THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED, AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

Thursday, - - August 27, 1874.

DAVID O. CALDER,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Governor of Tennessee offers a reward of $500 each for the arrest of the Trenton jail breakers, and the same sum for the arrest of each of the murderers of a colored school mistress.

The steamer *City of Guatemala*, foundered some time since off the Bahamas, has become a total wreck.

The Fenians are holding their thirteenth annual convention, in New York City; their object is to effect a closer union between the Fenians of Ireland and of the United States.

Yesterday morning, burglars entered the house of John Ricks, in Chicago, and fatally shot him.

The body of George Wolf was found in the lake, at Chicago, last night, the marks thereon indicating that he had been robbed and murdered before being thrown in.

At Shasta, Cal., two persons were hanged yesterday, one named Baker, twenty-six years old, for the murder of George Kline, a mail rider, last December; the other, named Crouch, eighteen years of age, for the murder of Mrs. Radler, last January. Crouch was an ignorant half breed.

The big strike, at Belfast, Ireland, of the forty thousand workmen in the linen mills, is over, the hands having resumed work at lower wages.

The Democratic State Convention, at Columbus, O., yesterday, passed a resolution disapprovnig of a third term for President of the United States.

A Cuban general, and the editor of a Spanish paper published in New York, fought a duel in Paris, a day or two since, the result being the editor fatally wounded.

A large German exporting firm suspended in New York, yesterday; liabilities half a million. Assets half that amount.

A reign of terror is said to prevail among the blacks and whites in that portion of Tennessee where the negroes were taken from prison and killed, as related in yesterday's telegrams.

The American base ball players beat the Irish, very easily.

Prest. McMahon reached Paris at midnight last night.

Some Carlist leaders have been at Port Vendres, on the frontier. The Carlists had false passports. They are now in prison.

A Paris telegram says that during some excavations, recently, at Amboise, the body of Leonarda da Vinci, the great Italian painter, was discovered in perfect preservation; Da Vinci died in May 1519.

Territorial Governors and Officers.

Opinion of U. S. Solicitor General Phillips, upon Gubernatorial Powers as to Removing or Suspending Territorial Officers.

[*Published by Courtesy of Hon. Z. Snow.*]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
July 24th, 1874.

His Excellency, Edward M. McCook, Governor of Colorado:

SIR:—In accordance with the direction of the Attorney-General, I have considered and herewith reply to the question put in your letter of the 6th inst. addressed to the President, *i. e.*: Whether, as Governor of Colorado, you possess the power to remove or suspend Territorial officers for cause, or under any circumstances. In this connection it is necessary to consider that public officers *hold* either (1) *during good behavior*, or (2) *for a term of years*, or (3) *during pleasure*. Even where they hold for a term there is an implied condition that they be of good behavior during the same, or otherwise be ousted before it expires.

In either of the cases first named "good behavior" is a question of law, to be decided by whatever tribunal has jurisdiction thereof. Ordinarily, the right of an incumbent to his office is a judicial question, and therefore is to be decided by a court. Hoke *vs.* Henderson, 4 Dev. 1.

Impliedly a Governor has no power to decide it. Vail *vs.* Draper, 48 Mo. 213. Such power may be conferred upon him by an *express* provision of the law, *i. e.*, either by constitution or, where that is silent and consenting, by act of assembly.

In the third class, mentioned above, a power of removal at pleasure is vested in the officers or body vested with the power of appointment. This seems to be well established American constitutional law. Story Const. sec. 1537. Ex parte Hennen, 13 Peters 225; also 5 Sergeant and Rawle 451, 24 Texas 253, 6 Caldwell 486, 44 Mississippi 352, Deady 204.

In general, therefore, the Governor of a Territory can remove only such officers as have been *duly appointed by the Governor to hold at pleasure*. He has no power to remove officers appointed during pleasure by others than the governor, unless the organic law, or, in some cases at least, the Territorial law, expressly so authorizes him. He cannot remove officers whose tenure is for a term of years, unless so authorized by the organic law or, in some cases, by the Territorial law.

