

against Frank Rullin; a bloody coat, worn by him on the day of the murder, has been found, and it is said that he has made a partial confession, and there remains no doubt as to his guilt.

The report submitted at a meeting of the Western Union Telegraph Company to-day, shows a net profit on the last six months of 1875 of \$1,752,781. A quarterly dividend of two per cent, was declared ready, and the salaries of all officers and employees above six hundred dollars per annum were reduced on a scale of from twenty-five to five per cent.

A London special says that Capt. Brickenstein of the *Deutschland*, who is at Harwich to-day, gave the following particulars of the loss of his vessel—

"We left Bremenhaven on Sunday morning, and early the following morning encountered a heavy north-east snowstorm, and the weather was so thick that we found it necessary to throw the lead constantly and to slacken the speed of the vessel. At half past five o'clock the vessel struck, and shortly afterwards we commenced pumping very hard. Several vessels passed us quite close, but paid no attention to our signals of distress. I ordered the lifeboats to be got in readiness, and soon had them swung out, but did not deem it safe to lower them in such a heavy sea. One boat was lowered against my positive order, and was almost instantly swamped, and six persons in her were drowned. A tremendous sea swept the deck a few minutes later and washed overboard many passengers, who had all been previously provided with life preservers. After this I ordered the passengers to take to the rigging, and some sought safety on the wheel house, from which position they were rescued by a tug boat about ten o'clock in the morning.

The following are among those saved from the *Deutschland* now at Harwich—Doctor Blom, the first and second officers, three engineers, the cook, and about forty sailors. The whole number of survivors landed at Harwich are, it is thought, about 146.

MONTREAL, 8.—A telegram to the *Witness*, from Oka, an Indian village on the Ottawa river, says that the Protestant Indian church was completely wrecked by a crowd of French Canadian Catholics yesterday.

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.—J. Ross Brown died at his residence in Oakland this morning.

Lucius W. Pond, a former wealthy citizen of Worcester, Mass., was arrested here to-day, on a requisition from the governor of Mass., on a charge of forgery; he will probably start east to-morrow, in custody.

DETROIT, 9.—The *Tribune's* Adrian, Mich., special reports that Asa W. Kennedy, a well known stock drover, arrived from Buffalo last night, with \$4,600, the proceeds of cattle sold, and was robbed of the entire amount on his way home, two miles west of town, and he was seriously injured by the highwaymen.

CINCINNATI, O., 9.—A. J. Edmonson, postmaster of Noble, Ills., was, yesterday, arrested for robbing the mails, by U. S. Marshal Hill; Hill had sent decoy letters through the Noble office, and thus detected the robbery. Lewis B. Brosher, of this city, brother of Brosher, the ex-revenue officer at St. Louis, was arrested yesterday, by the U. S. marshal, upon an indictment issued by the grand jury in Indianapolis, for a conspiracy to defraud the government of revenue.

NORWICH, Conn., 9.—L. O. Ackley, of New York, and G. W. Reed, of Philadelphia, cashed at Sheluck Bank in this city, yesterday, a draft for eleven hundred dollars, purporting to be drawn by Larkin, Wright & Co., of Cincinnati, on the Nassau Bank of New York; the draft was subsequently ascertained to be a forgery. Ackley and Reed were arrested at New London, and the money recovered.

NEW YORK, 9.—A despatch from London states that the first signals of distress sent up from the wrecked steamer *Deutschland* were seen by men of the English coast guard service, at six o'clock on Monday morning; several coast guard men turned out, and commenced to search for volunteers to go with them in the tug boat *Liverpool*, of Harwich, and aid them in an attempt at rescue; all to whom they applied refused, and now explain their conduct by saying that they thought it was only a collier which was lost, but had they known that the distressed vessel had passengers

on board they would have gone out. The sea was rough, and Harwich is the only place on the line of the shore without a life boat. A woman, crazed by despair, hung herself from the roof of the ship's cabin; one man committed suicide by cutting the veins of his wrist; a Swede, saved from the wreck of the steamship *Schiller*, was drowned. Many of the rescued are severely frost-bitten, and some are not expected to recover. At daylight on Tuesday morning the dead bodies of five nuns were seen floating on the water.

GALVESTON, Tex., 9.—Brownsville advices state that information has been received that a contract has been made at Monterey for the delivery of 18,000 bees. One hundred and fifty hives were recently received at Matamoros for Monterey, having American brands. Information from different points along the Rio Grande gives the number of cattle crossed into Mexico last month; the list numbers 1,260, most of which were driven toward Monterey. One herd were taken to Camargo, and were demanded by Captain King's agent, but the Mexicans refused to deliver them.

