

ARBOR DAY OBSERVED

Governor Spry Heads Delegation Of Official Tree-Planters On Capitol Hill.

BUSINESS HOUSES CLOSE.

Residents, Both Juvenile and Adult, Out With Rake And Spade.

From Reports More Shrubs and Seeds Are Planted Than Ever Before In History of City.

With all business houses and offices closed this afternoon, Salt Lake observed Arbor day as it never did before. Assisted by their entire families and boys worked in their shirt-sleeves cleaning up the front yard and the back yard, replacing shrubbery in the lawns and planting trees. Before noon the health department was equipped with calls for rubbish wagons. The seven extra wagons ordered by the city council will have to be increased to 17 to move the debris away in a week. It may be justly said that Salt Lake was cleaned and slicked up today for any occasion.

From all reports more seeds were planted this year than ever before. The commercial club's supply was cleaned up and more was ordered and this stock went as readily as the first. The city horticultural inspector gave out all the seeds that he had and the superintendent of schools distributed seeds, both flower and vegetable, to the children in the various schools to make gardens at home. The children took advantage of the opportunity and flower beds were built up on all four sides of the houses.

The nursery men report that the sale was exceptionally heavy during the week. Many varieties of the stock gave out and they were generally cleaned up in all lines. This activity was probably brought about to make the most of the beautiful day that ever for the Grand Army encampment.

In all the parks in the city trees were planted. Gov. Spry and the state officials planted the regular number of trees in the Capitol grounds. The city officials went to Liberty park, where more of trees and shrubs were planted. Pioneer square was brushed up and in all places were planted trees and shrubs of all descriptions.

The weather was ideal. It enticed nearly everybody who enjoyed a half-day vacation to bluster his hands on the soil and the rake, cleaning up around the odd corners of the lot. If there are many more hands tomorrow there will not be many sore heads on the general appearance of the city.

ON CAPITOL HILL.

Except for propriety, Gov. William Spry would have planted a dozen trees instead of one in governor's row this morning at the Arbor day celebration in the Capitol grounds. He felt like it—he said he did—after inhaling a deep breath of mountain breeze and looking out over the beautiful site of the present Capitol building. His official duty, however, who accompanied him and each planted a tree, felt the same way and to did the spectators who looked on marching up and down the avenues and streets with their trees and shrubbery, just ready to burst into green.

Christopher H. Blomsterberg, the gardener, had done his best for the reception of the state officials. The lawns were raked, the trees were pruned, the alien leaves were raked away and the green grounds looked ready to break out into a shower of green foliage for the celebration. This was the twenty-first observance of Arbor day at the Capitol grounds. Many of the men who planted the first trees on the grounds were there today and planted another.

A. L. THOMAS CLAIMS RECORD.

Postmaster Arthur L. Thomas stood under a spreading rock maple tree he planted 21 years ago—then as slender a young sapling. He claims the record for the number of trees planted on the grounds as an official.

James T. Hammond claims second honors with 13 trees, and then comes Charles E. Hingey, secretary of the city, with nine trees, former Gov. Cutler with five trees and several other officials have planted four trees.

GOVERNOR AS AN EXPERT.

Gov. Spry arrived with the other state officials about 10:45 o'clock and set no time in getting to work. He picked up a straight, slender cut-limb and tree which had been selected and hole dug—thanks to Gardner Blomsterberg. Catching up his trousers he mounted them, sighted it into line with the other trees in the row. Then with his hand he plucked the soil into a hole, he bent over and scattered a gentle shower of roots and tiny fibers. After he had repeated this, he stamped a gently and sighed again. Then with his hands he showed the official fan-ly that he was ready for the tree. If that he was ready for the tree, he showed the shovel over to Charles E. Hingey.

With his handkerchief he mopped his brow and smiled with satisfaction. It was here that he stopped to admire the sight of the capital building on the crest of a gentle slope and pondered the fact that he had been here for 21 years. "We will have a fine tree here," he said. "We will have a fine tree here, and the ground will take a more definite shape."

Former Governor Cutler was the next to wield the shovel. He planted a birch tree, but not in the governor's row, where he has four other beautiful trees. He said that the tree of his Prince Albert coat got tangled with the shovel handle, he showed himself to be a close second to Governor Spry. It was a neat job, just as good as the governor's, the spectators said, and then they marched on to the next hole.

PLANTS NORWAY MAPLE.

Former Governor Thomas planted another Norway maple in the same row that former Governor Cutler did. This was done with alacrity and the tree set squarely in the line with the others. The other officials became anxious and then there was a demand for more



Photo by Harry Shipley. FORMER GOV. JOHN C. CUTLER. GOV. WILLIAM SPRY POSES. FORMER GOV. A. L. THOMAS.