I have looked through the organic and Territorial law of Colorado without being able to find that special powers of removing public officers are vested in the Governor.

The auditor and the treasurer, mentioned by you, are officers created by a Territorial statute, and appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Council, to hold for two years (Organic Act s. 7 and Rev. Stat. 1867 ch. 9, s. 1). They are therefore not removable by the Governor.

I presume that the above statement of principles is all that is necessary to guide your Excellency and therefore will not detain you by a specific application of them to each of the officials of the Territory.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) S. F. PHILLIPS,
Solicitor General.

IMPECUNIOUS KANSAS.

BLEEDING Kansas goes a begging for a few rifles and cartridges to defend herself from the Indians. She asks her venerated uncle for a small advance on account, a mere trifle of 2,000 carbines and 100,000 cartridges, and uncle looks serious, closes his teeth firmly, and says no, because the applicant has not paid for the last 500 carbines and 50,000 cartridges he supplied. So poor, poverty-stricken Kansas must defend herself as best she can with the 500 carbines already drawn but not paid for, or apply to some other quarter for a loan.

What a thing it is to have neither carbines nor cartridges in sufficiency, nor money nor credit to procure more with? No wonder that the Benders are still at large. No wonder that sons of insolvent and creditless Kansas run over to solve it and creditful Utah to endeavor to make a raise, and, if they can't raise money or credit, to "raise h—l." But if the majority of the Kansans are of no better a class of humanity than certain of them that have stolen over here, there can be no wonder at all why Kansas does not pay her debts, and why she can't have any more credit extended to her, not even in the exigency of an Indian invasion. Some of her representatives here cannot be trusted out of sight, and they need to be sharply looked after while they are in sight. If people wish to have credit, they must do things worthy of credit.

POSTAL CARDS.

ACCORDING to the *Journal of the* (Philadelphia) *Franklin Institute*, the idea of postal cards is attributed to Dr. Emanuel Hermann, professor in the Vienna Military Academy.

They were introduced in England in 1870, price one half-penny. Their average circulation has risen to 1,500,000 a week. The number of letters posted has increased notwithstanding. In 1870 863,000,000 letters were carried in Britain, and in 1871 the number was 915,000,000.

The cards were first used in Germany in July, 1870, at one groschen (2½ cents), the same as letter postage. The price of the cards was reduced one half, July 1, 1872. The letters posted in 1870 were 205,000,000, those in 1871 numbered 240,000,000.

In Switzerland the cards were introduced Oct. 1, 1870, at five centimes (one cent). In 1871 the cards sent were 1,713,710. The letter post increased from 20,478,844 in 1870 to 25,563,351 in 1871.

Belgium had cards July 1, 1871, at the same price as in Switzerland. The system was first local, afterward general. The letter post has steadily increased.

Germany, Switzerland and Belgium have double postage cards, prepaid card attached for the answer.

Norway has had cards since Jan. 7, 1872, first sold at nine skillings (2.9 cents), afterwards at two skillings for use in the same postal district. Results generally satisfactory.

In Sweden the cards were first sold at twelve ore (3½ cents), afterwards at ten ore (2.8 cents).

In Denmark the cards were adopted April 1, 1871. Price of general card four shillings (2.4 cents), of district card half that price.

The cards were introduced in Russia Jan. 1, 1872. Price of general card five kopecks (4 cents), of district card three kopecks (2.4 cents).

In Austria the cards were adopted in 1869, and sold at two kreutzens (1 cent.) the first year 8,000,000 cards were sold.

Spain, Greece, Portugal and Italy are to have postal cards. Of the powers of Europe, Turkey alone cannot see the advantages of the postal system.

Postal cards were introduced in France about two years ago. They are sold at five centimes (1 cent).

THE ARKANSAS TRAEELLER.—Most of the papers we lay hold of have something about the "Arkansas Traveller," so we say a word about him to get rid of the subject, that it may not be poked in our face all the time.

According to the Little Rock *Gazette*, Col. Sandy Faulkner died at that place Aug. 4. He was born at Georgetown, Scott County, Ky., March 3, 1804, went to Arkansas in 1829, settled in Chicot County, on the Mississippi, as a cotton planter, and took up his residence at Little Rock in 1869.

