EVENING NEWS. Wolfsonday, December 20, 1885.

FBAGMRNT

Hon. Joun B. Cantista came down from Logan last evening. Tan Third District Court will meet again on Jan. 7.

ARMSTRONG had a horse toies from near his place of business restorday.

ISEN & CARLQUIST RAVE each of ir employes a handsome present as a Christmas gift. The boys feel a liveciation of the kindness ly appre

W. A. PRATT, Stephen McCarthy, Adolph T. Swamman, Andrew McGinais and Thomas Williams were, each fined \$5 in the Police Court today, for having been drunk.

THERE were a great many intoxicatselves. ed persons on the streets last night, and quite a number of fights occurred outside of the main thoroughfares.

C The participants kept out of the way of the police.

ALC: YOU !! WM. EDGAR, a resident of the Sixteenth Ward, was arrested by Deputy Franks yesterday afternoon, and was handed over to the city authorities for "" "trial on a charge of beating his wife.

TA DISPATCH in to day's NEWS announces the pardon, by President Cleveland, of Bishop A. A. Kimball, who is now in the penitentiary, under an eight months' sentence, on a con-viction under the Edmunds law.

MESSRS. S. D. and T. S. SOLLERS, of the Sollers Shoe Manufacturing Com-pany a well known Philadelphia house, are in the city, and stopping at the Contisental. Utab merchants have done an extensive business with this house for a quarter of a century.

PROF. MENRY S. PRITCHETT, of the Washington University, St. Louis, passed through Salt Lake yesterday on his way to the Pacific Coast. He is in charge of the government expedition cost out to take observations at the coluse of the sun on Tuesday next.

TRATERDAY Louis Kolitz, a candy peddler, had his stock in goods stolen. At the postoffice he put his valise by the railing while he went inside a minate.: When he returned the valies was gone, and the candy man was left to motion the loss of thirty-five pounds of candy as well.

of candy as well. On Menday night, at Ogden, two Swedes, Axel Andersen and Albert Nelsen, were badly battered. Ander-sen had his skull cracked, and re-ceived two severe gashes on the head. Induire what is meant by the "Gospel of the kingdom?" It most assuredly is that same Gospel which Jesus Him-self proclaimed when He took upon Himself mortality and declared Him self to be the Son of the Eternal Fa-ther. If we wish to understand what the "Gospel of the kingdom" means, the "G Nellien had a cut across his forehead. They claimed that they had been assaulted by J.A. H. Shoemaker and two men named Johnson, and that the atack was unprovoked.

Ir was generally understood that be proposed examination into the

New Testament.

SUNDAY SEBVICES. eligtons services were held in the Prusole, Balt Lake City, Sul neing at 2 p.m President Angus M. Cannon presiding. The choir and congregation sang : Sweet in the work my God my King, To praise thy name give thanks and sing Prayer by Elder R. N. Allred. The choir sang: How great the wisdom and the love That filled the courts on high.

The Priesthood of the Twelfth Ward officiated in the administration of the Sacrament.

ELDER JOHN NICHOLSON

addressed the congregation. He stated that one of the principal objects had in view by the audience in assembling together was to commemorate the sufferings and death of the Savior, and described the condition the Saints should place themselves in before partaking of the Sacrament, lest they eat