ARMENIANS ARE BEING MASSACRED

Now in Progress at Mersina, a Seaport of Asia Minor on The Mediterranean.

TROUBLE IS NOT POLITICAL.

Not Connected With Upheaval at Constantinople—Christians Appeal to Consuls for Help.

Constantinople, April 15.—A massacre of Armenians is in progress today at Mersina, a seaport of Asia Minor, on the Mediterranean.

Enraged at the murder of two Moslems by an Armenian and the fact that the assassin was not apprehended, the Mohammedan population of Mersina which counts a total of 10,000 inhabitants, took the law into its own hands and attacked the Armenian quarter.

The Christian communities of Mersina are appealing to the consuls here for help.

Two American missions are represented at Mersina.

The trouble at Mersina is in no way connected with the political upheaval at Constantinople of the last two days. It involves a recrudescence of religious and racial hatred, which has nothing to do with the internal politics of Turkey.

There have been several minor movements against Armenians in Turkey during the last 12 months, notably at Verian-Shehr and Bagdad last October and religious rioting took place at Smyrna in January and in Jerusalem in February of this year. Mersina is 25 miles by rail southeast of the city of Adna. It counts 6,000 Mohammedans and some 3,500 Christians. It has a station of the Imperial Ottoman Railway and is an out-station of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions. The records of the foreign missions of this year show that Rev. C. A. Dodds, Rev. R. D. Dods and Miss Evandina M. Sterritt were stationed at Mersina.

GRIFFIN-YANGER BOUT POSTPONED FOR A WEEK

New York, April 15.—The 10 round bout between Charles Griffin, the Australian champion, and Benny Yanger of Chicago, which was to have been fought at the Waldorf Athletic Club tonight, has been postponed for a week to enable the club to remodel the boxing arena.

They walked over into the southwest part of the grounds where a new avenue has been laid out. There were plenty of holes dug and trees set in, so the celebration took off all form. Those who planted trees along the avenue were: Charles S. Hingey, secretary of state; Adjutant-General E. A. Woodworth, Col. George B. Squires, A. Woodworth, state bank examiner; W. C. Chandler of Mt. Pleasant, member of the state land board of commissioners; State Senator L. E. Mack; State Auditor Jesse E. Jewkes; Arthur Pratt, warden of the state prison; Atty.-Gen. Albert R. Barnes, Surveyor-General Thomas Hull, Edward H. Callender, chief of state food and dairy commissioner; J. E. Friel, justice of the supreme court; J. Golden Kimball, W. H. Rowe, James T. Hammond, Mr. Hyde-Tier, Dr. T. B. Beatty, J. E. Archibald, state representative of Sumner county; A. L. Lawson, secretary to the state superintendent of public instruction; and James T. Turner, auditor of state Republican clubs. There were a number of trees planted by the newspaper representatives, making a total of 22 trees in all.

GOVERNOR SPRY GOES EAST.

Governor Spry left before all the trees were planted. He leaves for Chicago this afternoon. He is going there on business.

Including the spectators there were about 100 persons present during the ceremony. Several of the officials were accompanied by their wives and friends. They all walked up to the grounds and then took street cars back about noon after the tree-planting had been finished.

DID SULTAN START MUTINY?

It is Said There is Good Reason To Believe That He Was Organizer of It.

CONSTANTINOPLE IS QUIET.

New Ministry is Very Prompt in Making Removals and Following Them With Appointments.

Berlin, April 15.—The local Anzeiger today published a Constantinople dispatch in which the correspondent says there is good reason to believe that the sultan himself organized the military mutiny. There are many methods of communication between Yildiz Kiosk and the mutineers. Mahmud Mukar declared at the palace yesterday that if full powers were conferred upon him he would soon make short work of the mutineers. This statement was communicated to the sultan, who at once caused Mahmud to be imprisoned.

NEW MINISTRY AT WORK.

Constantinople, April 15.—The Turkish capital is again assuming its normal aspect and there is this morning little outward evidence of the political ferment that has marked the previous two days.

The new ministry has promptly removed Yaver Pasha from the command of the First army corps and given this post to Nazim Pasha. Nazim Pasha was minister of war for a brief period prior to the fall of the Kiamil cabinet and the malcontents among the troops have urged his reappointment to this post. He is a popular and able officer and the command given him today will in all likelihood be a stepping stone to his return to the ministry. It is believed his appointment will hasten the effect toward restoring order and discipline in the army.

