

ani, peached on them, and that the man who shot him was the captain of the band. Great excitement exists in Rice County over this bloody affair.

NEW YORK, 20.—A number of sugar importers of this city, who obtained their supply from Cuba, Mexico, &c., not including the Hawaiian Islands, have paid the custom duties under protest, during the past week, claiming that the same products mentioned in the new reciprocity treaty with the Sandwich Islands are, under the treaty stipulations with Mexico, Spain and other countries, entitled to free entry at this and all other ports.

Supt. Walling was authorized yesterday to grant leave of absence to 600 members of the police force, to enable them to visit the Centennial Exhibition on Thursday.

The *World* has persisted for several days that yellow fever prevails in Baltimore. This having been systematically denied, officially and otherwise, the *World*, to-day, prints the following, from Baltimore, signed by a physician:

"I have visited twelve yellow fever patients to-day. The authorities are still trying to keep the prevalence of the disease a secret. The patients are in the most squalid and dirty parts of the city. Four new cases broke out to-day. The officials convey those infected to the marine hospital. Until this time there has been a want of sanitary precaution. The patients have been allowed to remain at home and not be isolated. All the patients that have died have shown characteristic symptoms of yellow fever, except the black vomit, which occurred in only two cases. So far no autopsy has been made, most of the patients being Bohemians, and their friends objecting to the examination. Dr. Stewart, president of the board of health, complains that he has not the power to isolate the patients; but, to-night, four new cases having broken out, instructions have been given to convey the sick people to the hospital. I saw Mayor Latrobe, who says it would hurt the city if the truth became known."

A gambler, named Billy Temple, entered the Revere House this morning and wanted breakfast without paying for it. A negro waiter, named Morris, refused; whereupon Temple struck him several times with a tumbler, inflicting fatal wounds.

CHICAGO, 20.—News was received at the military headquarters to-day that on the 10th inst., John Grass, head chief of the Blackfeet band of Sioux, was arrested by the military authorities for exerting his influence to prevent the hostile Indians from coming in to surrender, and for other offences. He will be kept in custody until the charges against him are investigated. The Indians, since this arrest, have become very respectful and friendly.

It will be remembered that this, chief, John Grass, was, after his arrest, paroled by the authorities that he might attempt to secure the surrender of Kill Eagle and his force. This was accomplished, and Kill Eagle's band laid down their arms, as already declared in the official dispatches. John Grass was highly complimented by General Carlin, commanding at Standing Rock, for his services, and in return made an eloquent plea for his brethren, and humorously handed over a worthless flint lock rifle to be sent to the Great Father in token of submission.

PORTSVILLE, Pa., 20.—Thomas Duffy, one of the Molly Maguires charged with the murder of policeman Yost, was found guilty of murder in the first degree by the jury this morning, eight being already under death sentence.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., 20.—Rear-Admiral A. M. Pennock died here suddenly this afternoon, of apoplexy, aged sixty-two.

CHICAGO, 20.—A. T. Stewart & Co. opened their new jobbing house on Wabash Avenue this morning, with six thousand cases of goods and two hundred clerks.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The superintendent of the mounted recruiting service has been ordered to forward 500 recruits to Fort Abraham Lincoln, Dakota Territory, for assignment to the Seventh Cavalry.

FT. THOMAS, Ont., 20.—At one o'clock this morning, two miles from Brownsville, on the Canada and Southern Railroad, just in time to catch the New York express, bound east, the train wreckers uncoupled the fish plates, parted and chained the rail apart, and threw

the whole train off except the hind sleeper. Engineer Hunt was severely scalded. None of the passengers were seriously hurt. The track was blocked about four hours. One of the villains was captured.

