

# THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Saturday, September 13, 1900.

## A SENSATION FROM THE POLAR REGION.

The exploration of the Arctic regions has been, and still is, a subject of great interest in this country and Europe; and many lives and large sums of money have been sacrificed in fruitless attempts to discover a Polar continent or the long sought North-west passage. Of all the expeditions that have embarked in this perilous enterprise, none has excited more interest than that undertaken by the ill-fated officers and crews of the ships *Erebus* and *Terror*, which left England in the month of May, 1845, under the command of Sir John Franklin. The last seen of this expedition was in Baffin's Bay, in the July following. Great results were expected from this voyage of discovery. Franklin was an experienced Navigator, and his crews and officers were picked men; hence their return was looked for with intense interest by the people of Great Britain.

When the time of their expected return had passed, and neither expedition nor tidings of it came to hand, the public anxiety rose to fever heat, and eventually other expeditions were sent in search of it, several of them being fitted out at the expense of Lady Franklin, the wife of the great mariner. It was not until 1854 that any satisfactory clue of Franklin and his men was obtained; and not until fourteen years after, in the fall of 1868, was settled beyond doubt that they had perished among the ice and snow of the Arctic regions. This discovery was made by Captain McClintock, commander of the last expedition fitted out by Lady Franklin. During his cruise Captain McClintock found many memoranda of the Franklin expedition, and obtained what was considered indubitable evidence, that every member of the expedition had perished.

Since then other explorers have followed, from this country, and various parts of Europe, each have endeavored to obtain some additional memento, or proof of the destruction of Franklin and his men. Among the last and most successful was Captain Hall, of whose adventures and explorations a full account was given some months since in *Harper's Monthly*. He, it was said, obtained a chronometer and a gold watch belonging to the expedition, upon one of both of which, was engraved the name of Captain F. R. M. Crozier, one of its chief officers. Little if anything has been discovered by any since Captain Hall, yet the interest in Arctic explorations remains unabated.

Three or four days ago, it will be remembered, the telegrams contained a statement, to the effect that a much worn document had been picked up on the sea coast at San Buenaventura, California, containing a detailed account of the death of Franklin and his men. From our San Francisco exchanges, we clip the following, said to be a correct copy of the document in question:

"H. M. SHIPS *Erebus* and *Terror*, May 28, 1847. Wintered in the ice, in Lat. 70 deg. 5 min. N., Lon. 89 deg. 23 min. W. Having wintered in Lat. 74 deg. 43 min. 28 sec. N., Lon. 91 deg. 35 min. W., after having ascended Wellington Channel to Lat. 77 deg. and returned by the West side of Cornwallis Island.

Sir John Franklin commanding the Expedition. Party consisting of 2 officers and 6 men left the ships on Monday, 24th May, 1847. GRAHAM GORE, Lieut. CHAS. F. DEN VORUX, Mate.

The following was written on the margin:

"H. M. ships *Erebus* and *Terror* were deserted on the 22nd of April, five leagues N. N. W. of here, having been last seen September 12, 1846. The officers and crews, consisting of 105 souls, under the command of Captain F. R. M. Crozier, landed here in lat. 69 degrees 47 minutes 42 seconds N., long. 98 degrees 41 minutes W. Sir John Franklin died on the 11th of June, 1847, and the total loss by death in the expedition has been to this date, nine officers and fifteen men.

F. R. M. CROZIER, Captain and Senior Officer. JAS. FITZPATRICK, Capt. H. M. S. *Erebus*. And start on to-morrow 25th, for Back's Fish river."

The superscription of the document was in six languages—English, French, Spanish, German, Scandinavian and Dutch. The following is a copy of it in English:

"Whoever finds this paper is requested to forward it to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London, with a note of the time and place at which it was found; or, if more convenient, to deliver it for that purpose to the British Consul at the nearest port."

This is the latest sensation in relation to the long-talked of Polar Expedition of Sir John Franklin. The account sounds very much like a hoax; still, while its truth is hardly probable, it is within the range of possibility. That a hermetically-sealed small seal skin bag, thrown into the sea twenty-two years ago, should only now have reached the land, is a pretty big story, and requires a large amount of the credulous element in the mental organization of all who believe it.

