Miscellaneous.

THE DEAD AT ANDER-SONVILLE.

The report of Captain J. M. Moore, who was sent to Andersonville, Ga., to mark the graves of Union prisoners for future identification, gives the following information.

"On the morning of the 26th of July, the work of identifying the graves, painting and lettering of head-boards, laying out walks and enclosing the cemetery was commenced, and on the evening of August 16th was completed, with the exceptions hereafter mentioned. The dead were found buried in trenches, on a site selected by the rebels, about three hundred yards from the stockade. The trenches varied in length from fifty to one hundred and fifty yards. The bodies in the trenches were from two to three feet below the surface, and in several instances, where the rains had washed away the earth, but a few inches.

"Additional earth was, however, thrown on the graves; making them of astill greater depth. So close were they buried without coffins, or the ordinary clothing to cover their nakedness, that not more than twelve inches was allowed to each man; indeed the little tablets marking their resting-place, measuring hardly ten inches in width, almost touched each other.

"United States soldiers, while prisoners at Andersonville, had been detailed to inter their companions; and by a simple stake at the head of each grave, which bore a number corresponding with a similar numbered name upon the Andersonville hospital record, was enabled to identify and mark with a neat tablet, similar to those in the cemeteries at Washington-the number, name, rank, regiment, etc., and date of death of twelve thousand, four hundred and sixty-one graves, there being but four hundred and fifty-one which bore the inscription, "Unknown, U. S. soldiers."

"Nothing has been destroyed. As our exhausted, emaciated and enfeebled soldiers left it, so it stands to-day, as a monument to an inhumanity unparalleled in the annals of war. How men could survive as well as they did in this pen, exposed to the rays of an almost tropical sun by day and drenching dews. by night, without the slightest covering, is wonderful.

"The ground is filled with holes, where they burrowed in their efforts to shield themselves from the weather, and many a poor family, in endeavoring to protect himself in this manner, was smothered to death by the earth falling in upon him.

"A very worthy man has been appointed superintendent of the grounds and cemetery, with instructions to allow no buildings, or structures of whatever nature to be destroyed, particularly the stockade surrounding the prison pen.'

[Correspondence of the New York Tribune.] HOT WEATHER IN ALGERIA.

The exceptionably hot weather which we have had for the last week makes us read with additional interest the accounts of a scorehing sirocco in Algeria, followed by devastating fires. A

letter from Algeria says: "Almost all the summer we have been congratulating ourselves on the coolness of season, and when letters from France complained of heat, we recommended our friends to come to Algeria for fresh air. But we reckoned without our host -the sirocco; and now that has come with a vengeance. It was prefaced by a thunder-storm, which broke the windows, and roused the population from their beds. An hour later all was calm; but the old colonists knew what was coming, and sure the next day the sky assumed that peculiar violet color which so astonishes artists when they venture to pass a summer on the other side of Mount Atlas. A few burning gusts of air, feeling and smelling like that issuing from an oven when the baker opens it to take out the bread, served as an advanced guard to the enemy. The temperature rose rapidly. On Friday, the with a Northern exposure, marked forty-five centigrade in the shade. At El Biar, at the same time, another thermometer, also in the shade, but exposed to the full blast of the sirocco, went up

have crossed the sunny side of Govern-

ment-place without danger. The

moon. In many houses, furniture fell of the work performed on the second to pieces, tapestry dropped suddenly section, viz: from Newcastle to Colfax, from the bursting walls, and ceilings a distance of twenty-three miles, and crumbled to pieces and descended upon approving the same. The report was the heads of the inmates like flakes of forwarded to Washington yesterday. burning snow. Never, within the On its being approved by the President, memory of man, had such things been | the company will be entitled to the inseen in Algiers. At night, a frightful surance of Government bonds to the spectacle was seen. From Guyottville amount of \$1,104,000, being at the rate to Cape Matifou, along an extent of of \$48,000 per mile for the twenty-three twelve leagues of coast, a lurid glow miles. suddenly appeared, became rapidly ing forests lit up the waters of the harbor, and made the stars look pale. It was a sublime horror. There are rumors of loss of life, and the damage done to property is necessarily enormous. Many farms, barns and stacks have to Union. been entirely destroyed.