WILMINGTON, 20.—The steamship *Rebecca Clyde* sailed from here on Saturday morning, loaded with naval stores and cotton. She became disabled off Scrabble Inlet, twenty miles south of Hatteras, on Sunday morning, about seven o'clock, from the rolling of the deck load, breaking the steering gear and lashings of the deck, the load becoming entangled in the propeller. The wind was blowing a perfect hurricane from the south-east. In the effort to heave the deck load overboard, several persons were washed into the sea and instantly drowned. By the heroic efforts of the captain, chief engineer, second mate and cook, the sparker was raised and almost immediately thrown clear from the mast. They next raised the mainsail, but it was soon destroyed; they were unable to clear the foresail halyards, but succeeded in getting the sail two-thirds up. Engineer Jones and Second Mate Hendricks then went astern to try and clear the propeller, but were washed overboard and immediately disappeared behind a huge wave. The survivors clung to the ship, the sea washing over her fore and aft. About one o'clock the shore appeared in sight, the wind having blown the ship before it on the beach. The Captain and cook managed to clear the port boat, but it got away with only one man in it, and one clinging to her stern. The breakers soon swamped the boat, but the two men, Sol. Whitelaw, oiler, and a colored fireman named Bob, reached the shore. The rest clung to the hull of the ship until it was smashed to pieces, and then struck out for the shore, but the following only succeeded in reaching it: W. L. Parsley, Fred. Price, J. M. Cronley, Frank Edgerly, and Chas. Eytel, from Wilmington; the cook, Philip Myers, colored, fireman Buckley, coal heaver, Pat Halpin, and a pilot named English. The body of Captain D. C. Childs was warm when washed ashore, but all efforts at resuscitation were fruitless. He was buried on Portsmouth Island on Monday afternoon. The survivors were kindly cared for by the inhabitants. The ship is a total wreck. Large portions of the cargo were washed ashore and secured.

POMEROY, Ohio, 22.—The local steamboat *J. N. Roberts* exploded its boiler at the wharf at one p.m. to-day. Several persons were injured, one supposed fatally, and possibly another still in the wreck. The boat is a total loss.

SIoux CITY, Iowa, 20.—A Fort Sully telegram says: Chief Bull Eagle, it is reported, when called on to surrender his arms and ponies, sent word to General Buell, at Cheyenne agency, that he would do nothing of the kind, and he wants all the soldiers to cross to the east bank and keep their rations. The Indians would take care of themselves.

ST. LOUIS, 20.—D. Eglington Barr, the Episcopal clergyman undergoing sentence of suspension for drunkenness, was arrested to-day, charged with an attempt to rape a girl three years old. He was committed to jail.

BISMARCK, 20.—General Terry arrived with his staff to-day, en route for St. Paul. The dash by the Seventh Cavalry and battalion of Sixth Infantry upon Wolf Point agency, to intercept the Uncpapas attempting to cross at that point, was a failure. The troops failed to overtake the Indians, who succeeded in fording the river and escaping to British Territory. Employees at the agency who saw them cross represent the numbers at several hundred. The Indians confessed that they were in a destitute condition, and had thrown away their lodges to facilitate flight. They offered extravagant prices and ponies for ammunition. The troops left in the cantonment at Tongue River are making good progress in building huts. The other battalions are all en route for their respective posts.

NEW YORK, 21.—The *Herald's* Madrid special says: Learning that the commander of the U. S. ship *Franklin*, homeward bound, consents to deliver Tweed to the American authorities, orders for Tweed's departure will be countermanded. The *Franklin*, which is now at Gibraltar, will proceed to Vigo and take Tweed on board.

WASHINGTON, 21.—The soldiers and sailors' national reform associ-

ation have, to-day issued a call for a grand mass convention of Union soldiers and sailors in favor of reform in the national administration, to be held in Albany, N. Y., on Thursday, Oct. 19, in the interests of Tilden and Hendricks. The call is signed by the executive committee with Major General Hooker as Pres.

CHICAGO, 21.—The *Tribune* says the officers of the Erie, Baltimore and Ohio and Union Pacific railroads are on their way to this city, for the purpose of making arrangements to establish a through line from New York to San Francisco. This has been a long contemplated scheme of Jay Gould's, and he seems to have at last obtained sufficient interest in the Northwestern and other roads necessary to complete the time to carry the scheme to a successful issue.

RED CLOUD AGENCY, 19, via Fort Laramie, 20.—The commission succeeded to-day in bringing Red Cloud and his people to a council. Among the prominent Indians present were Red Cloud, Little Wound, Swift Bear, Red Dog, Red Leaf, Black Coal, White Tail, Sitting Bull, Pretty Crow, Eagle Dress, Young-Man-Afraid, and Quick Bear. Many officers from Camp Robinson attended council, which lasted two hours.

Red Cloud made the first speech. He said his people were willing to give up the Black Hills country, also to have his young men take a journey to see the country spoken of by the commission, the Indian Territory, and if they report it is a good country his people will so consider it; if they report it bad, they will consider it bad.

Quick Bear said: When the young men got back from that country the Indians would want to go to Washington with their agents, chiefs and interpreters, and have a talk with the Great Father before giving this country up.

Sitting Bull said: I have got a judgment against the agent. If he issues every ten days promptly it is all right, but if he don't I will go north.

