SPEECH OF HON. THOMAS FITCH, OF NEVADA, ON THE "CULLOM BILL."

MO LONG MENT OF MENTERS END. ON The following speech, delivered in the House of Representatives, February 23, 1870, by Hon. Thomas Fitch, of Nevada, will be perused with great interest by our readers. The speech needs no eulogium from us; it speaks for itself. Mr. Fitch is a rising statesman. He is one of the youngest men in the House; but he has already made his mark in that body, and is recognized as one of its most eloquent and able members.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill reported from the Committee on Territories, known as the "Cullom Bill," and Mr. Fitch arose and said: " leer out of of or or evens

Mr. Speaker, that the provisions of this bill reported by the Committee on the Territories, rigidly enforced, would put an end to polygamy in Utah is intrinsically probable. That the destruction of polygamy is a wise and laudable purpose may be readily conceded; and zealous, fanatical belief have induced a if such destruction were all that is involved it would be my duty to advocate this measure instead of opposing it; but knowing something of the Mormon country, and something more of the if they suppose that no other purpose cities without a brothel or gaming- her or iron circumstances restrain her; peculiar character and motives of the than unbridled indulgence in gross house. people inhabiting that country, I am animal sensualism carried the Mormons impelled to the conviction that this to a life of privation and labor in Utah. tims been called "twin relics of barbarbill, if enforced as law, would provoke consequences most prolific of misfortune and entail results altogether unapprehended.

Among these results may be includnot the complete destruction, of the industry and temperance. great overland railroad. Next, Utah would be returned to the desolateness which once reigned supreme upon her war, and would prepare with all the fury | ple," if it is not probable that a people and earnestness and zeal of fanatics to | who believe in their religion as devoutenter upon a contest most bitter, protract- ly as do the Mormons will fight, and if ed and bloody. The result of such a need be die in the effort to preserve it contest no man can doubt. One hun- from annihilation; and so determined, dred and forty thousand people, how- shall we expect them to await our action ever self-sustaining, however isolated, or hope that they will postpone hostilihowever favored by position and cir- ties until the first company of the forty cumstances, could not maintain them- thousand troops provided for in this bill selves against the power of the Govern- can reach even the borders of Utah? ment. The Mormons would be exter- Sir, they are a practical people. Indeminated or driven out of Utah. But, pendently of their peculiar religious with polygamy t us destroyed, adul- views they are perhaps the most practi- beyond the reach of civilization. tery thus delocalized, concubinage thus cal people on earth. They have made tax-burdened people would be that the aptitude for toil are only equaled by the result accomplished was not worth the honey-makers, whose dwelling place

I agree with the distinguished gen- and the motto for their territorial coat | Mormons and Gentiles Mormon juries | women through trackless and untrodden tleman from Illinois, the chairman of of arms-a bee-hive, with the legend, do impartial justice. the Committee on the Territories, that "By industry we thrive." we ought not to shrink from the expense war should have been precipitated proceed to cut off all means of commun- ed into law; and laws unsustained by of the people? Does it not lack all the great overland railroad in a week. They and independent. If the people of any sensuality or of sacrifice, which ignores and repudiates that holiest impulse of would be purchased at too great a cost. our nature, that sweetest gift of God, I appreciate the argument of the gentlefeel at once for two women, which no the honor of the nation should be prewoman can entertain for him she does | served at whatever risk, and the maj-

them in various ways; we have permitted them without interference or warning to collect adherents and gain recruits from all parts of Europe. Their numbers have swelled beyond our apprehensions. History nowhere makes mention of a colony of equal age more industrious, more united, more powerful, or more self-sustaining. They have towns containing thousands of people, with newspapers and telegraph lines, factories and founderies hundreds of miles south of Salt Lake City. They are industrious, thrifty, temperate; they are free from every vice comparatively, except polygamy, and that according to

Illinois [Mr. Cullom] believes that they will make no resistance. Sir, have they faced the storm and the savage, the desert and disease, to be turned from their tenets or driven from their convictions by an act of Congress? Would any sentiment less earnest than passionate, people to go to such a distance from the diligent search to find a community may vote now; howsoever she may centres of civilization; to accept such more peaceful, industrious, or thrifty vote to maintain her social status or contumely and undergo such sacrifices | than these Mormous. We might look | minister to her physical wants; howand such toil? Gentlemen are in error in vain elsewhere than in Utah for soever religious convictions may impel If such alone had been their purpose ism." That was a taking phrase in the perhaps they might have achieved it at | Chicago platform of 1856. It had a renotoriety, without crossing the Mississippi river. The tree of degraded sensualed, first, the temporary obstruction, if ity does not bear the fruits of thrift and in the sense that they were of equal an-

