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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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PACIFIC COAST DISPATCHES.

Notorious Woman Punished—Horse

Hawes' Will Judge Tyler and Chief

of Police—Stock Sales—Steam Whistle

—Escorted Shower—Chief Stock to

Portland—Valley Chief—Horse

and English Capitulation—Quarrel with

Chinamen.

SAN FRANCISCO, 17.—Judge Hawes

this morning sentenced the notorious

Cora Lee, the keeper of the house in

which girls of 13 and 15 years of age

were prostituted, to pay a fine of \$200

or go to jail 100 days. This was done

on her promise to quit her business as

once and remove from the neighbor-

hood. She paid up the fine.

The trial of the Horace Hawes' con-

tented will case attracts much atten-

tion. The opinion is freely expressed

outside the court that the will is already

as good as broken. It was expected to-

day that the testator, who was the

most harrowing suspicion of conspira-

cies against him, believed that his wife

was attempting to poison him, and

that she would steal his little daughter

and take her to the coast. He was

declared that he was desirous of the

whole world at intervals for years be-

fore his death, and otherwise conduct-

ed himself like a madman. He charged

his wife with infidelity and doubted

the paternity of his children at times,

and one witness this afternoon swore

that he offered to make her independ-

ent if she would steal his little daughter

from the custody of his wife. The

drift of the evidence is to the effect that

he was a monomaniac, although per-

fectly sane and sane on most

subjects.

The matter between Judge Tyler

and chief of police Crowley in which

the former was arrested has been set-

tled outside of court and the case dis-

missed.

Weather cool and clear, wind light,

north. Stock sales in San Francisco

at the board last week took up only

\$2,221,000. Business in the port is un-

usually dull; only some half dozen ves-

sels being loaded for foreign ports.

On and after the 25th inst., a steamer

for which or trumpet will be sounded

at intervals of twenty-five seconds at

point Arinas, with a light during foggy

weather.

A brilliant meteoric shower of five

minutes duration in the southern hemi-

sphere occurred at half-past one o'clock

this morning.

One hundred head of choice blooded

stock, horned cattle, sheep and pigs

were shipped to Portland, Oregon, by

the Oregonian.

The Sacramento valley reclamation

company has levied an assessment of

three dollars a share.

The Panama steamer to-day carried

\$130,000 in treasure and \$250,000 in mer-

chandise.

The steamer Debutant is being refitted

in New York for the Australian mail.

Raymond & Ely to-day paid out \$130,

000 in dividends to stockholders and

carried away a heavy surplus.

SANTA ROSA, 17.—The Chavesdale

his officers and in praise of the seawor-

thiness of the steamer. She will be

laid up several days for repairs.

The schooner Willard, while crossing

the bar at Tallmadge, caught in the

breakers. The cabin was carried away,

her wheel broken, her tiller parted,

but she succeeded in getting into har-

bor.

VARIOUS.

A Bavarian representative wants un-

derstanded clergyman prosecuted.

Gambetta's proposed speech on public

affairs creating interest.

Up to noon yesterday Prince Alexis

had not come to hand.

The Pope consents to consecrate a

chapel at Lyons, the private property

of Victor Emmanuel.

A number of prominent Wall Street

brokers are to be witnesses in the Plank-

Mansfield case to-day.

The hands of the Hamilton chair fac-

tory at New York had a desperate fight

in which one man was killed and

several were wounded.

Extensive labor strikes have been

connected with London, with exten-

sive ramifications through the kingdom.

They are known to be ordered from

abroad.

THE HAWKINS CASE IN UTAH.

We have read the charges of Judge

McKean to the jury in the Haw-

kins case in Salt Lake City, and a more

impudent dodging of the question than

it exhibits we have rarely seen, even

in the pleading of a third-rate pettifog-

ger.

The laws, be it remembered, of which

this is a part, are the laws of a poly-

gamy community, intended to be in

harmony with their peculiar beliefs and

institutions.

We are aware that an apologetic at-

tempt has been made by Judge McKean

and his advocates to blunt the force of

this fact by pleading that the Territo-

rial act against adultery was approved

March 5th, 1852, while the revelation of

the polygamy of the Mormons was not

made till August 26th, 1852. This fee-

ble attempt to palliate the injustice of

the present persecution amounts to no

thing, except as showing the straits to

which the persecutors are driven in de-

fiance of their tyrannous and high-hand-

ed policy. Everybody knows that poly-

gamy was practiced and defended by

the Mormons long before 1852.

