DESERET EVENING NEWS. "Help refused is hindrance sought and found;" as in the case of the man who imagines that he can rent his house just as well without advertising it.

10 PAGES-LAST EDITION.

GREAT BRITAIN

Note to Foreign Minister

Lamsdorff.

ABOUT INCIDENT AT WARSAW.

It is Liable to Arouse an Outburst

That Will Give Rise to Serious

Complications.

Rise to Some New Repre-

nn outburst in Great Britain which

may again strain relations between

the two countries. Beyond the fact

of the attack at Warsaw resulting in

the wounding of the British vice consul

who is now in a hospital the British

embassy here has no details of the

affair, but Sir Charles Hardinge, the

British arbassador, has already de-

livered a note to Foreign Minister Lamsdorff usking for an immediate in-

sentations.

Secy. Bayard addressed a note to the Austrian government in which he com-mented on the unreasonableness of race mented on the unreasonableness of race and religious distinctions. The secre-tary even went so far as to say that the appointment would be allowed to stand even though it resulted in a cessation of diplomatic relations be-tween the United States and Austria. To relieve the administration of Pres-ident Cleveland of further embarrass-ment, Mr. Kelley resigned and later was appointed to the international court at Cairo. He resigned in April 1962, ow-ASKS INVESTIGATION Sir Charles Hardinge Presents a appointed to the international court at Cairo. He resigned in April, 1902, ow-ing it was understood, to the death of his wife. His record in Cairo was distinguished by ability. Mr. Kelley founded and for a time edited the Norfolk Virginian and the Index and News of Petersburg. He was mayor of Richmond for one term and was afterwards chosen district at-torney of that city. For 12 years Mr.

torney of that city. For 12 years Mr. Kelley was president of the National Irish Catholic Benevolent Union. His brother is Bishop Benjamin Kelley, of the diocese of Savannah, Go, Mr. Keiley was about 70 years old. MACHEN ET AL. Supreme Court Denies Application for Certiorari.

MOSCOW PLACARDS INVOLVED. Washington, Jan. 30.-The supreme court of the United States today denied the application of Machen, Lorenz and Groff for a writ of certiorari in the case Pasted at Libau and Reval They Give

Groff for a writ of certiorari in the case against them charging conspiracy to de-fraud the government in connnection with the postoffice department irregu-larities. The effect is to leave stand-ing the decision of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia finding them guilty as charged. Machen, Lo-renz and the Groffs were sentenced to two years' imprisonment and to pay St. Petersburg, Jan. 30 .- New complito two years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$10,000 each. cations between Great Britain and Russta are feared on account of the at-

Russians Occupy Santatitze.

tack on the British consul and vice St. Petersburg, Jan. 30.—Lleut.-Gen. Grippenberg, commander of the Second army, has telegraphed Emperor Nich-olas that the Russlans have occupied consul at Warsaw Saturday night. Coming on the heels of the placards pested by Asst. Chief of Police Roudneff at Moscow, charging Great Britain Santatitze. He also reports that Gens. Mistchenko and Kondratsvitch are with inciting the revolution in Russia, the Warsaw incident is likely to arouse wounded.

RUSSIA'S REPLY. Has Not Infringed on China's Neutrality.

Berlin, Jan. 30.-The Russian govern-ment's reply to China's declarations that she has not infringed neutrality nor per-mitted Japan to do so is a reassertion that she has done so. The Russian note whiteh was communicated to the powers Saturday gives specifications of neutrality, but the tone of the reply is such that if is inferred that Russia is not likely to carry the discussion much further. It is hearned here that Russia found that all the powers, particularly German, held views identical with those of the Unitod States on limiting the zone of war and keeping China out of it.

HARRIMAN PETITION.

20 for Hearing Argument.

Interest a link of the second Washington, Jan. 30.-The supreme court of the United States today granted the petition for a writ of cer-tiorari in the case of E. H. Harriman score. In this connection the appear-ance of the proclamation of the holy syned, instructing the orthodox priests and others vs the Northern Securities company growing out of the former de-cision of the court relative to the distribution of the stock of the securities company. The effect of granting the writ is to bring the case to the supreme ts inform their parishioners that the have been read and construed 100 years court for review. Argument is set for Feb. 20, after other cases on the calendar that day.



Afree Copy

work, "no as to remove the effect of the presence of the unfrocked priest and ex-communicated leader." Father Gonon, Some Social Democrats are

time, the rest of the employers will probably decide to pay their workmen at least part of their wages for the time

Treasury.

During the Night it is Estimated a Hundred and Sixty People

House-renters look for bargains as eagerly as shoppers. If you can offer a bargain to a good tenant your offer will find many a reader.

Were Killed.

A PROCLAMATION ISSUED.

Declares Condition of City is Such as To Require Additional Protection.

SAYS MEN MUST RETURN TO WORK

This Unconditionally---No Distinction Between Those Who Went Out Voluntarily and Those Forced Out.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Jan. 30,---The number of killed or wounded during the night here is estimated at 160. Out of door life in the city is at a complete standstill. All the restaurants, cafes and shops are closed.