As I stated before, they would regard | ernment is unfit to deal with a problem of a just and necessary war, waged for the passage of this bill as a declaration such as the Mormon question presents. that fate which awaits us all shall have an adequate cause. But I ask gentle- of war, and panoplied by a purpose only | Our government rests upon the virtue executed its plans. men now the question, with which the less dear to them than life itself they and intelligence of the people. Our country will vex them when through will hasten to fortify and provision and government is conducted in public. the operations of this bill a Mormon arm themselves. They will promptly Ours is a government of opinion framupon us: what is there in such ication with the outside world. With opinion are apt to remain unenforced, across the land he has redeemed from a contest appealing to either the judg- their facilities for organization they Every county of every State and Terri- sullen void, will strangle polygamy ment, the conscience, or the patriotism | could destroy hundreds of miles of the | tory is in some extent self-governed | by a revelation. But whether this preelements which inspire men to go forth | could maintain a contest for months, | county tacitly agree that a particular | gamy is doomed. Natural causes will to battle? I am not unmindful of the perhaps for years. Of course we could crime shall not be considered a crime if work its speedy decay. The disintedeep disgrace to the nation that the finally conquer them, because we could committed within that county, what is grating forces within itself will destroy barbarous social practices of the exterminate them. But it would cost to be done about it? If grand juries Asiatic should be unblushingly us millions upon millions of treasure; persistently refuse to find indictments, pursued among a Saxon people in it would cost us thousands upon thou- or petit juries regularly return verdicts this noon of the nineteenth century. sands of lives; it would cest us the in- of "not guilty" for that particular spirit of violence and venom as we ex-I condemn this folly of the Mormon terruption of that travel which is percreed. I am filled with amazement and | manently growing in importance, and | matter or punish the offenders through | pity at the voluntary degradation of which promises, if undisturbed, to ful- the ordinary processes and means per- jury system, and in order to reach this the Mormon women. I compassionate fill the dream of Columbus and make while I abhor that spirit, be it a spirit of America a new highway to the Indies.

Sir, the suppression of polygamy this Government. We have given them for no such squandering of blood and extreme and desperate cases. I do not cost of life and money, we hurl against title to their lands; we have recognized treasure as seems to be involved in the believe that the present is such a one. polygamy so much of armed force as to dietion of every overt in the Territory polygemists and divide its proceeds living in Salt Lake city. Address Sirah with Rastern made products and divide its proceeds living in Salt Lake city. Address Sirah

among the former wives, ere the puly Lowis, Plegan quere, Talywain, near gain by the operation, not purhase in

To great the factor of the state of the stat

stand here, as did the Representatives of Every locomotive bell resounding the people in the Thirty-Seventh and through the gorges of the Wasatch Thirty-Eighth Congresses, and vote mountains is sounding its death-knell. money in countless millions and men I believe in the persuasive power of in numberless hordes. But this is a progress and the logical force of attritheir creed is no vice, but a religious question of no considerable importance | tion. I believe that for want of the inat least, though we have sometimes They believe in their faith as deeply | sought to make it appear so. It repreas the Mahammedan believes in his sents a religious megrim which has as-Koran or the Christian in the crucifix- sumed an obnoxious form, but which ion of his Redeemer. Assail that faith | contains the elements of its own deswith armies and you will consolidate | truction, which interferes at least with and strengthen and infuse them with the tastes and prejudices rather than more ardent zeal. The gentlemen from | the interests of mankind, and which does not rise to the dignity of a political question. It is simply the case of a! handful of men and women who choose to govern themselves in their own way, and who, with one odious exception more grievous to themselves than to us, seem to have made of their method an They have given the women the ballot; undoubted success. We might make and howsoever the Mormon wife

less cost, less effort, and less unpleasant | sonant chime; it made a good rallying cry. But while polygamy and slavery may have been twin relies of barbarism tiquity, and were both capable of being I do not intend to apologise for the sustained by scriptural authority, they that the House shall understand exactly or in possible consequences. Slavery soil. Again, the growing industries of what we will undertake if we pass this rested upon compulsion and drew its a vast country would be checked, and bill. It it is attempted to enforce its vitalizing force from oppression; polythe development of the Pacific coast provisions there will be war. If it is gamy depends upon persuasion and Notwithstanding the opinions of whose testimony the committee have and social framework of fifteen States; the Territorial Committee, I fear that the judgment of gentlemen, I appeal to the desert for a home. Slavery was the the people of Utah would regard the that history which some one has well basis of a vast industrial system; poly-

crime, there is no way to reach the ernment. There is no power vested in executive or judge to take offenders beyond the limits of their State for

conditions of this bill. Polygamy, But, it may be asked, shall we do while it is bad enough, offers no chal- nothing? Shall we allow this defiance lenge except to the educated sentiments of the authority of the United States to of a people. It makes no interference | continue? Shall we permit Brigham with the controlling power, nor asks Young and his followers to pursue the the nation to be responsible for its ex- practice of polygamy without any earistence, its advancement, or its destiny. nest effort to suppress it? I answer, It assails no human right; it assaults no sir, that I believe polygamy has run human privilege. I believe that the railroad If the question of national unity or | which deprived the Mormons of their human freedom were involved I would | isolation has struck it a mortal blow. vigorating element of truth the institution will fall to decay. I do not believe that a practice which is at war with the interests of society, hostile to the spirit of the age, and opposed to the instincts of human nature, can, even when sustained by religious convictions, maintain itself against the silent, insidious, persistent, resistless assaults of the social forces arrayed against it.

