

flowers, were ranged side by side, and on their palps were the names of the dead. Vice-president Kuhn, of the Turin Verin, read the funeral address.

**DEADWOOD, S.**—The escape of Deadwood from being totally destroyed by fire a second time, this morning, was almost miraculous. About midnight the timber on the hillside on Shoemaker Gulch caught fire from a miner's torch, and, fanned by a high wind, spread through that gulch into Black Tail, over the divide into City Creek, and Forest Hill, inside the city limits, where by the superior efforts of the firemen and citizens it was got under control with the loss of only a few cabins and some cordwood. The wind blew almost a hurricane and did considerable damage in different parts of the city. All the stores were cleared of goods, and had the fire reached the heart of the city it could have destroyed but little else but empty buildings. The wildest excitement prevailed throughout the night.

**LEAVENWORTH, Kan., S.**—In the Patti case to-day, Chas. Carples, merchant, testified: I have received a musical training from childhood; have sung several times in New York in Italian and German opera; was at the Patti concert in this city; thought Patti tipsy when she first appeared, and was in a worse condition when she came out the last time. Several persons sitting near me remarked the same thing; I still believe she was tipsy that night. A bad cold would not give a silly cast to the eye or tipsy look to the face. I talked with two members of the troupe at my store; they wished me to say nothing about the concert and said they would be glad when they got East so that they could leave the company.

**L. C. Spangler**, steward of the Planters' House, testified that during supper on the evening of the Patti concert the company drank a dozen bottles of beer and two and a half dozen bottles of claret. The whole party were very boisterous; acted as if under the influence of liquor.

**Thomas O'Neil** and **Samuel Whitson**, carpenters at the theatre, saw Patti drink repeatedly from glasses brought into the theatre and which they supposed contained liquor. Her actions indicated to them that she was intoxicated.

**ROME, S.**—In Chollis district to-day, during the election for tax receiver, M. A. Smith, bailiff, called Jasper Spence on one side to talk about the election. Smith, without warning, snatched a pistol from a by-stander and shot Spence dead. Smith and Spence had ill feelings toward each other for some time, but had settled the difficulty. A large party is hunting Smith. He will stand a poor chance, if caught.

**SAN FRANCISCO, S.**—A dispatch from Tucson, Arizona, says: To-day, Lieutenant Haskell turned over the renegade Indians which surrendered at Harker, to acting Major Chaffee of San Carlos, who will place a strong guard over them. An important military movement is now on foot to capture or crush Victoria and his band of warriors, numbering about 85, they are now in old Mexico. Gen. Tevino, with Mexican troops, marched against them with a view of forcing them to fight or flee to New Mexico. Most of the available troops in Arizona are being concentrated at Fort Bowie. General Carr, commanding the troops in the field, arrived there to-day. He and Major Morrow, of New Mexico, are co-operating with General Tevino. The Arizona troops leave at once for the line in New Mexico to intercept Victoria. Should they strike his trail he will be followed, irrespective of geographical lines, into the interior of Mexico. Victoria and his band are Mescalero Apache Indians of New Mexico, and their capture or defeat will settle the Indian question in that Territory. They have been on the war path since 1876.

**NEW YORK, S.**—Frauds on the produce exchange to the amount of \$31,000 have been discovered. The defaulter was Benjamin C. Bogert, who had been treasurer of the exchange for many years, and was a highly respected merchant in whom general confidence was felt. Bogert did not appear at the exchange or at his office after the discovery was made, and died suddenly yesterday afternoon at the house of a friend in this city. It is thought that, unable to bear his disgrace, he may have committed suicide. The disclosure of the de-

falcation was due to the determination of the finance committee of the Produce Exchange to transfer the account of the exchange from one bank to another. Bogert is supposed to have used money which he took in his private business.

The *Times* Washington special again criticises the Star route management this morning, and holds Brady to accountability. It says: The route from Fort Worth to Fort Yuma is a sample of Brady's methods in conducting the Star service. In July, '78, this route was let at \$134,000, and on Aug. 5th, Brady issued an order for faster service, and allowed the contractor \$165,000 additional compensation. The question naturally suggested is, why did not Brady advertise for the full measure of service which was necessary, instead of adding \$165,000 to the contractor's price within five weeks from the date of making the contract. On the ten routes the aggregate additional compensation allowed by Brady is over \$621,000 per annum. These 10 routes alone additional pay, which the contractors will draw, will aggregate at least \$2,000,000. What the aggregate of increase is on all the Star routes may be ascertained by a thorough investigation, but what the measure of increase to favorite contractors would be at the end of the contract period, had not public attention been directed to the Star service methods, can hardly be conjectured.

