The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

No. 8. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1894. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

WILL SURRENDER.

Seeley's Lawyer Says the Defaulting Bookkeeper

IS WITHIN EASY REACH NOW.

His Bail Practically Arranged—Sensational Developments Expected When the Full Facts are Told.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Samuel C. Seeley, the defaulting bookkeeper of the National Bible and Leather bank will surrender himself to the Federal authorities within forty-eight hours at the utmost, according to Charles H. Pershall, the criminal lawyer of Jersey City.

Mr. Pershall, who is now interested in the case, was interviewed at his residence on Bergen Heights, Jersey City. He said:

"Seeley will give himself up in at least forty-eight hours, and perhaps sooner."

"Has his bail been arranged?"

"It has practically been fixed," was Mr. Pershall's answer.

"How much bail will be required?"

"About $25,000."

"Will the bail be forthcoming?"

"Yes, it will be given."

Mr. Pershall declined to say who would come forward as bondsmen. That was a private matter about which he said he was not at liberty to speak.

"Where is Seely?" Mr. Pershall was asked.

"Some of the papers say he is in Canada," replied Mr. Pershall, with a smile.

"Is he in Canada?"

"I think you can safely say he is not and has not been."

"Is he so far away that he cannot be produced in New York in less than 48 hours?"

"No," said Mr. Pershall. "He is not and has never been 100 miles away from home. There now, that is all I can tell you. Of course it would not be for me to indicate to you just where he is."

"Is Seely in Brooklyn?"

"No, he is not."

"Is he in New York City?"

"That I will not say."

Mr. Pershall intimated Seely had been in the hands of his counsel ever since he was announced as having disappeared last Friday and was where he could be reached without trouble or delay at any time.

"I would not have helped Seely to leave the country," said Mr. Pershall, "as no doubt he would have brought back as quickly as a warrant for misdemeanor as he can by indictment for felony."

Mr. Pershall said that Seely had a good case on which to fight when he surrendered.

"You may look for some very interesting developments," he said. "There is a good deal of this bank robbery story that has not been yet told, but it will all come out. The bank has not lost near as much money as is reported as having been stolen from it. Seely and Baker were both tools of other persons, but who they are I cannot tell at this time. Seely's counsel will probably be in a position tomorrow to say something to the public of a very definite nature."

There was another development yesterday in the Bible and Leather defalcation of startling importance when Lawyer Pershall's announcement that Seely was preparing to surrender and that his bail has practically been arranged. A well known Wall-street banker who was unwilling that his name be made, said that Seely for several years had been a partner with Peter De Lancey and Andrew Boyd in the racing pool at No. 31 Park Row. This place has been closed for a year and since then Andrew Boyd, better known among the sporting fraternity as "Amby" Boyd, has been looking a hand hook on the race in partnership. It is alleged, with Seely.

PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

Death Resulting from a Seemingly Trivial Cause.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 29.—One morning in March last while Dr. George Fortner, of this city, was brushing his teeth, some of the bristles lodged in the throat. He died this morning from the effects of that seemingly trivial accident.

Dr. Fortner was one of the best known physicians in the city and was 45 years old. His brother physicians have been very much interested in his case, and it is probable that his wife will consent to an autopsy. Though Dr. Fortner did everything possible to remove the bristles, he was unable to do so and from month to month grew worse, although he was able to continue his practice. He was quite ill he answered a midnight call to the bedside of a patient who was dying of pneumonia. The doctor, forgetful of his own ailment, remained at the bedside of his patient for three hours and then returned to his home. He was then seized with pneumonia himself and none of the remedies of his brother physicians had the slightest effect.

FOOTBALL EXCITEMENT.