MAKE FARM LIFE ATTRACT-

1. By less hard work. Farmers often undertake more than they can do well, and consequenty work too early and too late.

2. By more system. The farmer should have a time to begin and stop labor. They should theorize as well as practice, and let both go together. Farming is healthy, moral and respectable; and in the long run, may be made profitable. The farmer should keep good stock, and out of debt. The farm is the best place to begin and end life, and hence so many in the cities, and in professional life, covet a rural home.

3. By taking care of health. Farmers have healthy variety of excercise, but too often neglect cleanliness, omit bathing, eat irregularly and hurriedly, sleep in ill-ventilated apartments, and expose themselves to cold. Nine-tenths of the human diseases arise from cold or intemperance. Frequent bathing is profitable—so is fresh deliberation at the dinner-table, and a rest after a meal.

4. By adorning the home. Nothing is lost by a pleasant home. Papers, books, pictures, music, and reading, should all be brought to bear upon the in-door family entertainments; and neatness and comfort, order, flowers, shrubbery, fruits, should harmonize all without. Home should be a sanctuary, so happy and holy that children will love it, women delight in it, manhood crave it, and old age enjoy it. There would be less desecration of old homesteads, if pains were taken to make them agreeable. Ease, order, health and beauty, are compatible with farm life, and were ordained to go with it .- [Auburn Jour-

THE Preston, England, Art and Industrial exhibition, which was opened on the 21st ult., has so far been very successful. The returns published on Saturday last show that upwards of 27,000 persons have visited it, and the total receipts are between 1,300%, and belly and half of tail, slit in left ear. 1,400%. The exhibition will be kept open six weeks longer.

Mouse Power:-A gentleman in Scotland has trained a couple of mice and invented machinery for enabling them to spin cotton yarn. The work is done on the tread-mill principle. It is so constructed that the common house mouse is enabled to make atonement for past offences by twisting and reeling from 100 to 120 threads per day. To complete this the little pedestrian has to run 10½ miles. This journey it performs with ease. An ordinary mouse weighs only half an ounce. A half-penny's worth of oatmeal at 1s. 3d. a peck, serves one of these treadmill culprits for the long period of five weeks. In that time it makes 110 threads per day, an average of 3,850 threads of 25 in., which is nearly 9 lengths of the reel. A penny is paid to women for every cut in this ordinary way. At this rate a mouse earns 9d. every five weeks, which is one farthing per day, or 7s. 6d. per annum. Take 6d. off for board and 1s. for machinery, there will arise 6s. clear profit from every mouse yearly. The mouse employer is going to make application for the lease of an old empty house, the dimensions of which are 100 by 50 feet, and 50 feet in height, which, thermometer at Duchassaing's Club, at a moderate calculation, will hold 10, 000 mouse mills, sufficient room being left for keepers and some hundreds of spectators. Allowing 2001, for rent and taskmasters, 10,000l. to erect machinery and 500l. for the interest, there will be to 51. The most robust man could not left a balance of 2,300l. per annum.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.-F. F. ground burned the feet through the Low, Josiah Johnson and P. H. Sibly, shoe-leather; the hand that touched any appointed by the Government Commisobject whatever-a can or a coat sleeve | sioners to examine the progress of con--smarted with pain; the nostrils con- struction on the Central Pacific Railtracted, and the eyes closed under the road have made a full and elaborate re-

influence of the torrid breath of the si- port, describing minutely the character

We understand that the company are more and more intense, and it soon be- making rapid progress in this interprise, came apparent that the whole country and that the bulk of the work to Dutch was on fire. Entire mountains burst | Flat will be accomplished by the 1st of forth in flame like a volcano, and burn- December. Indeed, the grading will be greatly in advance of the receipt of rail, it being difficult to get aseasonable supply of the iron required, the company using a much heavier article than is ordinarily manufactured. -- Sacramen-

> ELECTRICTY THE CAUSE OF ANIMAL Colors.-M. Nicolas Wagner has recently brought before the Academy of Science experiments which seem to show that electric currents are the cause of the colors, at least of some animals. These experiments were made on the nymph of a species of diurnal butterfly (Vanessa urtica.) Electric currents changed the reds into orange, and the blacks into red; and the most feeble current, especially if from a constant battery; produced black spots, the shape of which had a relation to the current. He ascertained, by means of an extremely sensitive apparatus, that not only does electricity modify and even produce colors, but that those found in the butterfly are due to currents in the wing of the animal—the most energetic of which issues from the base of the wing, and follows the middle nervure till it reaches the outer edge .-[Intellectual Observer.