The *World* says: The people of Colorado have reason to resent the way in which a good many thoughtless persons at the east have taken up the parable of those portentous scoundrels and savages, the Utes, against them. To the people of the Colorado the Utes mean arson and murder, and crimes against humanity which make murder merciful in comparison. It may be that for all this the past Indian policy of the United States Government is really responsible, and that the Utes have been trained into villainy by villainous whites. But it is rather hard as well as rather absurd to expect that men who are building up homes for themselves and their children on our far frontiers will let their homes be burned and their families butchered in expiration of the sins of their forefathers, or of some one's else forefathers. If we as a government have made the Utes what they are, as a Government we had better get the Utes out of the way of civilized people, and begin a new experiment at making the Utes something very different from what they are, without expecting the people of Colorado to pay the price of process in such horrors and shames as humanity sickens to hear of. It is simply monstrous that the wretches who would be hanged or shot without mercy were they to perpetrate, being white men, in any sort of warfare the abominations which are the essence of Indian warfare, should be treated with on the basis of a sort of semi-theatrical nationality, simply because their skins are red. As these people live within the reach of the United States laws, they should be made to feel the restraints of those laws, not as tribes or nations, but as individuals, and dealt with as Indians.

**PORTLAND, S.**—A dispatch to the *Argus* says: The republicans propose to test the legality of the organization of the House, and bring the matter in some way before the Supreme Court, one way mentioned being by an injunction to prevent the treasurer of the State from paying the mileage and salaries of members.

It is said that Blaine had a violent fit Wednesday night brought on by overwork. Physicians were with him five hours.

Startling developments are expected when the bribery committee gets to work.

**AUGUSTA, S.**—The statement by Swann in the House to-day, relative to an attempt to bribe him is substantially the same as his affidavit with the following additional points: A reliable member of the House told him that Wallace R. White had offered him \$1,000 cash to resign as a member. The member refused to accept. He (Swann) upon hearing this consulted Secretary of State Gove and with Solon Chase drew up an affidavit (sent on Monday night) alleging the bribery by White. He then had the member intimate to White that he (Swann) would resign for \$1,000, and a meeting with White was held at the court house at 10 o'clock the next morning, and White, taking him into the car

room, showed him the following statement:

Augusta, Jan. 6.

To the Chairman of the Democrat and Greenback Caucus:

After mature deliberation I have concluded that it is my duty as a citizen to obey the laws as they are construed and decided by the Supreme Judicial Court. I cannot therefore, lend my aid to keeping out of their seats the republican representatives elect whom the Supreme Court has entitled thereto. I therefore give public notice that I will not participate in the organization of the House, being fairly and fully determined to obey the mandate of the court. To resist that mandate is revolution, destructive both to my party and the great interests of the State.

(Signed)

THOMAS B. SWANN.

He informed me that I should have to write a statement like it and sign the same, also to sign his resignation and deliver up my certificate to him. He said they should not want to use the resignation but wanted it to show that I acted in good faith, and that after the House was organized I could take my seat, and the republicans would put me upon important committees. I informed him that I would sign papers, and he said he had to get the money. He left the room and returned in about 20 minutes, and said it was all right. He then read to me and I copied in my own hand the letters to the chairman of the democratic and greenback committees. He also read the resignation which I copied. I then put said papers without my signatures into my pocket. We then counted the money and found it correct. I then signed the paper and took the money. He said he wanted some more men and wanted to know if I knew of any he could get. I told him, I thought he could get Harriman, of Kennebunk. He told me to see him and come with him at 1.30. I then left and called at the Augusta House to see if I could find Harriman, but I did not find him. I then went to the State House and found E. H. Gore and made the following statement:

I, Thomas B. Swann, in the presence of Hon. Solon Chase and Hon. E. H. Gore, make the following statement: I have this day been approached by an agent of the republican party to resign as representative, for money. I am going to take the money to-morrow, and thus show to the people the fraud and corruption of the republican party. I expect to have another party also take money for the same purpose.

