

INAUGURATION PREPARATIONS.

Ceremonies Will be on a Truly Grand Scale.

THE NAVY TO PARTICIPATE.

Gen. Scheme of Illumination—A Host of Honor—G. A. B. Veterans Return to Parade.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The preparations for the inauguration of President McKinley next Monday are rapidly approaching completion, and unless all signs fail there will be a larger crowd of onlookers to witness the ceremonies than Washington has seen for many years.

The general inauguration committee has been hard at work for more than a month perfecting arrangements, and the spectacular features of the celebration, as well as the general arrangement for the occasion, will be on an exceptionally fine scale. The general decorations of the city, especially along the line of the parade, will be more lavish and artistic in character than formerly.

Although Pennsylvania avenue will be illuminated during the three nights of the 4th, 5th and 6th of March as usual, a special feature will be the illumination of that part of the city extending from the White House to the Capitol, and the illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol, and the illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol.

The circular drive in front of the executive mansion is included in this scheme of illumination, and a grand scheme of illumination has been arranged for the week or more in the capital city. The illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol, and the illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol.

From these pillars novel effects of light will be thrown, and the illumination will be in the nature of a grand display. The illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol, and the illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol.

Commander Baird, superintendent of the state, war and navy department, has placed electric lights in the well-known building, and the illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol, and the illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol.

Representatives of the various veteran organizations who yesterday participated in the inaugural ceremony, have been assigned to the duty of keeping the city from the White House to the Capitol, and the illumination of the city from the White House to the Capitol.

The inaugural ceremonies proper for the first time will be conducted by a joint committee of the Senate and House, the custom heretofore being to have the ceremony conducted by the Senate alone. The inaugural ceremony proper for the first time will be conducted by a joint committee of the Senate and House.

At noon the oath of office will be taken by President McKinley in the presence of the Vice President, the Chief Justice, the Justices of the Supreme Court, the members of the Cabinet, the members of the Senate and House, the members of the Supreme Court, the members of the Cabinet, the members of the Senate and House.

The grand inaugural ball, which will be held in the great court of the Pennsylvania hotel, will be the social feature of the occasion. Large amounts of money are being expended in floral decorations, and the committee in charge have no doubt that the grand room will be the scene of a most brilliant and brilliant anything.

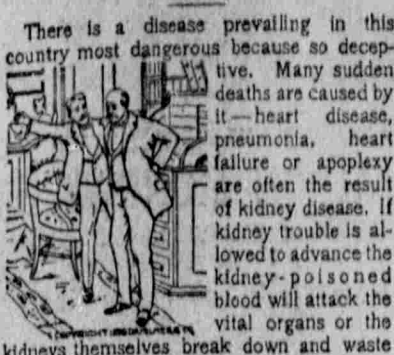
President McKinley has decided to accept the resignations of all the members of the cabinet, to take effect on the 4th. On Tuesday he will reappoint them, with the exception of the Secretary of the Interior, who will remain in the head of the department for a year.

It is known that Mr. McKinley has finally decided that his business interests are such that he cannot remain in the White House, and he has announced his intention to resign, and he has announced his intention to resign.

Roasted Coffee Advanced.

New York, March 1.—The price of roasted coffee has been advanced one cent a pound, to 19 1/2 cents, by the American Sugar Refining company, which is the largest company in the world.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.



There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, kidney failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidneys become diseased and the blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

the price up to a level with that of the Arkubles, the first time that this has been so in two years. Mr. Willett, of Willett & Gray, said:

"The coffee-sugar war has been settled beyond any question by a complete arrangement on coffee between the Arkubles and the American Sugar Refining company. All sugar and coffee interests are now in entire harmony."

J. N. Jarvis, of Arkubles Bros., says that the report that his firm had brought the Woolson company is untrue.

Horrible Death in an Elevator.