WASHINGTON, 9.—The President sent to the Senate to-day a very large number of nominations, almost all of them being appointments made during recess; among them are the following—Zachariah Chandler, to be Secretary of the Interior; Christian Wullweber, of Iowa, minister resident to Ecuador; John C. New, of Indiana, Treasurer of the U. S.; Curtis F. Burnham, of Kentucky, Assistant Treasurer; John Q. Smith, of Ohio, commissioner of Indian affairs.

The nominations were confirmed by the Senate in executive session.

WASHINGTON, 9.—The Attorney General, to-day, sent a telegram to U. S. Attorney Dyer, at St. Louis, saying that advices had reached him to the effect that special counsel Henderson had, in the course of the Avery trial, made an attack upon the President, and assuring the U. S. attorney that the department will not continue to pay special counsel for this kind of service.

The President nominated Levi Dague, coiner of the mint at Carson, Nev., Theo. W. Otis for postmaster at Prescott, A. T., and A. J. Sharpe, for postmaster at Ogden, Utah.

The following nominations have been sent to the Senate—Commodore Daniel Ammen to be chief of the bureau of navigation; Commodore L. D. Trenchard to be rear-admiral; G. W. Emery, of Tennessee, Governor of Utah; S. B. Axel, of Cal., governor of New Mexico; John R. Clark, surveyor general of Nebraska and Iowa; Mark Tilton pension agent at Madison, Ind.; E. C. Wilkins, inspector of Indian affairs; Thomas C. Woodward, of Iowa, one of the examiners in chief of the Patent Office.

ST. LOUIS, 9.—The U. S. grand jury adjourned to-day, after presenting thirteen new indictments. Although not officially announced, there seems to be no doubt but that one of these indictments is against General Babcock. Previous to adjournment the following letter, which was signed by the jurors, was sent to its destination—

"U. S. Grand Jury Room, St. Louis, Dec. 9, 1875.

"To U. S. Grant, President U. S., Washington, D. C.

"The undersigned, late United States grand jurors for the eastern district of Missouri, have found it imperative, in the discharge of their sworn duty to the U. S. court of said district, to call in question the names of many officials and other persons as being connected with the conspiracy to defraud the internal revenue of the U. S. As citizens of our common country, sincerely desiring to uphold the hands of the chief executive in securing an honest collection of public revenue, we cannot refrain from thus testifying to our estimation of the moral support which we have leaned upon, as imparted in your noble instructions to the Secretary of the Treasury—'Let no guilty man escape.'"

John H. Vincent, corresponding secretary of the Sunday School Union and Tract Society of the Methodist Episcopal church, publishes a card in relation to the remarks, in Boston, at the preachers' meeting on Monday, by Bishop Gilbert Havens. The secretary says the representatives of the Sunday School Union and Tract Society present at the preachers' meet-

ing had nothing whatever to do with the invitation to the bishop, the sentiments he advanced, or the vote of welcome tendered him. The societies are entirely devoted to the Christian work for which they were organized, and have not the slightest interest either in the platforms or candidates of political parties.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., 10.—Dispatches from Mahanoy City and Gilberton state that there is much excitement there, in consequence of two murders committed at two o'clock this a. m. by masked men, who entered the house of Charles O'Donnell, seizing and binding him and carrying him to the back of the house, where he was shot dead. A man named McAllister was also taken from his house and shot; a sister of McAllister was also murdered. The murderers are supposed to be "Molly Maguires." No reason is given by the people in the neighborhood for the bloody deed.

CHICAGO, 10.—A Washington special says that Col. Geo. Williamson, of Louisiana, U. S. minister to the provinces of Central America, is in the city. He is much interested in the success of the inter-oceanic canal. He agrees with the report of the board of engineers, that the Nicaragua route is the only feasible one.

