

## THE YOSEMITE SINKS OFF GUAM.

Was Overtaken by a Terrific  
Typhoon.

PARTED FROM HER CABLE.

Five of the Crew Drowned—Vain Effort  
to Clear the Vessel of Water—Going to the Rescue.

Manila, Nov. 28.—The United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite parted her cable off the harbor of San Luis d'Apra, island of Guam, drifted sixty miles, struck a reef and was wrecked. Five of the crew were drowned. A coiler rescued the remainder.

When the typhoon which swept the island was at the height the Yosemite, which was anchored adjacent to the collier Justin, dragged her anchor, and was driven aground a hundred and fifty yards from the reef, her bows being crushed in. A launch with a crew of five men had previously left the ship to endeavor to find a safe anchorage for the vessel, but the launch being that the anchors would not hold where she was. The men were not seen after they left the ship, and it is practically certain that the heavy sea which the storm kicked up, swamped the launch. The bodies of Coxswain F. Swanson and Seaman George Anhel were recovered after the typhoon subsided.

The storm veered around after the Yosemite grounded, and she was driven off and carried on to the Sombrero cliff, where her rudder and propeller were broken. Boatswain Swenson and twelve of the crew volunteered to take a life line ashore. A boat was lowered for this purpose, but it was immediately swamped by a big sea that swept over it. All its occupants were carried away from the boat, but they miraculously succeeded in reaching the land after an hour's struggle with the waves.

Meanwhile the atmosphere had become of ink, and the Yosemite, which had again been blown off the land, was drifting helplessly before the gale which was blowing at the rate of 100 miles an hour. All hope of saving the cruiser was abandoned, and the officers and crew prepared for the death they thought was surely staring them in the face.

A majority of the boats had been either smashed or were being blown off the land, and those that were left could not accommodate half the crew, even if it had been possible for them to live in the enormous seas that were being run. The Yosemite had been put out, and this held the Yosemite up in the teeth of the storm and prevented her from falling off into the trough of the sea. She rode the waves and drifted rapidly until 6 o'clock in the evening when the water cleared.

The cruiser was then sixty miles north and forty miles west of Guam, and had labored so heavily that she had sprung a leak, and all hands, including her commander, Lieutenant Brief, an engineer, worked heroically in trying to clear her of the water that was pouring into and rapidly filling the forward compartments.

After the violence of the storm had subsided an effort was made to start the engines. They were finally got to work and the Yosemite, with her damaged propeller, struggled landward at the rate of two knots an hour.

The water kept filling in the hold, and the ship was gradually sinking. At 10 p. m. November 28th, the Justin, which had started in a search for the Yosemite, picked her up and attempted to tow her back to Guam. Two hawsers were broken, and it was then decided that it was impossible to take her into port. The cruiser was then scuttled, after which she was abandoned, all hands going aboard the Justin. The Yosemite sank bow first at 3 o'clock and the Justin stood away for Guam. Paymaster Ballard saved \$25,000 Mexican money on the sinking ship.

The Yosemite was first commissioned April 15, 1898. She had been stationed at the island of Guam since the days of the Spanish war. She is a 16-knot converted cruiser, of 6,175 tons displacement, and is provided with a main battery of ten 5-inch rapid-firing guns and a secondary battery of six 6-pounders and Colt rifles. Her measurements are 291 feet in length by 48 feet extreme breadth. She has a main draft of 20 feet 1 inch and a maximum draft of 22 feet.

Just before the outbreak of the Spanish-American war the vessel was purchased by the navy department, fitted as an auxiliary cruiser, and rendered effective service during the war. She was manned in part by the Michigan naval militia.

It is said that her anchorage at Guam was off the harbor of San Luis d'Apra, and that owing to the fact that she was obliged to stay six miles off shore. The harbor is a particularly dangerous one, owing to the existence of a rocky shoal in the middle and a particularly crooked channel.

According to the naval register, the Yosemite was manned by eighteen officers and 267 men, but in her capacity as station ship not all of these were required, and undoubtedly a part of them were ashore engaged in duties at the naval station. This probably would be true of her commander, Captain Schroeder, who is also governor of Guam.

### ISLE OF PINES.

Havanesa Do Not Like Idea of Its Retention by United States.