Col. Faulkner was the original personator of the "Arkansas Traveller," of which fact he was proud.

The *Gazette* says—

"The story, it is said, was founded on a little incident which occurred in the campaign of 1840, when he made the tour of the State in company with A. H. Sevier, Governor Fulton, Chester Ashley and Governor Yell. One day, in the Boston Mountains, the party approached a squatter's, for information of the route; and Colonel 'Sandy' was made spokesman of the company, and it was upon his witty responses the tune and story were founded. On the return to Little Rock, a grand banquet was given in the famous 'bar-room' which used to stand near the Anthony House, and Colonel 'Sandy' was called on to play the tune and tell the story. When he subsequently went to New Orleans the fame of the 'Arkansas Traveller' had gone before him, and at a banquet, amid clinking glasses and brilliant toasts, he was handed a violin by the then Governor of Louisiana, and requested to favor them with the favorite Arkansas tune. At the old St. Charles Hotel a special room was devoted to his use, bearing in gilt letters over the door, 'Arkansas Traveller.'"

A NEW USE FOR GLASS.—The Wheeling, Va., *Standard* reports a new use for glass. It says, "The Kirkwood glass works are getting up a plane for coopers' use, which gives promise of being a success. Other kinds of carpenters' planes and tools are to be made and they expect to substitute glass in many which have formerly been made of wood."

AN INDIAN APPLE ORCHARD.—A correspondent, from Lee County, Iowa, of an eastern paper gives an account of an apple orchard growing in the midst of the forest, on the bank of the Mississippi, above Montrose. An old settler, who resided in this locality before Black Hawk and other noted Indian chiefs left, says—

"The honor of planting these trees lies between the Chiefs Black Hawk and Keokuk, and their respective tribes. St. Louis being the central trading point of the 'Far West' at that time, these tribes of Indians had to go there to procure supplies of General Clark, who was acting as agent of Indian Affairs at that point.

"Between the year 1795 and 1798, Red Wing, then a famous young chief, on his return from St. Louis, spent a few days at St. Charles, Mo., then a small settlement, now a flourishing city. While there he was given a few apples to eat, which he seemed to enjoy very much, and asked for some of the trees. One of the settlers procured some twenty-five young sprouts, and carefully covered the roots, and gave him the necessary instruction in planting them. These he carried a distance of one hundred miles to his home and planted around his wigwam. Black Hawk gave this as the 'true origin of the trees.' They are one hundred years old, and from present appearances will live the balance of this century."

HOW TO DRAW BONDS.—A New York paper says that it is alleged with respect to a certain railroad in Arkansas, that in order to realize the State aid the company built a section of ten miles, drew the bonds thereon, took up the rails and relaid them on the next section, and drew another installment of bonds, and so on, till its whole quota of bonds had been drawn, and no road built—the venal State authorities conniving at and probably participating in the fraud.

That is a strange statement, but it seems to be fairly indicative of the corruption in high places that is gnawing like the canker at the vitals of the nation and eating out its life. It is the sort of thieving trickery we should be likely to see in Utah if the carpet-baggers had their way.

TOO INTIMATE.—The Cleveland *Leader* has a dispatch from Washington that says the new secret service system will require its chief to be located in Washington, that agents of the service will be assigned to certain districts in which to operate, and that from time to time they will be transferred from one district to another, so that they may not become too friendly with counterfeiting gangs, as an intimate acquaintance with counterfeiters leads to bad results.

This is a deliciously cheerful confession. It really does seem that American official life has become peculiarly susceptible to corrupting influences, that this susceptibility is extending itself to the people, and that if all these things be not effectually checked the decline and fall of this great republic is not very far distant.

WHIPPED BY WOMEN.—The following, from a western paper, is too good to lose—

"NEWARK, N. J., August 23.—At 10 p. m. last night Miss Teresa Tighe, accompanied by her mother, on her way home between East Newark and Kerney, was knocked down by a man, McGrath, whose intentions were obvious. A determined resistance by both women prevented him accomplishing his purpose, but ten minutes later a cry was heard further up the road, and on hastening to the spot it was found that he had violently assaulted a Mrs. Ritter. She successfully resisted him until the arrival of Mrs. Tighe and her daughter, when the women gave him a sound thrashing and then handed him over to an officer."