Young-Man-Afraid said: My father shook hands with the Great Father on Platte River, and was told this country belonged to the Dakotahs. I was brought up in this country to be a chief. The soldiers have no concern in this country since I have been here and have tried to do right. I wish to tell you plainly I have been ashamed ever since the soldiers came here and sat down. I wish you, my friends, who have brains and hearts, to tell my Great Father what my opinion is, and what I have said. I agree to the young men going on the journey, but we are going to ask of the Great Father a great many things. We expect to have feed and blankets as long as we live. The Great Father has not lived up to his promises in the past.

American Horse said: The soldiers had no business here. If they wish to arrest anybody the country is wide; let them go and arrest them. There are a great many bad men in the north; let the soldiers go and arrest them. (Laughter on the part of the Indians.)

Here Red Cloud took Dr. Daniels, Major Howard and Joseph Blissett, and set them among Indian Chiefs, and said he wanted them to do his business for him, and to go to the southern country with his young men; he also wanted F. C. Boucher, Antoine Janis, Bill Rowland, Hank Clifford, Todd Randall, Frank Solway, and Nelse Moran to go as interpreters.

Red Dog said: The Indians are not willing to sign any paper until the young men get back from the southern country, and they have had a chance to go to Washington to talk face to face with the Great Father.

Black Coal, Chief of the Arrapahoes, said: His people had equal rights with the Sioux to the Black Hills country, and they would want their share of the money received for them. He was willing to go and look at the southern country.

Bishop Whipple replied to the Indians that the Great Father required them to sign a paper binding themselves to go to the Missouri River, if they did not go to the Indian Territory, else they would get no more rations. He urged them to consent at once to the propositions, and go to the Indian Territory upon the return of the young men.

Judge Gaylord, Solicitor of the Interior Department, followed to the same effect, urging prompt action on their part in order to

secure rations in the future. While he was talking Sitting Bull, to whom the President gave a fine rifle last year, broke up the council, saying there would be plenty more days to talk.

Supplies were issued to the Indians for a feast to-night, and it is thought another council may be held to-morrow.

PHILADELPHIA, 21.—The attendance, to-day, exceeds that of any previous day in the history of the centennial exposition. Over 100,000 admissions were reported up to one o'clock. President Grant is present, and at noon lunched at the British headquarters.

This is New York State day and the trains all morning were run into the city densely packed with New Yorkers. Not only was the capacity of the railroad transportation taxed to its utmost, but the transportation to the grounds, for the first time, was insufficient.

CHICAGO, 21.—The *Times* special correspondent with Crook telegraphs from the expedition, on the Belle Fourche, Sept. 15th, that the commanding officers and men lived almost exclusively on horse and pony during their march from the morning of the seventh to the fourteenth. They had lost from 300 to 400 horses since leaving Powder River August 26th, and the remainder are weakly and out of condition. Gen. Crook expresses his opinion that Crazy Horse is the head and front of the trouble in the Hills. He had ordered 800 ponies from Laramie Plains to remount the cavalry and pursue this chief, but Sheridan's orders to meet him at Fort Laramie spoiled this plan. The wounded are doing well. The command has made 186 miles on about two days rations since leaving Pearl River on the sixth.

SIoux CITY, Iowa, 21.—Doctor Master, while going to visit a patient eight miles northeast of this place, yesterday afternoon, was attacked by two of the James and Younger gang, retained a prisoner three hours, and compelled to change horses and clothes, receiving pants with a bullet hole in the knee. He reports one robber badly wounded, and thinks they cannot travel much farther.

CREEDMORE, 21.—The American team won the rifle match by eleven points.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 18.—An immense meeting on the eastern question was held at Guildhall to-day, over which the Lord Mayor presided. The proceedings were marked by some disorder. An address to the Queen was voted deploring the outrages of the Turks and praying England no longer to support Turkey from considerations of political expediency. An amendment expressing confidence in the government was rejected by an overwhelming majority. A motion in favor of the immediate convocation of Parliament was carried. The crowd was so great that the vast throng was unable to get into Guildhall, and another meeting was held outside the building.

The *Times* special from Deligrade States the European powers communicated to the Prince of Montenegro the orders of the Porte suspending hostilities, with the request that the Prince issue corresponding orders. The Montenegrins will, therefore, maintain a defensive attitude, and all the military positions of both sides remain unchanged.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 18.—The *Imperial Trade*, to-day, announces that orders have been issued for the cessation of hostilities for ten days, beginning with Sept. 15th.

MADRID, 18.—The *Diario Espanol* states that the authorities of Castile have prohibited the sale of Protestant Bibles.