Chicago, March 1.—Mabel Preston, a nurse at the Michael Reese hospital and the daughter of a prominent physician in Mason, Ia., met a horrible death in the elevator shaft on the fourth floor of the building last night. She was found on a raised platform the young woman was looking over the wire netting into the shaft to see what was delaying the car when the iron weights, weighing 700 pounds descended on her neck, all most severing her head from the body.

DOLLY REYNOLDS MURDER CASE.

Dr. Kennedy's Counsel Finds a Double for His Client.

New York, March 1.—Attorney Moore, of the counsel of Dr. Kennedy whose second trial for the murder of Dolly Reynolds resulted in a disagreement of the jury, declared that he has found a man who looks like the twin brother of Dr. Kennedy and who was a personal friend of Dolly Reynolds. He said further: "I am of the opinion that this man was with Dolly Reynolds at the time she was murdered. I do not want to be understood as saying that this man killed Dolly Reynolds, but if he were to come to the front he could clear Dr. Kennedy, of the charge under which he now rests."

The attorney further said that he had informed District Attorney Philbin of this fact and had furnished Mr. Philbin with the man's name, asking him to send for him. He added that Mr. Philbin told him that he did not wish to interfere since he has placed the prosecution in the hands of Assistant District Attorney McIntyre and nothing was done.

Our Exports to South Africa.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Secretary Gage today submitted to the House a reply to the resolution of inquiry as to whether our ports or waters have been used for the exportation of horses, mules, or other supplies for use in South Africa.

1.—Our ports have been used for the exportation of horses, mules and other supplies for use in South Africa.

2.—Between October 13, 1899, and January 31, 1901, horses, mules and other supplies to the extent of \$26,595,692, went to South Africa.

3.—No steps have been taken to prevent the lawful exportation of horses, etc.

4.—The number of horses and mules shipped from our ports during this period was 75,632.

Mr. Gage added that it is not feasible before Congress adjourns to give the shipments by ports in detail. A table shows all the shipments to South Africa, the chief ones being horses, mules, and other supplies. The items of gun powder and firearms are very small.

A Great Cocking Main Held.

Elmira, N. Y., March 1.—The biggest cocking main ever held in this State took place within a mile of the city limits last night. Three hundred persons from New York, Buffalo, Washington, Philadelphia, Syracuse, Rochester and other places were in attendance. The main was for \$2,500, with \$50 as a special prize for each battle. New York and Buffalo birds contested and over \$5,000 changed hands. The main consisted of the best seven out of thirteen battles. Buffalo won seven and New York only two.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR RILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Roasted Coffee Advanced.

New York, March 1.—The price of roasted coffee has been advanced one cent a pound, to 19 1/2 cents, by the American Sugar Refining company, which is the largest company in the world.

Roasted Coffee Advanced.

New York, March 1.—The price of roasted coffee has been advanced one cent a pound, to 19 1/2 cents, by the American Sugar Refining company, which is the largest company in the world.

Roasted Coffee Advanced.

New York, March 1.—The price of roasted coffee has been advanced one cent a pound, to 19 1/2 cents, by the American Sugar Refining company, which is the largest company in the world.

ALL OFFICERS ORDERED TO SPAIN

Those Who Remained in Philippines Must Return.

CABLES CONNECT ISLANDS.

Gen. Young and Thirty-fourth Volunteers Embark for Home—Rebels Attack Town of Suag.

Manila, Feb. 28.—All the Spanish military officers in the Philippine islands have been ordered, through the Spanish consul general, Senor Marina, to return to Spain. There are probably seventy of these officers who, on account of business interests, were permitted to remain on the islands after the Spanish troops were sent home. They received no salary from the Spanish government.

An American company has negotiated the purchase of the Manila street railway, which they propose to convert to an electric system. Many business men in the Philippines are awaiting the inauguration of civil government to apply for railway, timber and mining concessions.

The government cable has been finished to the island of Jolo, in the Sulu group, and messages are now transmitted to all the southern islands. The cable system now connects Panay, Negros, Cebu, Leyte, Samar, Mindanao and Jolo, and messages are conveyed by means of the heliograph from Bohol to the north end of the island of Mindoro.