That is a good way to serve rascals of that class. Mercy or leniency is thrown away upon them. They richly deserve all the punishment they get for their villainy.

OFFICE-SEEKING PRESSURE.—An exchange says that a strong pressure is being brought to bear upon Gen. Spinner for the appointment of five ladies in his office as assistants, and that some members of Congress have hinted to the General that unless he appoints their proteges, he will find it difficult to obtain appropriations for his office.

That's the way, Mr. Spinner, unless you give your appointments to our friends, we will stop your supplies. That's the language of political corruptionists, carpet-baggers, and like scum.

A RICH MINE.—The Arizona *Miner*, of August 22, reports a claim of Storrer Bros., on a ledge in Sacoton District, south of the Gila River, a specimen of which, as large as a billiard ball, was composed mainly of silver. The streak from which it was taken is eight inches thick and has yielded at the rate of $15,000 of silver to the ton. Storrer Bros. were sending a ton to San Francisco, which ought to yield $20,000.

A HUMAN WHIPPLE TREE.—As Mr. Mosher was driving "Joe Ripley," on the last day of the races at Lowell, and had reached the half-mile pole, one of the traces broke. The driver reached down and secured the end of the trace, keeping his horse down to its work, acting as the other end of the whipple-tree throughout the heat, and winning it in 2.39½.

REGISTERED PACKAGE ENVELOPES.—A new design for a registered package envelope has been adopted by the Post-Office department. The new envelope is of the same size, is red edged and lettered, and has a peculiar fastening intended to prevent the package from being opened by unauthorized persons without detection. Proposals for one year's supply (6,000,000) of these envelopes will be opened on the 28th inst.—*Washington Star*, Aug. 20.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

EASTERN.

Burglary and Murder.

CHICAGO, 27.—Early yesterday morning, burglars entered the house of John Ricks, at the corner of Harrison and Hoyne streets, and being discovered by Ricks, one of them shot him through the breast, inflicting a fatal wound.

Last evening the body of George Wolf was found in the lake, with such marks of violence as leave no doubt that he was robbed and murdered and thrown into the water.

A Total wreck.

NEW YORK, 27.—The *City of Guatemala* is at length a total wreck. The cargo has been saved and taken to Nassau. That portion uninjured by water was appraised Aug. 17, and the remainder had already been sold. The salvage awarded to the wreckers is 22½ per cent. on the dry portions.

Dead — Pardoned — Discharged and Re-Arrested—Fenians in Convention.

Prof. Pierre Blot, the famous canary artist, died yesterday at his residence in Jersey City.

Governor Dix has pardoned Christian Mayer, who was sent to prison for participating in the Tompkin's Square labor disturbance.

Theophile George Kurstein, arrested on Tuesday, charged with absconding from Culm, Germany, with 180,000 thalers, belonging to the bank of that city, and other property, was yesterday discharged from custody as far as that case was concerned, no instructions having been received from Germany, and the German Consul General making no application for his arrest. Kerstein was immediately re-arrested on a supreme court order, on the complaint of a man here, who charges him with swindling him out of $5,000 in Culm in November last, and was committed to jail.

The thirteenth annual convention of the Fenian Brotherhood, which opened on Tuesday, was resumed yesterday; more than one hundred delegates were present, including some of the most prominent Fenians in the United States. The object of the convention is to seek a close union between the Fenians of this country and those of Ireland. The convention will be in session until Saturday next.

Rioters to be Arrested—Reward for Prison Breakers and Murderers.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., 27.—Governor Brown sent the following telegram to the sheriff of Gibson county at 12 o'clock last night:

"Nashville, Aug. 26.