was a universal promise tast table who should do the will of the Father should know of the doctrine, whether it was of God or merely proceeded from a human source. Hence the Savior said, He who doeth the will of my Father shall know of the doc-trine, whether it is of God or whether I speak of Myself. Now if there is a people who are de-ing the will of God, then they will have this knowledge. If they do not have this knowledge it must be con-clusive evidence that they are not do-ing the fulcers of His will; otherwise this result would follow. It is fash-ionable to repudiate the statements of the Elders of the Church of Jeaus Christ of Latter-day Saints. It is popular to make all kinds of sport of their utterances, to point at them the finger of scorn, and to sneer away their statements, no matter how true they may be. But that never changes the truth, and it does not furnish an argument against it. All people, no and drink condomnation to them-The speaker then observed that, in : few heurs more, there would dawn the anniversary of one of the greatest events in the history of this planet, the birth of the Lord Jeans Christ, con-cerning whom it is said that "God so the truth, and it does not furnish an argument against it. All people, no matter even if they be, or are believed to be, deluded in their views, are en-titled to respectful consideration, and people who are properly constituted and disposed will always accord treat-ment of that kind, no mat-ter how they may differ from the individuals who are entitled to this respect. Now what is the claim loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son, that whosever should believe on Him should not perish, but have everlasting life." To ave on the Lord Jesus Christ is beinge on the Lord Jesus Christ is a principle more comprehensive than is generally supposed. This is suggested by the words of the Lord Himself while He dwelt among men and taught them the principles of life, when he said to those who professed His same, "In vain do ye call me Lord, Lord, and do not the things I command you." And spain, "If ye love me keep my commandments." How shall we give expression to the love that animates the individuals who are entitled to this respect. Now what is the claim of the Elders of the Church, and of this people as a whole, in this connec-tion? Here is the declaration made by the Savior, prophetic in its character; that be ore the end of the world should come, before the end of the rule of wickedness, xpression to the love that animates us towards the Lord? By seeking to and before He should make His ascertain His will and commandments concerning us, and being obedient ous appearance, this Gospel of the dom should be preached in all the d for a witness, and then the end world for a witness should come. It is held by Latter-day to into all the world and preach the Saints that a most remarkable and astonishing event has occurred in these times. It is no more nor less than that Ged, as in ancient times, has exhibited Hislove for the work-manship of His hands, and has raised up a Bronhet in this generation is Gospel, telling them whosoever ceived them received Him and ather. The speaker referred to the alth of Christendom that Christ is tiation for the sins of the manship of His hands, and has raised up a Prophet in this generation, 58 years ago established and organized the Church of Christ on earth in its fulness, that Church, as in ancient times, being the same as ex-isted then-organized with Apostles, at the head, with High Priests, Seventies, Elders, and all the officers, members and constituents that char-acterized the Church of Christ in an-clent times, as described in the Scrip-tures. world; that as by the sin of one man death came into the world, by the sac-rifice of Abother the resurrection and eternal life were brought to light: and that that same Jesus who was crucified will again appear upon the earth in another capacity and establish firm self as its King. The speaker referred to the signs which were to precede the second coming of the Son of Man, among which was to be the restoration of the fainess of the everiasting Gospei, for the Savior said: "This Gospei of the kingdom shall be preached in all the world for a witness, and then shall the

tures. It is fashionable to say that Aposties and Prophets are done away with, notwithstanding the fact that Paul said that all the orders and organiza-tions of the Church were needful and indispensible. He said that the world for a witness, and then shall the end come." It is interesting to us to inquire what is meant by the "Gospel head could not say to the feet, "I have no need of thee," nor the eye to the hand, "I have no need of thee." Apostles were at the head of the Church in ancient times, and if it is the church it will bave the same We may do so by investigating the doctrines and principles which were enunciated by Jesus and the Apostles, and which are contained in the record handed down to us, and called the head, and if the church is decapitated how then can it be fed? for there is no mouth to take food in of a spiritual character. The consequence must be that the body becomes emaciated, finis extinct.