The first part of Judge McKean's

charge is a quibbling attempt to show

that the fact that the men who framed

the law were polygamists, makes no

difference as to the intent of the pro-

vision, inasmuch as it has often been

the case that law-makers have violated

their own laws. Suppose, says this mod-

ern dogberry, that King Henry the

Eighth, who was a licentious adulter-

er, had signed an act of Parliament

against adultery, would it be said he

meant no such thing because of his own

character?

Or suppose a Legislature, five-sevenths

of whom were gamblers, should pass a

law against gambling, would it be said

that the law was void because the law-

givers were gamblers? No, it would be

said that the law was valid, and that

the gamblers who made it were no more

exempt from the penalties because their

practice might indicate a different in-

tention.

In all this pettifoggery and parlie-

sophy, and throughout his charge, the

Judge does not once refer to the one

pertinent and notorious fact, that in all

Christian teaching, and in all the legisla-

tion by the people of the world, which is

judicially bound, polygamy is in no in-

stance set down as involving adultery.

Here was the only essential point;

and, silly as the Judge has shown him-

self, not only in this charge, but in his

incoherent address to Hawkins, and in

his remarks on the bailing of Mayor

Wells, he must have known that the

charge against Hawkins was a mere

trick of the law, and that the law was

the one great question which was the

pivot on which the whole prosecution

ought to turn, the question, namely,

whether polygamy, in a polygamous

community, and practiced openly and

with religious rites, could be branded by

any honest judge as adultery?

Will any intelligent Christian ven-

ture to say that polygamy is adultery?

First, let him read his Bible and learn

Much of this immediate persecution

of the Mormons no doubt arises from

the vague hope of certain land-thieves

that the Mormons will quit Utah, and

leave their pleasant homes to those gen-

tleman who may first walk into the va-

cated houses and hang up their hats.

But probably the present raid is still

more largely prompted by that same

old spirit of bigotry which lighted the

fires of the inquisition—which arrayed,

and still arrays, Catholics against Pro-

testants, and Protestants against Cath-

olics—and which says to the disenter,

"Think as I do, or disappear from the

face of the earth."

Such is the brutal, intolerant spirit

which now, under the inspiration of

Judge McKean and his jury, is ram-

pant in the minds of a contemptible

minority of the people of Utah to-

ward the large majority who have done

the great work of settling and peopling

the country and making the wilderness

blossom. "Think as we do, or prepare

for another blood-bath like that of

from Nauvoo." Such is the temper of

much of the exultation elicited both

among the "Gentiles" of Utah and of

the rest of the Union. Such is the

spirit that could provoke a riot and a

sentence like those of Judge McKean

and his jury—so flagrantly in viola-

tion of all law.

Unless we would repeat over and

over again in this free and grand

America—in this stupendous arena of

liberty, of individualism, and of right

—the same "dull, dismal, damnable old

story" of persecution for opinion's sake,

which stains the annals of the old

world, let us cry *Hold to the land*, the

thieves, the — jurists, and imbecile

judges, who would strain the laws of

Utah in the service of bigotry, unchar-

itableness, and wrong. The cause of

the Mormons is now the cause of free-

dom and of justice.

We may be sure that the poisoned

chalice will be some day returned to

our own lips if we stand tamely by

and see our Mormon brethren persecut-

ed and crushed out in violation of law

and of liberty. Under the constitution

of the United States there is no power

to prevent any State from establishing

or abolishing such marriage laws as it

may please, so long as they do not vi-

olate the principles of republican free-

dom and civilization. However, we

may deplore the existence of polygamy

we have no right to say that it shall

not exist in a State where the majority

of the men and women desire it. The

general government has just as much

right to persecute the people of Illinois

and Indiana because of their liberal

divorce laws, as to persecute the peo-

ple of Utah because of their religious

and social notions on the subject of mar-

riage.

Let us then cherish a broad and

Catholic policy toward all men, how-

ever much they may differ from our

opinion and in practice—*Banner of Light*.

THE TWO MOST SUCCESSFUL,

Popular and Perfect

COOKING MACHINES

Of the Period are our Well Known

CHARTER OAK

STOVES

AND

EPICURUS BROILERS!

Both are of