(Signed) THOMAS B. SWANN.

I went to the Augusta House, where I found Harriman and told him what had taken place, and he agreed to go with me and take money and expose the fraud. I went to my dinner and then returned to the Augusta House, where I again found Harriman, and about 2 o'clock we went toward the court house. Before we reached it, I showed him White standing on the porch. White went into the building and so did Harriman. As I passed by the court house, White stuck his head out of the window of the same corner of the room and motioned to me, and I answered the motion with a nod of my head. I then went to the Granite National Bank, taking the money which White had paid me, and bought this draft on Boston. I do not claim this money, and it is subject to the order of the person who furnished it.

Swann was followed by Harriman, of Kennebunk, who displayed a roll of bills he had received, the House applauding. The Speaker called for order, declaring that such a shameful story ought not to be so received.

In an impressive manner Harriman called on God to witness the truth of his statement as to the fact and his intentions when receiving the money.

Clark, of Nobleboro, next arose and made a similar statement regarding attempts to bribe him with the promise of money and a Custom House office.

A *Herald's* special says: "It is charged that when White left Harriman in the Court House to go after the money, he was followed down State Street and seen to enter Blaine's house, and upon leaving it he went directly to the Court House."

In the House to-day a large number of remonstrances were presented by persons claiming seats in the House. D. L. Murch, of Ellsworth,

claims the seat of Eugene Hale. A committee of five was appointed to investigate the attempted bribery of members. A committee of 15 was appointed on gubernatorial votes. There was less than a quorum in the House at any time, and the session dragged, several members sending for their lunches. The House remained in continuous session, although but few members were in their seats.

In the Senate petitions were presented of John T. Wallace, Jr., Washington County, claiming a seat. The President said it had been intimated that after adjournment the Senate chamber would be taken possession of and the necessary precautions would be taken against it.

**AUGUSTA, S.**—Early this morning Mayor Chamberlin issued a general order stating that in view of the extraordinary situation now presented at the seat of government, he would assume command and protect the public property and institutions of the State, in trust for the people, until the governor's successor has been legally elected and truly qualified. By this order General Chamberlin assumes temporarily the office of governor and counselor-in-chief. The entire police force at the State House was changed this morning, those indicated by Chamberlin taking the place of those drilling there several weeks. The change was quietly made.

At the opening of the session, but one republican appeared and took his seat, Senator Lock, of Cumberland. The vote on the bribery order was reconsidered and the order was laid on the table.

All the fusionists in the House attempted to exclude all but the official reporters, but several were smuggled in. Thos. B. Swann, of Mt. Rose, read a statement that \$1,000 had been paid him not to appear at the organization of the legislature. He stated that money had been paid him by Wallace White, of Winthrop, and that he (Swann) should not claim it: Harriman, of Kennebunk, testified that the same offer had been made him by White.

**WASHINGTON, S.**—The special Senate committee, appointed to investigate the exodus for Kansas, is composed of Voorhees, Vance and Pendleton, democrats, and Windom and Blair, republicans.

**GALVESTON, S.**—A *News* special from Cambridge says: M. A. Seay, a man supposed to be insane, left the residence of J. N. Ladd, ten miles east of here, and shot Ladd dead without the least provocation. Thence he went to Samuel Tubbs' house and shot him five times; Tubbs is not expected to live. Seay then went to Logan's farm and informed Logan what he had done. Before he could be prevented, he placed a pistol to his own head and blew out his brains.

**NEW YORK, S.**—At the greenback convention in Washington, yesterday, Kearney said: "The republican party, is run by national banks directors, iron-hoofed scoundrels shod in hell, and the democratic party by their tools. These thieves and vagabonds, like other highwaymen, meet by the midnight lamp and divide the spoils. You, the mudsills and muton heads of society have been led like cattle to the slaughterhouse to vote for your own destruction. I believe in plain language and if any of you don't like it you may do the next best thing. I believe in sending the national banks and their directors to the lowest regions of hell, and if the American people had any courage they would hang John Sherman."

Rev. De La Martyr, in ministerial garb, then read a call for the national convention, to be held in Chicago, June 9th.

