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THE CONFLICT INEVITABLE.

From the day in which the Lord revealed Himself from Heaven to the Prophet Joseph Smith, down to the present time, there has been a conflict in the world. It is the struggle of light in the midst of darkness. It is the leaven which is eventually to leaven the whole lump. A system has been established on earth which has come down out of Heaven. It is a disturbing element in the midst of the powers of this world. In the nature of things, it cannot be otherwise.

Yet the spirit of this latter-day work is the spirit of peace. It moves upon legitimate lines. It interferes with no human right. It seeks to subvert no legal authority. It stands for true liberty. It maintains the freedom of all enple compatible with the general weifare. It concedes the privilege of every person and every society to worship according to the dictates of conscience. At the same time it upholds the authority of rulers and magistrates within the spheres of their proper jurisdiction.

But the system known in the world as "Mormonism" has been vigorously opposed on all sides, both religious and secular forces being arrayed against it. The chief moving cause of this warfare has been in the very heart of modern Christendom. The antagonism has sprung from that source. The fight waged with material weapons has been incited by ecclesiastical influences. While the religious organizations quarrel with each other and contend over points of doctrine and of discipline, exhibiting often intense animosity toward each other, they can come to a

to three assallants. With magazine colors fly," nor should there be any oringing when those who are valiant stand up in the front to meet the altacks of the enemy.

The campaign of the Gospel is not a mere skirmish, it is a war that will hold his position against nine assailcontinue until the great consummation, ents. But with the terrain selected by There will be brief periods of comparative quiet, but the clash will be renewed, and the struggle will proceed until He comes whose right it is to reign and His light and truth and glory flood the earth as with the sunshine of ever-

lasting peace. CHURCHES FAILING. Gibraltar itself.

Further news from Natal will be

looked for within the next few days.

Will Ladysmith be able to hold out any

longer? Will the advance of Lord Rob-

erts be crowned with better success

than that which has been recorded so

far? What effect will the new disap-

pointments have upon the Afrikanders

throughout Cape Colony? And in Eu-

rope? All these questions a near fu-

THE CANAL.

The Nicaragua canal bill introduced

in the House by Representative Sulzer

of New York provides for the immedi-

ate construction of that waterway by

the United States, regardless of the

pending so-called Hay-Pauncefote

treaty. It places the ownership and

the exclusive control of the canal in

the hands of our government, and de-

clares the Clayton-Bulwer treaty null

This comes pretty near expressing the

general sentiment in this country. The

American people believe the canal

across the isthmus is a necessity for the

special advantage of the United States.

They are willing to build it on that

account. When once built, the ditch

will naturally be opened to the traffic

of all nations engaged in peaceful

trade, but the American people are not

willing to invest millions in that enter-

prise with the understanding that oth-

er powers are to dictate terms as to

the opening or closing of the canal.

They want to reserve the right to say

that no enemies of the United States

shall be allowed to utilize that short

route between the oceans, to the dis-

advantage of this country. They want

to avoid the Suez canal situation which

seems to be a bone of never-ending

contention between Great Britain and

France. And the only way of prevent-

ing a similar difficulty on this side is

to place the exclusive control of the

le Sam. That would insure the equal

ture must answer.

and vold,

The New York Herald has taken pains to gather statistics showing the percentage of the so-called "Christian." and non-"Christian," population of the city of New York. The figures are somewhat startling, even when it is known that the influence of the various churches is declining.

According to an estimated census of 1896, out of a total population of 3,102,-544. there were 255,617 Protestant church members, or about 8 per cent; Catholics, Jews, etc., constituted about 27 per cent, and the remaining 65 per cent of the population, or 1,872,000, were "non-religious" people, not connected with any church.

Tokio is the second largest heathen city of the world, but its population is placed at 1,200,000 as compared to New York's 1,372,000 non-church goers.

