TELEGRAPHIC.

MONEY STANDARDS.

Secretary Carlisle Speaks at the Chamber of Commerce Banquet.

THURSTON MAKES A REPLY.

A Brute Lynched.—A Rival to Jack the Ripper.—The U. P. to be Reorganized.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The twelfth annual banquet of the chamber of commerce took place tonight. Three hundred prominent business men were present. Charles S. Smith, president of the chamber, presided, and at the table H. n. John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, occupied the seat of honor. Among the others present were Hon. William Walter Phelps, Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Hon. Carl Schurz, Hon. St. Clair McKelway, Hon. Morat Halstead, Hon. James H. Hyde, Gen. M. Fullerton of Chicago, Hon. William G. Hamlin-wer and Professor G. Drexel.

Hon. John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, responded to the first toast of the evening, which was "Commerce domestic and the honor of the country requires that the obligations of the United States shall be paid in coin current in any market of the world, and that the question shall be settled for all time and beyond cavil, "Very."

Carlisle said in part: "While it would be unfair to attribute the unequal distribution of our trade with the outside world to the character of their fiscal legislation, I think it may be safely asserted that this country could not long maintain its present position as one of the most conspicuous and important commercial nations which now control the trade of the world, unless we preserve the integrity, or, at least, the soundness, of the monetary systems of the other principal nations. We cannot possibly change the situation and, although it is the only practical question to be considered it is useful to examine its laws in order that we may know how to use our money, and whether it is to be stored or shipped, or have all our money go out enough for us in every market where our people trade.

"Gold is the only international money. It is active in the advances of a civilized system to insist that this ought to be so. It is so and we must accept the fact.

"I never been able to understand that a monetary system of values, and never found anyone who could tell. To my mind it seems absurd to contend that there should be two different standards, as it would be to insist upon having two gardens of different dimensions, or two gallons of different capacity. If the two standards are not equal in value, it is evident that one of them must be a false measure; and if they are equal in value it is evident, no matter what the law might declare, that there would be in fact but one standard. The question whether the obligations of the United States shall be paid in coin current in all the markets of the world, has already been settled, in my opinion, for all time to come. This does not imply that silver is to have no place in our monetary system. What is to be the ultimate fate of that metal is one of the problems which time and events alone can solve, but for many years the fluctuations in its value have been so rapid as to demonstrate the fact that it cannot be safely coined, without limitations, into money of final redemption at the existing ratio or any other ratio that might be established."

SENATOR THURSTON.

Synopsis of His Reply to Blount's Report on Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Lorin A. Thurston, Hawaiian minister, gave out a statement tonight. He says: "As I have received no official information that Blount has made a report, I am unable to intelligently state what the position and claims of the government are.

"A large portion of the published extracts from Blount's report consist of personal attacks upon me and those associated with me in the provisional government, impugning our veracity, our faith and courage, and charging us with fraud and duplicity.

"First, I desire to call attention to Blount's method of constructing his report. Although he says in several places that I was a leader in the revolutionary movement, he never asks me a question concerning the same nor gave me an opportunity to make any statement.

"Examination of the published portions of the report shows numerous absurd statements. Blount charges that the American troops were landed under a prearranged agreement with the committee of safety. At no time did Stevens or Captain Wiltse secure me or the committee or any subcommittee thereof, that United States troops would assist in overthrowing the queen or establishing a provisional government, and as a matter of fact they did not so assist.

"In Wurtzburg's statement he says that when the committee of safety told Stevens they were not ready to act, he replied: 'Gentlemen, the troops of the Boston will land at 5 o'clock, whether you are ready or not.'

"The reason for that hasty and urgent landing of troops is manifest. The troops were landed to protect American citizens and property, and not to co-operate with the committee in carrying out its plans.

"Blount charges that but for the support of the United States troops, which I've said troops, the establishment of the provisional government was impossible. Although the presence of American troops may have prevented bloodshed, they were not essential and did not assist in the revolution of the queen. The result of the movement would have been eventually the same if there had not been a marine within a thousand miles of Honolulu.

"Second, there was absolutely no attempt, at courts, upon the part of the government of the objects and intentions of the committee.

"Third, the queen's cabinet and supporters were utterly demoralized, surprised and taken another and certain of ownership.

"Fourth, the committee and their supporters were united, and simple force to execute their purpose, knew precisely what they wanted and proceeded with intelligent deliberation, thoroughness and confidence to do it.

"It is admitted by all that the queen began the revolution in definitely hour by attempting to promulgate a constitution, there not enough was expected, followed by preparations for armed resistance.

