

PROPOSALS FOR CHINESE LABOR

Isthmian Canal Commission
Opens Bids for Supplying Them.

ALMOST AS CHEAP AS DIRT.

Ten Cents Per Hour, Foremen 20 and
Physicians at Bargain Counter
Price of 39.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Proposals were submitted to the Isthmian canal commission today for the furnishing of Chinese labor to be employed in the construction of the Panama canal. The requirements of the specifications were in brief that the contractors should agree to supply the commission with at least 2,500 Chinese, the commission having the privilege of calling upon the successful contractor for additional labor not exceeding 15,000. It further was specified that the laborers should be in the Isthmian ready for work within three and a half months of the opening of the proposals and that the contractors should deposit with their proposals a bond of \$50,000 as a guarantee to faithfully carry out terms of the contract. While the commission has been in communication with about 150 individuals and corporations who had submitted a possible desire to submit proposals, only four proposals finally were offered to the commission today. In the presence of the contractors and others interested the proposals were opened by W. Logan Pepperman, assistant chief of the office of administration of the Isthmian canal commission.

At the conclusion of the reading of the proposals Mr. Pepperman announced that no award would be made of the contract until the proposals had been examined by the commission and the general contractor in accordance with the specifications, the proposals were made for the furnishing of different classes of labor at a price fixed by the hour in American gold.

A summary of the four proposals submitted follows:
The American-China Contracting company, represented by James R. Morse of Englewood, N. J.—Common laborers, 10 cents per hour; foremen and interpreters, 20 cents per hour; physicians, 40 cents per hour; cooks and barbers, 15 cents per hour.
The International Contracting company, represented by J. C. Carrington of Carroll, Ky.—Common laborers and cooks, 15 cents per hour; doctors, 30 cents per hour; assistant doctors, 25 cents per hour; interpreters, 25 cents per hour; foremen one and one-half times 15 cents per hour.
"Wah Me Lee" and Co., Baltimore—Common laborers, 10 cents per hour; foremen and interpreters, 20 cents per hour; physicians, 40 cents per hour; cooks and barbers, 15 cents per hour; doctors, 25 cents per hour.
"Joel Julian Reiben, Washington, D. C."—For the first 2,500 Chinese laborers, 11 cents per hour; foremen, 40 cents per hour; doctors, 40 cents per hour; interpreters, 20 cents per hour; cooks and barbers, 20 cents per hour. For the first additional 1,000, above 2,500, laborers, 11 cents per hour. For the second additional 1,000 laborers, 10 1/2 cents per hour. For the third additional 1,000, 10 1/2 cents per hour. For the fourth additional 1,000 laborers, 10 cents per hour. For the sixth additional 1,000 laborers, 10 1/2 cents per hour. For the seventh additional 1,000 laborers, 10 1/2 cents per hour. For the eighth additional 1,000 laborers, 10 cents per hour. For the remainder of the 15,000 laborers 9 cents per hour.

The last proposal is assumed at the department to mean that if the commission enters into contract with Mr. Reiben and wants the full quota of 25,000 Chinese he will furnish them at the rate of 9 cents per hour for common laborers.

DID RAILROAD USE MONEY TO DEFEAT LA FOLLETTE?

St. Paul, Sept. 20.—Charges made by James Manshan, attorney for the Shippers and Receivers' association, that the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Northern Pacific railroad spent money under the direction of its general manager, A. W. Trenholm, to defeat the political ambitions of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, brought the rate hearing before the state railroad and warehouse commission to a sensational close today. An adjournment until tomorrow everyone in the room was on his feet, and all the attorneys were talking at once.

The excitement was caused by the testimony of Mr. Trenholm, who on cross-examination by Mr. Manshan admitted that he believed that Mr. Reiben had spent money under the direction of its general manager, A. W. Trenholm, to defeat the political ambitions of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, brought the rate hearing before the state railroad and warehouse commission to a sensational close today. An adjournment until tomorrow everyone in the room was on his feet, and all the attorneys were talking at once.