Havana, Nov. 28.—With reference to the suggestion that the United States will claim the Isle of Pines, the Discussion says: "It is either a canard or a fever. If the latter, then it is unworthy of the United States. To attempt such a rapacious robbery would be brutal aggression. If Cuba is to be free no ought the Isle of Pines to be. Cuba should be regarded as a whole. The Isle of Pines has always been considered a part of Cuba, and has been under the government of the province of Havana. The people there were allowed to vote at the election, and the Spaniards there had the privilege of inscribing in connection with the declaration of nationality."

### UTAH INDIANS IN COLORADO.

Interesting Correspondence Between State and Federal Authorities.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Some interesting correspondence has taken place between the Interior department and Governor C. S. Thompson of Colorado, and Indian Agent Myron of the Uintah and Ouray agency in Utah, as the result of reports of incursions of Indians on Colorado lands in quest of game. Gov. Thompson has sent several telegrams to the department complaining of the alleged depredations, while Indian Agent Myron has reported that the Colorado game wardens, in at least one instance, allowed a violent sport. Gov. Thompson, on November 19th, after some fruitless correspondence regard-

ing Indians alleged to be slaughtering deer in Colorado, wired: "Authentic information from game wardens that Indians are still in the San Luis county slaughtering deer. This condition cannot be endured by settlers longer. If federal authorities cannot remedy this evil the State authorities must, and at once."

Agent Myron, in response to telegrams, wires that from all he could see and hear, there had been about twenty-five Indians hunting in Colorado at one time or another during the fall that he started them all home, and was assured by the police that they had all left the State, and, moreover, that he had not heard of a single case where the game warden had ordered the Indians home, and one of the Indian police had informed him that a deputy warden actually went hunting with the Indians.

Commissioner Jones in reporting to Secretary Hitchcock, said: "I am convinced that Gov. Thompson has been misinformed, if not purposely deceived, as to the true situation. It is difficult to reconcile the zeal of game wardens in sending sensational reports to the governor regarding the conduct of Indians with the fact that not one of these appears to have made the slightest effort whatever to induce the Indians to desist from alleged unlawful slaughter of game, but that, if the Indians are to be believed, the deputy warden professed friendship for them, telling them that but for the opposition of their agents they might come to Colorado."

Secretary Hitchcock, on November 23rd, wrote Gov. Thompson expressing the hope that if these Indians return or others are found hunting in violation of the law, they will be arrested and punished by the courts.

### HANNA NOT A CANDIDATE.

He Declares It Is Absolutely Out of the Question to Consider Him for the Presidency.

Waited Upon by a Committee of a Club that Had Passed Resolutions Indorsing Him for the Place.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 28.—A committee representing the M. A. Hanna Republican club of this city, which recently passed resolutions indorsing Mr. Hanna as a candidate for the Presidency in 1904, called upon the senator today at his office to present the same.

President Gallagher of the club, who acted as spokesman, referred to Mr. Hanna as the Hercules of the Republican party. "If Mr. McKinley had been defeated," he said, "Senator Hanna would have been held responsible. The victory was a remarkable one, though not unexpected, and the credit lay with the man who is entitled to his reward."

The reception accorded the committee by Senator Hanna was most cordial. In replying to his visitors he laid stress upon his appreciation of the honor conferred upon him, and said: "I believe in my heart that I have only done my duty to the country—to my people. I seek no public office and I seek no reward. Although I deeply appreciate the feeling expressed by my neighbors and friends, I cannot see the crowning act of my life to sit in the presidential chair. I am growing old and expect to retire after my senatorial term expires. Your kindness and consideration in what you seem to be the proper course deeply touch me, but my candidacy for the presidency is absolutely out of the question and is not even to be thought of."

### THE COLOMBIAN REBELLION.

News Suppressed but Liberals Are Operating in the Interior.

New York, Nov. 28.—A dispatch from Guayaquil, Ecuador, to the Herald says: News of rebel activity on the Pacific coast of Colombia, not permitted to pass over the wires controlled by the government has been received at Esmeraldas.

Although driven from positions commanding the port of Buenaventura by the expedition brought from Panama on the steamer Taboga, the liberal forces are operating in the interior east of that city. They hold the road to Cali, which is now besieged by a strong insurgent force and must soon surrender unless relieved.