The correspondent of the Associated Press here is informed on good authority that the recommendations of the military board of claims in the matter of testing the question of allowance of claims for damages to property resulting from the military operations in the Philippines will be sent to Washington by mail tomorrow for reference to Congress.

The recommendations of the board of claims that the claim of Horta & Co., a Swiss firm doing business at Iloilo on Panay island, be disallowed, have been approved by Gen. MacArthur. None of these claims for damages has yet been released, with the exception of a few minor exceptions, in which the claims were peculiar or exceptional; these have been paid from the insular funds. The claim against the American government of the Manila-Dagupan railroad involving a million and a half, will also be sent to Washington when the case is completed.

Maj. Gen. S. M. E. Young and staff with the Thirty-fourth United States volunteer infantry and nine companies of the Thirty-third, have embarked on the United States transport Logan and will sail tomorrow. En route they will stop at Candon, on the western coast of Luzon, to take on board companies C, E and M of the Thirty-third United States volunteer infantry, who have been released from the quarantine imposed by reason of a slight outbreak of small-pox.

There have been festivities at the town of Catbalogan, on the island of Samar, under the auspices of the Federal party, and on the occasion of Washington's birthday, that evening during the festivities the insurgents attacked the town in force, but were quickly driven away in disorder. There were no American casualties. It is rumored that the insurgents from neighboring islands are concentrating on the island of Samar.

A band of seventy armed insurgents entered the town of Suag, in the province of South Ilocos, Luzon, where they killed one native and abducted five. They then moved on to Santa Maria, where they attacked the town of Santa Maria, where they killed one native and abducted five. They then moved on to Santa Maria, where they attacked the town of Santa Maria, where they killed one native and abducted five.

Indian Shot to Death.

Holdenville, I. T., Feb. 28.—At 12:30 a. m. today Johnson Miller, a full-blood Creek Indian, was shot to death by a masked body of men. Miller was under arrest for the murder of Herbert Moore on the 22nd of December last. He was arrested yesterday morning and brought here pending a hearing before the United States commissioner.

At an early hour last night the off-duty guards of the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., were alerted by the sound of a fire alarm. They found the prisoner of the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., who was arrested yesterday morning and brought here pending a hearing before the United States commissioner.

Port Scott, Kan., Feb. 28.—An order signed by President McKinley was received here today, directing the keeper of the federal prison to release Mrs. Nancy Wright, an old woman who has been imprisoned for two years last November. She was sentenced by Judge Hook for forging pension papers. The time of her sentence expired two months ago, but she was unable to pay a fine and costs, as required by the court.

Killed by a Charivari Party.

Guthrie, O. T., Feb. 28.—William Herrell was married Sunday night and returned yesterday with his bride to Rocky, O. T. Last night a charivari party gathered and some one fired a pistol, the ball passed through the side of the house and entered through the body of George Herrell, who was asleep on the first floor, killing him instantly. The young man was a brother of the groom. The mother collapsed and is expected to die from the shock of her son's death.

French Garrison at Tien Tsin.

Tien Tsin, Feb. 28.—Gen. Voyron, the French commander, relieved the garrison of 4,000 French soldiers stationed here.

It is reported that 10,000 French troops will be sent to France in March. The Taku harbor is open and steamers are expected to return there shortly.

ROSLYN FERRELL EXECUTED.

Murderer of Express Messenger Lane Pays Penalty of His Crime.

Columbus, O., March 1.—With no diminution of the wonderful nerve that has been characteristic of the man since the time of his apprehension for the murder of Charles Lane, last August, Roslyn Ferrell, at 12:06 o'clock this morning, walked calmly to the electric chair of the Ohio penitentiary and expired.

Up until 7:30 yesterday evening, Ferrell was in company with his three brothers in his room at the penitentiary. At the time the brothers were asked to retire by Rev. Fathers O'Reilly and Kennedy entered the room and remained with the condemned man until he was pronounced dead. The administered sacraments

CHINA PLAYING THE POWERS.