"Was it not with the object of defeating La Follette?" was the next question asked by Mr. Manshan.

Immediately objections came in a perfect shower. The commissioners did not regard this as relevant to the hearing, and Commissioner Mills declared the hearing adjourned.

SOCIAL REVOLUTIONISTS THREATEN CZAR'S LIFE.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—In revenge for the execution of Zenaida Konoplinikova, the assassin of Gen. Min. the Social Revolutionists are sending broadcast a violent manifesto directed against Emperor Nicholas and vowing to remove one after another of "the props of the cowardly, murderous autocracy." The manifesto is as follows:

"The die has been cast. One thing remains: Annihilate infamously all enemies of the people. Death, death for life, death for death, death for evil. With the illuminating memory of Konoplinikova to guide them all true Russians must strike terror to the hearts of the executioners."

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much as it is to love the beautiful and

pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers. The Graefeld Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MEAT INSPECTION LAW ENFORCEMENT

Further Rulings of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson Are Made Public.

LABELS MUST TELL TRUTH.

Nothing Savoring of Falsehood in Name or Picture or Device Will Be Tolerated.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Further rulings in connection with the enforcement of the meat inspection law after Oct. 1 next were made public today by the secretary of agriculture and give an idea of what consumers are to expect hereafter when purchasing meat products, particularly canned goods.

Anything savoring of a false or deceptive name will not be tolerated, and no picture, design or device which gives any false indication of origin or quality will be permitted on any label, as, for example, the picture of a pig appearing on a label placed on pig products, or the picture of a chicken upon the label of a veal or pork product.

Geographical names are allowed to be used only with the words "cut," "type," "brand" or "style," as the case may be, except upon foods produced or manufactured in the place, state, territory or country named. For instance, "Virginia ham" must be marked "Virginia style ham." "English braxy" must be "English style braxy." "Westphalia ham" must be "Westphalia style ham." The word "ham" without a prefix indicating the species of animal is considered by the department to be a pork ham, but trimmings removed from the ham and used in the preparation of potted meats or sausage, or when used alone, may be known as "potted ham" or "ham sausage."

Frankfurter sausage no longer can be known as such, but must be called "Frankfurter style sausage."

The rules clearly define what constitutes "pure lard," and prescribe that a substance composed of lard, stearin or other animal fat and vegetable oil may be labeled "lard compound."

Among the restrictions are the following:

"Pienic ham" cannot be called "pork," but may be called "pork sausage" or "pork shoulders;" "little pig sausage" may be called "little pork sausage" or "porky sausage;" extract of beef must be actually made from beef, and veal loaf cannot be labeled such unless the meat used is only.

The same rules apply to other canned products, and manufacturers are warned that the rulings do not exempt them from the enforcement of the laws.

FOREIGN PRODUCTS CASES.

Washington, Sept. 20.—The first case involving the application to foreign products of the new meat inspection law came up today before the department of justice, when counsel for a company of Switzerland appeared and made argument before Asst. Atty. Gen. Robb to show why their product should not be subjected to the operations of the law. Counsel stated that the product which is a bouillon made at Kempen, is in every sense a completed product when it is shipped from Switzerland to the United States, and that the company has no slaughtering, packing, meat canning or rendering plant in this country, nor is its product subjected to any additional treatment after importation. Therefore counsel asked the secretary of agriculture for a letter stating that the article in question was not subject to the regulations of the meat inspection act.

Asst. Atty. Gen. Robb, to whom Secy. Wilson referred this application, has taken under consideration.

Decision in the case will, it is expected, be of the greatest importance to a vast importing interest in Europe, and particularly to the delicatessen trade.

LONDON WAKING UP TO MEAT INSPECTION.

London, Sept. 20.—The city corporation, at a meeting held today, resolved to exert pressure on the president of the local government board, J. Burns, for the introduction of a bill for compulsory inspection at the time of slaughter of all animals intended for the food of man, as well as the official stamping by the inspectors of all meat found to be without disease. The bill is to provide further that all foreign killed meat brought in be required to comply with the same standard as home-killed meats.