A strong rebel expedition is now being led out at Tumaco, in the south coast, the actual stronghold of the liberal forces on the Pacific coast. The armed rebel steamer, the Galitan and the Salinas, which retired from the blockade of Buenaventura on the arrival of the Taboga are at Guayaquil and will co-operate with the expedition. Its destination is not known but it may attempt to renew the siege at Buenaventura. Throughout the state of Cauca, which embraces almost the entire Pacific coast line, rebel activity has practically paralyzed business. Unless the government forces soon succeed in restoring order that important region will be ruined for years.

Reports of the fighting at Buena Ventura show that the port had been closed by the blockade by the Galitan and the Salinas for three weeks when the Taboga expedition arrived. The Taboga, which flew the British flag, during the fight fled at Tumaco.

A large gang of Mexicans and Yaquis and five Americans were at work there on a dredge. Much ill-feeling existed between the Americans and the Mexicans. An American named Wells and a Mexican named Ramon, foreman of the gang, fought one night, and the next day a piece of machinery fell on Ramon, killing him.

Wells and another American had charge of the machine and were arrested at once charged with planning the death of Ramon. They were taken into jail, and the Mexicans who drank decided to shoot Wells and the other Americans.

Yaquis, whom Wells had befriended, heard of the plan and sent word if the Americans were molested they would attack the Mexicans. The Indians surrounded the jail and guarded it all night. The Mexicans finally agreed to release the Americans on the condition they would go away.

### W. C. T. U. Officers.

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In Chicago the women were joined by several western state presidents.

### To Prohibit Glove Contests.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—A special to the Record from New York, Nov. 28, says Mayor Frank E. Moore has sent an order to the chief of police here to prohibit the so-called glove contests or prize fights and Chief of Police in speaking about the matter said that the mayor's order would be rigidly enforced.

### Sacrificed His Life for Another.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—In attempting to save a woman from death last night John R. Pierce, a city clerk's office, sacrificed his own life.

Wilkins tried to stop a team of runaway horses at Belmont avenue and Madison street just as the team was bearing down on a woman who stood in the middle of the street transfixed with fear over the impen-

### SURPRISING RESULTS.

#### A Simple Internal Remedy Makes Remarkable Cures of Catarrh.

People who have used sprays, inhalers, salves and washes for catarrh and have found how useless and inconvenient they are, will be agreeably surprised at results following the use of a pleasant, internal remedy in tablet form: druggists everywhere admit that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which cost only a few cents for full size treatment is the safest, most effective and popular of all catarrh remedies.

Nearly all cheap cough mixtures and throat lozenges contain opiates, these cheap medicines give a temporary relief, especially with little children by destroying nerve sensation; the irritation in throat, which causes coughing is temporarily removed, not by removing the cause but by deadening the nerves of feeling the irritation is not felt although it is still there and will promptly return.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is the best remedy to remove catarrhal secretions whether in the nose, throat or stomach because they are composed of wholesome antiseptics like Eucalyptol, Gualacal, Benzoin and Hydrastin, when you use these tablets you know what you are putting into your system and not taking any chances with cocaine, opiates or similar poisons found in so many catarrh cures and cough medicines.

Dr. Randall in commenting on catarrh cures, says: "I can heartily recommend Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because they contain no cocaine nor other dangerous drug found in so many advertised catarrh cures. I have known of many cases of long standing catarrh of the head and throat completely cured by the daily use of these tablets for several weeks. One case in particular, which I could not reach with an inhaler or spray and where the catarrh caused daily headaches and a noticeable loss of hearing, was entirely cured by this harmless but effective remedy."

"Dr. Walnwright says: 'I never hesitate to prescribe Stuart's Catarrh Tablets for catarrhal headaches and catarrhal deafness because I know them to be perfectly safe for child or adult and have seen many remarkable cures because of their regular use and sold in drug stores is no reason why any good physician should not use them because we should solve upon the means of the whole body.'"

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are especially valuable for catarrhal colds in children because they are pleasant to the taste and may be used freely to break up severe colds and croup at the very beginning.

All druggists sell the remedy at fifty cents for full sized package.

A little book on cause and cure of catarrh may be had free by sending the P. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

The action was equipped with artillery. She was so enforced by the gunboats Hoyosa and Duran which had been in the harbor by the blockade and the three so vigorously bombarded the positions on points Bazan and Soldado that the rebels retired into the interior. An advance on the rebels resulted in the capture of Gen. Salamanca and Hoves, who fought to the last. Three guns were also captured. The Taboga took to the port a cargo of arms, ammunition and provisions. The artillery it carried will be mounted for the defense of port.