The Herald further points out that in 1845 the evangelical church membership was 13.5 per cent of the people, while in 1890 this had dwindled to 8.8. And

this condition seems to be general. In San Francisco the Protestant population is estimated at 5.8 per cent. In one ward in Brooklyn with a population of 23,000, there is no Protestant church. In South Dakota, the Protestants number 1 to 233; in Indian Territory 1 to 227; in Alaska 1 to 3,461. It would, of course, be unjust to conclude that all who are not registered in a church record, are agnostics. There probably is an ever increasing number who refuse to subscribe to any of the antiquated creeds and ceremonies, and yet believe in and practice some of the fundamental principles of Christianity. Yet, there can be no doubt of it, infidelity is on the increase, fostered by the aggressive work of higher criticism and its numerous allies no less than by the ever increasing love for things belonging to this world, coupled with in-

value. A careful study of the religious statistics, as gathered by the New York Independent of Jan. 4, shows that nearly the entire religious force has suffered a collapse. The average increase during the past two years is given as one per cent, while the population probably increased nearly two per cent. And, remarkably enough, most of the gain has been among the colored churches of the South, and with the small denominations.

difference to that which is of eternal

The larger denominations-the Meth-Nicaragua canal in the hands of Unodists, Baptists, Presbyterians and Congregationalists, seem to have lost their vitality. The Methodists show a most marked spiritual decline. The following, which is from an article by a clergyman in the Christian Cynosure gives a fair idea of the situation:

portant subject, which affects the wel fare of all civilized humanity.

rifles and smokeless powder the effect-We hope and believe that some at iveness is supposed to be increased three times. That is to say, a soldier thus equipped is thought to be able to the Boers for the campaign, the effectiveness of the defense is still more increased. In fact some of the Boer positions are about as impregnable as It must be remembered that the Britand statistics on this subject.

The Deseret News has contended for ish have been as successful in holding nothing more than that personal liberty Ladysmith against the Boer assaults, which is guaranteed to every citizen, as as the latter have been in holding the to his personal protection and that of positions they have selected. The Brithis children. It has stood for the enish have also successfully defended forcement of all rational regulations Kimberley and Mafeking with small garrisons, all of which demonstrates the for the preservation of the public health, and it has resisted nothing that superiority of the science of defense. has the sanction of law and of com-The difficulty which General Buller has mon sense. It is accustomed to being to overcome is not only to cut a way misrepresented, but will not on that through to the beleaguered city. He account refrain from expressing its does not want to enter Ladysmith only honest convictions or from maintaining to be enclosed there and cut off from the rights and liberties of the people. the outside world. His aim is to drive the Boers back from the entire region.

Gen. Buller seems to be able to cross the Tugela at will.

Up to the present the public seems to be aware of the whereabouts of Gen. White.

France wants Egypt; but the want is about as far as the Frenchmen dure to risk nowadays.

In the dispute over recognition of Filipino independence, Admiral Dewey seems to hold both kops and kopjes.

The scene in the national House Friday evening may have been very entertaining, but it was not a thing to be proud of.

Kentucky politicians do not seem to be convinced yet that there is a middle-of-the-road. Each side claims full up to the center.

Another attempted comparison between the Boers and the Filipino rebels has failed. The Filipinos demonstrated remarkable ability as runners.

"The Same Old Malignity" forms a fitting headline to a tirade in a morning contemporary, which is so troubled with a chronic anti-"Mormon" eruption about the mouth. The malady is evidently incurable.

Boer sympathizers got the American Senate into a trap today, and passed a resolution of sympathy for the South African republics. The successful party was magnanimous, however, and allowed a vote of reconsideration. But the joke went, particularly on those legislators who were late arrivals.

There is a malady known to advanced medical students as "epilepsy of the epiglottis." The sufferer endeavors to say something but only foams at the mouth. Readers of a morning contemporary which makes a specialty of raving at the "News," will recognize the symptoms and know what to call the disease.

By nailing as a falsehood the story that he promised to Aguinaldo independence for the Filipinos, Admiral Dewey makes a scathing arraignment of every Congressman who has set forth the story as true. It is "dollars to doughnuts" though, that not one of them will face the grim old hero out on the ques-



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unity, almost at any time, to engage in a fight against "Mormonism." Recent as well as past history shows that they can enlist also the powers of the State, to help them in their endeavors to crush out an unpopular Church,

Some people, who become tired of the continued warfare and who naturally desire ease, and that "peace on earth and good will to men" which the latter-day Gospel inculcates, sometimes express the view that it is better to be passive than positive; to let the foes of the Church say and do as they please; to submit without reply to all kinds of slander and abuse; to resent nothing, to defend nothing, to reply to nothing: to occupy a negative position, that quietness may succeed tumult and the troubled waters become settled and calm.