"Monday morning at 8 o'clock the committee, without an attempt at concealment, met at my office, within the feet of the police station, Marshal Wilcox's headquarters, where the entire police force was stationed. While the meeting was in progress Wilcox came to the office and asked to speak to me privately, and we went into an adjoining room. Our conversation was in substance as follows:

"Wilcox said: 'I want the meeting stopped,' referring to the same meeting for the afternoon.

"I replied: 'It can't be stopped. It is too late.'

"He said: 'The queen has abrogated the new constitution now.' And I replied, 'How do we know that she will not take it up again? She said she would.'

"He said: 'I will guarantee that she will not, even if I have to lock her up to keep her from doing it, too, if necessary.'

"I replied: 'We are not willing to accept the guarantee as sufficient. Things have gone from bad to worse, till we are not going to stand it any longer. We are going to take no chances in the matter, but settle it once for all.'

"At 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Monday, the 16th, a large meeting of armed men was held within a block of the palace, with immense enthusiasm. It unanimously adopted resolutions declaring the queen to be deposed and authorizing the committee to proceed to do whatever was necessary.

"While the meeting was in progress another meeting was being held by the republic, within a block of the meeting, which adopted resolutions in support of the queen.

"Colonels stated that at a course of their party on the previous Friday night one of the members of the committee, Kalauna by name, said it he could establish a new constitution he would die happy if he could kill Wilcox and Marshal Wilcox.

"The queen was intensely angry at the refusal of the cabinet to join in promulgating the constitution and publicly denounced them therefor.

"In reply to the assertion the present government is not supported by the 'were allies,' I verily say that every man, by the laws of the country, was a legal voter, whose right to the franchise by the proposed constitution would be abrogated, a large proportion of them were born in the country and almost without exception those who were not born there had lived there for years, owned property there and made it their home. They were the men who built up the country, commercially, agriculturally, industrially and politically, and created and made possible the civilized government therein. They were and are safe men to entrusted the leading citizens of the most progressive community in the United States, with interests so thoroughly identified with the interests of Hawaii as are the interests of the native and foreign born citizens in similar communities in this country identified with it."

LYNCHED FOR HIS CRIME.

His Victim, a Child of Four Years, at the Point of Death.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Nov. 21.—Fred Gustavson, a laborer, aged 32, who recently came to this city, was hanged by a mob on the main street of Ottumwa at 2:30 this afternoon. Last night he entered the four-year old daughter of James Rex into room at a boarding-house, and criminally assaulted her. The child now lies at the point of death.

This afternoon Gustavson was brought to Justice Truitt's office for preliminary examination. A fight ensued there between the father, grandfather and other relatives of the child and the officers.

The culprit was finally wrested from the hands of the officers and dragged to the street. Here the mother of the child stood with a rope and gave it into the hands of the mob. It was immediately placed about the wretch's neck, and he was hauled to the corner of the school building.

A great crowd had by this time collected. No effort was made to cut the villain down. After hanging twelve minutes the rope broke, and the body fell to the pavement. It was seized by the officers and hurried to jail. The mob, fearing life was not yet extinct, followed and demanded the body. Mayor Lafaire secured from the fellow was dead and ordered them to disperse. The mob obeyed.

Finally a committee from the crowd was selected to view the remains. They reported life extinct and the mob dispersed.

THE SLASHERS.

Threatening the White House and President Cleveland.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—An afternoon paper has a Washington special telling of the doings of a men or men, dubbed "Jack the Slasher," who has been going about entering houses, cutting up carpets and curtains putting foul in pianos and the like. The police are utterly at sea as to his identity. Today a newspaper received a letter, purporting to come from the miscreant, declaring that before being captured the slasher's would have some something to make them uncomfortable. The letter added that not only would the White House be thoroughly slashed, but that President Cleveland would be slashed before they got through with their work, and that all the detectives and guards that might be put around the White House would not save him. It stated further that when this was done they would turn the town. The letter is credited as genuine in consequence from the slasher, who is called a fiend of an extraordinary character or a lunatic.

Reorganization of the F. P.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The Herald this morning says: A conference and luncheon was held today in the Union Pacific railroad system, whose purpose was the formation of a committee to frustrate the reorganization of the Union Pacific railroad system, with nearly 6000 miles of road and over $200,000,000 of securities. The counsel committee on Pacific railroads authorized its sub-committee to act during the recess, and the sub-committee delegated power to Senator Stewart, as a committee of one, to do this important work.

Many prominent men were present and the conference was particularly private in the afternoon. Gen. of the gentlemen present stated, after adjournment, that the interchange of views proceeded in a very friendly and business-like manner, and the selection of a committee of reorganization from among the number will probably be made at tomorrow's session.