Isma'il Kiamil Bey, the new president of the chamber of deputies and provisional leader of the Liberal Union, was received by the sultan in audience today. His majesty, in the course of the conversation declared emphatically that the future welfare of the country made necessary a strict observance of the principles of the constitution in conformity with the Sheri law.

NEW YORK FLOODED WITH COUNTERFEIT SILVER

New York, April 15.—Secret service agents stationed here are making every effort to trace to their source thousands of counterfeit quarters and half-dollars recently put in circulation and offering no indications of spuriousness other than a certain deadness to their ring.

The coins are perfect to the eye and touch, but the alloy used in their composition makes them easy of detection by ear. These engaged in passing them off, however, choose such times and places as renders their submission to the sound test impracticable. A great many, according to the secret service men, have been passed in street cars.

MINE OWNERS WANT SALOON ABOLISHED

As an object lesson how employers of labor in general and mine owners in particular regard the saloon evil, the following signed petition sent to the commissioners of Beaver county is instructive:

To the Honorable the Board of County Commissioners of Beaver County, Utah:

Gentlemen—We the undersigned citizens of Utah and elsewhere, interested in the development of the mining industry in the vicinity of Frisco, Utah, hereby petition your honorable body to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in the vicinity of the Horn Silver, Carbonate, Contact, and King David mines, by withholding all licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors. The mine owners in this vicinity are having considerable trouble in securing sufficient labor with which to develop their properties on account of saloons situated at Frisco. Laboring men squander their money at these places and unfit themselves for manual labor, thereby depriving themselves and families of the common necessities of life. These saloons are a menace to society and a curse to the community. For these reasons we respectfully request that all saloons in this vicinity should, at once, be abolished, and the law relating thereto vigorously enforced.

JESSE KNIGHT, President, King David Mining Company.
DAVID EVANS, Manager, King David Mining Company.
D. P. ROHLFING, Manager, Lulu and Contact Mining Companies.
PATRICK RYAN, President, Lulu and Contact Mining Companies.
C. M. MORRIS, Manager, Horn Silver Mining Company.
GRANT SNYDER, Manager, Beaver Carbonate Mining Company.

And by the principal business men and many citizens of Frisco and vicinity.

Dated April 5, 1909.

30 KILLED IN NITRO-GLYCERINE FACTORY

Sullivan, Ind., April 15.—The nitro-glycerine factory at Goodin, Ill., across the Wabash river from this place, was destroyed by an explosion this afternoon, and it is reported 30 men were killed.

Details are lacking. The explosion occurred at 4 o'clock and the shock could be felt for 35 miles.

BATTLING AGAINST EVILS OF SOCIALISM

New York, April 15.—How the National Civic Federation is opposing Socialism in this country was told by Seth Low, former president of Columbia university, in the course of an address last night before the members of the National Metal Trade association.

"Do you know," he said, "that there are Sunday schools in this city where Socialism is taught to little children? Their literature is in our battle ships and circulates in our army, urging desertion and mutiny. But we are doing what we can to counteract that propaganda. We began this at the request of the labor leaders in the federation."

"Such men as Mr. Gompers and Mr. Mitchell have been fighting Socialism in their labor union for years."

NELSON-McMILLAN BOUT.

New York, April 15.—Jimmy Coffey, manager of the Colma Athletic club, who yesterday matched Jack Johnson and Stanley Ketchell for a fight, will leave today for Chicago where he will meet Battling Nelson and Pucky McMILLAN tomorrow to secure their signatures for a 45 round bout at Colma on July 4.

HONOLULU AWAITING FAIRBANKS' ARRIVAL

Honolulu, April 7, via San Francisco. April 15.—Former Vice President C. W. Fairbanks, accompanied by his wife and daughter, are expected to arrive here April 13 and remain until May 15, on their way to Japan. They will be heartily welcomed and hospitably entertained during their stay.

Admiral Hieh and his officers were the guests of Capt. Rees, commandant of the naval station, yesterday on a trip to Pearl harbor, and afterwards at a luncheon at the University club.

The Hawaiian Irrigation company has located an issue of a million dollars to construct a vast irrigation ditch on the island of Hawaii by which water for fluming and irrigation will be brought to several well established plantations.

THREE MEN KILLED BY GAS EXPLOSION

Fairmont, W. V., April 15.—A gas explosion in the No. 2 shaft of the George Creek Coal & Iron company at Fairmont, W. V., killed three men and injured several others.

Immediately following the explosion the mine was sealed. These men were coming from the mouth. It is said, however, all the miners have been accounted for.

