

Want advertising furnishes you "the answer" to the little "real riddle," even though it is a hard one.

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

VALPARAISO EARTHQUAKE.

Chilean Capital Badly Damaged. Fires Started and Many Reported Killed.

MAY BE AS BAD AS 'FRISCO.

Cable Disabled and it is Hard to Get Any Reliable News.

HAS A POPULATION OF 150,000

Is a Fortified Seaport and Most Important Commercial City on West Coast of South America.

New York, Aug. 17.—Cable advices report that the city of Valparaiso, Chile, has been badly damaged by an earthquake and many people killed and injured.

One report which was received in this city said that portions of Valparaiso were burning all night and that the bodies of hundreds of its residents were buried in the ruins of the buildings.

A report received here is that the situation in Valparaiso may prove to be as serious as the San Francisco disaster.

Practically every building in the city is damaged and there are fires in different parts of the city. Many persons are reported killed and injured. The earthquake has interrupted cable facilities to lower South American points and communications restricted to the route via Lisbon. Another from Valparaiso is that the loss of life has not been confirmed. Fires are burning in various parts of the city.

Valparaiso is a fortified seaport of Chile and the most important commercial town of the western coast of South America. It has a population of about 150,000. It is the capital of the province of that name and is situated on a large bay in the Pacific ocean 75 miles west-north-west of Santiago, with which it is connected by rail.

The bay of Valparaiso, which is well sheltered on three sides, is bounded by ranges of hills rising from 1,600 to 1,700 feet high, on the slopes of which a considerable portion of the city of Valparaiso is built. On the south side of the bay are the spacious suburbs of Nuevo, Maipo and Gran Avenida, from which pass out is one of the finest of thoroughfares of Valparaiso, the Avenida De Las Delicias. The lower central section of the city is constituted by the Alameda, having regular and attractive streets and containing the principal business houses, the plaza Victoria and the National theater.

To the northwest of this section, in the quarter of the city known as the puerto (or port) in which are situated the greater number of public buildings, and the vast warehouses which line the quays and docks. In this portion of the city, however, narrow and crooked streets are still a feature, but the newer sections of Valparaiso have an attractive modern appearance, the buildings in the business quarter being massively built.

Among the monuments in Valparaiso are those to Columbus, Wheelwright (who established steam navigation on the Chilean coast), Admiral Pratt and Thomas Cochrane, organizer of the Chilean navy. The city has various academic and collegiate institutions, a naval school, school for marines, museum of natural history, hydrographic bureau, etc., and its industrial establishments comprise foundries, railroad and machine shops, sugar refineries, breweries, distilleries, large bottling works and factories of all kinds. Elevators connect the lower parts of the city with the villa section on the heights. The port of Valparaiso is the terminus of many important lines of steamers for Europe by way of the Straits of Magellan and Panama, and is the center of the South American coasting service.

It contains a numerous foreign colony composed chiefly of British, German and French merchants. There is a custom house wharf alongside of which steamers of any tonnage can moor, but most of the loading is done by lighters from a quay surrounding the town. The harbor is defended by modern, well-mounted batteries. Severe storms and a tidal wave at Valparaiso, June 20, 1899, wrecked the railroad and did great damage to the city.

MAY NOT BE SO BAD.

New York, Aug. 17.—The Central and South American Telegraph company has reestablished its main office in Valparaiso and is working with that city now. This would seem to show that the conditions are not as serious as at first represented.

RECORDED IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The weather bureau today issued the following earthquake bulletin: "A very heavy distant earthquake was recorded on the seismograph at the weather bureau in Washington yesterday afternoon, beginning at 5 minutes and 22 seconds past 7 p. m., seventy-fifth meridian time. Complete and perfect records were obtained of both the north and south and the east and west movements of the earth.

The earth tremors at Washington were of comparatively slow and deliberate motion, each complete movement covering from 15 to 40 seconds of time. The earthquake lasted continuously for several hours and finally ceased at about midnight. The most violent shock occurred at 7 hours, 42 min., 26 sec., p. m.

From these reports there is evidently a record of the great Chilean earthquake of Aug. 16, and is the heaviest recorded in Washington since the San Francisco earthquake.

the Reuter Telegraph company, from Buenos Ayres.

NO RECORD AT HAMILTON.

Lick Observatory, Cal. Aug. 17.—The seismograph on Mount Hamilton shows no record of any earthquake shock yesterday.