WILSON APPROVES.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Secy. James Wilson of the department of agriculture today, when shown the London dispatch regarding the action of the city corporation in pledging itself to urge a bill for the compulsory inspection of carcasses at the time of slaughter, said that it was a step in the right direction. The effect of such a law, he said, would be to insure the people of Great Britain wholesome meat and meat products, and would tend to revolutionize present methods in England, as did the meat inspection law in this country. He felt sure that any standard set by the British government could be fully met by American packers, and he therefore had no fears that the exportation of meats and meat products from this country to England would be diminished by such a law.

TO OUST OIL COMPANY.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 20.—The long expected suit by the state against the Waters-Pierce Oil company was filed this evening in the Twenty-sixth court by Asst. Atty. Gen. Lightfoot. The suit is for ouster from the state, cancellation of permit to do business in Texas for violation of the anti-trust laws of 1889 and 1903, and for penalties aggregating \$5,238,400. The penalties cover a period since 1900, the year in which the company was readmitted into the state.

Woman's Nightmare

The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers. The Graefeld Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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CUBAN SITUATION MORE COMPLICATED

Moderates and Liberals Making Strenuous Appeals to Messrs. Taft and Bacon.

MAY LOSE INDEPENDENCE.

Position of Peace Commissioners is Most Delicate—Business Men Are Talking Annexion.

Havana, Sept. 20.—A second day of conferences with the leaders of the factions in the Cuban conflict has not enabled Secy. Taft and Asst. Secy. of State Bacon to announce any plan for compromising the difficulty. So strenuous are the appeals of both the Liberal and Moderate party leaders that the situation becomes increasingly complicated as the negotiations proceed. However, Secy. Taft said tonight that he believed when they are brought face to face with the danger of losing independence forever all patriotic Cubans will be willing to make concessions.

Mr. Taft added that the United States peace commissioners are occupying a most delicate position and have undertaken to hear all complaints and that now they have made themselves thoroughly conversant with the political turmoil of Cuba they cannot express themselves freely in the conference, fearing that possible misunderstanding may have a detrimental effect on the proceedings.

The only counsel to the political leaders given by Mr. Taft was on the subject of not engaging in further agitation that might make intervention by the United States necessary. This advice he offers freely to all to whom he gives audience, regardless of party.

Mr. Taft has made it clear that the United States is not seeking to exercise control over the island or any of its affairs, but he has quoted President Roosevelt's letter to Mr. Quesada to the effect that the United States has a duty which it cannot shirk. To those whom he has met in conference Mr. Taft has said that now is the time to decide whether they would have Cuba live as a nation. He has weighed every word carefully and has neither upheld nor criticized the principles of either faction.

Whether the men they have met in Havana represent the sentiment of the entire island is a question that is troubling the American mediators. There is some fear that even if the entanglement is straightened out here the opposing forces in Santa Clara and Pinar del Rio provinces and even in Santiago will not be settled.

Mr. Taft realizes that unless the national spirit is aroused the commercial interests will have no confidence in any settlement that may be reached. On this point the mediators are confronted with their chief difficulty, for no way has been devised to obtain the sentiments of those in the field without treating with armed forces, which might be regarded as a recognition of the insurgents. Senator Alfredo Zayas is generally regarded as the official representative of the revolution, but he cannot claim that distinction in relation to the revolution. It is said that would make him a revolutionist and terminate free intercourse with President Roosevelt's representatives.

One sentence from Senator Zayas' address as president of the Liberal party is attracting much attention as showing the position of the Liberal party and the insurance. Senator Zayas said:

"The Liberal party is not revolution, but the program of revolution must become the program of the Liberal party."

Senator Zayas has been received by Messrs. Taft and Bacon at the home of Minister Morgan in Marienao more frequently than any other of the Cuban leaders. At today's visit he was expected to file a brief setting forth the grievances of the Liberals, but he pleaded for more time and was granted until tomorrow.

Vice President Capote, the spokesman for the Moderates or government party, today filed a brief declaring the Moderate position and advancing certain propositions for settling the controversy. By Mr. Taft's order this brief was sealed and will not be taken up for consideration until it can be done in connection with the argument of the opposing side.