Three mine workers, all foreigners, were killed. They were the only men in the mine.

CAUSE OF DROP.

New York, April 15.—A generalized break in the wheat market this afternoon was precipitated by a drop of more than 6 cents a bushel at Winnipeg. May wheat sold off 24 cents from the early high point to 13 1/4 with July breaking 2 1/2 cents and sold as low as 12 1/2.

NEXT ROSE-DICKIE DEBATE.

Milwaukee, April 15.—Dr. Samuel Dickie refused in a letter to change the question for the next Rose-Dickie debate to allow Mayor Rose the opening and closing.

"I feel that it is not exactly courteous on Col. Dickie's part," said the mayor. "He was accused the opening and closing in the first debate, and although there was no distinct understanding that in case of another debate the question should be reversed, I believe that it would be no more than fair to make the change."

"Will I call the affair off?" Indeed, I have given no thought to that proposition.

The debate is scheduled to take place in Chicago on Friday, April 16.

MOST REMARKABLE SERIES OF CRIMES

Sons of Murdered Man Fight Duel With Murderers and Kill Both of Them.

TWO BROTHERS IN QUARREL.

Mother Attempts to Stop It, is Shot—Two Brothers Fight With Knives Over Girl, One Being Slain.

Chicago, Mex., April 15.—A most remarkable series of crimes in which the principals were brothers have occurred in this district in the last two days.

The first tragedy was a double duel with pistols between Enrique and Alberto Gonzales on one side, and Loreto and Anselmo Tamariz on the other. The latter two were killed. They had murdered the father of the Gonzales boys. The Gonzales brothers armed themselves and found the murderers at the market. Shooting commenced immediately and the Tamariz brothers fell dead. The slayers fled to the hills, but one was captured.

Germano and Antonio Meza quarreled over a bowl of pulque and opened fire on each other with revolvers. Their mother attempted to stop the fight and was fatally wounded. Antonio was also fatally wounded.

In the Juchitepec district, two brothers, Yaxid Yaxid and Cayetano de La Rosa quarreled over the affections of a girl and fought a duel with knives. Cayetano being killed, his brother's knife almost disemboweling him.

PRICE OF FLOUR CONTINUES TO SOAR

Columbus, Ohio, April 15.—The price of flour continues to rise in sympathy with the advancing tendency of wheat markets. Columbus millers today put the price up 40 per barrel for winter wheat flour and the market is now quoted here at \$7. This advance makes a gain of \$1 per barrel here in the past 10 days.

Jobbers say the price will go to \$9 before the close of this year.

The bakers here are now confronted with the difficulty of getting sufficient wheat to keep their mills running and some of them are running only on short time.

The bakers here are now confronted with the problem of either raising the price of the loaf or reducing the size.

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BULLS WHEAT RECEIVE SETBACK

Suddenly and Precipitately, Without Any Warning, Prices Begon Toppling Over.

PATTEN BOUGHT FURIOUSLY.

Through Telephone Could be Heard Shouting, "Buy a Hundred July. Take a Thousand September."

Chicago, April 15.—The purchases of James A. Patten and immediate associates during the final 15 minutes of today's session of the board of trade was approximately 6,000,000 bushels of May, July and September, wheat.

Chicago, April 15.—Wheat bulls received a setback today on the board when the prices toppled precipitately. July tumbled an extreme 4 1/2 cents; May 3 1/4 and September 3 1/4. Patten bought furiously all along the line and the close showed a reaction averaging something over a cent.

The market was nervous all day. Favorable reports from Illinois and Missouri as to the growing crop led to steady selling of September wheat for a fortnight. But on a very drop at Winnipeg where it was reported exporters were re-selling wheat purchased for the European market. The Northwestern markets were weak all day.

Prices here, however, with the exception of September held up until near the close. May and July both established new high records, thus maintaining their record of having risen consistently to a new high level each trading day for a fortnight. May, on a very nervous market, rose to 12 1/4 and July to 11 1/4. September led the break, far after selling at 10 1/4 the bear forces made a terrific smash at the market and forced September back to 10 1/4. May dropped to 12 1/4 at a time, and July receded to 11 1/4. Out in the corridor of the Western Union building, wherein are situated the offices of James A. Patten, the leading bull, the sound of a high pitched voice talking into a telephone could be heard.

"Buy a hundred July. Buy 200 July. Take a thousand September."

In the vocabulary of the trade "hundred" means hundreds of thousands. A small crowd, hearing the voice, gathered. "Patten's shouting it," he's trying to check the slump," ran the comment.