LONDON, 19.—The *Standard's* Belgrade special says: The retreat of the Servians across the Drina was caused by the alarming rise of the river, and was well-timed; for soon after they withdrew, the plain in which their camp had been pitched, was covered with a vast sheet of water. Their headquarters is at Pettorach, opposite Javor.

Gen. Tchernayeff's freak, in causing Prince Milan to be proclaimed king by the army, is productive of much annoyance.

The Porte intimates that the truce will cease on the 25th, but expresses hope that by that time the European Powers will have fully considered the terms of peace.

Five thousand working men held an enthusiastic meeting on the

eastern question at Exeter Hall last night, over which Henry Fawcett, Liberal member from Hackney, presided. Resolutions were passed condemning the eastern policy of the government, and demanding a speedy meeting of Parliament. A vote of thanks to Schuyler, of the American legation at Constantinople, for his report on the Bulgarian outrages, was passed.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was also held in Trafalgar Square.

News from Castletown states that the Transvaal Republic is completely disorganized, and high officials are asking for British annexation. The legislature will discuss the project on Oct. 4th.

VIENNA, 19.—It is asserted that the Czar has given Prince Milan three million roubles, and that a large body of Cossacks are ready to enter Serbia by way of Roumania.

MADRID, 19.—The Cure of Santa Cruz, who figured so conspicuously during the Carlist revolt, has been sentenced to ten years imprisonment in contumacious on the charge of murder and arson.

LONDON, 20.—A meeting to protest against the Turkish atrocities, was held in the church of the Rev. Moncreu D. Conway last night, Peter A. Taylor, member of Parliament, presided. Conway and Bradlaugh made speeches. Resolutions were adopted thanking Schuyler for his exposure of the outrages, and asking for the early assembling of Parliament.

PARIS, 20.—Prince Orloff, the Russian ambassador, has assured President MacMahon that Prince Milan being proclaimed King has produced a very bad impression at the Russian court. Russia, although determined to defend with vigor only the rights of Christianity in Turkey, is in no way disposed to support the excessive pretensions of Serbia.

BELGRADE, 20.—The Servian note handed the foreign consuls yesterday complains that the Turks have violated the suspension of hostilities at Yankowa and Clousara. It is also stated that they have destroyed and burned Sacschar and crossed the river Timok.

It is reported that the Servians, by order of Prince Milan, have recrossed the Drina and reoccupied their former positions on its west bank.

BELGRADE, 20.—General Tchernayeff telegraphs that in consequence of the non-observance by the Turks of the suspension of hostilities, he will also disregard it if opportunity arises of obtaining the advantage.

The Minister of War left Belgrade in great haste to arrange this threatened rupture as well as to meet the deputation on its way to tender Prince Milan the crown.

DIED.

At Brigham City, Sept. 12, of sore throat, LEWIS H., son of Lewis H. and Mary Jane Booth, aged twelve years.

At Montpelier, Bear Lake Co., Idaho, Sept. 8, 1876, of croup, after an illness of three days, CHARLES PERRY, son of Hyrum and Clarinda Phelps, aged 4 years, 7 months and 28 days. Suffered little children to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven.—Com.

In Salt Lake City, Sept. 10, 1876, FRANCES GEORGINA HAYES LEBRECHT, after a protracted illness. Deceased was the wife of Peter L. Chelmont and daughter of George and Fanny May, of Canterbury, Kent, England. She was born in London, Dec. 21, 1853. She lived and died a true Saint.—Com.

Millennial Star, please copy.

At Bountiful, Davis Co., 26th Sept., of cancer in the breast, GEORGE W. GRANT, aged 64 years and 11 days.

Funeral services to take place to-morrow, at Bountiful. Friends are invited.

Millennial Star, please copy.

At Rawlin's Springs, Sept. 16, 1876, REBECCA A. M. STEVENS, wife of Isaac Stevens, aged 34 years, 6 months and 23 days. Deceased was a native of Bristol, England. The remains were interred in the Ogden Cemetery, Sept. 19th. Mrs. Stevens leaves a husband and two children to mourn her loss.

Millennial Star, Bristol, Murray, and Lloyd's London Paper, please copy.

In the 13th Ward Salt Lake City, June 2, of scarlet fever and teething, HETTY BROWN, aged 1 year and 10 months.

Millennial Star, please copy.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE Members of the 14th Quorum of Synodals, Saturday evening, Oct. 17th, 1876, at 7 p.m., at the residence of T. E. Taylor, 1 block west and 1/2 block south of Temple Block. Members who reside in the country are particularly invited to attend.