Mayor Cardenas and a number of the principal officers of Havana paid a long visit to Messrs. Taft and Bacon today and argued that it was the duty of the United States to support the recognized government. The mayor undertook to assist Secy. Taft to get in touch with the commercial interests and under Mr. Taft's instructions will direct the several business guilds, each to name a representative to talk with the mediators confidentially. The commercial interests of Cuba have suffered during the brief conflict more severely than throughout the ten years' war.

Hardly a shipment has left a Havana wholesale house or manufactory in the last 10 days. Financial circles are aghast and anxious and are awaiting with great anxiety an opportunity to meet Messrs. Taft and Bacon, who are looked to save Cuba's credit.

Cuban, Spanish, American and other business men are talking of uniting in a petition to Messrs. Taft and Bacon urging some radical form of intervention or annexation.

Officials of the government say their attitude has not changed and deny that any of them entertain an intention of resigning.

The program of the American peace commissioners for tomorrow includes the hearing of a limited number of business men, including Col. S. Harvey, who was the chairman of the meeting of American land holders on Sept. 18, which agreed to aid Secy. Taft by supplying such information as he required. Gen. Freyre Andrade and Secy. Montalvo also will be received.

No reports of disturbances anywhere on the island have been received today. Cienfuegos is suffering from water famine on account of the destruction of the waterworks of Jicotea by the insurgents.

The commander of the American gunboat Marietta has placed 50 men of his crew on the Constancia estate, a short distance up the Damajagua river, and 80 marines on the Soledad and 120 on the Horniguero estates.

A FRENCH VIEW.

Paris, Sept. 20.—The Journal des Debats, discussing American imperialism in connection with the United States "intervention" in Cuba, says:

"President Roosevelt's action has produced the best effect and the success achieved will serve the president's personal interests as well as those of the United States. President Roosevelt has succeeded in placing the yoke of an American protectorate on Cuba while solemnly affirming the principle of the island's independence. He thus escapes the accusation of imperialism."

PREPARING FOR TROUBLE.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Preparation is the watchword of the army regarding Cuba. Not only have complete plans been prepared, but every department has made arrangements to meet the emergency of intervention if it should occur. Gen. Crozier, chief of the bureau of ordnance, is now at the

TREE TEA



The Pure Good Tea
Imported and packed only by
M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.
San Francisco, Cal.

Stock Island arsenal in Illinois, and a few days ago he visited the Frankford arsenal at Philadelphia.

As a result considerable activity has been displayed in getting ammunition for small arms and light field guns ready for movement in case orders for such action are issued. The ordnance bureau has on hand a supply to equip a small army, but not enough for a large army, and it is supposed that Gen. Crozier's visit is with a view to supplying the deficiency.

It is stated in other bureaus of the department that the plans for a possible movement have been progressing for some time and that any necessity can be promptly met.

The navy department has received other requests from those having plantations in Cuba asking that forces be sent for the protection of different places. The department, with the force under command, is unable to comply with this request. The information of the navy department at Cienfuegos is that Commander Fullam has landed all the available force and utilized to the best advantage for protecting the threatened interests in the vicinity of Cienfuegos. It is understood that the Dixie, after landing the blue jackets and marines at Cienfuegos, has returned to Santa Domingo. It is expected that the Dixie will be replaced by the Cleveland.

The navy department today received from St. Augustine, Fla., a wireless message from the cruiser Cleveland saying that she passed that point at sea this morning on her way to Havana. Nothing has been heard from the cruiser Tacoma, but it is thought the Tacoma is sailing with the Cleveland.

Acting Secy. of State Adee received one cablegram today from Cuba. It came from Asst. Secy. Bacon, and related merely to some official papers about which the department had inquired. Mr. Bacon made no reference in his dispatch to the situation on the island.

WIRELESS CONFERENCE.