"I have no direct information of your troubles, but it is reported here, on the authority of press dispatches, that riots are imminent in your county. If this be true, it is your duty to summon a posse of your best citizens and preserve the peace by dispersing the rioters and preventing collisions, but in such manner and by such means, if possible, as to avoid bloodshed. Keep me advised of the state of things, and I will render you all necessary assistance to uphold the law and protect society. I have offered a reward of $500 each for the jail breakers, and invoke your aid and that of all good citizens to bring all the law breakers to punishment.

"JOHN C. BROWN,
"Governor."

The Governor also issued a proclamation offering five hundred dollars reward each for the Trenton jail breakers and for the two murderers of Julia Hayden, the colored school teacher, of Trousdale county.

WESTERN.

Baker and Crouch.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—John E. Baker, executed at Shasta, yesterday, for the murder of Geo. Kline, confessed the homicide before trial, but claimed that he acted in self-defense. He robbed his victim of a large sum of money. Charles Crouch murdered Mrs. Padler, and burned the body; he would make no statement on the scaffold, and was an ignorant half-breed.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Belfast Strike Over.

LONDON, 27.—The *Daily News* announces that the strike at Belfast is ended, and that all the operatives, forty thousand in number, have resumed work in the factories at reduced wages.

Correspondence.

Abundant Crops—Success of the U. O.

HEBRON, Aug. 20, 1874.

Editor Deseret News:

Our crops this season, particularly of small grain, are much more abundant than ever before, which is attributable to two causes—one the greater abundance of water, but the other and main one the establishment of the United Order, by which means we have been able to control the waters of Shoal Creek to better advantage and with less confusion than ever before. As this place, on account of the scarcity of water and abundance of grass, is better adapted to grazing than farming purposes, our crops in consequence are not so abundant as they are in some other parts of the Territory. Still, we think that with the blessings of the Almighty we shall raise sufficient grain this season to supply home consumption.

The United Order is quite popular here and is in a prosperous condition. In fact all our business is done under its direction. We have, aside from our farming operations, two dairies in successful operation, where a very good article of cheese and butter is manufactured. We have also a brick yard in operation, where an excellent article of brick is manufactured. Altogether affairs seem to be in a prosperous condition. J. S. HUNTSMAN.

English Conservatism.

A London correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* gives the following excellent summary of the character of the British people:

They are conservative both in heart and mind—prone neither to malevolence nor enthusiastic admiration. They are slow, but their slowness often proves beneficent than baneful. Their disposition is equally removed from a blind bigotry and obstinate adherence to injurious practices on the one hand and a spirit of rash innovation on the other. Startling novelties of doctrine find as little favor in their eyes as hoary abuses, and vice versa. They are wedded to monarchy, but history shows that they are ready to throw off monarchy whenever it prostitutes its powers and becomes an engine of oppression and wrong. They love royalty, but they love the rights of Englishmen more; and whenever the issue is made, will sacrifice the former to the latter. Their ancient constitution is not written upon parchment, but upon their hearts, and when the parchments of other countries shall shrivel in the blaze of party passion, the principles of human freedom will find a refuge in the bosom of this little rock girt island. We first got *magna charta* from here, and I fear we will have to look again to the same spot to find the best guardians of its principles.

Were it not too humiliating I might institute another comparison which would present the administration of Gen. Grant in a most unfavorable light. No one who watches the wise policy pursued by England wherever her interests are concerned can question for a moment that if Louisiana were a province of hers, instead of an oppressed and plundered dependency of the United States, it would long since have had a legal and benevolent government which represented the wishes and interests of the people; and instead of so luxuriant a section being a desolation it would be a rich and unfailing source of revenue, and New Orleans one of the greatest commercial centers of the western hemisphere. Many citizens of that State are now living in this country, enjoying that repose and seeking that prosperity which is denied to them at home. Such is the difference between quack and genuine statesmanship—between a government that guards and promotes the welfare of its citizens, and one that is degraded by partisanism into an agent of oppression and torture. The worst type of partisanism is that which makes people forget their own interests.

A Curious Stasistical Fact.

There are in France five millions six hundred and seventy-one thousand smokers of tobacco.