manifestations of power-no need of the Apostles- no need of laving hands cracked. on disciples that they might re-ceive the Holy Ghost Why? Ba-cause if they laid their hands on them and practical repeatance, or forsaking of sin, and defined the necessity and nature of baptism, describing it as a the Holy Ghost would not fall upon them. Wherefore it is not astonianing that this doctrine of the laying on of compact or covenant entered into be-tween an individual and the Redeemer, low the Savior through good and evil report; the form of the ordinance e-ing beautifally symbolical of a death and a resurrection. Those who proby which the convert promises to folperly receive this ordinance are, acness of the Gospel, with its authority cording to the Scriptures, entitled to receive a remission of their sins. Continuing, Elder Nicholson spoke substantially as follows : and its power, its messengers proclaim that those who believe in the Eternal Father, those who repeat of their sins by ceasing to do them, and are bap-tized in the likeness of the death, burial, and resurrection of the Savior. I know the popular idea is that bap-tism is an outward sign of an inward grace; but this is a modern idea. It burial, and resurrection of the Savior, by one holding authority, when they have the hands of the same authority laid upon them, receive the Holy Ghost. And if any people on earth want to know the secret of the power of this Church, and its ability to withstand the opposition to which it has been subjected and the difficulties that it has constantly configured it is here does not comport with the instruc-tions and enunciations of those who were commissioned by Jesus Christ Himselt. Hence I will refer you to an event that occurred in the days of the disciples of Chris', when they met together for the purpose of commun-ing with each other, and in obedience has constantly confronted—It is be-cause of this direct line of communica-tion that has been opened so that in-dividual members of the Church are to a command they received from the Savior, that they should not go out into the world until they were en-dowed with power from on high. They not in the dark, and are not blinded met at Jerusalem for that purpose on the Day of Pentecost, as recorded in the second chapter of the Acts of the with superstition; but they show that they have received the Spirit, and they are in the same position as the Aposile Paul, no matter how much the appear-ance may be against the fact. When he narrated the circumstances of Apostles, and when they were thus assembled for this object there were he narrated the circumstances of his conversion and the people threw stones in the air, and they howled and shouted, and cried sgainst him and threatened his life, his answer was simply this. They wanted him to deny, but he said, "Nevertheless, I did see the light and I heard the voice;" and although the world may shout "delusion," "false prophet," "contemptible religion," "fow and degraded people," nevertheless the Latter-day Saint, who has within him the light of truth and true obedience, can say, "Notwithstanding these as-sertions and the sassuits to which I am subjected, I have nevertheless God spoke with new tongues and there were spiritual manifestations, and those who had assembled together from the various nations of Jerusalem to worship heard the Gospel delivered in their own languages, spoken not by the process of learning but by the sapernatural power of Jehovab, in fulili-ment of that promise made to the Apos-ties that they should be and with power from on high. And the Aposties preached on that occasion the same doctrine as is now taught-Christ crucified. sertions and the sessuits to which I am subjected, I have nevertheless seen and feit the light." And that is the secret of the Latter-day Saints holding together and seeking to pre-pare for the great event that is at their doors-the coming of Our Lord and Savior Jesus C.rist. It is admitted, with the utmost frankness, that while these principles are true, while they are as true is any principles can be, and will stand forever, all are not Saints that profess to be. Sometimes some of them go astray, and they perform actions that are dis-graceful to the meelves and stink in the nostrils of all good men and women. Because a few take this course, which is not an evidence against the truth of the system, but an evidence rather of its correctness, the So potential was the preaching of Peter and the rest of the Apostles under the influence of that power that hase who heard believed—they be-leved that Christ was the Redeemer, lieved that Christ was the Redeemer, that He had been slain, and that He had risen again from the dead. And it is said that in consequence of this be-ilef they were pricked in their hearts, and being pricked in their bearts they asked the question of those min isters of Christ; "Men and brethren, what shall we do?" Peter rose in their midst and made this declaration in plain answer to the question: "Repent and be baptized every one of you for the remission of sins, and ye shall receive the Holy Ghost." Therefore you can see the nature of the Gospel you can see the nature of the Gospel when it was taught not by hirelings, not by mea who made religion a trade, not by men who sought to tickle the evidence rather of its correctness, the finger is pointed at them, and they are held up as samples of the moral and roligious status of the whole-instead of taking those who form the bulk of ears of the populace that they might gain the praise of the multitude, out by men who took their lives in their hands, and who undertook to fu fi the great work which was given to them to

God: he has received a revelation; for there is no human method of communicating that spiritual fact to the mortal mind; and if we sweep away this principle of revelation, then we abalish that communication by that time comes on the earth, from east to west, from north to south, every man shall meet a brother and a friend, and the dream of the poet and the vision of the Prophet will become a glorious reality.