Two thousand men and women get free instruction daily in music and painting at Cooper Institute, New York.

ESTRAYS AT PAYSON.

HAVE in my possession the following described animals:-

One 5 year old black STAG, slit in left ear, crop off right ear, branded on left hip and right

One 4 year old brown STEER, white in face and on belly, and tall a third white. One 4 year old red STEER, white in face, white

spot on right jaw, left shoulder and belly. One 5 year old brindle STEER, white spot on rump, flanks and belly white crop and under bit in right ear, under bit in left, brand on right

hip illegible. One 4 year old brindle STEER, white in face white belly and flank, spots on jaws, under hali crop in left ear, crop off right, brand on right hip illegible.

One 3 year old red STEER, white in face, white belly, back, and half of tail, under slope in right One yearling red STEER, white face, back, belly and feet, crop and slit in right ear and

crop off left. One 2 year old dark-red STEER, white in face, belly and top of rump, spots on legs, bob tail.

One 3 year old red STEER, mixed with roan. crop off left ear. One 3 year old brindle HEIFER, white face

and belly, ring around eyes, spot on nose, crop off left ear, under half crop in right. One S year old red BULL, white in face and on

One 3 year old red and white spotted STEER. crop off left ear, slit in right. One 2 year old red-roan BULL.

One 3 year old red and white STEER, swallow fork in right ear and under slit in left. One 2 year old pale-red STEER, crop and un-

der bit in each ear. One 2 year old red STEER, brockle face and spotted belly, branded HD, combined, on left

One 2 year old red STEER, hole in each ear, blotch brand on left thigh. One 3 year old brindle and white STEER, swallow fork in right ear.

One 3 year old red STEER, white belly, grey spot on left flank, branded on right horn, first letter invisible, second letter is N. One 3 year old red and white STEER, crop off

left ear, slit in right. One 2 year old brindle and white BULL, crop off right ear, branded F on left hip. One 5 year old red COW, white belly and roan

One 4 year old black STAG, white belly and flanks, under half crop in left ear, branded G, encircled, on right side.

branded 00 on left hip. One 2 year old STAG, little white on belly, crop in each ear, brand on left shoulder illegi-

One 5 year old red STAG, crop in each ear,

One 4 year old dark-red STAG, white in face, spots on belly and flanks, crop in left ear and

slit in right. One red brindle COW, 5 or 6 year old, spotted belly and flanks, branded HS on left hip, blotch

brand on left side. One dark-brindle COW, 5 years old, white belly, crop and under slope in left ear, large blotch brand on left hip,

One yearling red HEIFER, white on belly, half of tail, and top of rump, spots on hind legs. One yearling red HEIFER, spots on belly and thigh, bush of tail white, under half crop in left ear, and hole in right.

One 2 year old red mooley HEIFER, white on belly, white spot on back of left ear, branded W on left thigh, 3 on left side.

One yearling white STEER, crop off right ear. One red-roan 3 year old HEIFER, red head, red on legs, big white spot between horns, branded S, encircled, on right hip, brand on left shoulder illegible. One 2 year old white and red speckled STEER,

swallow fork in left ear. One 2 year old dark-red HEIFER, star in face, white belly, bush off tail, hind feet white, and

white spot on back and shoulder. One 2 year red and white pieded HEIFER, 3 white legs, slit in left ear and under half crop in right, brand on left shoulder illegible.