That would be very pleasant if it were only possible and right. But what would it involve? We will tell them. It would mean the relinquishment of every doctrine and principle which comes in contact with the views and traditions of centuries. The laying down of the authority of the Holy Priesthood restored to earth. The abandonment of sacred ordinances for the living and the dead. The turning of Temples into mere houses of public worship. The tacit recognition of human systems as parts of a "Christian" whole. The union of darkness and light, of Christ and Baal. In other words, the merging of "Mormonism" into the mass of confusion that constitutes latter-day Christendom.

This Church and people can have permanent peace by laying down in the dust and allowing their opponents to walk over them. By yielding up every right and becoming perfectly quiescent. By forsaking all essential distinctions between the Saints and the world, so as to be in all things "like the rest of them." Giving up anything that forms a part of our creed will not placate the foe. Satan will never be satisfied without a complete surrender. The great object of his wrath and of his destructive forces is the Priesthood which is after the order of the Son of God. While that remains in the plenitude of its authority, officiating with the keys of power acknowledged and ratified in Heaven, his warfare aided by his hosts unseen, and the powers of earth through which his works are manifest, will never cease.

The struggle must go on. It is the final conflict that has been commenced on this earth. Darkness must be overcome, the truth must prevail. The kingdoms of this world must become the Kingdom of God and HIs Christ. The dominion of the adversary must be driven from this globe, and the posterity of Adam must be redeemed from error and sin and suffering.

The assaults, however, will come in the future as they have in the past, from the powers of darkness alled with those of this world. The Church which Jesus Christ has established in person. is on the defensive. It cannot yield or throw aside its armor or its weapons. It must fight the good fight of faith. It must stand by the work which it has been commanded to perform. It need not be afraid of its enemies. While desiring not to provoke disturbance, to create strife or to stir up wrath, it must be prepared to endure all things without shrinking and without retreat. Certainly there should be no

"I quote from the Presbyterian report: "The gain for the year ending April 1, 1899, was about 9,000, while for the year ending April 1, 1894, it was 40,-900. Many reasons have been given for this check in the increase of members.

This is the report of the Congregationalists

"The latest statistics are for the year 1898. They show that the denomination is making little progress temporally, and in some respects is retrograding. This is quite apparent when we see that the increase was but three-tenths of one per cent, that the Christian Endeavorers had fallen off 13,000 and their benevolent contributions \$552,405-about thirty-three per cent."

Of the Baptists the writer in the Cynosure says:

"Of the Baptists, the growth of the whole is about equal to that of the pop-ulation, but as the colored Baptists of the South seem to have had a large increase in ministers and churches there is reason to think that the white Bap tists of the North have but little morthan held their own. Like their brethren, they have participated in the gen-eral decline. The United Brethren (Liberals) report a falling off of about seven per cent."

We need not speculate upon the causes of this decline so noticeable at the end of a century that has been marked by numerous religious "revivals." There are many apparent causes, The fact is not to be hidden, and it is difficult not to reflect upon it in connection with the great pretense to "Christian" morality set up by those who signally fall to attract the people by their ethical standards. The leaders of the Jews were never more clamorous for the maintenance of their whited sepulchres than shortly before the earthquake that ended the old dispensation. Is history merely repeating it-

self? Have we merely heard a noise indicating that the building is falling?

