

ten yards home raised silk ribbon	2.00
specimen sewing silk	1.00
" floss	1.00
" twist	1.00
four yards silk lace	1.50
lace veil, home raised silk, netted veil,	1.00
knitted veil,	1.00
two pairs socks, home raised silk,	1.50
pair stockings,	1.00
six pocket handkerchiefs,	bronze medal
dress pattern,	"
silk dress,	diploma
silk hat,	"

## DIVISION II.

specimen of cotton pillow lace	1.00
Second best " "	.75
Best specimen of insertion, lace collar,	1.00
knitted lace,	1.00
crochet,	1.00
tatted edging,	.75
" collar	.75
specimen crochet work,	1.00
Second best " "	.75
Best netted necktie and cuffs,	1.00
" curtains,	1.50
knitted curtains,	1.50

## DIVISION III.

specimen of silk embroidery, embroidered blanket for infant, skirt,	1.00
" cloak " "	1.00
specimen of braided work, ornamental needle-work,	1.00
specimen of Ayrshire work, transferred work,	1.00
" worsted embroidery,	1.00
embroidered cushion,	1.00
Second best " "	.75
embroidered ottoman cover, specimen of bead work,	1.00
" shell	1.00
embroidered slippers, crocheted lady's boots,	1.00
lady's worsted hood,	1.00
child's " "	1.00
baby's shoes,	.75
" worsted sacque,	.75
lady's facination,	1.00
knitted woolen shawl,	1.50
crochet " "	1.00
fancy hair work,	1.50
switch and curls,	1.00
toilet mat,	.75
lamp	.50
set of table doyleys,	.50
applique embroidery,	.50
canvas tidy,	.50
worsted flowers,	.75
wax fruit,	1.00
" flowers,	1.00
fancy card basket,	.50
child's leggings of home-made yarn,	.75
fancy perforated card work,	diploma
specimen of fancy leather work,	\$1.00
" ornamented pottery,	.50
" fret saw work,	1.00

## DIVISION IV.

artificial flowers,	1.00
feathers,	.75
gent's straw hat,	1.00
lady's " "	1.00
boy's " "	.75
girl's " "	.75
assorted straw braids,	.75
display of dressmaking,	diploma
lady's woolen dress of home-made cloth	1.00
ten yards woolen fringe of Utah yarn	1.00
suit of boy's clothes of home-made cloth	2.00
" girls " "	2.00
neatly dressed doll, by girl of 10 years	.50
specimen of hand sewing by a girl of 14 years	.50
specimen of darning, by a girl under 15 years	.50
corset,	diploma
parasol	"
five yards flax, hemp or cotton cloth	1.00
ix towels of home-raised material	1.00
tablecloth	1.00
ooton bed-spread " "	1.00
woolen " "	1.00
patchwork quilt	diploma
twenty yards of rag carpet	1.50
door mat	.50
hearth rug	.75
six willow baskets of ladies' manufacture	1.50

## CLASS U. — SCULPTURE, DESIGNING, ETC.

A. H. RALEIGH, Supervisor.

Best drawing or plan for fruit drying house	diploma
model of a portable drying rack	"
drawing and specifications for Territorial Fair grounds, with area 50 acres, including buildings, stalls, fair grounds, etc.	"
specimen of sculpture	bronze medal
specimen of wood carving and largest display of gilt and other frames, not less than six	bronze medal
collection of statuary,	diploma
display of cornice, border or other work, in plaster, not less than three specimens,	"
three specimens of stone cutting,	bronze medal
exhibition of fire clay and fire brick,	2.00
marble mantle-piece, monument in any local stone, with lettering,	diploma
floral carving in marble, gothic window, worked in native stone,	3.00

## CLASS V. — ESSAYS.

Best essay on agriculture, including dry farming and the reclaiming of alkali and swamp lands,	silver medal
essay on horticulture,	"
" forest culture,	"
" manufactures,	"

## CLASS W. — MISCELLANEOUS.

The miscellaneous class is intended for all articles which may have been omitted in any other class. It is the intention of the board to afford an opportunity for the exhibition of any worthy article or animal, and persons who desire to exhibit anything not found enumerated in the several classes will thus be enabled to do so. The same attention will be given this as other classes by the awarding committees, and suitable premiums will be awarded, according to the merits of the articles exhibited.