The document was of paper, about thirteen by ten inches in size, and as well as the sack in which it was enclosed was much worn, so that it may indeed be a bona fide record of the ter-

mination of the mortal career of the intrepid Franklin and some of the brave but unfortunate men belonging to the crews of the *Erebus* and *Terror*.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING NEWS.)

## By Telegraph.

### GENERAL.

Cleveland, 7.—The loss by the burning of the Pittsburgh freight depot cannot be ascertained; it was mostly on freight, and is variously estimated at from \$50,000 to \$200,000. No insurance.

New York.—A large portion of the woolen mill, at Ripton, Ulster co., has been burned; loss heavy. Partially insured. A hundred and fifty persons are thrown out of employment.

Rochester.—Ex-Governor Church is decidedly improved, but is not out of danger.

Philadelphia.—Jas. Apple, whose distillery has been closed by Officer Brooks, was arrested to-day, and committed without bail, charged with being implicated in shooting Brooks.

Boston.—Jas. Armstrong shot his mother-in-law dead, and wounded Jas. Welsh, a neighbor, at North Bridge-water, last evening; the shot was intended for his father-in-law. The murderer fled.

Washington.—The amount of available coin in the U. S. Treasury is a hundred and two millions, eight hundred and thirty-two thousand, three hundred and forty-three dollars and forty cents, including twenty-one million three hundred and fifty-five thousand and four dollars in gold certificates, outstanding on the 1st inst. The coin with the exception of about four millions, is at the sub-treasury in New York.

St. Louis.—The President of the Agricultural and Mechanical Fair has invited Prince Arthur and suite, with the Governor General and members of the ministry of the Dominion, to attend the fair, October 4th.

Boston.—The case of Saunders, the defaulting teller of the North National Bank was up before Commissioner Hallett to-day; the testimony of the officers of the bank and others was taken, from which it appears that the amount of the defalcation is a hundred and thirty-two thousand dollars; the loss to the bank will be ninety-six thousand, after deducting Saunders' bonds and the amount received by the brokers.

San Francisco, 17.—The members of the National Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, to-day, visited the harbor and fortifications and had a short trip to sea through the Golden Gate. They will meet the business men of the city this evening in the Hall of the Chamber of Commerce. The Grand Lodge convenes on Monday next.

The Governor of Oregon has appointed three delegates to the St. Louis National Capital Convention.

Legal tenders 74.

New York.—The Workingmen's Union held an important meeting to-night, and resolved to form a new political party to act in concert with the German 'Trades' Union organization this fall; it was also resolved to request Governor Hoffman to enforce the eight-hour law.

Richmond.—The Conservative State Central Committee has adopted a resolution advising against the election of a United States Senator at the meeting of the Legislature on the 5th of October.

Rochester.—A serious collision occurred on the Central Railroad this evening, near Lyons, a passenger train ran into the rear end of a stock train, owing to the carelessness of the switch man, destroying the engine and disabling every passenger car. Several persons were injured, but none killed.

Chicago, 18.—A Washington special says that two checks on the Paymaster's Department, drawn by Henry Wilson, signing himself Paymaster of the Navy, which had been cashed by the San Francisco bankers, have been refused payment. Wilson not being in the service. It was payable some years ago, but was dishonored long since.

Admiral Hoff has had an interview with the State Department officials, and gave the results of his investigation of the treatment of Americans in Cuba. He says Spikeman's execution was no less than a cold-blooded murder.

Several Treasury clerks, yesterday, refused to obey the recent order, requiring them to give information as to their birth, age, relations, representative in Congress, etc., and tendered their resignations. Several female clerks grew highly indignant, and refused to tell age who got them appointed, etc.

A special from Omaha says that Wm. Swinton and John G. Saxe left for California yesterday.

A rich copper mine has been discovered near Rawlins Springs, Wyoming; a company is forming to commence active operations soon.

The Indians have been making hostile demonstrations in the Snake river reservation.

Another meeting was held yesterday, to arrange for receiving the California Pioneers, who are expected on Tuesday. A committee of welcome, consisting of fifty prominent citizens, was appointed. Chicago will endeavor, in some degree, to reciprocate the attention showered upon her delegation while in California.