Marconi Will be There as the Delegate From Montenegro.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—Marconi will be present at the sessions of the international wireless conference which is to open before Oct. 2 as a delegate from Montenegro. As the operations of his capital will be one of the main subjects of controversy, his participation in the proceedings is likely to make them interesting. Another delegate will be Sunkichi Kimura, who is accused by the Slaby-Arco company with having appropriated the general Slaby-Arco

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Keeps You Looking Young
Always restores youthful color and radiance. Hair falls out, grows thin, turns gray, or is lost. A high-class hair-dresser, keeping hair soft and lustrous; does not stain scalp or linen. Large bottle, 50c. Small bottle, 25c. Free samples. Write to Hay's Hairhealth, 100 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

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Columbia Talking Machines.
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PIANOS
High grade and medium, easy payments, one price only, cash reductions; estimates on piano repairing without cost. We do tuning and tuning.
NEW YORK & WESTERN PIANO CO., No. 23 Market St., near Postoffice.

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Utah's Leading Music House
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"Timesmiths"
You know already that we make a specialty of repairing watches and clocks and you ought to remember we sell good ones, too.

Park's JEWELRY STORE
ESTABLISHED 1862
170 MAIN ST. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

THE KEELEY ICE CREAM CO.
Make special prices to ward societies, dances, parties, etc. Prompt service. All phones 2222.
—20 RICHARDS STREET—

ideas for the Japanese government, the same thing that the Marconi company says the Slaby-Arco company did with the Marconi inventions. Thirty-one out of 33 governments invited to representation in the conference have accepted, China and Peru declining on the ground that they had no suitable representatives to send.

GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE.
Was the greatest General the world has ever known. Ballard's Snow Liniment is the greatest Liniment. Quickly cures all pains. It is within the reach of all. T. H. Folter, Hempstead, Texas writes: "This is to certify that Ballard's Snow Liniment has been used in my household for years and has been found to be an excellent Liniment for Rheumatism. I am never without it." Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112 and 114 South Main St. B.

MOUNT'S Dill Pickles are made according to a famous German recipe from the highest grade of ingredients obtainable.

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Double Track Scenic Highway. Connects at Buffalo or Niagara Falls with all lines from the west.
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You can dress well at half former price after a course at the "Keister," 333 W. 1 No.

"Had dyspepsia or indigestion for years. No appetite, and what I did eat distressed me terribly. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me."—J. H. Walker, Sunbury, Ohio.

SPECIAL TRAIN

For Dance at American Fork
Via Salt Lake Route

Monday 7:30 p. m. Fare only \$1.00 round trip. Leave American Fork special at midnight. ASK OUR AGENT.

YOU WANT Townsend's LEMON

The strongest made or that can be made.

At All Grocers.

ARRIVE SALT LAKE CITY

No. 1—For Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 8:00 a.m.
No. 10—For Ogden..... 8:10 a.m.
No. 12—For Park City..... 8:15 a.m.
No. 1—For Ogden and Local Points..... 8:20 a.m.

No. 1—For Ogden and Local Points..... 8:25 a.m.
No. 2—For Denver and East..... 8:30 a.m.
No. 3—For Provo and Eureka..... 8:40 a.m.
No. 11—For Bingham..... 8:45 a.m.
No. 11—For Bingham and Local Points..... 8:50 a.m.

No. 13—For Ogden and Local Points..... 8:55 a.m.
No. 14—For Denver and East..... 9:00 a.m.
No. 15—For Ogden and West..... 9:10 a.m.
No. 15—For Denver and East..... 9:15 a.m.

No. 16—From Denver and East..... 9:20 a.m.
No. 17—From Ogden and Local Points..... 9:25 a.m.
No. 18—From Park City..... 9:30 a.m.
No. 19—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 9:35 a.m.

No. 20—From Ogden and Local Points..... 9:40 a.m.
No. 21—From Bingham..... 9:45 a.m.
No. 22—From Bingham and Local Points..... 9:50 a.m.
No. 23—From Ogden..... 9:55 a.m.

No. 24—From Park City..... 10:00 a.m.
No. 25—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 10:05 a.m.
No. 26—From Ogden and Local Points..... 10:10 a.m.
No. 27—From Bingham..... 10:15 a.m.