## BULLER AGAIN RETREATING.

From the dispatches sent out from Boer sources, it appears that the latest effort of General Buller to reach Ladysmith has failed under circumstances very much similar to those attending the Spion Kop episode. The British captured a strategic point- a

"kopje" this time instead of a "kop"and held it for some time, and then retreated. It is explained that perhaps his ad-

vance was merely a stroke of strategy by which the attention of the enemy was to be averted from the central attack by Lord Roberts, which is expected in the near future, but this theory

has very little to support it. It appears more probable that after the fruitless. attempt to turn the Boer right flank at Spion Kop, an effort was made at the left flank, but with no more success. The precarious situation of General White and his truly heroic force justifies the supposition that General Buller is straining every nerve to come

to his relief. The repeated repulses of an attacking army is really no surprise, although in the present war the British nation feels keenly the humiliation of the situation. A soldier in an entrenchment, that will perhaps modify, if it does not even if armed only with the obsolete cowards in its ranks who "would its Springfield rifle, is supposed to be equal entirely change their views on this im-

treatment of all nations in times of peace, and prevent much trouble in times of war.

The contention is being made that a neutral canal would be of more service to the United States than one which this country would have to defend durtion. ing a possible war. But if this is true, there should be no objection on the part of this country to the construction of the ditch by the joint efforts of all the maritime powers. Why should the United States be anxious to build singlehanded a waterway which, when completed, would be of no more value to this country than to Great Britain or France? The very fact that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty has been considered an obstacle to the enterprise proves the importance attached to it. As late as at the peace conference at The Hague the Monroe doctrine was by the American delegates declared to be in force. That doctrine is sure to be applied again in questions that may come up on account of the contemplated canal. This country will not give up its claim to exclusive jurisdiction over exclusively American affairs.

## THE POSITION OF THE "NEWS."

It has been stated by some unscrupulous persons, notably one who has been the chief mover in the strife over compulsory vaccination, that the Deseret News has affirmed that there have been no cases of smallpox in this city. It is noticeable that during the conflict that has occurred, the advocates of force and despotism have had little to say by way of argument, but a great deal in misrepresentation of those who stood up against their attempted tyranny.

The Deseret News has not denied the existence of smallpox in this city. Possibly there have been several cases brought here from a distance. But that a number of alleged cases of that disease are something essentially different. is believed not only by a large number of private individuals, but also by members of the medical profession who do not wish to raise the question under present circumstances. We believe that the matter has been greatly exaggerated, and that business in this city has been materially injured without sense

or reason. It is a fact that cannot be fairly denied, that there are many more cases of sickness in this city from vaccination than from smallpox. This, perhaps, will be construed by the person who has made up his mind that compulsory vaccination shall be established in this State, into opposition on the part of this paper to vaccination in any case. That will be just as untrue as other statements that have emanated from the same source. We have simply stated facts, and they may be construed as our readers may determine. Another thing which has been demonstrated is, that smallpox may and does frequently follow "successful vaccination." It has done so all over the world. Those who choose to shut their eyes to actual occurrences, and to discredit the testimonies of advanced physicians and scientists of world-wide repute, may rest and rejoice in their skepticism. But rational and broadminded folks who are willing to investigate, will obtain light and information

One member of Congress says the granting of the pension requests now before the national legislature would bankrupt the national government. while another member says that its beneficial effect would be in saving the country from a Wall street panic. In both cases the taxpayer finds his position unchanged.

A local paper that has ever been the apologist for social evils, speaks of "vices which the world has been fighting for three thousand years." Nonsense. "The world" has been all along supporting them. Religion has denounced them. Social scientists have sought to suppress or restrict them. But "the world," with the flesh and the devil has fostered them, and the paper that thus condones them has advocated them as a counteracting influence to "Mormonism." It is "of the world" and encourages the "freedom" of youth that casts off restraint and revels in the world's vices

About the most venomous slander uttered against the Latter-day Saints is this, that they "seem to take a fiendish pleasure in inculcating bitterness and hate upon the rising generation of Utah against the inhabitants of the United States." If there is anything conspicuous in the history of the Saints, If ever there was one entitled to its generous, broadminded inhabitants. The Saints believe in the world mission of this hation, and look upon the country as blessed by God above all others. But they do refuse to regard a few narrow-minded, bigoted, unscrupulous demagogues, no matter in what garb they appear, ecclesiastical or political. as the American people, or the interpreters of American sentiment.