Accounts from Minnesota state that the rain had ceased falling, and the Mississippi had begun to recede slowly. Complaints of damage to the grain were abundant from all directions. The country in the northwest was flooded; bridges swept away and haystacks floating in the meadows, and grain ruined.

The North Pacific Railroad exploring party, who recently arrived from the Pacific coast and started for Lake Superior by stage, has been compelled to return and go down via Chicago.

Rose Walsh, who was shot by her husband, David Walsh, at the door of her father's house, on Sept. 7th, died yesterday; Walsh is in jail charged with wilful murder.

Charles Barner, without a word of warning, rushed up and stabbed James Ferguson, a hack driver, while drinking at the bar of a saloon in South Clark St. last evening, plunging a long clasp knife into his abdomen; Ferguson gave instant pursuit, opening a pocket knife while running and overtook Barner and stabbed him nearly in the same place, severing several principal arteries. Barner was found to be fatally wounded and Ferguson dangerously.

The Young Men's Christian Association, yesterday received fifteen tons of tracts from Dublin, valued at eight thousand dollars.

Portage, Wis.—Pat Fildick, confined in jail for highway robbery, was taken

out last night by a masked mob and hung; this is the second case of lynching, and two murders in this vicinity within a week.

Louisville.—Ex-President Fillmore has been appointed delegate to the Southern Commercial Convention and has been selected to organize the convention.

The stables of the Missouri Street Railway Co., Market and 17th streets, were burned this morning; twelve or fifteen horses and mules perished in the flames. Loss \$10,000.

New York.—It is stated that it is not the intention of the Administration to push the settlement of the Cuban difficulties for the present, nor do anything that would be likely to irritate Spain and provoke war. Matters will probably be allowed to drift along as they have been doing, in hope that the Spanish government will finally accept Siskies' proposition.

Omaha.—Gen. Augur has received information from Col. Brabin, commanding at Inka river reservation, of a fight between a company of his troops and about a hundred Sioux, just below his camp on Thursday; two Indians were killed and many wounded; two soldiers were wounded.

Gov. Haight, of California, arrived here yesterday, en route for the East.

### FOREIGN.

Dublin.—Booth, the editor of the *Irish American*, was yesterday remanded for trial on the charge of participation in the fatal affray at Leebmore, recently.

Madrid.—It is thought the Cabinet at Washington has become somewhat more conciliatory since the receipt of the telegram from Siskies, that the over excited temper of the Spanish people will compel the government to continue the war for the suppression of the insurrection in Cuba.

The king of Italy has given his consent to the selection of the Duke of Geneva as king of Spain.

London.—The *Examiner*, on the subject of Spain and Cuba, says by history and analogy there is no longer any physical impediment to the representation of Cuba in the Spanish Cortes, or to the expediency of recommending it; but, for the sake of the late, for if Cuba is not added or surrendered to her inhabitants, she must in some form be mortgaged to the Americans, with the certainty that once in their power she will eventually become theirs, which will be better, perhaps, for Spain.

There is a rumor current this evening that Napoleon, on account of the precarious state of his health, will shortly abdicate in favor of his son, but he will retain the presidency of the council.

In the Synod at Armagh, resolutions excluding the Irish from an editorial questions of doctrine and discipline, were rejected by a large majority; the Synod also rejected a resolution looking to the representation of minorities, and then adjourned to the thirtieth instant.

London.—Yesterday was the third day of the Doncaster September meeting; the sweepstakes were won by "Stanley"; the Scarborough stakes were won by "Rupert." The handicap was won by "Vagabond"; the Portland plate by "Argyle."

Toronto.—A fire destroyed three frame houses in Queen street, two children perished in the flames; one fireman was killed and another fatally injured by a falling chimney.

The mother of the children saved a third child by throwing it out of the window.

London.—The *Telegraph*, in an editorial on the relations of England with the United States, says the recognition of the Cubans would place the Washington government in a wrong position on the *Alabama* question, and says with what consistency can the rights of war be granted to wandering guerrillas not formidable enough for a blockade.

A war between Spain and America would be a material injury, equally apportioned; the shipping of the latter would be a prey to privateers, and her commerce, with its profits, would pass to neutral nations.