The *Times'* Vicksburg, Miss., special, says that news has just reached that city of a bad state of affairs at Rolling Fork, thirty miles above Vicksburg. Two weeks ago there was a personal difficulty between a white and a negro, which resulted in the latter being wounded; shortly after, a body of negroes went to the store where the white man had concealed himself, and, knocking down the doors, they shot him and beat him cruelly afterwards. Several negroes engaged in this outrage were arrested, when an attempt to escape led to the wounding of a number, both whites and blacks. The community was kept in constant apprehension of an outbreak until on Monday, when information was received that the negroes were arming in large force, to march upon the whites, who were unprepared, the colored population being so largely in excess of the whites. The colored sheriff, Scott, also notified the whites of the intended insurrection, and authorized a large number of whites to act as a posse comitatus to arrest and disperse the armed bands of negroes. Whites numbering seventy-five, under the command of Col. Ball, met negroes numbering two hundred, commanded by Neah Parker, near Hunt's Place, and a battle ensued, in which the colored commander and one of his captains, Arthur McBrooks, together with five other leaders, were killed, and a large number wounded. The negroes scattered in wild confusion after the first fire, and none of the whites were seriously hurt. All is reported quiet now, but the whites are still under arms acting under the sheriff's instructions, and as the negroes are reported organizing, another conflict is expected.

The Babcock court of inquiry met at noon to-day. General Hancock said he saw that this court was bound to believe in the innocence of Col. Babcock until facts proving his guilt were adduced. Babcock's reputation had been assailed by statements made in the St. Louis whiskey trials, and he, having telegraphed asking a hearing, and being denied the same, had called for a military court, which was granted.

Col. Babcock has been indicted by the grand jury at St. Louis, and the facts will come out in a fair and legal trial. It would be a hardship for Babcock to have a trial in progress both here and at St. Louis. After showing that this court had only a limited jurisdiction, and was subordinate to the civil courts in the matter of calling for witnesses, papers and records, and that its verdict should not and could not influence the jury at St. Louis, before whom the civil case shall come, General Hancock suggested that the court adjourn from day to day until a communication should be received from President Grant, to whom the case was to be stated. Judge Advocate Gardner read a letter from Babcock, requesting that his trial before the military tribunal be postponed until the trial at St. Louis was concluded. The court accordingly adjourned to meet again at noon to-morrow, and daily until further notice.

SAN FRANCISCO, 9.—Governor Irwin was inaugurated to-day, with the usual ceremonies. In his in-

augural he urged the legislature to bring the influence of the State to bear on the general government, to procure a modification of the treaty with China, with a view to the restriction of Chinese immigration; also that the State should demand a return of the country to specie payments at the earliest possible moment.

A dispatch from San Diego says that a petition is being largely signed asking Congress to extend aid to the Texas Pacific Railroad, to enable it to build a competing line to the Pacific.

The A. S. N. Company's steamer *Mikado* sailed this evening for Sydney, being the last departure of that line. She had a large freight and passenger list, on account of the feeling against the Pacific Mail Company for the appointment of Waddell to command the *City of San Francisco*; the latter sails to-morrow, Captain Lachlan commanding.

WASHINGTON, 10.—The cabinet session, to-day, was of unusual length, and the attention of the President and cabinet officers was directed almost wholly to the subject of the whiskey fraud trials in St. Louis. The Attorney General, who received, in the noon mail, sworn statements of special counsel Henderson, presented them to the meeting and careful attention was given to the reading. There was some conversation afterwards on the construction to be placed on the remarks of counsel, as presented by him, for the approval or disapproval of the Department of Justice, but nothing in the nature of a discussion, and it was fully agreed that the remarks were in no regard justifiable, the members of the cabinet expressing themselves without reserve. The result was that it was determined to have a change made in the special counsel, and the Attorney General prepared the following dispatch, which was telegraphed to U. S. Attorney Dyer late this p. m.:

"Department of Justice,

"Washington, D. C.

"To Hon. N. P. Dyer, U. S. Attorney, St. Louis.

"The sworn report of Henderson's speech, forwarded by Mr. Eaton, and referred to by both you and Henderson, in your dispatches yesterday, as a correct report, was received in full cabinet to-day, and it was regarded by every member as an outrage on professional propriety thus to reflect, without a shadow of reason, upon the President, by whom his employment by this department was sanctioned, in order that no impediment might be placed to the bringing to speedy punishment every defrauder of the revenue. You will advise General Henderson of his discharge from further service, and secure in his place, the aid of the most able and efficient counsel you can find, without regard to his politics. (Signed)

"EDWARD S. PIERREFONT, Attorney General."

A telegram has been received from Yokohama, stating that a Portuguese, having been detected in trying to negotiate a false letter of credit purporting to be issued by Japan for three million dollars, had fled to America or to Europe.

The Attorney General has directed an appeal to be taken from the decree of Judge Jackson, on the Harper's Ferry case, which was recently decided against the government in favor of the B. & O. railway.