Over in the turbulent excited pit the high voice at the telephone was repeated. Prices halted—stopped—and then rebounded. But the loss was anything but completely recovered despite the voice crying "Buy, buy, buy."

May at the close sold at 12 1/4, July at 11 1/4 and September at 10 1/4. These prices showed a net loss from last night of 1 1/4 for May, 2 1/4 for July and 2 1/4 for September.

Mr. Patten stated that his position as to crop and market conditions had not changed since his interview with the Associated Press yesterday, in which he justified his policy by the law of supply and demand.

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TARIFF FOR PHILIPPINES

Pres. Taft Transmits Special Message on the Subject To Congress.

OBJECT IS MUTUAL BENEFIT.

Bill Intended to Preserve Customs Revenues to Islands And Afford Protection.

Recommended That it be Enacted Into Law at Present Session as Incidental to Payne Bill.

Washington, April 15.—The president today sent to Congress a special message in relation to the Philippine tariff. The message transmits recommendations by the secretary of war for a revision of the Philippine tariff so as to permit as much customs revenue as possible for the islands and at the same time to extend to the islands the principle of a protective tariff for its industries.

The message and accompanying letters with a copy of the proposed act were submitted to both houses of Congress shortly after they convened.

Generally speaking the bill submitted by the president makes a slight increase in the rates of duty now provided in the Philippine tariff but its framers say its tendency is to insure as far as practical the benefit of the Philippine market for American manufactures and products. The bill makes some additions to the free list. There will be an increase in internal revenue duties by which it is hoped to make up the loss which the Philippine Islands will sustain by the operations of the free trade provisions in the pending Payne tariff bill.

The internal revenue laws for the Philippines are enacted by the Philippine assembly.

PRESIDENT TO CONGRESS.

President Taft sent the following message and accompanying papers regarding Philippine tariff revision to the senate and house of representatives today:

"To the Senate and House of Representatives:

"I transmit herewith a communication from the secretary of war enclosing one from the chief of the bureau of insular affairs, in which is transmitted a proposed tariff revision law for the Philippine Islands.

"This measure revises the present Philippine tariff, simplifies it and makes it conform as nearly as possible to the regions of the customs laws of the United States and especially with respect to packing and packages. This present Philippine regulations have been difficult for American merchants and exporters to comply with. Its purpose is to meet the new conditions that will arise under the section of the pending United States tariff bill which provides, with certain limitations, for free trade between the United States and the islands. It is drawn with a view to preserving to the islands as much customs revenue as possible and to protect in a reasonable measure those industries which now exist in the islands.

"The bill now transmitted has been drawn by a board of tariff experts, of which the insular collector of customs, George R. Colton, was the president. The board had a great many open meetings in Manila and conferred fully with representatives of all business interests in the Philippine Islands. It is of great importance to the welfare of the islands that the bill should be passed at the same time with the pending Payne bill with special reference to the provisions of which it was suggested.

"I respectfully recommend that this bill be enacted at the present session of Congress as one incidental to and required by the passage of the Payne bill."

DICKINSON'S COMMENT.

Sen. of War Dickinson in forwarding the papers to the president, says: "I have not had time to examine the bill in detail and cannot afford acquaintance with the subject to say whether or not it is what it should be; but Gen. Edwards, who is familiar with the matter, recommends it, and I have no doubt that with your own familiarity with the subject, you will be able to dispose of it."

The letter of Gen. Edwards, dated April 13 and addressed to Secy. Dickinson, after describing the measure and its purposes in much the same language as the president, says: "It will be an unexpected result of the revision of American goods into the Philippine Islands must revolutionize business in the Philippines, and unless the adoption of that policy is accompanied by a revision of the present Philippine tariff, it will prove disastrous to some important industries in the islands and also result in such serious loss to the customs revenue as to embarrass the Philippine government."

It has had publicity in the United States and it is believed that continuing interest have been awakened and as far as schedules are concerned it should meet with no opposition. For instance the schedules relating to the introduction of tobacco, sugar and sugar are made identical with the pending Payne bill and therefore have removed the apprehension that these goods can be imported into the Philippine Islands at a low tariff rate and thence into the United States free as the growth and production of the Philippine Islands.

The proposed revision has the approval of the governor-general and the government he represents in the Philippine Islands.

IOWA'S ANTI-SALOON LAW NOW IN FORCE

Des Moines, Ia., April 15.—Today's Iowa's anti-saloon law went into effect. The law was signed by the governor and provided a fine and a jail sentence for any one engaging in any obscene, indecent, immoral and impure dance, plays, exhibition, show or entertainment. The enforcement of the law is left to the sheriff and to the police of the state.