## ADDITIONAL PREMIUMS.

Best Jack	Diploma
Jennet	Diploma
Best sample of preserved eggs, not less than two dozen, nor under three months old	Bronze Medal

## BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

## AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 13. — James, Lincoln and Windom, who called at the White House, fairly beamed with pleasure over the figures of the official bulletin. Blaine told Arthur that the cabinet did not require his presence and this tends to increase confidence. Arthur says he won't return until December. The illness of Senator Jones may cause him to remain a day or two.

Executive Mansion, 1 p. m. — The following telegram was sent to the consulting physicians, Dr. Frank H. Hamilton and D. H. Agnew: "The febrile rise, yesterday afternoon, was less marked and occurred at a later hour than on the previous day, and to-day, for the first time, the President's morning temperature fell to the normal point. The general progress of his symptoms appears more favorable than hitherto. During the last 24 hours he has drunk thirty-two ounces of milk and an ounce of rum. This morning he had also a slice of milk toast and chewed the breast of a woodcock, but did not care to swallow the meat. He had, last night, a quarter grain of sulphate of morphia, hypodermically, (in no 24 hours during the past week has he received more than a single dose of this quantity) and slept well during the night. This morning he received ten grains of bi-sulphate of quinia. Yesterday, at 7 p. m., his pulse was 104, temperature 102.4, respiration 24. To-day, at 8.30 a. m., pulse 90, temperature 99.5, respiration 20. At 1 p. m. the pulse was 94, temperature 100.6, respiration 22.

(Signed)

D. W. BLIES,  
J. K. BARNES,  
J. J. WOODWARD,  
ROBT. REYBURN.

Secretary Blaine sent the following by cable, this morning: "Lowell, Minister, London: The President's condition, this morning, is much better than at any time since he was wounded. His temperature is normal, pulse 96. His pain in the feet greatly diminished. The weather is very warm, but the President's room is kept as cool as desired."

ALBANY, 13. — Short term: Lapham, 69; Potter, 52; Conkling, 32; Fish, 1; Woodford, 1; necessary to a choice, 78.

McCarthy sent a note refusing to join in a stalwart caucus a second time.

Long term: Miller, 71; Kernan, 51; Wheeler, 28; Evarts, 1; Adams, 1; Chapman, 2; Fish, 2; Daniels, 3; Storm, 1; necessary to a choice, 78.

The Little Falls Journal, a Conkling paper, favors the election of Miller and Lapham.

Foster, of the Senate caucus committee, has written the stalwarts a letter saying, with the personal reservation which he has expressed in two recent letters to Senator McCarthy, that he is ready to unite with the members of the caucus committee who are willing to sign a call for a republican caucus.

The Brooklyn Eagle's Albany special says: The defeat of the adjournment resolution has made democratic members angry, and some 15 or 20 threaten to leave their seats to-morrow.

COLUMBUS, 13. — The democratic convention elected James E. Spear temporary chairman. He made a brief speech. Committees were appointed and the convention adjourned till 2 o'clock.

The democratic convention nominated J. W. Bookwalter for governor on the second ballot, also Edgar M. Johnson, of Cincinnati, lieutenant-governor; E. F. Bingham, supreme judge; A. F. Winslow, of Cleveland, state treasurer; Frank C. Dougherty, attorney general.

Bookwalter was nominated for governor on the second ballot, receiving 384 votes.

The platform adopted demands the equality of all people before the law; equal taxation, unpolitical legislation, free and fair ballot, opposition to monopolies and subsidies, economy in administration, encouragement of labor, advancement of the common school system. The resolutions condemn the convict contract system; demand civil service reform; so that offices be held for public good and not as spoils; oppose sumptuary legislation; accuse the "republican administration of incompetency and corruption; as-

sert that the national and state powers should be exercised to prevent discrimination in railroad charges; favor a tariff for revenue only, equitably levied for the encouragement of production without creating monopolies; and recommend a commission to formulate such tariff.

NEW YORK, 13. — The Tribune enumerates some of the results of Guiteau's shot, and among them the following:

"Gorham has been more coarse, brutal, and unscrupulous than any other adherent of Conkling in assailing the President. Whether the President lives or does not, not only the election of Gorham as Secretary of the Senate has become impossible, but also the reconsideration of the case of Virginia, as represented by the nomination of Riddleberger. In the State Convention, which Mahone easily swayed, Riddleberger made the only zealous opposition to the nominations finally made, and it was then proved that he did not fairly represent the wishes of the friends of General Mahone. There are other independents in Virginia and in the other Southern States whose nomination and support by the republicans of the Senate would mean success. The recovery or death of the President may make a great difference in the condition of the parties at the south. Very strong and sincere sympathy has been shown for him in Georgia, and other men of influence have avowed their intention to support his administration. A broad national policy would be welcomed by the southern men who are already disposed to a kindly feeling and it is impossible that southern aid might be found in the form of suppression of all violation of laws designed to secure purity of election."