One of the Players Perhaps Fatally Shot in a Saloon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—The culmination of the football excitement resultant upon the victory of Stanford over the University of California, was a shooting affray in a saloon soon after midnight, in which a football player was wounded, perhaps fatally. The victim is "Birdie" Wilkinson, one of the most prominent football players on the Pacific coast, who played tackle with Stanford last year and with the Bohemians this season. During the past two weeks he has been assistant coach to Walter Camp, at Palo Alto. His assailant is Alexander Loughborough, son of A. H. Loughborough, a leading attorney, whose family moved in the most fashionable society of the city. The saloon was crowded with college students, yesterday discussing the game. Loughborough, who is a law student, has University of Colorado athletics, and after some offensive remarks to Wilkinson, the men grappled. Glasses were smashed and chairs upset before they could be separated. Loughborough's face was bleeding, and he drew his revolver, firing three shots at Wilkinson, who had turned longing in his assailant. Loughborough and White claim that bad complaints for some time and their friends believe a woman was at the bottom of the quarrel, which Loughborough sought to prove.

Wilkinson was removed to a private hospital. Loughborough several from the saloon after the shooting, but at 2:30 a.m. accompanied by his father, he surrendered himself at the city prison, where he was booked. Earlier in the evening Loughborough had a quarrel with another society young man named Max Rosenfeld, whom he shot after a few words, slightly wounding Rosenfeld in the thigh. Loughborough has become very unpopular in the clubs because of his frequent altercations and brawls.

THE PROBLEMS OF THE DAY

Ingalls Discusses the Present Political Situation.

The Party Which Deals Intelligently With the Vital Questions Will Have Its Sway.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—If the seven speeches detailed and denounced assassination of their own leaders are to be believed, the Populist administration in Kansas, has been the most profligate, debased, degraded and disgraceful government ever known in any state in the Union. Before it Tammany pales into insignificance!

It was thus that ex-Senator John J. Ingalls described the late Alexander Legislature in Kansas. He constitutible city from Boston where he delivered a lecture.

"Populism," he said, "has reached its culminating point and has made a remarkable impression upon the legislature of Congress. The income tax is abolished and sugar is virtually a Democratic measure. It was advocated by neither the Republicans nor the Democratic party. The Populist platform alone contained a line of reference to such a tax.

"Income tax is a measure of immense significance. The Populist crusade was a campaign of education.

"I do not regret the election of this year as to say such a certificate of the unqualified confidence in the Republican party. Democracy has not so at least, because it had demonstrated its conspicuous and unequal incapacity to deal rightly with the present day problems. The question means simply that the Republican party has another chance. If it fails, it, too, will be brought low.

"If the Republican leaders accept the opportunity presented we shall win in 1896. But instead will not be the great issue, for will any candidate be successful whose position is not known upon either side, I believe, far more momentous questions.

"The wealth of the rich, the poverty of the poor, the excessive and menacing power of corporations, with the stagnation of trade by the virus of the financial system and the more general diffusion of prosperity among the masses—these are the vital questions of today. Whatever party shall reveal its ability to deal intelligently and successfully with these problems will hold the reins.

DIPHTHERIA IN A COLLEGE.

The Institution Closed on Account of the Epidemic.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 29.—An epidemic of diphtheria has broken out in Evelyn Female college, three quarters of a mile from Princeton college, and the institution has been closed. Miss Orma Lindsay, of Utica, N. Y., was the first to succumb. Dr. Mettler and was summoned and pronounced the case diphtheria and ordered the school closed. Many of the students, who number thirty-five, left for home. Two, however, were kept in quarantine. Miss Lindsay has since died and the body will be sent to her home for burial. There were but two young women then left in the building, one Miss Hill, of St. Louis, Mo., a room mate of Miss Lindsay, and Miss Mary Harrington. Both were kept in quarantine and the latter was attacked with the same dread disease and she, too, died. Miss Hill is the only young woman now left in the institution. She is in perfect health, however, and fears no trouble.

Ireland Borrows Money.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, who has been in New York almost constantly since the end of September, has left the city for St. Paul.

It has been learned that Archbishop Ireland's reason for visiting New York was to negotiate a loan of $5,000, on real estate which he owns in St. Paul, the loan to be used in paying the indebtedness of the archdiocese of St. Paul. Owing to the heavy outlay which he has made in his diocese, he could not arrange the loan before yesterday, it is reported, through John Stewart, president of the United States company, was a few days ago organized a syndicate which loaned $50,000 worth of the United States bonds just issued by the government.