The consumption of each smoker is annually, upon an average, nine pounds and a half, English weight, which, at one dollar a pound, amounts to $53,874,500. This large sum is exclusive of the cost of the snuff and chewing-tobacco, the retail sale of which, as well as of the smoking tobacco, constitutes a monopoly and belongs to the French government.

Of every fifteen smokers it is computed that eight smoke the pipe, five cigars, and two cigarettes.

The whole annual consumption of cigarettes for France is estimated at 294 thousand millions, or 805 millions every day, 33 millions every hour, 559,000 every minute, and 9,323 every second.

Finally all these cigarettes, being placed end to end, would extend the length of 2,057,930 kilometres, that is to say 514 times the circumference of our globe.

LOUIS A. BERTRAND.

DIED.

In this city, August 26th, after a short illness, JOHN BARTON.

Born at Winstanly, Lancashire, England, February 23rd, 1806.

Funeral services at residence, 14th Ward, next house east of Brother Jesse W. Fox, surveyor, at 1 p.m., Friday, August 28th. Friends of the family are invited.

Millennial Star, please copy.

ARRIVALS.

TAYLOR'S HOTEL, Aug 25.

H W Lee, George Atkin, Tooele City; A G Reynolds, Alta City; Ben W Driggs, C F Randall, Jordan; E Bouck, Corinne; W H Monhard, San Francisco; H Booth, Dry Canyon; A James and friend, Ogden; W A Drew; C A Herman; Ed Little, San Francisco; J Williams, Alta.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession:

One red STEER, two years old past, no brand visible, tip off each ear looks like having been frozen off, brockle face, white on each hip and white in left flank.

If not claimed and taken away within ten days, from date, will be sold at public auction.

JOSEPH GIBBS,
District Poundkeeper.
Kaysville, August 25th, 1874. ds&wlc

NOTICE.

HAVING SOLD MY INTEREST IN THE Lumber Business in Salt Lake City to the SIERRA NEVADA LUMBER ASSOCIATION, I wish to extend to this community my sincere thanks for liberal patronage, and take pleasure in recommending the above Association to all who may have occasion to give them a call.

Most respectfully,

d332 3t THOMAS R. JONES.

SIERRA NEVADA LUMBER ASSOCIATION.

HAVING PURCHASED THE LUMBER business of

T. R. Jones and the California Lumber Company, owned by Bryant Brothers,

We respectfully give notice to the citizens of Utah that we intend to keep on hand a

Large and Well-Selected Stock of

BUILDING MATERIALS

CONSISTING OF

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Doors, Windows, Blinds, Etc., Etc., Etc.

With our present facilities for manufacturing, we are prepared to receive and furnish on the shortest notice all orders for any material in our line at a Small Advance on First Cost and Freight.

☞ We are also Agents for the celebrated A. M. Jewell & Co. WOOD PUMPS and Water Pipes, which we can furnish in any quantity.

SIERRA NEVADA LUMBER ASSOCIATION,
Half a Block South of Depot.
THOS. R. JONES, AGENT.
P. O. Box 676. d332 tf

BIG COTTONWOOD

Stage Line,

MONDAYS,
Wednesdays and Fridays,
Starting from
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S
OFFICE
At Seven A. M.

SOL. KIRKHAM, *Proprietor.*
d206 tf

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.

THE Office of SHERIFF S. W. TAYLOR is at the COURT HOUSE.

Parties wishing to do so can leave papers for him at the City Hall with Captain Burt.
d224 tf

TAYLOR & CUTLER

In consequence of increasing business have added

The Store adjoining their present commodious establishment.

They have filled the new room with a new and large supply of

LADIES' FANCY GOODS.

—ALSO—

Gent's, Ladies' and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES

In Great and Choice Varieties.

Making their Stock of General Merchandise

VERY COMPLETE,

Which they are DETERMINED TO SELL as

Low as any House in Utah,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ *Goods Delivered in the City Free of Charge.*

FITS CURED.

C. W. HIGGINS, M.D.,
Microscopic and Analytic Physician.

DR. H. makes a specialty of FITS, Cancers, Deafness, Sore Eyes and Tape Worms, all kinds of Worms. All cases warranted. Dr. H. makes a specialty of

CHRONIC DISEASES,

And by a Microscopical examination of the blood and urine he will tell you at once the nature of your disease, and then, if you wish, he will deal out to you the proper scientific remedies. ☞ Every case warranted.