### Suppression of Vice in New York.

New York, Nov. 28.—Organization of the citizens committee for the suppression of vice will not be completed before Friday or Saturday. This delay is occasioned by the great amount of good material, rather than the scarcity. Charles Stewart Smith, to whom was left the appointment of the committee, insisted that the committee should be made up of the best of the city, and that it should be willing to contribute liberally of their time. Funds will be forthcoming in plenty, but there will be much work to be done, and the will fall upon the committee members.

It is understood that one exception will be made. Ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt has declined to serve as a member of the committee for the day that he can not get to the work the time it desires. Yet so keenly is it felt that Mr. Hewitt's advice will be almost indispensable that he will probably be persuaded to reconsider his refusal, it is possible that the committee will increase its membership to twenty-five so as to take in ten who may act as advisers.

McClurg's hall on West Fifty-ninth street was to have been opened tonight by a big ball. The police were notified and at the last moment the hall was called off.

Michael Davis, proprietor of the "Black Rabbit," the most notorious den in this city, was permitted to plead guilty today before Justice Recorder Goff in general sessions to keeping a disorderly house and was sentenced to eight months' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

### Yaquis Save Americans.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 28.—A private message received here this morning by Pedro Garcia from Tova, a small settlement south of Guaymas, in the State of Sonora, Mexico, says that two weeks ago five Americans were imprisoned there, and only escaped summary execution through the intervention of Yaqui Indians.

A large gang of Mexicans and Yaquis and five Americans were at work there on a dredge. Much ill-feeling existed between the Americans and the Mexicans. An American named Wells and a Mexican named Ramon, foreman of the gang, fought one night, and the next day a piece of machinery fell on Ramon, killing him.

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# Walker's Store.

## LACE CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES TWO LAST DAYS OF SALE!



White lace curtains, 35 inches wide, good value, pair..... 41c  
White or ecru lace curtains, 35 inches wide, D'Esprit and Brussels effects, \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.25 a pair regular, choice for..... 98c  
White or Ecru lace curtains, allover effects, 63 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards long, \$1.75 curtains..... \$1.25

### FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

There's been some stupendous selling of these hangings, during the week. Mind you the entire stock is given you to choose from at underprices—not a curtain or a piece of drapery or upholstery goods can you pick up but has part of its price taken off. Its an epoch of good fortune in curtain and drapery buying. Such a magnificent stock was never so greatly sacrificed. Better come quickly, now. We couldn't begin to cite all the details—but fair idea may be gained from these—

Lace curtains in allover or fish net designs, \$2.00 a pair..... \$1.55  
Lace curtains in allover, fish net, D'Esprit and Brussels effects, \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.25 a pair regular, choice for..... \$2.25  
Daintily tamed bobbinet parlor curtains, new designs, \$4.25 a pair regular..... \$3.35

Every curtain in the stock—Nottingham, Brussels net, bobbinet and ruffle border, tapestry, chenille and all others that are priced \$5 at regular, your choice of any for..... \$3.95  
Entire stock of Battenbergs, Arabians, cluny and Marie Antoinette curtains, priced \$6.00 up to \$20.00 a pair and all tapestry portieres, selling for \$3.00 up to \$50.00 a pair—  
20 PER CENT OFF

Entire stock of velours, velvets, upholstery and drapery silks, priced \$1.00 up to \$5.00 the yard.....  
ONE FOURTH OFF  
Entire stock of curtain scrims, muslin, fish net, bobbinet, madras and silk stripe goods, up to \$1.50 a yard kinds—  
15 PER CENT OFF

## All Tailor Dresses One Third Off. SATURDAY MORNING 9:30 TO 11:30 ONLY.

You may choose from the entire stock during these two hours. You know what that means here—choice of best tailor dresses brought out this year, the latest diversities in style and latest new cloth weaves; some richly lined throughout with silk, others the bodice only. Saturday morning for two hours—

All the \$10.00 dresses..... \$10.00  
All the \$12.50 for..... \$12.34  
All the \$20.00 for..... \$13.35  
All the \$25.00 for..... \$16.75

## Women's Jackets One Third Off. SATURDAY NIGHT FROM 7:30 TO 9:30.

Choice from the entire stock of women's jackets; short, long or medium, high back or box. Coats of the best cloths with the finest tailoring, choicest linings and finishings—Saturday night for two hours—