NO ADVICES IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Aug. 17.—State department officials are without advices from the American representative in Chile concerning the earthquake which is reported to have caused havoc on the west coast of South America.

DIED OF FEAR.

Man in New York Scared to Death by A Savage Dog.

New York, Aug. 17.—Fear of a large bull terrier led to the death of Hugh Leonard, a middle aged man, on the East Side last night. The dog had dangerously bitten another man, Martin Donovan. The animal, Donovan told the physicians at the hospital where he was taken, was set on him and Leonard by an intoxicated man in a Chinatown saloon. Leonard ran out of the place in fear and presently died in a drug store where he had sought refuge. Donovan's condition is serious. The police later arrested August Marcella, a bar tender.

TRAVELERS RETURNING FROM EUROPE IN CROWDS.

New York, Aug. 17.—The crush of returning European travel has set in, and every arriving steamer is crowded to its capacity with homecoming Americans. All bring back a story of the harmful effect in Europe of the recent discussion and discussion of our business world. The foreign press made much of this material in a campaign against American products in favor of their home industries.

Inquiry here indicates that while the first announcement rested in an almost total cancellation of orders that a more normal condition has returned, and that now most houses are exporting up to their former figures. The beef trade, which was the most influentially affected, is now far recovered, that the exports are now but 15 per cent below normal.

The peculiar situation is revealed that though in the packinghouse exposures the quality of the beef was assailed, the houses have practically been restored, whereas in the petroleum business the quality of which has not been questioned in America there has been a most marked reduction in the export trade, where 60 per cent of the entire petroleum production of the United States goes. The Russians, Germans, Roumanians and Galicians, who are the formidable competitors of the American petroleum industry, have used the European press attacks to their great advantage. With the large accumulated stocks due to the many new oil fields found in Kansas and Indian Territory, and the rapidly developing petroleum industries of other countries, which have the advantage of greater proximity to consuming centers, as well as that of cheaper labor, a serious injury to the American products has resulted. One American oil company, which made application to a foreign government for permission to export its oil, was refused by the American bulk petroleum, was refused by the authorities on the claim that President Roosevelt's message to Congress had discredited the quality of American petroleum.

CHICAGO FREE LUNCH MEAT UNFIT TO EAT.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—That the free lunch served in hundreds of saloons in Chicago is largely composed of meat in a condition absolutely unfit for use, was discovered yesterday by Food Inspector Murray, when his force of assistants raided a saloon at 124 Illinois street, owned by William Davidson.

The place contained 30 stoves, over which six men were working in an endeavor to prepare decayed pork and beef into a semblance of its original form, and to serve it as a free lunch to the patrons of the saloon trade.

The men working in the awful stench of the place were arrested on warrants sworn out by Inspector Murray, and, with Davidson, are accused of violating the health ordinance of the city. The raid of the Illinois street bar followed the inspection of a cold storage warehouse.

The warehouse is a public one, and in it Inspector Murray found 25,000 pounds of meat, and a number of the boxes of the company showed that this meat was the property of Davidson.

In addition to the equipment at the barn for converting unsaleable meats into free lunches, was a large number of the boxes of the company showed that this meat was the property of Davidson.

FRENCH EMBASSY.

A Handsome Structure is to be Erected in Washington.

Paris, Aug. 17.—When the senate and chamber of deputies met in November the government intends to ask for an appropriation to insure the erection of a handsome structure for the French embassy to Washington.

MASS. NATL. BANK CLOSED.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The comptroller of the currency has received advice by telegram from National Bank Examiner Ewer that the First National Bank of Chelsea, Mass., has been closed by action of the directors. Examiner Ewer has been appointed receiver. The failure of the bank is reported by the examiner to be due to large excessive loans to officers and directors of the bank.

A statement of the resources and liabilities of the bank at the date of its last report of condition was made to the comptroller June 19, 1906. This shows loans and discounts to be \$1,135,366; cash on hand, \$5,729; capital stock, \$300,000; and deposits \$25,729.

Boston, Aug. 17.—The business community of Chelsea was surprised when it became known that the First National bank of that city, one of the oldest institutions in this section of the state, had been closed.

Many of the small tradesmen had practically all of their ready money in the bank and it is expected that relief will be afforded by the Winnismet National bank of Chelsea, which has been offered to take deposits of the First National bank 50 per cent of their accounts.