OFFICE, SECOND DOOR NORTH OF WALKER HOUSE. d218

UTAH SALT.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO FILL ALL orders for

Fine and Coarse SALT,

In Large or Small Quantities,

Put up to suit purchasers.

Address GEO. NEBEKER,
P. O. Box 1134,
d211 6w Salt Lake City.

TO RENT.

THE "MOCH HOUSE," first house east of the City Hall, two stories and basement, containing 22 rooms. Gas in the house, and a well of good water adjoining. Will rent all or part, apply on the premises.
d291 tf

BATHS!

WARM SPRING BATHS.

Private and Plunge.

THESE CELEBRATED BATHS ARE open to the public at all seasons. Their medicinal properties are so widely known that it is needless to enumerate them.

Besides the Private Baths, the large and handsomely furnished **Plunge Baths**, for Ladies and Gentlemen, are now open.

d304 1y H. ARNOLD.

Dr. PLANT,

LICENSED HERBALIST

He who Cures is the Best Physician.

DR. PLANT'S HERBAL Medicine Stores,

No. 6 Market Row,

SALT LAKE CITY.

All Diseases speedily and effectually cured with Herbs, Roots, Chips, Barks, Leaves, Powders, Gums, Balsams, Tinctures, &c., by E. L. PLANT, who may be consulted daily at the above address.

In cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Declines, Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Nervous Affections, Disordered Stomach, Sick Headache, Piles, Scurvy, Ulcerated Legs, Gathered Breasts, Lumbago, Diarrhœa, Boils, Eruptions, Syphilis, &c., sufferers from Tumors, Scrofula, Abscesses, King's Evil, Fistula, Swellings, Thick Necks, Diseased and Contracted Joints, Cancerous Womb, &c., should apply to this establishment. There is not a case, let it be ever so bad, but what relief can be rendered, and in most cases a cure performed.

HOURS OF CONSULTATION FROM 11 TO 3.

ALL CASES OF WORMS SPEEDILY & EFFECTUALLY CURED IN AN HOUR OR TWO!

☞ *Letters from the Country promptly attended to.* d194 tf

NOTICE.

TERRITORY OF UTAH,
Third District Court.

IT is ordered, and public notice is hereby given, that on MONDAY, the 14th day of September, 1874, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court-room of the Third District Court in Salt Lake City, there shall be drawn, in open court, the names of twenty-three men to serve as Grand Jurors, and the names of eighteen men to serve as Petit Jurors, at the next October Term of this court.

Dated July 24, 1874.

JAS. B. McKEAN,
Chief Justice, etc., and
d206 Judge of Third District Court.

BRIDGE, BEACH & CO'S.,

CELEBRATED

COOK STOVE, "SCOTIA,"

Especially adapted for UTAH COAL.

☞ *Satisfaction guaranteed in every case or money refunded.*

For Sale by Z. C. M. I., Wm. Harrison and Scott, Dunham & Co.

d206 6m

PRIEST, FULLER & LAWRENCE,

Importers and Dealers in

Watches, Diamonds,

Jewelry and Gold Chains,

Maiden Lane.....NEW YORK.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
Chas. Wuillemenier, Paul Laval,
Chaux de-Fonds, St. Imier,
SWITZERLAND.
d145 6m

TABLE KNIVES AND FORKS OF ALL KINDS,

And Exclusive Makers of

THIS Handle *never gets loose.* Is not affected by *hot water.* It is the most durable *knife known.* Always call for the "Trade Mark, "Meriden Cutlery Company" on the blade. They are GOOD. Sold by all dealers in Cutlery.

A New Article, "PATENT IVORY," the most durable white handle known.

MADE BY

The Meriden Cutlery Co., 49 Chambers St., NEW YORK.

☞ Our Goods are kept by Z. C. M. I. and all its branch stores, and also by the Co-operative Stores of the Territory.

Immense Inducements

TO

ORGAN BUYERS.

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