vision of the Prophet will become a glorious reality. That God may hasten the day when justice and truth shall be supreme, and injustice and strife and malice shall be banished away and go to the regions of him whose destly is to be bound from this creation, is the prayer of your humble servant in the name of Jesus. we abolish that communication by which we can know of our acceptance with God. If we are accepted of Him, He must make that fact known to us. Otherwise it does not reach our understanding; we cannot know it. Now what was the promise in-corporated in the Gospel in ancient times? For it is a system of prom-ises when the conditions upon which they are fulfilled are compiled with. It was a universal promise that those who should do the will of the Father should know of the doctrine, whether

The choir sang an anthem. Bene-diction by President Angus M. Can-

A HAND BLOWN OFF. Giant Powder Explosion in Kitchen.

Joseph C. Hamilton, of Mill Creek has for some time been engaged in boring flowing wells. Some time ago he bored one for James Miller, a resident of that place, and at a certain depth, struck good water. But Mr. Miller was desirous to obtain a better supply, and in the hope of doing so the pipe was driven further down. After going past the stream of water the pipe bent, and this accident threatened to make the well a failure. It was, however, determined to try to prevent such an ending the enterprise by dropping charge of glant powder the pipe to the depth at which the water had been struck, exploding it there, and bursting the pipe, so as to

allow the water to come up to the surface. Christmas day was chosen for this operation. The stick of glant powder ntended to be used was frozen, and of course would not explode until thawed out. For the purpose of thawing the explosive, Mr. Hamilton took it into the kitchen and laid it on the top of the range. One end of the stick of giant powder extended over the edge of the top of the store, and Mr. Hamilton touched it with the index fluger of his left hand, to push it so that its entire length would lie on the het iron surface, and the process of thawing

be facilitated. As he was thus in the act of slightly moving the stick of glant powder, it exploded, and

TORE OFF HIS LEFT HAND at the wrist. One of his fingers was blown through a window, and was subsequently picked up in the yard, the largest fragment of the destroyed hand which could be found. The range was shattered to fragments, and pieces of it were hurled with great force in different directions. In the oven were a turkey and other fowls undergoing the process of roasting, which operation was effectively suspended by the explosion. On the range sat large tin pan, containing the feathers which had been picked from

the rossting fowls, and which the thrifty housewife of the establishment was desirous of drying for use. Some idea of the force of the explosion may nally succumbs to the destroyer, and be gathered from the fact that some of the feathers were buried in the walls Men see no need now of spiritual of the house, which were badly

FIRST DISTRICT COURT. Second District Court. The following are the proceedings Twelve Sentences Passed by Judge a the Second District Court at Bea-Henderson. ver, on Dec. 20, 21, and 22:

The following business was transtion to dismiss the indictment overacted in the First District Court at ruled. United States vs. Esth r Hickman; The case of the Corinne Mill, Canal

& Stock Company vs. Wm. Johnson tion. was dismissed. The case of the United States vs. N C. Flygare was |continued until January 31. In the case of the Central Pacific

Ogden on Monday

argument.

tion

cepted.

court.

into

Reilway Company vs. J. W. Guthrie, tinued till next term. Marshall & Royle, with E. R. Chase, entered an appearance for plaintiff. An order was entered overruling the demurrer and giving the defendant 30 days from date in which to answer. the defendants. #In the cases of R. Slater vs. Alfred Cragun et al., and John Seaman vs. was continued for the term.

The Standard Publishing Company, Francis Webster pleaded guilty to the demurrers were submitted without inlawful cohabitation. In the case of James M. Russell vs.

V. M. C. Silva, an order was entered by consent of parties to open deposi-In the case of Benjamin Chadwick vs. the Southern Pacific Railway Comverdict of guilty. pany, the demurrer was submitted without argument. It was overruled

and the defendant was given 60 days in leaded not guilty. which to answer. Defendant ex-EIn the case of Wm. Woodland vs. the Union Pacific Railroad, an order was entered sustaining the demurrer. pleaded not guilty. Plaintiff was given thirty days in which to amend. In the case of Jeseph Jacobs vs. E.