Negotiating With Russia Regarding Manchuria.

CONGER AND ERNEST SATOW

Reject Proposition to Act as Representatives of the Ministers—Conger Relieved at His Own Request.

London, March 1.—Sir Ernest Satow and Mr. Conger, after consulting with the missionaries, have decided, according to the Pekin correspondent of the Morning Post, to reject the Chinese proposition, made on the suggestion of M. Pichon, that they should act as representatives of the ministers of the powers to discuss with the Chinese plenipotentiaries, the missionary question and claims of native converts.

"They are convinced, however," says the correspondent, "that the Chinese are ready to agree to some arrangement for settling this matter."

"The Russians are taking advantage of the existing situation and are pressing Li Hung Chang hard to rush through the Manchurian convention," says the Pekin correspondent of the Times, writing Wednesday. "More than one power beside Japan and England has remonstrated with China against the negotiations that are proceeding at St. Petersburg."

"The time has come when the powers would be justified in interfering in order to prevent China negotiating with a single power, while the peace negotiations remain uncompleted."

"Commenting editorially upon its Pekin advices, the Times says: 'The United States and Germany might perhaps be supposed to recognize the mischief China's policy entails, but President McKinley at all events seems bent on peace at any price.'"

RELIEVED AT HIS OWN REQUEST.

Washington, Feb. 28.—A misundestanding appears to exist in European capitals as to the conditions under which Mr. Conger was replaced as Pekin by Mr. Rockhill in charge of the negotiations for the United States. The impression seems to have gained currency that the change was made by the state department because of dissatisfaction with Mr. Conger's action.

It is stated at the department that Mr. Conger was relieved at his own request, and his cable message of last week strongly urged that he be allowed to come home for sixty days, not intimating any purpose on his part to remain longer in the United States. In the same message Mr. Conger recommended that Mr. Rockhill be charged with the conduct of the negotiations, and in so directing the state department had done nothing more than to carry out the request of Mr. Conger.

The leave of absence of sixty days will really cover more than double that period of time, for the leave only operates when the minister reaches the confines of the United States and, according to the regulations, he is allowed thirty-five days to make the journey to his home and as much time for the return trip. As it is not expected that he will be able to get away from Pekin, owing to the ice, much before the middle of March, he could not be expected to return to his post, even if he desired to retain his ministry, until the latter part of next summer.

Window Glass Higher.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 1.—It is reported that the price of window glass will be advanced 25 per cent for March and April delivery and that another advance will probably be made in May.

Renovating Royal Palaces.

New York, March 1.—King Edward is not expected to return to London before Monday or Tuesday, says the Tribune's correspondent. He will continue to occupy Marlborough house until various changes and improvements in Buckingham palace are completed. The alterations will be extensive and while the gloomy exterior is beyond redemption, the interior will be made more comfortable and artistic. The course of repairs and decorations will be ordered by the board of works, but Queen Alexandra's taste will be consulted at every turn. Marlborough house will be thoroughly renovated in course of the absence of the Duke of Cornwall in the colonies. Another palace which will be repaired and re-decorated on an extensive scale is Clarence house, St. James, where the Duke and Duchess of Connaught will have their permanent London home.

Court functions will be resumed next week and several delegations will be received in state. Court officials are favoring changes which will supply fresh touches of color in the ceremonial. One suggestion is that the offi-

CHINA PLAYING THE POWERS.

Negotiating With Russia Regarding Manchuria.

CONGER AND ERNEST SATOW

Reject Proposition to Act as Representatives of the Ministers—Conger Relieved at His Own Request.

London, March 1.—Sir Ernest Satow and Mr. Conger, after consulting with the missionaries, have decided, according to the Pekin correspondent of the Morning Post, to reject the Chinese proposition, made on the suggestion of M. Pichon, that they should act as representatives of the ministers of the powers to discuss with the Chinese plenipotentiaries, the missionary question and claims of native converts.