NEW YORK, 13. — The following are summarized from the foreign dispatches of to-day:

Tunis, 13. — Threats have been made by fanatics to cut the aqueduct which is the only source of fresh water for Tunis and Galletta, and it is reported that Tripolitan tribes are marching to Sfax. The organizer of the Sfax outbreak has been to Tripoli and was there created a Pasha by order of the Porte. He is now returning to take the leadership of the revolt there.

Paris, 13. — The *Republique Francaise*, Gambetta's organ, scouts the Porte's explanation that in sending troops to Tripoli its sole object was to maintain order, as flatly contradicted by all the news from Africa, and says Assim Pasha, Turkish minister of foreign affairs, must believe our government is ingenious indeed if he imagines it will rest satisfied with these assurances. There are declarations that the Sultan's ministers are aggravating the religious agitation in Africa, and have fostered at Constantinople a number of fanatics, who have already crossed the Mediterranean in Turkish men-of-war, for the prosecution of a holy war against France.

London, 13. — It is estimated that 10,000,000 to 40,000,000 francs of false gold coin have been shipped from Geneva to Egypt within a few years and disposed of there by an organized gang of swindlers, comprising some men of prominence in Geneva, Marseilles and Alexandria, and who are now imprisoned, and will be defended, on trial, by celebrated lawyers of the Paris bar.

Dublin, 13. — In the Kerry assizes, to-day, Judge Tilborn referred to the enormous increase of lawlessness in the country, and to the many cases on the docket for trial, some for serious offenses, such as ear splitting, shooting baliffs and for cattle maiming. He said the reign of law had practically been superseded by a different authority. Despite the judge's remarks the jury acquitted some men charged with a flagrant case of intimidation.

WASHINGTON, 13. — Henry Gross, commanding the United States steamship *Jamestown* at Sitka, has forwarded a long and interesting report to the Navy Department. He says the Indians are everywhere quiet. An industrial school for boys has been established at Sitka, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Board of Missions of New York, and 20 intelligent Indian boys are in attendance. Their progress is very flattering.

CHICAGO, 13. — John Griscom, the faster, visited the Grand Opera House last night, and feels better this morning for having seen the play. For breakfast he ate two slices of molasses cake and drank a glass of cream. He tried to swallow some tea, but did not relish it. He is still quite weak, with unpleasant sensations in the head, but is mend-

ing. Unlike Tanner, he has no exaggerated appetite, but eats less and desires less than an ordinary man. He insists that his fast has been of incalculable value to science.

BALTIMORE, 13. — A meeting of the board of directors of the Baltimore and Ohio was held to-day. John King, jr., first vice-president, resigned; Robert Garnett, third vice-president, was elected in his place, and Samuel Spencer appointed third vice-president. Wm. Keyser, second vice-president, resigned, and his place has not been filled. Bradford Dunham, formerly of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, was appointed general manager of the trans-Ohio Division.

TORONTO, 13. — The *Globe*, to-day, publishes crop reports from all parts of the Dominion. The harvest, as a whole, will be by no means equal to the splendid harvests of '77, '78, '79 and '80, but will be superior to that of '76. The wheat crop is the only cereal in which any deficiency is threatened. Fall wheat is 12 per cent. below the average; spring wheat is in much better condition, but 8 per cent. less than the average.

PITTSBURG, 13. — Rain in the forenoon did not deter people from going to Pittsburg driving park. Three p. m. witnessed 12,000 in the enclosure, the best people of the locality, including many ladies. The running race, postponed from Tuesday, was finished. Keno won after an exciting contest. The second race, 227 class, was not finished, nor was the race free for all. Four heats were run in the former and two in the latter, Mattie Hunter taking both. The event of the day was the feat of Maud S. The mare trotted the course twice while being warmed up, and then at the word "Go" started like a streak. The people present expected something grand, and they were not disappointed. The track was heavy from the rain, but it had been rolled 20 feet out from the pole, to the disadvantage of the mare. But as a shot out of a cannon she sped and crossed the line in 2.10½, beating her best time a quarter of a second. This was the official decision, while some of the judges held that the mare had actually covered the ground in 2.10½.