One yearling brindle BULL, white in face, belly and flank, rump, third of tail and hind

One yearling red STEER, branded) (on right

One yearling red STEER, crop off left ear and One 2 year old red HEIFER, line back, white belly, roan tail, spotted legs, branded W on

One yearling red HEIFER. One 2 year old yellow brindle BULL, white belly, flank, feet, and half of tail, under half crop in right ear, blotch brand on left hip.

One 2 year old red STEER, white in face, belly, flank, left hip, shoulder and half of tail, crop and slit in left ear, under half crop in right. One 4 year old white STEER, red spots on neck and body, crop off left ear and under half

in right. One 4 year old red STEER, white face, red rings around eyes, brand on rib and left hip, both illegible. One 5 year old chestnut-sorrel HORSE, bald

face, one white hind foot, saddle marked, branded 9 on left shoulder. One 6 year old bay HORSE, white stripe in face, both hind feet white, branded 76 on left hip, brand on left shoulder supposed to be a

heart, brand on left thigh illegible. One 4 year old iron-grey HORSE, no brands. One 5 year old dark-bay HORSE, branded T on left thigh and vented on left shoulder, Eou

right shoulder. One 9 year old bay MARE, right hind hoof much enlarged, rope mark around neck, Spanish brands on shoulder and thigh.

The above, if not claimed within 20 days, will be disposed of according to law.

· FREEMAN TANNER, 6w2† Poundkeeper, Payson.

CAME TO MY LOT,

BOUT two weeks since, a mouse-colored A MULE, about 5 years old, marked A on off

side; near side brand not legible, black legs. The owner may have her by paying all lawful expenses. JOHN LIVISEY, 10th Ward. 6W3

860 REWARD!

CTRAYED or STOLEN, from the Harmony Range, one medium sized light-grey MARE, 6 years old, branded A, with half circle over it, on left thigh; she was seen last Christmas near Kanarrah.

Also, one 7 year old bay HORSE, disappeared from the City of St. George in April last, about 16 hands high, black mane and tail, white spot in forehead, hind feet white, branded A, with half circle over it, on left thigh.

Also, one bay MARE, medium size, 2 year old last spring, black mane and tail, 4 white feet, black streaks on front hoofs, a few white hairs in forehead. She was taken or strayed from a company of Missouri emigrants, camped near the mouth of Ash Creek, on the Rio Virgen, late in September the present year. I will give \$20 for information that will lead to

the recovery of any one of the above described animals, or \$60 for the three. ANGUS M. CANNON,

5WIT St. George City, Washington Co.

NOTICE.

MAKEN from the Public Corral, on Friday, 27th Oct., after the Stock was driven from West Jordan Range, a bright bay MARE, 5 years old, branded W W on left thigh, one white hind foot and one white fore foot. Also, a dark-brown mare COLT, sucking, white stripe in face. Those who took them out will please deliver

them at my residence, 16th Ward, and save themselves trouble. 6W27 WM. H. WALKER,

NOTICE.

WILLIAM T. DENNIS and others, citizens of Pond Town and Payson, having presented a petition to the County Court of Utah county, U. T., setting forth that there is a surplus of water in the Spanish Fork river, which can be taken out at the mouth of Spanish Fork Kanyon, and thrown on to tracts of land which can be put under cultivation and made of interest to the cause of agriculture, also praying to be organized into an Irrigating District, pursuant to "An Act to Incorporate Irrigation Companies" approved Jan. 20, 1865, with the privilege of taking out and using said surplus

This is to give notice to all'parties interested, that the same will be taken into consideration by the said County Court, at its next regular session on the 1st Monday of December, 1865. By Order of the County Court.

L. JOHN NUTTALL, Clerk. County Clerk's Office, Provo City, Oct. 12, 1865. w3-6t

DIXIE

The Ascendant!!

GEORGE.

Having just received a fine and varied assortment of

General Merchandise!!

We are prepared to 11 the same to the citizens of the COTTON COUNTRY at

reasonable rates for

Cash, Cotton,

AND OTHER FRODUCE.

We will endeavor to keep our Stock well supplied, and while we return our thanks for past favors we hope to merit a continuation of public patronage.

BENTLEY & GODBE.

with-