Already, since the railroad was completed, a schism has grown up in the Mormon Church which its president seems powerless to heal or subdue. bowseever ignorant or poor she may be, Polygamy and slavery have some- sooner or later the assaulted, imprisoned, outraged instincts of human nature will arise and vindicate themselves. The house will be overturned upon the heads of the captors. Possibly, indeed, they who but now have given the ballot to the women of Utah have led a blind Sampson to the pillars of their

temple. Utah is no longer isolated. In that unlawful acts of that people, but I desire | were not equal in present importance | fact alone the days of polygamy are numbered. So long as an iceberg remains locked in pelar fields it dares the assaults of the elements; but when the salt summer waves come stealing seriously retarded. Beyond all this, enacted as a law there will be extensive leans upon its own distorted interpreta- up from the south they detach it from thousands of brave men would be slain, preparations for war. I know that such | tion of the divine philosophy. Slavery | its surroundings, they float it away, and millions of treasure expended. is not the opinion of the witnesses upon | was incorporated into the civil, political | they eat out a piece here and crumble away a fragment there, until some day the gentlemen who appeared before predicated their action. But I appeal to polygamy is a pariah which has fled to its foundations are gone and it tumbles with a crash into the ocean; and the process is repeated until there is nothpassage of this bill as a declaration of said is "philosophy teaching by exam- gamy is an excrescence upon a promis- ing left to mark its existence save a ing industrial experiment. Slavery chill in the water, which the Gulf prevented a free press and prohibited Stream speedily eradicates. Sir, this free speech; polygamy is unable to pre- social iceberg has stood in the midst of vent the publication of an anti-Mormon | the great American desert, swelling its paper in Salt Lake City, and anti-poly. frost-bound proportions for a quargamy meetings are held within sight of ter of a century; but the railroad the residence of Brigham Young. Slav- has unmoored it from its fastenings, ery, grown arrogant by tolerance, as- and it floats without rudder or pilot in sailed the nation and defied its laws; the surrounding ocean of civilization. polygamy, feeble and subject, obeys . A wave washes down from the railroad every statute except that which threat- and makes a chasm in the church. Adens its existence, and seeks obscurity venturous miners find precious metals in the vicinage, and another wave rolls All laws of the United States and of in from East or West and makes a scattered, with virtue and desolation social science a study; their industries Utah are obeyed in Utah except the an- chasm in the family circle. Thus the reigning supreme in a waste where on- are co-operative; their self-abnegation ti-polygamy act. The very witness up- elements of destruction are busy about ly the jargon of the savage disturbed and voluntary submission to discipline on whose testimony the committee it. Some day, not far off, death will the stillness, the rebuking verdict of a are unparameted; their organization and have framed this bill averred that in all claim the great organization executive criminal or civil actions where poly- brain which holds it together, palsying gamy was not involved he never met a the mighty will and hushing the potent sacrifice involved. and whose habits furnish the symbol fairer people; that in suits between voice that has led willing men and wastes. Neither do I believe that the The truth is that our system of gov- majestic march of events shall be long stayed or obstructed even perhaps till

I predict that the sagacious mind of that great Mormon leader, Brigham Young, grasping the prophecies which start from every foot-print of progress diction shall be verified or not polyit. The consciences, the impulses, the very passions of mankind conspire. against it. But if we assail it in such a hibit towards the vices of no other community; if we recklessly change the mitted under a republican form of gov- one blot upon our national escutcheon provide for a violation of all the practices and usages of republican government; if we attack it as this bill protrial. Cases of this character can be poses, with packed juries backed by that sacred passion which no man can man from Iillinois, [Mr. Cullom], that reached only by finding such evidence lines of bristling steel, we shall consoliof an armed and general conspiracy to date while we would scatter, we shall resist the laws as to authorize the sus- unite forces which we would dissolve; not believe to be exclusively her own. esty of its laws vindicated at whatever pension of civil authority within the we shall intensify the elements we But the question we consider is a cost. These are heroic sentiments, and infected district and the interposition | would destroy; we shall vitalize if we practical and not a sentimental one, and claim a share of our reverence when- of military rule. The remedy is expen- shall not perpetuate by very means of we must deal with facts as they exist. ever we may deem that the honor of the sive, and its frequent use most danger- officious and unjustifiable persecution This polygamic community has been nation is in jeopardy. But I conceive ous to republican government. It the tenets we would expunge or wholly nursed into strength by the tolerance of that the moral exigencies of Utah call should never be resorted to except in destroy, unless, indeed, at immense