The reduction of the National debt would be arrested, internal organization checked, and public discontent would revive with great burdens. Spain would lose Cuba, but with her obstinate tenacity, her great undeveloped resources and her power to attack American trade, America would gain at a heavy cost what might, for years, be more of a loss than a gain, and such considerations cannot pass unregarded, and there is still ground to hope that peace will be preserved.

London.—The Canada chemical works were burned last night; loss \$30,000. No insurance.

London, 17.—The *Star*, radical states that the difficulty between the United States and Spain on the Cuban question is in a fair way for settlement. The *Star* says there is a rumor in that proclamation guaranteeing religious liberty and freedom of elections in Cuba, will shortly be issued by the Spanish government; this is a better one, but if the reports of a military government for Cuba be true, these concessions must be preceded by one more, very essential, namely, that the Cubans be permitted to live and enjoy them.

Hague.—During the session of the Statistical Congress, yesterday, Mr. Chadwick moved for the collection of statistics of the military service, with a view to the reduction of the standing army. Ruggles, of New York, supported the motion in a lengthy speech, wherein he contrasted the armaments of Europe with those of the United States, and explained that the recent war in America was for the suppression of the rebellion and the extirpation of slavery, and that when all was over the return of the soldiers to their peaceful avocations, to pay the cost of that war would not impoverish or weaken the country as much as the standing armies in Europe.

London.—Advices have been received of the total wreck of the Indian mail steamer *Carnatio* off the island of Shadom, in the Red Sea. All of the passengers and crew succeeded in reaching the shore, but the mails and cargo were lost; the steamer had a large amount of specie aboard for this city.

Rain for the past few days has become general but not heavy; harvesting in Yorkshire has been stopped, dry weather being necessary to secure the crops in good order.

Later dispatches via Alexandria relative to the loss of the steamer *Carnatio*, say that five passengers, nine of the crew and fifteen natives are missing, and are supposed to have been drowned.

Berlin, 17.—The organization of the National Liberals of North and South Germany into one party, is projected; the scheme is generally approved,

though in Bavaria there is much apparent reserve.

Paris, 17.—M. Peraty, one of the members of the Corps Legislatif, has written a letter in which he demands that the deputies shall re-assemble on the 25th of October, of their own free will, if the government do not convolve the Chamber, according to the Constitution.

Madrid.—The strike of workmen in Barcelona continues and has assumed alarming proportions.

Cork.—The Farmers' Club has adopted a resolution demanding a perpetuity in land tenure, placing rents on a fixed basis and the abolition of distress for rent; a national tenants' league was organized.

London.—Peter Mark Roget, the author, died to-day, aged 80.

Madrid.—A decree, summoning the Cuban deputies to the Cortes, at Madrid will soon be published. The fleet is ready to sail with reinforcements for Cuba.

Constantinople.—The Khediva of Egypt raises difficulties respecting the carrying out of the second official letter of the Sultan, relative to the budget and loans.

London.—The preparations for an international sculling match, between Walter Brown and Sadder, continues; the race is appointed for October 7th, on the Thames, from Putney to Mortlake. Brown has abandoned his American built boat for one constructed by Jewett. He trails with the ex-champion, Henry Kelly, as cox; the betting is two to one on Sadder.

The *Herald's* Paris special, Sept. 17, says, last evening Gen. Prim had a second audience with Napoleon, of some hours' duration; the subject matter of the conversation affording cause for a very considerable amount of anxious outside speculation, it being pretty accurately ascertained to-day that the situation of the Cuba, and the chances of the suppression of the revolution as well as the probable future of the Island, as regards its form of Government and rights, were discussed. The Emperor advised an amicable arrangement between the Spanish authorities and the Cabinet at Washington, by purchase, adding, toward the close of his remarks, that in his opinion, if the war were continued with the present attendant barbarities, President Grant would be compelled to interfere between the contending parties, if only on behalf and for the cause of humanity. Gen. Prim replied that he was personally willing to negotiate with the American authorities in the direction indicated by the ruler of France, but Spain, and his fellow countrymen at large, remained opposed to such a course. Napoleon, in reply, advised Prim and the Spaniards to imitate, in this case, his own example, and give up Cuba just as he had given up Mexico, before it was too late to do so with honor.