THE SLUICE TROUBLE

Reason Why the Works Were Closed Down.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—In reference to the Associated Press interview with H. O. Havemeyer, president of the American Sugar Refining company, Adolph B. Spreckels, president and secretary of the California Sugar Refinery, says:

"I have read the Havemeyer interview and I understand the exact condition of sugar refining in the Eastern states. Havemeyer and his people control the sugar trade of all the country east of the Missouri river, and the California refinery continues pretty much all west of the river. I think Havemeyer is right when he says that closing his refineries will throw 10,000 people out of work. The reason they are so close is this:

"They cannot compete with foreign sugars. The administration has deliberately shut out the sugar refining business in this country. German granulated sugar XX is laid down in New York at $3.55 the hundred pounds, and raw sugars cost laid down there $3.30 the hundred. That leaves a margin of six one-hundredths of one cent per pound on which to pay refinery charges and make a profit. The thing is simply absurd. On the last day, refinery hands $1.20 per day. In Germany the wages are but $1.15. The Germans cannot stand the competition. The German sugar is free sugar that has been refined abroad. This market is now bringing in a great deal of Chinese sugar that is refined by two English firms in Hong Kong. They use raw sugar from Batavia and the Philippine islands. These refineries employ coolies labor at 10 cents per day. There is only one remedy and that is protection."

TACOMA PURITY COMMITTEE.

Citizens Declare War Against Saloons, Gambling Houses, Etc.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 29.—A sensation was developed at the Union ministerial service by the sermon of Rev. A. F. Kirkpatrick, who denounced and declared war against gambling, dandy saloons and prostitution. He stated that eleven saloons are said to own and lease buildings rented for gambling and prostitution was vigorously applauded by the congregation. Then Mr. Kirkpatrick said that it anybody would name such eleven saloons he would personally prosecute them under the state law. In these remarks Rev. A. Thompson, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, concurred and had cheering. At the conclusion of the service he asked Mayor Orr to stop a prize fight which had been scheduled, but the mill went off without police interference. A purity committee will undertake the work of prosecution.

SITUATION IN ALABAMA.

The Negro Cannot Hope to Become Serious Prosecutions.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 29.—Mr. Jos. Jackson, of Birmingham, Ala., an extensive investment of coal mines in Walker county, who was stopping in this city for a few days, in an interview said in regard to the condition of affairs in that state, showing out of the gubernatorial contest between Kolb and Oates:

The situation in Alabama growing out of Kolb's contest for the governorship against Oates, Democrat, has not materially affected all business interests of that state. The insurrection was very much abroad and taking of executing all outstanding policies in view of the prospect of a revolution that may be inaugurated on Dec. 4, 1894, and operation of which no one can foresee.

"It has leaked out from most reliable authority that at a secret meeting recently held by Populists in the state it was determined to advise all who supported Kolb in the last state election to refuse to pay taxes to the State government. Kolb's followers, who are mostly farmers, will claim that they have a perfect right to refrain from paying taxes, as the low price of cotton has almost bankrupted them. Their refusal to pay taxes will decrease the receipts of the state treasury over one million dollars. Grave fears are entertained all over the state, but especially in this section (Jefferson) on the mining districts of Birmingham and along the lines of the Louisville & Nashville railroad.

"Private telegrams have been made public that a large number of Populists from Texas will be in Montgomery on Dec. 1st to aid the Kolb followers. It is expected full 5,000 people will be in Montgomery to back Kolb."

It is also reported that Kolb will set up a rival government and appoint one to fill the vacancy in the state caused by the resignation of Governor Oates, who is now in Washington, D. C., to take his seat in the United States senate, to which he was elected by the legislature. Contests in case also arise in the Dakotas, New Mexico and Arizona into the senate as well.

Touching the allotment of the five vacant states and the contest as to which the government should exercise full government and complete court jurisdiction of territories is part of the Territory of Oklahoma, which has delight and excitement with that territory. This was adopted after some doubt and the minority resolution, favoring the enfranchisement of jurisdiction of the members of the federal judiciary in the territory and denying statehood until the force are admitted and the new citizens ready for self-government. The minority was not after a time, discussion by a vote of eight to nine to simply leaving the question of admission out to the states and territories within which they are located and are entitled to the Senate thereto for legislative purposes.