All \$9.00 kinds..... \$6.00  
All \$12.00 kinds..... \$8.00  
All \$15.00 kinds..... \$10.00  
All \$18.50 kinds..... \$12.34

## Knit Underwear and Hosiery. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Women's black wool tights, ankle or knee length, \$2.00 regular..... \$1.50  
Women's cream or gray wool drawers, \$1.15 regular..... \$1.25  
Women's ecru fleeced cotton union suits, \$1.00 regular..... 75c

Broken lines of women's vests and drawers, wool and fleeced cotton, priced 50c, 65c and \$1.00..... HALF PRICE

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## The 59c Sale of Dress Goods. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Splendid dress goods, are they, in every weave of the season's desirable kinds, almost none were priced under \$1.25 a yard, from this they range up into prices twice as high. Broken lines to be sure, but in lengths sufficient for waist or dress. A most excellent gathering, and remarkable bargains yet for those who will come quickly during these two last days. Choice of any, a yard..... 59c

## MEN'S SUITS AT HALF PRICES. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

"A splendid collection—wonderful values." The solid judgment of many of Salt Lake's good dressers during this sale. There are 180 suits in the beginning—broken lines of this season and some of last to complete the size list; not so many here now by less than half, but just as good suits as any taken away. Walker Store men's clothing implies high character, good suits and handsomely with workmanship of the best that tailoring art knows. Cheviots, worsteds, cassimeres, blue or black chevrons and serges. Suits at \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00; two days any..... Just Half Price

## Boys' Clothing 25 Per Cent Off. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Today and tomorrow, that's all, to choose from this entire stock. Knee trouser suits for boys of 3 up to 14, two and three piece, blouse or vestee; overcoats, separate trousers, waists, hats and caps. A most exceptional opportunity at fresh, bright and best clothing for boys that is always but very reasonable in cost. Two more days all—  
4 of Regular Price Taken off

## Women's \$2.25 Slippers—\$1.68. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

For dancing or home wear; made of fine quality velvied kid. French heels, wide ribbon ties; dressy and pretty. Two days instead of \$2.25..... \$1.68

## SOAP SPECIAL. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Myosotin, Jersey Bell, Butter Milk and Witch Hazel; all well known and well liked toilet soaps, 3 cakes in box, sell regularly for 25c, two days..... 15c

## IS YOUR HAIR WORTH A DOLLAR



Yes! Then why lose it? De LACY'S FRENCH HAIR TONIC today stands without a peer on the American continent as A HAIR SAYER. There is not a case on record where it has ever failed to STOP HAIR FALLING OUT, no matter how bad or how long standing. DE LACY'S FRENCH HAIR TONIC is the only medicinal preparation today offered to the public that is AN ABSOLUTE AND PERMANENT CURE OF DANDRUFF. DE LACY'S FRENCH HAIR TONIC is the one remedy today that RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL AND ORIGINAL COLOR and that it is POSITIVELY IN NO SENSE A DYE has been clearly proven by the fact that it RESTORES GRAY HAIR IN RED TO RED, GRAY HAIR IN BROWN TO BROWN, GRAY HAIR IN BLACK TO BLACK, and common sense tells you that you can only dye one color with one dye, hence DE LACY'S FRENCH HAIR TONIC, the WORLD-RENOVED GRAY HAIR RESTORER, is PERFECTLY HARMLESS, and YOUR MONEY BACK IF IT FAILS to do what is claimed for it. One size only \$1.00 bottles.

DE LACY'S FRENCH SHAMPOO removes Dandruff and all Scalp Diseases and leaves the scalp in a clean, healthy condition, and the hair soft, smooth and glossy. It should be used in connection with the hair tonic—50c package.

Thanksgiving in London.  
New York, Nov. 28.—The American Thanksgiving dinner in London tonight

will be a large family party, says a Tribune cablegram. Speaker Jilly, who was expected to make the principal response for the English guests, will not be present, and there will be few notable speeches apart from Mr. Choate's address. The American colony in London is constantly increasing in strength and influence. A well-informed observer estimates that there are as many as 20,000 Americans living within thirty miles of Charing Cross, but these figures seem large. The American society not only manages dinners on national holidays, but also conducts important charity work for the relief of destitute and deserving Americans.