Siskies has proposed a new plan of compromise on the Cuban subject. Spain is in an intense state of excitement, blazing and boiling over, it may be said, on account of the news from Cuba, and the reports from Washington and Paris, and the adherence of Siskies, in Madrid, to the policy of sell or, perhaps, lose.

A letter from a member of the Burlingame embassy says that Burlingame received, at St. Petersburg, an official letter from the Pekin authorities, fully endorsing his course in the United States, thus showing the falsity of the report that China had repudiated the American treaty.

London.—The *Times* calls to mind that the first anniversary of the revolution in Spain has passed, and none of the evils laid to the charge of the Bourbons have diminished, but have rather increased; there is greater distress and confusion, and less concord, efficiency and public security. The policy of the government in the provinces is reviewed, and its action there contrasted with its action in Madrid.

The *Times* acknowledges that all is done for the best, but the conflicting views and diverging tendencies of some members of the government produce misapprehensions. (There is hardly a ruling man in the whole government, yet such as they are Spain must accept them; the country yields no better and must make the best of them.)

Quebec.—P. P. Harris, manager of the Quebec branch of the Montreal Bank, and brother of Sanderson, has absconded, taking funds of the bank reported to amount to a hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Havana.—Mexican advices state that the country is more tranquil than ever before. The rebels in Yucatan have given in their adherence to the government. Three soldiers had been shot and six sent to prison for ten years, for conspiracy against Juarez.

THE STEAM ENGINE.—The Philadelphia *Ledger* discovers, in its English exchanges, that a mechanic of Nottingham has recently patented a very great improvement in the steam engine, which consists in forcing heated air into the boiler of the engine now in use, the air and the steam together passing from the boiler to work the engine. The inventor has devised a separate apparatus for pumping and drawing the cold air through a coil of pipes, and so heating it before it enters the boiler, that the cold air may be taken directly into the boiler, and be made to take up its heat entirely from the water in it. The advantage offered by the invention is said to be three-fold. First, a saving of more than forty per cent. in fuel; secondly an increased amount of motive power compared with the ordinary steam engine; and thirdly, a diminished supply of water for boilers. A further advantage is also said to deserve attention viz., that the action of the air on the water is very beneficial, keeping it as a constant perturbation, thus tending to prevent incrustations.

A photographer, Freiberg, has made seals and stamps with the portraits of his customers. A thin layer of gelatin, sensitized with bi-chromate of potash, is exposed to the action of light under a photograph positive, by which the parts acted on are rendered insoluble in water. The gelatine film is immersed in water and the parts not acted upon by

light swell up, and we obtain a picture in relief of which a plaster cast can be taken. A galvanic plastic copy being now taken of the cast, we have a metallic fac-simile of the photograph, which can be employed as a seal. This process suggests a method of obtaining perfect likenesses of persons in metallic checks, for the use of the printer, and also an admirable way of illustrating scientific books.

That is a novel association which has just been formed in Portland, Me. It is to consist entirely of old persons, regular Nestors, approximate Old Farts, men as nearly the age of Methusalem, as the degenerate days of longevity of modern days will permit. Nobody under sixty-five years will be initiated. Yet the society already numbers 111 members upon its rolls.

## ARRIVALS AT TOWNSEND HOUSE

Hon. W. A. Wheeler and lady, New York  
Mr. W. B. Wheeler and lady,  
Mr. Dickinson,  
H. Horton,  
E. W. Doughty,  
John W. Foster, Indiana  
O. O. Harris, Ohio  
A. Harris,  
W. G. Webb, Baltimore  
G. W. Graham, U. S. A.  
Charles L. Jackson, Kansas Cruz  
Russell Smith and lady, New York  
F. A. Pouchet, France  
Thomas Turnbull, New York  
T. L. Houston and lady, New York  
W. H. Hinks, Washington  
J. Bolton Hulme, Pennsylvania

## THEATRE.

Lessee and Managers, H. B. Clawson & J. T. Caine  
Prompter, W. T. Harris, Treasurer, T. Williams  
Leader of the Orchestra, Geo. Carleson.