AFTER THE ROCKEFELLERS.

Requisition Papers Sought the Governor of New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Under Sheriff McDonough received the following letter today:

WACO, TEX., Nov. 26, 1894.

To the Sheriff, New York City:

Dear Sir—I have this day mailed your governor, R. P. Flower, requisition papers for John D. Rockefeller, William Rockefeller, Henry M. Flagler, John D. Archbold, Noel Brewster, Henry H. Rogers and Wesley H. Tilford, of your city.

When you receive the governor's warrant, please execute it once and wire me, and I will come on at once.

Yours respectfully,

W. A. BURNS, Sheriff.

The sheriff intends to forward the communication to police headquarters where will take steps to put the indicted magnates in custody.

SUPT. BYRNES TAKES A HAND

No Betting Will be Allowed in the Yale-Princeton Game.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Police Superintendent Byrnes announced today that no exhibition of certainly would be permitted at the Yale-Princeton football game tomorrow. The superintendent said he would not allow the players to be the objects of pulling and pushing round each other for fun. The game will be stopped at the first exhibition of roughness.

The management of the football game will not be official no official from the superintendent of the game nor. The superintendent says that if the players are hurt, they are law-breakers, and therefore amenable to arrest. If action is taken by the police and resistance offered, the authorities at Manhattan field may witness some warlike sport.

A police official who expressed his opinion only as a citizen said it was his belief there was not the slightest chance of the game being interfered with, the superintendent was only making a "grand stand play."

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The stock market opened heavy and a fresh selling movement was started in sugar, the first report on the latest being quoted at from 85 to 86. Further losses to 83 1-8 was made, being a break of 3 1-8 per cent from Wednesday's closing price. The weakness of the stock was due to the temporary shutting down of the trust refineries.

Sugar preferred declined 1½, Tobacco 3, lead 1½, distilling 1½ and Western Union was subjected to a rain which sent the price down 1½. The general list also became weak. Sugar rules pretty steady after the early break and at noon was 1 above the lowest point.

After 1:00 no advance was recorded of 1 per cent later in trust properties, specialties. Sugar advanced 1. At close specialties were also steady.

FATAL FAMILY QUARREL.

Father, Daughter and Son-in-Law in Mortal combat.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Three people, father, daughter and son-in-law, were probably fatally shot today in a family quarrel at the home of Frederick Fromm, a carpenter at 850 North Ashland avenue. Fromm and his son-in-law, Thomas Eckhardt, after a bitter quarrel clinched and in the struggle fell to the floor. Mrs. Eckhardt, hearing that her husband would be badly beaten, got a revolver and opened fire, wounding the father. Friends wrested the revolver from her, but two bullets had her body and sent her fleeing home and there opened the attack by sending a bullet into her own head.

King of Denmark's Sister Dead.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 30.—Princess Louise, sister of the King of Denmark and sister to Queen Alexandra of Russia and of the Princess of Wales, is dead. Princess Louise was born November 19, 1819, and on August 5, 1869, was nominated sister of the convent of Ranthoe, Holstein.

ENGLAND AND NICARAGUA.

Explanation of the Treaties in the Nicaraguan Region.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—It is learned that Great Britain has instructed Nicaragua that she could not recognize certain treaties regarding land reclamation and other matters which Great Britain held, violate the treaty with Nicaragua. The statement that Great Britain intends to do good for and Nicaraguan government is absolutely positively denied. The question was not one of the sovereignty of Nicaragua over the Mosquito country which Great Britain had already acknowledged in the above mentioned treaty.

BRITISH LION ROARS.

The Movement of English War Ships Causes Excitement.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—A dispatch from Shanghai says great excitement prevails in naval circles here in consequence of the departure of the British war ships from that port under sealed orders. The presence of large British cruisers opposite the battery at Port Arthur, Korea, is considered to show that Great Britain has decided more than to forecast her arrivals in the east to obtain a voice in the settlement between Japan and China. The dispatch adds that rear are increasing that Li Hung Chang will place himself at the head of the army which he has created for his own purposes. Troops are reported to be arriving from different parts of the country to serve under Li Hung Chang.