W. Exum, the jury found in favor of the defendant. John Ash, of Logan, who had pleaded guilty to unlawful cohabitation, was called for sentence. He state that he was 70 years of age; married his first wife in 1843, the second in 1846, and the third in 1884. The last wife

was 38 years of age when he married her; she left for England last Spring; found at the same time with another. he was naturalized in Judge McKean's People; etc., vs. James George, Jr., mpleaded with David Miller for un-The judge stated that it seemed hard

to send such an old man to the penitentiary, but old men must learn to verdict. obey the laws and set the example for younger ones. He was sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay

the costs of the prosecution. Larsen Faustrop, of Brigham City, convicted of unlawful cohabition promised to obey the law in future The sentence was suspended during good behavior. M. B. Wheelwright, of Orden; unlawful cohabitation; he was years of age; matried the last wife in 1880: had been married three times: his first wife died in 1878; married his second wife in 1860; was a naturalized missed on motion and representation citizen; had but little property. The of the prosecution. court sentenced him to four months'

People, etc , vs. Ellison ; action disimprisonment and to pay the costs of missed on the ground that defendant the prosecution. had been used as a witness for the Niels P. Rasmussen, of Brigham

prosecution in a case connected with City, unlawful cohabitation; the court and relating to that of the People vs. d that his case was a typical

. J. Moore.





50 Seal Plush Wraps. \$12 00 each

50 Seal Plush Wraps, 16 50 each.

300 FINE SEAL PLUSH WRAPS.

500 NEWMARKETS.

\$10 00 each

charges made against Marshal Dyer, as receiver in the suits against the Church,fizzled on the 10th inst. Today was the time set for the receiver to introduce testimony, which, however, was iconsidered unnecessary. Judge Powers was on hand this morning for asything that might occur, but as no one else came there was no opportunity for a legal scrimmage.

On Monday afternoon the five-yearold son of William N. and Clarissa Smith Williams was laid to rest. As the cause of death was diphtheria, no services were held at the family residence, but there was a short service at the grave. The child, which died on Monday morning, had been sfilicted with the disease about a week, and a few minutes before his death was quite active, but the obstruction came suddenly into his throat and strangled im. It was known that his linese was dangerous, and all that could be mas done for his relief, but to no purpose. He was the only son, and was an intelligent, active boy for his years. The family have the sympathy of a power of Jehovah. The servants of large circle of friends.

THOMAS DANIELS, watchman at the D. & H. G. W. depot, was severely besten by roughs last night, near the Metropolitan Hotel. At a saloon near the depot he had arrested a man for being drunk, and was taking him to the City Hall. After going a short dis-tance the man broke loose and ran off Near the place where the fracas oc curred Daniels came upon him, and two companions, and attempted to take him into custody. The three set kicked him about the head and body. leaving him in a badly used up condition; they then made their escape. District Attorney Peters and Judge Powers saw the beating, but it was done so quickly that almost before they realized what had happened, the three ruffians had ran off, leaving Daniels on the ground.

Burglars Abroad.

Last night, between 9 an 111 o'clock. Mullett's store on East Temple Street received a visit from burglars. An strance was gained by bursting in the back door. The cash box was rifled and about \$23 in cash taken. The thieves also took some articles of clothing.



Bishop Hamilton Released. Yesterday morning, Bishop James

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of taking those who form the bulk of the people, the overwhe ming majority who do right, who are Latter-day Saluta in trath and in deed, and seek t) encroach upon the rights of no man or woman on the face of the earth-in-stead of taking them and holding them up and saying "There must be good in this system of religion, else it could not produce such exemplary people as great work which was given to them to accomplish—to preach the Gispel of the Kisgdom in all the world for a witness that they who believed an i were baptized might be saved, and they who rijected. His message might be condemned. And if it was the Gospel, then no man has any an-thority to change it except by revela-tion.

In a room adjoining the kitchen were case of just such as the law several grown persons and children. | was made for, and though he had A fragment of the range struck one of pleaded guilty the la v must be upheld, the children on the cheek, inflicting a and though it would be hard on his painful fiesh wound. Another piece of family the plural wife must bear 'the iron cut a reat in the coat of a boy who punishment as she had entered into it was in the same apartment. Many of understandingly. He was seatenced the windows in the house were to six months imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$100 and costs. broken.