## SIXTH APPEARANCE OF

THE GREAT ENGLISH TRAGEDIAN,  
MR. NEIL

## WARNER

When he will have the honor of appearing

## SIR GILES OVERREACH

Miss ANNIE LOCKHART As Margaret Overreach

THE FULL DRAMATIC COMPANY.

## THIS EVENING,

SATURDAY, SEPT. 18.

The performance will consist of Massinger's Great Play, in 5 acts, entitled

## A New Way

TO PAY OLD DEBTS!

Sir Giles Overreach. MR. NEIL WARNER

Margaret Overreach. Miss ANNIE LOCKHART

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7 1/2

## LIST OF ESTRAYS.

ONE Red and White COW, branded CN on right hip, about four years old.  
One Bay HORSE MARE, branded F on left thigh.  
One Bay MARE, branded H on right thigh, white spot in the face.  
One Sorrel MARE, bald face, hind feet white. The owners can have them by applying to

JOHN MORGAN, Mill Creek Poundkeeper.

d35-1-681 w33-1 Sept. 18, '00.

## Queensware, Glassware

Etc., etc., CHEAPER THAN EVER.

At Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution.

d25-1-7485 w33-2 w

## ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, U. T.

Salt Lake City, Sep. 13, 1899.

## GENERAL ORDERS, No. 3.

I. The resignation of Major General Aaron Johnson, 2nd Division, Navajo Legion, Commandant of Utah military district, is accepted. He is honorably released and will be kindly remembered by the Legion.

II. Brigadier General Wm. B. Pace is assigned to the command of Utah Military district until further orders.

III. It is with regret that the sudden demise of Brigadier General Ezra T. Benson, Commandant of Cache Military district, is announced to the Legion. Colonel William Hyde will take command of said district until further orders.

IV. During the absence of Brigadier General Lot Smith, the command of Davis Military district is assigned to Col. George Chase, who will complete the organization of the forces of the district, including Davis and Morgan counties.

V. Major General Robert T. Burton, Commandant of Salt Lake Military district will cause a general muster to be held for three days, of all the forces within said district, for the purposes of drill, inspection, and camp duty, not later than the first week in November next.

VI. The Commandants of Utah, Juab, Sanpete, Pangu, Iron, Davis, Weber, Cache, Richland, Tooele, Sevier, and Wasatch Military districts, will cause to be held a similar muster, not to exceed three days, of all the forces in their respective districts, not later than the first week in November next.

VII. Said Commandants will cause suitable notice to be given of the time and place of muster, and all persons liable to military duty to be duly enrolled and notified. Musicians are required to perform military duty as musicians, or in the line, and will be enrolled accordingly. Bands may be organized in each district and assigned to duty by district commanders.

VIII. Commandants of districts will organize the forces of their districts according to General Orders No. 2 of May 25, 1899, and cause all vacancies in their commands to be filled during the muster, and will make full and complete returns of said organization and muster to this office on or before the tenth day of November next. They are also enjoined to enforce good order and sobriety, and take every precaution to avert the occurrence of accidents from any cause during the muster.

By order of Lieutenant General DANIEL H. WELLS, Commanding Navajo Legion.

H. B. CLAWSON, Adjutant General.

d 253-6 w 35-1

## LOST!

COME time between Saturday and Monday, the 4th and 5th inst., a MEMORANDUM BOOK, containing some photographs, letters and accounts. The finder will oblige by returning the same to E. M. GASTE, at his place in the 13th Ward, or at his residence in the 20th Ward. d25-3

## JOE SIMMONS.

Proprietor of the Revere House Saloon.

IS DETERMINED to please everybody. He has just received an importation of BEVER, BECK & CO'S ALL and BARKER, in addition to LAGER BEER, OYSTERS, CALVES TONGUE, PIG'S FEET, CIGARET, etc. Serves Lunch at all hours. d27-4

## Z.C.M.I. COLUMN.

## RETAIL

## DRY GOODS

## DEPARTMENT.

## JUST RECEIVED

A Choice Assortment of

## LADIES' FURS!

IN PRICES TO SUIT.

## THEATRE.

Lessee and Managers, H. B. Clawson & J. T. Caine  
Prompter, W. T. Harris, Treasurer, T. Williams  
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