No. 28—From Bingham and Local Points..... 10:20 a.m.
No. 29—From Ogden..... 10:25 a.m.
No. 30—From Ogden and Local Points..... 10:30 a.m.
No. 31—From Park City..... 10:35 a.m.

No. 32—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 10:40 a.m.
No. 33—From Ogden and Local Points..... 10:45 a.m.
No. 34—From Bingham..... 10:50 a.m.
No. 35—From Bingham and Local Points..... 10:55 a.m.

No. 36—From Ogden..... 11:00 a.m.
No. 37—From Ogden and Local Points..... 11:05 a.m.
No. 38—From Park City..... 11:10 a.m.
No. 39—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 11:15 a.m.

No. 40—From Ogden and Local Points..... 11:20 a.m.
No. 41—From Bingham..... 11:25 a.m.
No. 42—From Bingham and Local Points..... 11:30 a.m.
No. 43—From Ogden..... 11:35 a.m.

No. 44—From Ogden and Local Points..... 11:40 a.m.
No. 45—From Park City..... 11:45 a.m.
No. 46—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 11:50 a.m.
No. 47—From Ogden and Local Points..... 11:55 a.m.

No. 48—From Bingham..... 12:00 p.m.
No. 49—From Bingham and Local Points..... 12:05 p.m.
No. 50—From Ogden..... 12:10 p.m.
No. 51—From Ogden and Local Points..... 12:15 p.m.

No. 52—From Park City..... 12:20 p.m.
No. 53—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 12:25 p.m.
No. 54—From Ogden and Local Points..... 12:30 p.m.
No. 55—From Bingham..... 12:35 p.m.

No. 56—From Bingham and Local Points..... 12:40 p.m.
No. 57—From Ogden..... 12:45 p.m.
No. 58—From Ogden and Local Points..... 12:50 p.m.
No. 59—From Park City..... 12:55 p.m.

No. 60—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 1:00 p.m.
No. 61—From Ogden and Local Points..... 1:05 p.m.
No. 62—From Bingham..... 1:10 p.m.
No. 63—From Bingham and Local Points..... 1:15 p.m.

No. 64—From Ogden..... 1:20 p.m.
No. 65—From Ogden and Local Points..... 1:25 p.m.
No. 66—From Park City..... 1:30 p.m.
No. 67—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 1:35 p.m.

No. 68—From Ogden and Local Points..... 1:40 p.m.
No. 69—From Bingham..... 1:45 p.m.
No. 70—From Bingham and Local Points..... 1:50 p.m.
No. 71—From Ogden..... 1:55 p.m.

No. 72—From Ogden and Local Points..... 2:00 p.m.
No. 73—From Park City..... 2:05 p.m.
No. 74—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 2:10 p.m.
No. 75—From Ogden and Local Points..... 2:15 p.m.

No. 76—From Bingham..... 2:20 p.m.
No. 77—From Bingham and Local Points..... 2:25 p.m.
No. 78—From Ogden..... 2:30 p.m.
No. 79—From Ogden and Local Points..... 2:35 p.m.

No. 80—From Park City..... 2:40 p.m.
No. 81—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 2:45 p.m.
No. 82—From Ogden and Local Points..... 2:50 p.m.
No. 83—From Bingham..... 2:55 p.m.

No. 84—From Bingham and Local Points..... 3:00 p.m.
No. 85—From Ogden..... 3:05 p.m.
No. 86—From Ogden and Local Points..... 3:10 p.m.
No. 87—From Park City..... 3:15 p.m.

No. 88—From Heber, Provo and Marysville..... 3:20 p.m.
No. 89—From Ogden and Local Points..... 3:25 p.m.
No. 90—From Bingham..... 3:30 p.m.
No. 91—From Bingham and Local Points..... 3:35 p.m.

No. 92—From Ogden..... 3:40 p.m.
No. 93—From Ogden and Local Points..... 3:45 p.m.
No. 94—From Park City..... 3:50 p.m