The instant that his hand was b lown Al .nzo Norton, of American Falls, off, Mr. Hamilton rushed out of the Idaho; unlawful conabitation; senkitchen into the yard, where tenced to two months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$50 and the costs of

HE FELL.

He was immediately conveyed to this the prosecution. Wm. Sheen, of Plymouth, Box Elcity and taken to the Deseret Hospital. The resident physician was out, and der County, who had pleaded guilty to after some delay, medical attendance, adultery, was called for sentence. in the person of Dr. Richards, was ob-Mr. W. H. Smith stated that the taised, Dr. Pratt, the resident physiwoman with whom the offense had cian, arriving at about the same time. been committed had a husband at The patient was put under the inflathe time defendant had been cohabitence of an anesthetic, and a neat aming with her, though they had not putation of the wrist was made. This lived together for years before forenoon the patient was found to be that. Mr. Sheen was a single man at quite comfortable. There was a flesh that time, but under the p.ccllar wound in the left arm, made by a wording of the law he was also made guilty. The court desired to look in-to this matter a little and the sentence was postponed until January 3d. Peter Swenson, convicted of unlaw-ful cohabitation, was called. Mr. piece of the stove, but 16 was not serious, and he complained of being partially deaf, an effect doubtless caused by the concussion. It was at first feared that the left eye was injured, but it is now certain that the signt has not been impaired.

Mr. Hamilton is a hard working, energetic and enterprising man, who has a great many friends, among whom general and sincere regret will be falt at his mistortune.

It is often and persistently asserted that frozen giant power will not explode when exposed to the heat of a fire, and the tenacity with which this fallacy is adhered to is remarkable. Miners, quarrymen and others having to do with giant powder very generally entertained this belief, but newspaper men so freuently have occassion to write up dis quently have occassion to write up dis-asters caused by explosions of giant powder undergoing the process of thawing, that they put no faith in this popular theory. It is safe to assert that the inmates of Mr. Miller's house-hold, and especially Mr. Hamilton, can never hereafter be made to believe that giant powder will not explode while being thawed by the heat of a fire.

Seriously Barned.

A shocking accident has just come to our knowledge and may serve as warning to parents to be very carefal especially at this Christmas time, when children as a rule are allowed more iberty and in the hurry and bustle of the occasion are more liable to be not produce such exemplary people as | neglected or left to themselves than at

other times. Last evening a mother left her little girl of six mouths lying in the cradle

People, etc., vs. Thomas Taylor et al.; case dismissed. 50 Silvester F. Jones, L. D. Watson, Wm. R Battler, Joseph Barney, Francis Webster, and Simon Topham were

each sentenced for unlawful cohabitation, and received the full penalty from Judge Boreman, six months' imprisonment, \$300 fine and costs.i People, etc., vs. P. Marton, for un lawfully killing cattle; defendant ar-

raigned and took till next term to plead. Thomas Vepard vs. P. Denny and J

W. Christian; case dismissed for want of prosecution. People, etc., vs. A. J. Moore; jur disagree.

Dinner at the Penitentiary.

Yesterday, the dull monotony o rison life was broken by a concert and dinner. The concert began at 11 a. m. and continued until dinser was announced, which was at about 2 p. m. A fice repast had been prepared, the bill of fare embracing stuffed roast tu key, cranberry sauce, mashed potatoes, stewed apples, boiled ham, baked sweet potatoes, potato salad, jelly cake, fritters, ple, pudding, chocoate and coffee. The feast was partaken of by 234