Outsiders coincided in this view. Bair the driver said she could have made it in two seconds less. The feat was good enough for the fast audience, which rose *en masse* as the mare was led off by two jockeys and yelled themselves hoarse. Cheering was kept up by President Brainard, of the park association, who advanced to the front in wild enthusiasm. The judges announced the arrival of St. Julien, but as he is sick, anxious people will hardly be gratified by the grand trial to-morrow. Maud S. will appear again, however, and another rich treat to turfmen is expected.

WASHINGTON, 13. — Vice-President Arthur called upon each member of the cabinet, this afternoon, and informed them that he had pressing matters of business requiring his attention in New York, but he did not care to leave Washington unless the President's condition warranted. He was advised to call at the White House, to-night, and ascertain for himself the President's condition. He did so and was met by the cabinet. He had a short interview with Mrs. Garfield and a very pleasant one. The surgeons informed the Vice-President they thought he could go away without any apprehension of any unfavorable turn in the President's case. The surgeons assured him that they had additional reasons, to-night, for feeling hopeful. The Vice-President expects to return to New York to-morrow, but will probably come back to Washington in a few days.

At midnight the Western Associated Press reporter visited the White House to ascertain the President's condition at that hour. Both surgeons who are remaining through the night with the President had gone to sleep. The President was sleeping soundly being watched by his nurses. Just before going to sleep the doctors left word that anybody calling for information should be told that the President was resting naturally and easily and doing finely, that fever was receding and the case looked most promising. The attendants at the White House said the fact of the doctors going to sleep looked well, as they had not been in the habit of doing so.

Wm. W. Dudley, commissioner of pensions, has recommended the discharge of over 100 clerks and the reduction in the pay of over 60. Gen. Dudley ascertained the total annual appropriations subject to the pay of employees was \$794,070. The sum

necessary to pay the force employed is \$931,350, a deficit \$137,280, deciding upon changes the good service is the great primary object.

Official bulletin. Executive Mansion, 1 p. m. — The President's condition continues satisfactory this morning. Pulse 94, temperature 98.5, respiration 22.

Signed, PHYSICIAN. ALBANY, 14. — The stalwarts of the assembly republican caucus committee addressed a letter to-day to the Senate caucus committee urging them to join in the call for a caucus July 14, in the evening. They set forth that the neglect of the Senate committee is the sole reason why no regular caucus is yet called, and they indulge the hope that the neglect will be remedied forthwith. Both sections are firm and have developments, though there is undercurrent at work which will break the deadlock in a matter little expected.

NEW YORK, 14. — A Washington special to the *Times* says: Not that has been discovered since the shooting of the President, not in the conduct of Guiteau, not at any time or previous to this attempt the President's life has furnished the slightest evidence that a human being had any previous knowledge of the purpose of the attack, nor has anything been revealed that would justify a suspicion that the shot aimed at the President's life was the result of a conspiracy.

WASHINGTON, 14, 4.30 p. m. — Bliss reports that the President had a better and more comfortable day than he has since he was injured. His pulse since then has ranged from 92 to 98 and 94, with temperature normal to this hour there has been no recurrence of the daily fever. Condition continues in every way encouraging and satisfactory.

Dr. Reyburn, at 10.50 to-day said the President has been constantly since yesterday, better now than at any time before. He has perspired freely during the day, and that fact is other evidence that the breaking. The process of action in the wound is going, and longer drainage has been induced to-night to facilitate charge. The President has more solid food than in any previous number of hours, and he has eaten it with He has suffered no pain, or moved or in dressing the wound and continues bright and When asked whether any unfavorable symptoms appear, now that the crisis of fever has passed, Dr. said: "I should not like to see an uninterrupted and course of improvement, same time I may say I see every prospect of the recovery."

At 11 p. m. the President is quietly, and all his are satisfactory.

Conkling called alone at the Executive Mansion at 8 this morning, but did not enter the door.

WASHINGTON, 14. — United District Attorney Corkhill the following for public interest felt by the public: The assassination of President Garfield has many stories published in stating that the following rect and accurate statement concerning the points to which evidence is made: The assassin, J. Guiteau, came to Washington Sunday evening, March 2, stopped at the Ebbitt Hotel, remaining only one day. He cured a room in another city, and has boarded at various places, full details I have. Wednesday, the assassin determined to kill the President. He had money nor pistol at the time the last of May he went to O'Mear's store, corner of F Streets in this city, and some pistols, asking for a .38 calibre, and only \$10. On Wednesday, June 8, he paid \$10, he having borrowed \$15 in this city on the same evening, and took the pistol and returned to his room, then returned to his room, wiped the pistol dry, and in his coat, and waited for an opportunity. Sunday morning, July 12, he was sitting