"They are convinced, however," says the correspondent, "that the Chinese are ready to agree to some arrangement for settling this matter."

"The Russians are taking advantage of the existing situation and are pressing Li Hung Chang hard to rush through the Manchurian convention," says the Pekin correspondent of the Times, writing Wednesday. "More than one power beside Japan and England has remonstrated with China against the negotiations that are proceeding at St. Petersburg."

"The time has come when the powers would be justified in interfering in order to prevent China negotiating with a single power, while the peace negotiations remain uncompleted."

"Commenting editorially upon its Pekin advices, the Times says: 'The United States and Germany might perhaps be supposed to recognize the mischief China's policy entails, but President McKinley at all events seems bent on peace at any price.'"

RELIEVED AT HIS OWN REQUEST.

Washington, Feb. 28.—A misundestanding appears to exist in European capitals as to the conditions under which Mr. Conger was replaced as Pekin by Mr. Rockhill in charge of the negotiations for the United States. The impression seems to have gained currency that the change was made by the state department because of dissatisfaction with Mr. Conger's action.

It is stated at the department that Mr. Conger was relieved at his own request, and his cable message of last week strongly urged that he be allowed to come home for sixty days, not intimating any purpose on his part to remain longer in the United States. In the same message Mr. Conger recommended that Mr. Rockhill be charged with the conduct of the negotiations, and in so directing the state department had done nothing more than to carry out the request of Mr. Conger.

The leave of absence of sixty days will really cover more than double that period of time, for the leave only operates when the minister reaches the confines of the United States and, according to the regulations, he is allowed thirty-five days to make the journey to his home and as much time for the return trip. As it is not expected that he will be able to get away from Pekin, owing to the ice, much before the middle of March, he could not be expected to return to his post, even if he desired to retain his ministry, until the latter part of next summer.

Window Glass Higher.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 1.—It is reported that the price of window glass will be advanced 25 per cent for March and April delivery and that another advance will probably be made in May.

Renovating Royal Palaces.

New York, March 1.—King Edward is not expected to return to London before Monday or Tuesday, says the Tribune's correspondent. He will continue to occupy Marlborough house until various changes and improvements in Buckingham palace are completed. The alterations will be extensive and while the gloomy exterior is beyond redemption, the interior will be made more comfortable and artistic. The course of repairs and decorations will be ordered by the board of works, but Queen Alexandra's taste will be consulted at every turn. Marlborough house will be thoroughly renovated in course of the absence of the Duke of Cornwall in the colonies. Another palace which will be repaired and re-decorated on an extensive scale is Clarence house, St. James, where the Duke and Duchess of Connaught will have their permanent London home.

Court functions will be resumed next week and several delegations will be received in state. Court officials are favoring changes which will supply fresh touches of color in the ceremonial. One suggestion is that the offi-



FATAL ECONOMY.

VERY old maxim declares that it isn't economy to pick up pins; the time is worth more than the pins. Similarly it is not true economy to do without Ivory Soap; your health requires the daily removal of the bodily excretions which are discharged through the pores of the skin. These tiny mouths must be kept open, and they should be opened only with a pure soap.

IVORY SOAP—99% PER CENT. PURE.

Copyright 1928 by THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CINCINNATI.

cers of the yeoman of the guard shall wear the pink uniform with plumed hats, which was used during the period of the Stuart kings, the red costume, with purple and gold stripes, remaining unchanged for the men.

WHITELAW REID ON THE PRESS.

Says It Is Generally Fair and Often Misrepresented.

New Haven, Conn., March 1.—Whitelaw Reid gave his second lecture before Yale students last night. He began by referring to the question asked by the New York correspondents' club: "How can the influence of the press be increased?"

He said that Catholic, Confucian and agnostic in the persons of Cardinal Gibbons, Wu Ting Fang and Andrew Carnegie had replied in substance, "tell the truth and be fair."

"It was an ill omen," said Mr. Reid, "that influential sections of the community seem sometimes to have persuaded themselves that many newspapers do not try either to tell the truth or be fair, except in so far as they feel sure it will pay. Yet in this the critics judge the newspapers with more unfairness and untruthfulness than any of the newspapers ordinarily display themselves."

