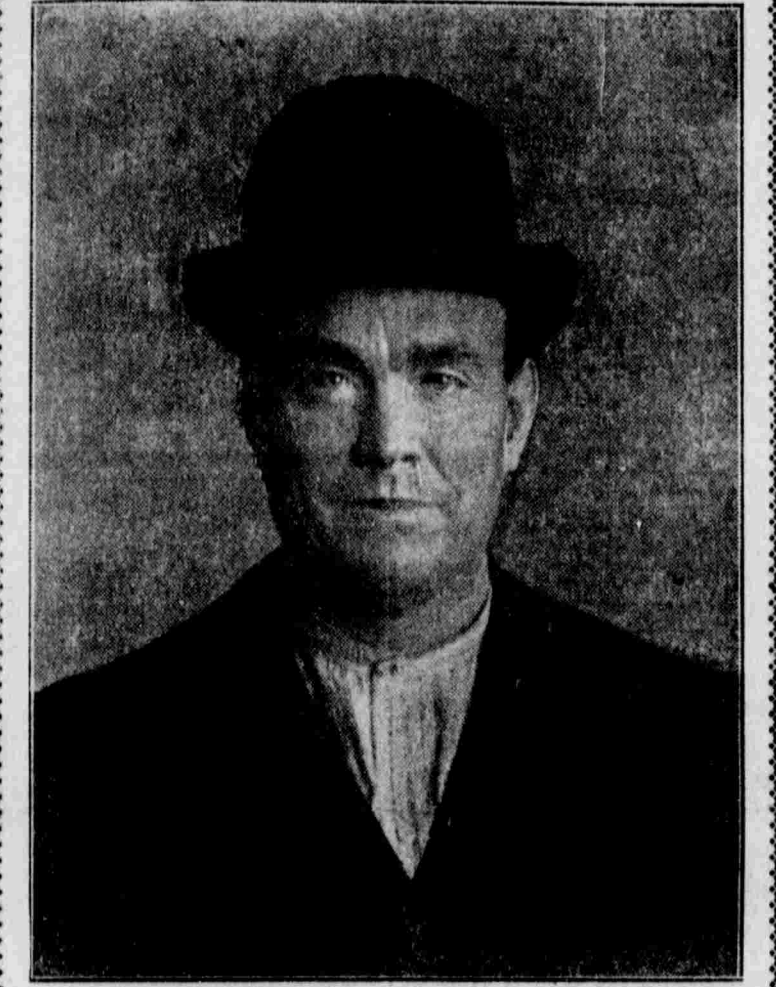
## COMMITTEE OF CITIZENS.

A suggestion of Mr. Hewlett's is that a committee of citizens be organized to take up the proposition, solicit subscriptions, and go ahead with the erection of a big auditorium. He feels confident that it would receive general support if the committee were composed of reputable business men, and will probably bring the matter before the Manufacturers and Merchants' association in a few days.

## TEN NEW CASES

Of Small Pox Reported to Board of Health Yesterday.

The health department of the city was kept busy yesterday quarantining smallpox cases and sending patients to the isolation hospital. Ten cases of the disease were reported to the department yesterday, and the big number four were sent to the hospital and the others were quarantined at their homes. Those reported as having the smallpox yesterday are: John Willard, 20 M street; Mattie Collins, 2 Cliff avenue; Clara O'Neil, 524 west Fourth North; Otto Myers, 524 west Second South; two children in the family of O. V. Kooris, 818 north Sixth West; Francis Rollins, 185 K street; Francis Sullock, 49 north Fifth West; Mary H. Hall, 219 A street; Stella Hulbert, 218 Ninth East. The first four named were sent to the isolation hospital.



HARRY ORCHARD.  
Who May or May Not Have Confessed to the Heinous Crime of Assassinating Ex-Governor Steunenberg at Instance of "Inner Circle" Officials.

charged with the murder of former Gov. Steunenberg, at Caldwell, Idaho, Dec. 30 last, implicating the officers of the Western Federation of Miners in that crime, and many others, though he claims to have ample evidence of their guilt.

"There have been statements made by various parties," said Officer McParland, "but I know of none made by Orchard, and he has been the only man at work on the case. I think I would have known of it had there been one."

"I undertook the investigation of Gov. Steunenberg's death at the request of his personal friend, Gov. Gooding, and Gov. Gooding has personally paid what expenses have been incidental of my investigation."

"I felt it my duty as a citizen of Colorado to outroot the gang, and as such I undertook the work. These fellows thought that it was so long ago that I had broken up the Molly Maguires that I must now be in my den. They were not afraid of me. But there is a weak spot in every wall, especially such a one as that upon which the Western Federation was founded, and that weak spot I found. It will cost Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone and as many more, their lives."

McParland claims to have secured positive evidence that members of the Western Federation planned and carried out the assassination of Detective Lyte Gregory, killed mysteriously in West Denver two years ago; of Martin Gleason, superintendent of the Wild Horse mine at Cripple Creek, who was thrown down a shaft; of Arthur Collins, superintendent of the Smuggler-Union mine at Telluride, who was shot from ambush; of the 14 men killed in the explosion of the Independence depot near Cripple Creek June 8th, 1904; of Martin B. Walley, who was killed last summer by an explosion in this city and of other murders.

The killing of Walley is said to have been accidental, the nitroglycerine with which he was killed having been placed on a vacant lot through which Chief Justice Gabbert of the supreme court was accustomed to pass, with the intention of killing him.

McParland denied the charge that he had kidnapped the federation's officers of Denver. "The papers were regular," he said, "and were served regularly. I could not be expected to notify their lawyers that Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone were in jail and about to be taken to Idaho. They knew that if they were captured they would never be able to clear themselves and were about to leave the country when arrested. They had planned to blow up the train if any attempt were made to remove them to Idaho, and for this reason I insisted on having a special train to take them out of this state."

## ATTY. SEES PRISONERS.

Boise, Idaho, Feb. 20.—Attorney Richardson of the Denver law firm of Richardson & Hawkins arrived here today and obtained from Gov. Gooding permission to see his clients, President Charles E. Moyer, Secy. William D. Heywood and G. A. Pettibone, former member of the executive committee of the Western Federation of Miners. For several hours the attorney has been in consultation with big clients at the state penitentiary. No one has been permitted to see the prisoners except their counsel.

The statement which Detective Mc-

## STATE SECRETS.

Ex-Premier Georgevitch Sent to Prison for Revealing Them.

Belgrade, Serbia, Feb. 20.—Vladan Georgevitch, former premier of Serbia, has been sentenced to six months in prison on the charge of revealing state secrets in the published book "The End of a Dynasty," furnishing a sensational exposure of Russian intrigues against the obrenovitch regime. Georgevitch, in conducting his own defense, denounced King Peter as the instrument