Threatening to Stop the Water Supply.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 21.—At a meeting of the city council last night the county attorney was instructed to commence suits brought against the Water A. Gas company for cancellation of their franchise. Immediately after the presentation of the resolution the Water Supply company served a notice on the council that unless the suits were immediately withdrawn the water company would, on November 15th, no longer furnish water to the city or inhabitants. The city will take no chances to prevent the closing of the works.

WORK OF THE ELEMENTS.

Earthquakes and Storms Carry Off at Least 1000 Souls.

The Causes That Led to the Trouble Between Prince Bismarck and Emperor William.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—A dispatch to the Times from Meshed brings further details of the earthquake Friday at Kochan, in the northern part of the province of Khorasan. The town was completely destroyed. The loss of life was immense. Great crevasses were opened in the earth, through which the water flowed in torrents, and the fertile region around the city was transformed. The people had no chance to save anything.

The shock was so severe that the largest house in the town, including the residence of the governor, were almost instantly toppled over, entailing hundreds of people to death. The town had a population of between 20,000 and 25,000. It is thought that at least 1000 perished. Many were carried away with the flood. It is not known yet what damage was done in the valley, but it is feared that many villages below Kochan were swept away.

A short time after the disturbance the entire water supply of the town disappeared. The people are reported to be panic-stricken in the Alborgh mountains, having fled to seek for in caverns as best they could. The district in which Kochan is situated is very populous.

HOLLAND ALSO STRICKEN.

Fishermen Drowned and Great Destruction in the Coast.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—A dispatch from Rotterdam says: The whole coast of Holland suffered from the storm, and there have been many shipping casualties and fatalities. An auction sloop was witnessed off Scheveningen yesterday, when a steamer put out to the rescue of the crew of a wrecked fishing boat. The sea was so heavy and the wind so strong that the steamer dashed against the pier and wrecked. The crew was with difficulty saved by a lifeboat. Meanwhile five of the crew of the fishing boat were drowned.

A dispatch from Copenhagen: The gale was severely felt about the Jutland peninsula, and a number of fishing boats were wrecked. Three fishermen are known to have been drowned. The population of the coast is in great distress. Many fishing boats are missing, and it is probable that a list of widows and orphans will be increased.

Bismarck and the Emperor.

BERLIN, Nov. 21.—A further extract from Count Kanitz's forthcoming book, "The German Empire in Bismarck's Day," is published. It deals with the attitude of Bismarck and says: Immediately after Bismarck's interview with William the emperor sent Bismarck the following message: "The kaiser requests that Bismarck shall not receive members of the reichstag without previously reporting to the kaiser."

Bismarck replied: "Please tell the emperor that I allow nobody to have any control of my own houses."

The next morning, March 15th, the emperor rose early and went to Bismarck's residence, where he declared that he must know every night the result of the chancellor's negotiations with the party leaders.

Bismarck refused to comply with the emperor's demands and repeated the remark of the previous night with regard to the sanctity of his own household. The emperor was greatly agitated, and said: "Not even when I command you to do it as your sovereign?" The prince replied: "My master's authority ends at my wife's drawing room." The emperor then dismissed the prince's resignation as chancellor, at the same time offering him the title of Duke of Lauenburg and a pension. The prince rejected the offering, saying in reference to the proposed pension: "Nobody shall be able to say that I closed my career by running after a gratuity such as a sealed pension would receive at new years."

Bald Heads!

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CLOAKS AND INFANT'S COATS.

Our Cloak trade has been phenomenal, perfectly consistent. This week in Nov. we will do what we have never done in January, selling at less than cost on the dollar.

Very important information to our lady customers desiring something extremely new in cloaks, that have not been announced in facing you what they wanted, been, owing to the Cloak Sale, which has far exceeded our real and calculations in magnitude, we closed up out of Exclusive Novelties almost entirely. It takes days to make some more, hence in the last if possible send another shipment. We received twelve days later that he had been asked to expose of the most magnificent Jackets only to be had for one week this season. They are a novelty, a perfect gem, and all handsomely fur and hold trimmed lining, Jackets with full sleeves, with collar, and all the latest attachments brought at prices that cannot stand alone—they are here, before every one, you will say so on Monday morning—An assertion that may seem bold, but we say prove it, they will be retailed at less than they can be owned by others. WOMAN IT.

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The greatest and daintiest effects ever seen. The newest creations for the four little ones, Elder dresses, Chill Chills, Lambs Wool, Vienna, Five Dollarses Bedlad effects and many others, profusely trimmed in ribbons, velvets, silks, Beaver, Angora, Thibet and other lace trimmings.

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