NON-CONTIGUOUS TERRITORIES TRADE

For Fiscal Year Just Ended it Amounted to \$119,304,511.

SOME GAINS. SOME LOSSES.

Shipments Increased to All the Islands Except Philippines—Exports from There Stationary.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Trade of the United States with its non-contiguous territories amounted in the fiscal year just ended to \$119,304,511.

A bulletin issued today by the department of commerce and labor says: "The shipments to the non-contiguous territories amounted to fifty-one and two-thirds million dollars against 43 1/2 millions in the fiscal year of 1905, this growth of about 20 per cent, occurring in the shipments to Alaska, Hawaii and Porto Rico, but especially to Porto Rico, while to the Philippines there was a reduction of three-quarters of a million dollars."

The merchandise shipped from non-contiguous territories to the United States amounted to sixty-seven and two-thirds million dollars against 73 1/2 millions in the preceding year, this loss occurring almost exclusively in the shipments from the Hawaiian Islands and being due chiefly to the decrease in the value of sugar which sent the bulk of the 27 million dollars' worth of merchandise sent last year from there to the United States, and the quantity of raw sugar sent from Hawaii to the United States was 75 million pounds against 81 million in the preceding year, but the value was but 21 million dollars against 24 million dollars in the preceding year, the average per pound in 1905 being 4.2 cents and in 1906, 2.3 cents. From Alaska, the shipments to the United States show a slight reduction due to a decrease in canned salmon shipped to the United States from 92 1/2 million pounds in 1905, to 86 1/2 million in 1906, the value being \$8,000,000 less.

From Porto Rico the shipments to the United States were over 19 million dollars against 15 1/2 millions in 1905. This increase occurred chiefly in sugar and cigars, the value of sugar sent being 14 1/2 million dollars, against a little over 12 million dollars in 1905, and of cigars \$2,000,000 against a little over \$2,000,000 in 1905.

The figures show an increase in shipments to all of the non-contiguous territories except the Philippine Islands. The shipments to Alaska for the fiscal year 1906 are \$15,000,000 against \$11,500,000 in 1905; to Porto Rico \$19,000,000 against \$14,000,000; to Hawaii \$11,000,000 against \$11,750,000, and to the Philippines \$2,500,000 against \$4,250,000.

The shipments from the Philippines to the United States were \$12,377,927 in 1906 against \$12,657,994 in 1905. The value of gold of domestic production shipped from Alaska to the United States in 1906 was 12 1/2 million dollars against 9 million the preceding year, and of foreign gold 7 1/2 million against 10 1/2 millions, this foreign gold being the gold of the Philippines in the adjacent British territory shipped to the United States through Alaska.

The shipments to the non-contiguous territories were principally manganese and iron ore, and in a prepared or partially prepared state. The merchandise shipped from the tropical territories was chiefly sugar, hemp and tobacco.

REVOLUTION AGAINST WIRZ MONUMENT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 17.—The G. A. R. encampment today passed a resolution providing its commander-in-chief should communicate with Gen. S. D. Wilson, commander of the Southern Veterans association, and express the hope that the erection of a monument to Henry Wirz, near Andersonville prison be not attempted.

The question of deprecating the passage by Congress of the law abolishing the canteen in old soldiers' homes was tabled.

A DARING ESCAPE.

Extradited Russian Dives Through Car Window and Gets Away.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 17.—Belenzoff, the leader of the band which pillaged the Credit Mutual bank of Moscow, daringly escaped while on his way to Moscow from Switzerland, whence he had been extradited. He was on board a train, heavily guarded, and when the train stopped at a station, he broke through the glass of a window, gained the forest, and eluded pursuit.

Belenzoff left Warsaw in a special car attached to a fast train, in charge of a captain of gendarmes, four gendarmes and six soldiers, two of whom were always sitting on the same seat as Belenzoff, and carried loaded rifles. Suddenly a stein train slowed speed, Belenzoff rose and hurled himself bodily through the glass window, rolled down the embankment and disappeared in the woods. The train was immediately stopped, and the guards followed Belenzoff's bloody trail for some distance, but it finally was lost in a swamp.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 17.—It is announced that 210 members of the militant section of the Social Revolutionists were arrested in St. Petersburg and Moscow in three days.

TROUBLE AT BROWNSVILLE.