FALL RIVER, Mass., 10.—An order has been received here from Manchester, England, for 25,000 pieces of printed cloths.

LITTLE FALLS, N. J., 10.—The ice in the canal is ten inches thick. There is no prospect of moving the boats.

MILWAUKEE, 10.—In the U. S. circuit court it was decided, on motion of the government attorney, to take no more criminal whiskey cases this term. The civil suits will commence next week.

Louis Rendskopy, a distiller, has been in jail a week for contempt of court, in refusing to answer a question of the supervisor as to the purpose for which he paid a check of \$200 to S. J. Conklin, a revenue officer, last April; to night he was taken from jail by the U. S. marshal and brought before the supervisor, and there was an examination of two hours, results unknown, except that Rendskopy cleared himself of contempt by answering; the district attorney refuses to give further information.

SAN FRANCISCO, 10.—The steamer *Los Angeles*, which it was feared

was lost, arrived at Victoria yesterday, in tow of the British gunboat *Rocket*; her engine broke down ninety-five miles south of the Columbia River, and she was eight days under sail. She lost one seaman in a gale.

J. Ross Browne was buried to-day, from his residence at Oakland.

TORONTO, Ont., 10.—The Welland canal closes for the season at noon on the 14th.

CHICAGO, 11.—A Washington special says—"It seems probable that the negotiations of Caleb Cushing have not been as successful as had been expected. The President in his message said, 'The government of Spain has submitted to Mr. Cushing certain proposals, which it is hoped may be found to be the basis, if not the actual submission, of terms to meet the requirements of the particular griefs of which this government has felt itself entitled to complain.' It is manifest, from the consideration of the Spanish note, that the proposals submitted do not so nearly furnish the basis as had been hoped, and it remains to be seen whether the President in his special message, will emphasize these words—'should the conflict not soon be brought to an end by the act of the parties themselves, other nations will be compelled to assume the responsibility which devolves upon them, and to seriously consider the only remaining measures possible—mediation and intervention.' It is on this point that the Spanish note is unsatisfactory. It is evasive as to the pacification of Cuba. It is understood that at the cabinet meeting yesterday, the last Spanish note was discussed at some length; although this note is conciliatory enough in tone, and is in a certain sense satisfactory, yet it leaves matters in such a shape that it is not improbable that the President will be unable, in his special message which he will shortly send in, to announce to Congress a determination of any of the important questions which have been the subject of correspondence between the two governments. The President will, therefore, remit the disposition of the matter to Congress, and from expressions of members it may be expected that there will be some exceptions taken to the policy of the administration. A distinguished member of the House, who has served with distinction on the foreign affairs committee, and who will, without doubt, be again placed on it, stated his positive dissatisfaction with the intervention idea enunciated in the annual message. He said intervention could mean nothing but war, and there would be no excuse for that; belligerent recognition he claimed was the only proper course."

The President, in view of the importance of the inter-oceanic canal project, decided at the last moment to withdraw any allusion to it in his annual message, and he wrote a special message upon the subject; this he expects to send to Congress next week. He will especially urge an appropriation this winter for the beginning of the work.

General Babcock, to-day, gave bail in \$7,000 for his appearance in St. Louis.

QUEBEC, 11.—In the House, yesterday, a bill was introduced intended to prevent a recurrence of the Guibord case; the bill provides that it shall be the absolute privilege of the ordinaire of the diocese, to indicate the place where Catholics are to be buried in Catholic cemeteries, in the province.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., 11.—The body of Doctor Chas. Dunham, called on Thursday to attend a wounded boatman, was fished from the canal to-night, when the head was found mashed and the pockets turned inside out.

ST. LOUIS, 11.—District Attorney Dyer has appointed Col. Jas. O. Broadhead, one of the leading lawyers of the St. Louis bar, to fill the position made vacant by the dismissal of General Henderson, and he has accepted and will proceed to the whiskey ring prosecutions in conjunction with District Attorney Dyer, and Assistant Attorney Elias and Lucien Eaton.

NEW YORK, 11.—The Greco-Roman wrestling mate to-night, between Bauer and Christal, for one thousand dollars, resulted in a victory for Bauer, who gained two out of three falls.

SARATOGA, 11.—Intelligence has been received from Ralston that Treasurer Mann, who has, as charged, issued fraudulently a large amount of Saratoga county bonds, has disappeared, and, it is thought, has fled the country.