A delegate then moved to condemn the national authorities for not enforcing the eight hour law. "Let us all vote for this!" cried Kearney; "the crawling, creeping serpents will come to us by and by for relief." The motion was adopted.

After the meeting adjourned, Kearney made another speech, beginning by announcing his readiness to lead a gang of men to Maine to oppose any troops which might be sent there. In the course of his tirade he advocated lynch law, freely used his thread-bare adjectives, and denounced John Sherman as a thief who would steal the coppers off a dead man's eyes and then kick the corpse because they were not silver. "Fill my belly with potatoes," said he, "and I am a man. Give me a dol-

lar based on a potato or cabbage that will sustain life, and not a bit of gold to stick in a woman's ears or a man's tooth." At the close he dealt with the Chinese question and the provisions in relation to it in the new constitution of California. "If the United States meddles with that constitution," he cried, "we will lop off California and form a solid West, and with a solid South, we will whip the devil out of New England."

The *Herald* says: Superintendent Palmer, of the Maple Grove Cemetery, where the body of Count Johannes is buried, received information on Wednesday that \$500 had been offered for the head and brain of the Count, and that an attempt was to be made to steal the body some night during the week. On that night Palmer and one of his laborers kept watch, and three men were detected in the cemetery in a secluded part, evidently waiting for a favorable opportunity to begin the work of exhumation, which would not have required more than two hours' time. The men went out of the cemetery and down the railroad track as Palmer and his assistant approached their hiding place. On Thursday five men visited the cemetery during the day, and paid particular attention to that part of the grounds in which the late Count's grave is located, and that night Palmer kept four men on guard.

**WHEELING, W. Va., S.**—Kanovala Valley miners are in a state bordering on insurrection. The military has been called out to preserve order.

**AUGUSTA, S.**—There is talk tonight of a compromise suggested by the fusionists, but it meets with no favor from the republicans, who are more compactly united than ever. Their conference meeting, this afternoon, showed them a unit, with a determination to stand together and not suffer the least break in their lines. The policy they have adopted is perfectly peaceful. The more impulsive are in favor of taking possession of the State House at once by force of arms. This does not meet with any favor from the leaders. The leading men of both parties remain in the city for the present.

A letter has been received by a fusionist from A. P. Gould, the substance is as follows:

"Say to all, that in my opinion a governor and council should be chosen before action is taken on filling any vacancy. I also think the opinion of the judges should be entirely disregarded. We must hold the State government at all events, if it can possibly be done fairly. Let not a republican be seated in either house if he can be excluded upon legal grounds."

**BOSTON, S.**—An Augusta special to the *Journal* says: In the House, when called to order, there were but 54 men in their seats, the republicans being all absent. Visitors were admitted by ticket from Gen. Chamberlin's office. At 20 minutes past 9, the House adjourned until Monday at 10 o'clock.

The Senate adjourned at 11 until Monday.

A resolve was passed providing for a committee on State valuation. Mr. Lock objected to such appointment when the cities were not represented.

There are said to be some 100 stand of arms concealed in a large storage room connected with the State Library and a guard of some 6 to 10 men armed with muskets is placed over them. Mayor Nash objects to these men remaining around in such a manner while the police force is on duty, and is in consultation with Gen. Chamberlin in regard to their removal.

#### ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following animals:

One gray mare MULE, about 15 years old, branded on left hip M H.

One bull CALF, white under belly and on bush of tail, no marks or brands visible.

If said animals are not claimed and taken away within ten days will be sold at public auction on Saturday, Jan. 24, 1880, at 2 p.m. at the estray pound at Henneferville, Summit Co.

WILLIAM H. BATCHELOR, District Poundkeeper, Henneferville, Jan. 10, 1880.

#### ESTRAY NOTICE

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals:

One yellow MARE, 14 years old, branded on left thigh J J 3 vented, also on left shoulder a Spanish brand, both hind feet white; she has a yellow yearling Horse Colt, left hind foot white; also a sucking Colt.

If said animals are not claimed before Jan. 10, 1880, they will be sold at public auction to the highest responsible bidder. Sale at 10 o'clock a.m.

SAMUEL BATEMAN, District Poundkeeper, West Jordan, Gardner's Mill, January 9, 1880.