President Calls for Report Regarding Colored Troops There.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 17.—The message from a committee of citizens in Brownsville, Texas, requesting that the negro troops who committed an outrage there last Monday night, be replaced by white soldiers, was received by President Roosevelt. He at once referred the dispatch to the war department with a request that an immediate duty free. An investigation, according to the report, was made to Mr. H. He will take no action upon the committee's request pending receipt of the report from the war department.

S. F. BANK CLEARINGS.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—The bank clearings of San Francisco show much activity in business during the past week. The increase over last year was 5 per cent, and the totals were well above the 1905 mark. For the week ending Thursday, Aug. 16, 1906, the clearings were \$1,941,147.93, against \$1,893,982.59 for the corresponding week of 1905. The increase is \$47,165.34.

SECRET SERVICE RECORDS

The Deseret News is pleased to announce that in common with a number of leading papers of the country, it has secured the rights to publish a series of "Stories of the Secret Service," compiled from the records of the War, Treasury, State, and P. O. Departments of the Government.

The narration is by the well known writer, Jasper Elling Brady, late of the Army Bureau of Information. The first of the series will appear in tomorrow's Saturday News. They will be found to possess all the interest of the best detective stories of the day, with the added charm of being strictly true.

IN LIBEL SUIT ON TRIAL.

Judge Howell Grants Injunction Against City to Prevent Disposition of City Hall Square Property.

(Special to the "News.") Ogden, Aug. 17.—In the district court here this morning, during the trial of the libel suit brought by Viola Lewis against William Giesmann and the Standard Publishing company, Judge Maughn, from the bench, issued emphatic instructions to the jury to pay no attention whatever to the story published by the Salt Lake Tribune with reference to the case. Judge Maughn declared that the story published by the sheet referred to was entirely misleading and the jury must absolutely ignore it.

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GREEK IN TROUBLE.

Nick Panakas, a Greek, was arrested this morning by the police on the charge of threatening to take the life of a fellow countryman. It is alleged that Panakas engaged in a row with another man and then armed himself with a gun and threatened to shoot. The revolver was taken away from the fellow after a sharp struggle, and he was landed in jail.

DONE EARLY THIS MORNING.

Secured About \$150.00—Passenger Who Came in Held and Released of Money.

(Special to the "News.") Pocatello, Ida., Aug. 17.—A daring and successful Idaho hold-up occurred this morning at about 2:30 o'clock in the Salt Lake saloon by five masked men. Two guarded the side door, one the front door, and two entered the saloon, which, by the way, is run by an Italian named Farrando. Two customers besides the bartenders and Jean, the day mixologist, were lined up against the wall and all were "rifled" of their cash. A man, the cash register. A thirsty passenger came on the run to quench his thirst, but when he spied the program that was enacted on the floor he attempted to retreat, but the pal on guard compelled him to enter at the point of the gun and he was also forced to the tune of \$20.

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The committee on resolutions was in session last night but did not prepare any statement on either question. It is probable, however, that both matters will be brought up before the adjournment. Commander-in-Chief Tanner's personal following is strong and it is not probable that this recommendation that action be taken in relation to the Wirz affair will be allowed to pass without notice.

In the convention of the ladies of the Grand Army, the project to purchase the McLean house at Appomattox, where Lee surrendered to Grant, and present it to the government as a peace memorial was unanimously endorsed.

It was decided to hold the next encampment of 1907 at Saratoga, N. Y. Saratoga was selected by a decided majority over Cincinnati, its only competitor.

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COLORADO LANDS WITHDRAWN.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The secretary of the interior today ordered the withdrawal from all forms of entry of 62,923 acres of land in southwestern Colorado for the proposed San Miguel forest reserve. The tract is located in San Miguel and Dolores counties and includes a part of the San Miguel plateau and the San Miguel mountains and is about 34 miles from Telluride.

ELIMINATIONS BEGIN.

After Two Races Today Roosevelt Yachts Will be Cut Down.

Marblehead, Aug. 17.—The Roosevelt cup races are rapidly becoming a question of endurance. Six races in four days have turned out into something akin to hard work, while not a few of the skippers are bearing the belief that the chances of their boats being chosen are fading with each race. Realizing that the strain of hard racing is becoming greater each day and also that the crowding at the line, especially on starts to the windward, placed some of the faster yachts in unfortunate positions, the regatta committee intends to begin the elimination process after the two races today.

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Warsaw, Aug. 17.—During yesterday throughout Poland 11 policemen and one gendarme were killed and four policemen were wounded.

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