Mr. Reid said that the most of the libel suits brought are unjust. "People who have characters to protect," he said, "resort too rarely to the law against libel, but those whose character could hardly be injured are the first under the guidance of lawyers looking for their pay to a share in the verdict, to institute on inadvertent errors, or to speculate on libel suits as a means of making money."

"Unhappily the curious state of the law and the lingering effect of old decisions that ill-fit modern conditions combine to promote this unfortunate result of what every jurist and every good citizen has at heart. It is the rule of 'compensatory damages' that makes the law which honest men hesitate to use in their own just defense a perfect fountain of speculation for men who have no character to lose, to shrink from disagreeable surroundings, and consequently no reluctance to enter the courts on an ill-odored quest for cash."

The speaker gave instances where slight errors had been taken advantage of by persons who were guilty in worse ways. He continued:

"Without questioning in the least the learning or the uprightness of many judges who are still apt to hold differently I venture to point out that a reasonable liberality as to the amount of evidence about general character in the case of inadvertent and unimportant inaccuracies would be in the interest of the honest press and of the community."

The lecturer next entered upon a discussion of probable changes in the newspapers of the future, dealing first with Mr. Harmsworth's recent experiment with the New York World.

"The first-class daily paper of the future," he said, "is not likely to come in the form of a book or even of a pamphlet. Whatever its form or quality of contents, the people that read it, will pay for it. It will not be a demagogue's institution conducted chiefly by the advertising business of the country for the benefit of the read-

ing classes. It will indulge in no sham about being independent of business considerations."

Mr. Reid closed with a tribute to the capable and conscientious editor as one of the noblest and most influential men in the world.

GERMAN RAILWAY SERVICE.

Emperor William Favors Motivation of Electricity as Motive Power.

Washington, Feb. 28.—It is reported that Emperor William has expressed himself in favor of a complete change in the entire German railway service, according to a communication received at the state department from Consul General Gunther at Frankfurt. At a meeting recently held by Privy Councilor Rathenau, a promoter of great electric enterprises, the latter gave the emperor detailed information emphasizing the necessity of constructing electrical railways for direct and rapid connection between Berlin and the principal cities of the German empire. He also brought out the fact that a great national triumph would be gained if Germany could be the leader in the creation of an entire electrical railway system.

The German secretary of war has placed the military line from Berlin to Zossau at the disposal of the promoters, who are urging upon the government this mode of travel for experimental purposes. This line is 18 miles in length and it is hoped that a speed of from 125 to 150 miles an hour can be attained. The cars will accommodate 50 passengers each and will look very much like the sleeping cars now in use. If these trials prove satisfactory a great step toward the utilization of electricity as the sole railway motive power will have been gained, and, says the consul general, "the time will not be distant when it will be possible to travel, for example, from Berlin to Hamburg in a little over an hour, in cars which will follow each other at intervals of ten minutes."

Labor Troubles in Calabria.

Rome, Feb. 28.—Troubles have broken out in Calabria, the southern part of Italy, owing to the misery which the peasants are undergoing. They demand the parceling out of feudal lands in order that they may cultivate them. The prefect has been compelled to close the gates of the town of Ravena, which is protected by troops, in order to prevent its invasion by thousands of peasants out of work. The prefect has promised to inaugurate relief work.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism.

The editor of the Vincivator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the part affected and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain.

"I am for Men"

HENRY GEORGE

5c. Cigar

Smokers wonder why the Henry George is a so much finer smoke than any other five-cent cigar—We will tell you—THE COMBINATION OF TOBACCOS WHICH IT CONTAINS IS DIFFERENT FROM THAT USED IN ANY OTHER FIVE-CENT CIGAR, and is the manufacturer's secret. The smoking public get the benefit—Try one and you will join the ranks of steady Henry George Smokers.

HEMENWAY & MOSER, Distributors
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.