JAPAN AND CHINA.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The Herald Tokio cables that the three commissioners of Japan to the Peking Chinese peace plenipotentiaries to negotiate for the power to demand explanation regarding Japan's ultimate objects.

The Report Denied.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 30.—There is no truth in the report from Odessa that Grand Duke Sergius, the statesman, died last Friday.

Two More Dead.

SOUTHBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 30.—Two more of the injured people injured in yesterday's accident are dead, making four. They are John Sliver, 22 years old, half uncle of William's business partner, and Vivian Sabin, aged 21.

There is little hope for the recovery of Andrew Taylor, Alfred E. Hagner and Charles Simpson.

He Was Hanged.

BERKSHIRE, Ill., Nov. 30.—Geo. Central was hanged today. He and Anna Kahn murdered the latter's husband last August. Central pleaded guilty.

THE BIRCHFIELD CASE.

Interesting Telegrams Presented in Court.

PARIS, N. D., Nov. 29.—Some telegrams, sent by Birchfield to his relative Devereaux, were sprung this morning. Birchfield in his testimony denied that he ever sent any telegrams regarding Atkinson and the other witnesses. He said the Devereaux collected the evidence and he himself did not know who the witnesses were or the character of their evidence until they appeared in court. Judge Mayhew of the Western Union was crossed to produce in court the telegrams. The first was one regarding Bailey, a Pelham business employee. Devereaux testified that Bailey would not testify for him in the Dakota. Birchfield answered that he thought Bailey was a witness against him. Devereaux, supposed to relate to Atkinson, said: "Refuse to come to see him. He indicted and subpoenaed." Birchfield answered: "Hold to Atkinson's 1st. Not indicted and expense."

Devereaux answered: "Don't pay expense by today's train." There were others of a similar character. Adjournment was made to have all the telegrams in and then Birchfield resumed. This was bitterly fought by counsel and will continue this afternoon.

Mrs. Birchfield was called to the stand and subjected to a rigid cross-examination. Among other questions by the state examiner Mrs. Birchfield was asked if she was a member of the church of Christ. The witness answered in the negative.

The Chief Justice.

Chief Justice Merritt, being somewhat indisposed, did not hold court today, but will sit tomorrow morning to hear the usual Saturday motions. The case of Barnes vs. Barnes, the hearing of which has occupied several days past, will be continued until Monday next, when Judge Merritt will charge the jury.

Will Plead December 4th.

Judge Harris this morning entered that the following defendants against whom the grand jury recently found indictments appear in court to plead December 4th: George Q. Cannon, M. Thatcher, John Kelar and Hyrum Kelly, alias Joseph; W. S. Fagan, alias Sumner; John Ott, alias Jay Sawyer and Jerome Smith.

AN ASSIGNMENT TODAY.

This Time It Is the Salt Lake Co-operative Ironworks Co.

The Salt Lake Co-operative Ironworks Co., of which Edward King is president and W. S. Morrisn secretary, this morning assigned for the benefit of its creditors, W. S. Morrisn being named as assignee. The assets are returned at $2,515.19 and total liabilities $2,[illegible]. The list is given as follows:

SCHEDULE A.

Time and labor claims (list of [illegible])	$ [illegible]
Rent and taxes	[illegible]
Iron on hand	[illegible]
Iron in process of manufacture	[illegible]
Tools and machinery, [illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

SCHEDULE B (SECURED CREDITORS).

Frank A. Conklin	[illegible]
Western Mortgage and Security Co.	[illegible]
Salt Lake Building and Loan Association	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

SCHEDULE C (UNSECURED CREDITORS).

Frank A. Conklin	[illegible]
Western Mortgage and Security Co.	[illegible]
Salt Lake Building and Loan Association	[illegible]
Frank Armstrong	[illegible]
Frank Armstrong	[illegible]
Frank Armstrong