Peter Swenson, convicted of unlaw-fal cohabitation, was called. Mr. Kimbal: moved for a new trial, as there had not been sufficient evidence to warrant a conviction, the alleged plur-al wife being the only witness. The court held the same view as at the trial, and refused the request. Mr. Swenson stated that his plural wife had not come to his house unless requested to do so by tis first wife, who had been sick, and she was now making arrangements to leave for the old country. He was sentenced to four months' impliconment and to pay a fine of \$100 and costs. Stephen Nye, of Orden; unlawful cohabitation; called for sentence. Divorce proceedings were pending between alm and his first wile, and though he had not been paying her any alimony, as be had earned nothing for two months, he was willing to furn over his property to her. The court though that as the plural wife had him, if the first wife could get the property, it would be but just. He was sentenced to three months' imprisonment and to pay the costs. Archibald McKinnan, of Woodruff; prisoners, and at its conclusion a vote of thanks was tendered to the gentlemen to whose energy and benevolence the prisoners were indebted for the dinner, among whom were Hon. George Q. Cannon, O. ,P. Arnold, C. H. Wilcken and B. Y. Hampton. A breakfast which included articles not in the

regular bill of fare was partaken of before the concert began. The printed. menu bore the legend: "Christmas comes but once a year,

When it comes it brings good checr."

Counterfeit Notes.

On Saturday an employe of the Des-erst Paper Mill found, in an envelope Archibald McKinnan, of Woodruff among the old paper sent to the mil for reworking, four bank notes which, to an unpracticed eye, were apparently

Archibald McKinnan, of Woodruff; unlawful cohabitation; sentenced to three months' imprisonment and to pay the costs of prosecution. Bishop Wm. H. Lee, of Woodruff; unlawful cohabitation; sentenced to four months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$100 and costs of prosecution. Robert Crawshaw; unlawful cohabi-tation; sentenced to three months' imprisonment and to pay the cos's of the prosecution. all right. Three of them were \$10 bills, on the National Bank of Poughkeepsie, and a fourth was a \$20 greenback, purporting to be issued by the City National Bank of Utics, N. Y. The no's were sent in to the Deseret Bank, the presecution. Enjan Box, of Brigham City, con where they were pronounced coun-terfeit, and defaced as such. The young man who presented them asked whether they were good stating how they had been found. An investigation was had, and his statements verified. The notes were wrapped as though it had been intend-ed to send them through the mails, but there was nothing by which the party

Vo. 36 EAST TEMPLE S' Sucall profits and quick sales at Peo-ple's Equitable Co op. Come one! Come all !! who had formerly held them could be identified. ala Tanto

DEATHS. LEGAL NOTICH.

in the Probate Court, in and for Salt Lal County, Territory of Utah. aimint.-In the Fifth Ward, Salt Lake ty, December 23th, 1888, of pneumon Lala Jane, daughter of William J. and In the matter of the Estate of Charles Harmon, Deceased,

Margret Brimley, aged 10 months. Funeral service will be held at the Fifth Order appointing time and place for settl ment of final account and to hear petition for distribution. Ward meeting house tomorrow, Thursday,

Agents Provo Woolen

Mills,



Dated December 6th, 1585. County of Utab, County of Salt Lake. | sa. I. John C. Cutler, Clerk of the Probati-Court is and for the County of Salt Lake in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct

copy of Order appointing time and place for settlement of final account, and to hear pelition for distribution in the Estate of Emeline Free Young, deceased, as ap pears of record in my office. In witness whereof I have hereunic set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, this 7th day of December, A. D. 288. [Beal.] JOHN C. CUTLER, Probate Clerk.



tion. The sentence of Mark Hall, convict-ed of voluntary manshaughter, was set for January 3.d. Christian Larsen and Lorenzo Olsen, convicted of maliciously spooting a pig, were sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 each and the costs of prosecution. This made a payment of \$44.50 each, or a day in the county jail for every dollar not paid.

victed of uniawful cohabitation, was called for sentence. Mr. C. C. Rich-ards made a statement of the case, showing the evidence given at the showing the evidence given at the trial to be contradictory in some in-etances, and too pointed to be relied upon in other instances, and therefore asked the careful consideration of the court in passing sentence. Mr. Box had nothing to say except that he was not guilty. The court reviewed a few points of the testimony, stating he thought the verdict of the jury fully justifiable, and sentenced him to six monthe' imprisonment and to ray a line of \$300 and the costs of prosecu-tion.