Some people seem to have very indistinct ideas of what "persecution" is They contend that there has been no religious "persecution" in this country. From their point of view John the Baptist was no martyr, because undoubtedly his was a crimen læsæ majestatis; the early Christian martyrs were not the victims of persecution, for they refused to obey certain decrees of the emperors; Huss was no martyr, only an obstinate law-breaker, who defended the truth as he saw it. What is persecution and what constitutes a martyr? If ever there were one entitled to that distinction, our Prophet is, and the faithfulness with which he laid down his life for the truth given to him, will yet prove a blessing to his native land, and to the world.

# "TREASON" IN THE SENATE.

## Evening Wisconsin. Richard Franklin Pettigrew, of South Dakota, merits the sharpest epithets that can be applied to an individual. He endeavored to force into the records

of the Senate yesterday, a petition from that embezzling, treacherous, robber and bribe taker, Aguinaldo. Pettigrew was not sustained by a single senator Senator Spooner pithily declared that a man who was known as an open enough courage and votes in the Senate enemy of the United States government to prevent such an outrage.

The accusation, it will be observed, is launched against the whole crew of active "anti-imperialists," and not by ironsible persons but by civil officers of high rank, both of whom have served their country with conspicuous gallantry on the field of battle. . If 1 causes no shome to the pestiferous Pettigrew it should to some of those other Americans who are disgraced by an alliance with him. As these people are going now it will not be long before they are shunned like lepers.

men in arms against the nation, and as one who was treasonable and doing

Chicago Times-Herald.

he could to defeat the arms of the

all he could to United States.

### New York World.

Isn't it about time to stop shouting 'treason" at any man who in the disof his sworn duty as a senator charge in the Congress of the people of this democratic Republic discusses the public policies of the people's servants? It may be a crime for a citizen of a re-It public to refrain from expressing his honest opinion about the conduct of the people's business. It can never be anything but a virtue for a citizen to speak his mind. As Jeremy Bentham said, the duty of a citizen under a government of laws is "to obey punc-tually, to censure freely."

#### Boston Herald.

We have on previous occasions deprecated the disposition in the United States Senate to answer the speeches of anti-expansionists by denunciation rather than argument, but Senator Pet-tigrew appears to have gone beyond the bounds that justified forbearance in his action on Wednesday. 'There was an exhibition of "gall" (as the familiar word is) in his proposition to print the manifesto of Aguinaldo as a public docament which was very trying to patriotic men. It deserved rebuke, and it received this in full measure.

#### Baltimore Sun.

Senator Sewell, of New Jersey, should preserve his temper and measure his words more carefully. In the Senate on Wednesday he pronounced Mr. Pettigrew, of South Dakota, "a traitor to his country in supporting Aguinaldo, the arch traitor of the United States." These are unseemly words, with nelther force nor argument nor pertinency in them. Mr. Petugrew is undoubtedly a thorn in the side of imperialist sen-ators. He asks embarrassing questions and endeavors to obtain information and secure the publication of docu-ments which administration senators are unwilling to be made public. But this does not make a "traltor" of Mr. Pettigrew, and Mr. Sewell knows it as well as anybody in the United States.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Pettigrew says that he does not take a back seat for any one in the matter We were of loyalty to his country. not aware that the South Dakota misrepresentative had actually become a naturalized Filipino.

Los Angeles Express. limit of insolence was extreme eached in the United States Senate by Mr. Pettigrew yesterday, when he of fered for printing as a public document an article by the anti-imperialist league upon the Philippine commission report. It is a tissue of rabid utterances such as the country has become familiar with, and the senator said that as the newspapers would not publish it he vanted to get it before the country a public document. Pettigrew is mak-ing a name for himself, but it is a name

New York Mail and Express. The tone of the newspapers of the country regarding Senator Pettigrew's effort to have Aguinaldo's statement published in the "Congressional Rec-ord" is not likely to encourage that gentleman to persist in his traitorous undertaking, for the "roasting" he re-ceived from his fellow senators last Wednesday is mild compared with most of the newspaper comments. Pettigrew has not yet announced whether he will again endeavor to have Aguinald's attacks upon American army and navy officers published at government ex-

zen would have.



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