MEN MUST RETURN TO WORK. Warsaw, Russian Poland, Jan, 20.-The streets have been quieter since yesterday evening, but the strike continues in full swing. All places of

A proclamation has been issued declaring that the condition of the clty requires additional protective measures without differentiating between those who are forced out against their will, and those who are precipitating the strike. The men, it is added, must re-

QUIET IN ST. PETERSBURG.

St. Petersburg, Jan, 30, 12:28 p. m .--

the strike to all intents and purposes is ended. A few large establishments have not yet fully resumed operations. owing to the official formalities necessary in registering their thousands of employes. Some of the workmen at the Putiloff works, where the strike originated, have asked for the celebration of a religious service by the metropolitan of St. Petersburg before resuming

noted by the external as well as internal enemies of Russia with the object of embarrassing the milllary and naval plans has created something of a flurry among foreigners here, especially the British, who be-leve that the object is to incite hostilities. No further action, however, has been taken by either Ambassador Hardinge or the other foreign repre-

dionary mover

Private advices from Warsaw say the authorities there have already taken wercharge of the waterworks, electric ight and gas plants and that serious trouble is anticipated.

FROM CONSUL-GEN. MURRAY.

London, Jan. 30 .- The foreign offic has received a telegram from Consul General Murray at Warsaw, reporting that himself and Vice Consul Mucukain were charged by Russian cavalrymen engaged in clearing the streets at War-saw. It appears that Mr. Murray is partially deaf and probably did not partially deat and probably did not hear the approach of the troopers and when he subsequently endeavored to make known his personality it was without avail. The foreign office has telegraphed to Ambassador Hardinge to make urgent representations at Petersburg on the subject.

NORTH SEA INCIDENT.

Commission Proceeds With Taking of Testimony.

Paris, Jun. 30.—The International commission inquiring into the North sea incident at its session today heard two Swedsh witnesses, Capt. Johnson and Mate Stronberg, of the cargo-boat Aldebaran, They both testified that a few hours preseding the firing on the Paris, Jun. 30,-The international few hours preceding the firing on the British trawlers by the Russian Second Pacific squadron their boat was at-tacked in the North sea by a strange warship which fired many shots at the Alberaran, but did not do her serious damage. The stranger then disap-peared.

ounsel for Russia protested that this testimony was not directly connected with the North sea incident, but Ad-miral Fournier, president of the com-mission, ruled that the testimony was terminely. Under the testimony was hasion, ruled that the testimony Brit-admissable. Hugh O'Beorne, the Brit-ish egent, said the strange vessel was the Russian transport Kamtchatka, the Russian transport Kamtchatka, which mistook the Swedish craft for a torpedo boat. Mr. O'Beorne further de-clared that the Kamchatka thereafter sent a wireless message to Vice Admiral Rojestvensky notifying him that she had been attacked by a torpedo boat and Rojestvensky thereupon ordered his equadron to be on the outlook for tor-pedoboats which Mr. O'Beorne asserted, taused the North sea incident.

EX-CHIEF JUSTICE KEILEY.

Run Over and Killed in Place De La Concorde.

Paris, Jan. 30 .- Consul General Gow-Paris, Jan. 30.—Consul General Gow-dy has been informed by the authori-ties that a stranger recently run over and killed on the Palace de la Con-rorde has been identified as former Chief Justice Kelley, of the internation-al court of appeals of Carlo, Egypt, who recently had been residing in London.

Anthony M. Kelley, first came into national prominence through his nom-fination by President Cleveland in 1885. as minister to Italy. His appointment was cancelled on account of the objec-tions of the Italian government. He was then accredited by President Cleve-land as minister to Vienna but the Austrian government also declared Mr. Kelley to be persona no grata the Kelley to be persona no grata, the first objection being that he held ultra montane views that were offensive to a friendly government. This ground was not satisfactory to an influential cir-cle in Austria and it was then alleged that his catholicism was lay. from that his catholicism was lax, from which charge he was warmly defended by the administration at Washington,

Temperatures.

Chicago, Jan. 30 .-- 7 a. m. tempera-ures; New York, Boston and Philadeltures; Washington, 20; Minneapolis, 12 below; St. Louis, 10;

OFF FOR ANNAPOLIS.

President Goes to Attend Graduating Exercises.

Washington, Jan. 30 .-- President Roosevelt and party left at 9:30 o'clock today for Annapolis to attend and participate in the exercises incident to the graduation of the class of 1905 from the naval academy. The trip was made in a special train on the Pennsylvania railroad.

railroad. Accompanying the president were Secy, Morton, Mrs. Morton, Miss Mor-ton, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Morton, Secy, Taft, Mrs. Taft, Mrs. Charles P. Taft, Secy. Loeb, Dr. P. M. Rixey, Com-mander Cameron McR. Winslow, the president's naval aide; M. A. Latta, the president's stenographers: two sothe president's stenographers; two se cret service officers and several mes-

At 3 o'clock the president and his immediate party will leave Annapolis for Philadelphia, where the president will address the Union League club at a basement ten jobt banquet tonight. Secretaries Morton and Taft and their

party will return to Washington from Annapolis,

YELLOW FEVER.

Another Death from it Occurs On the Boston.

Washington, Jan. 30,—Commander Niles, commanding the U. S. S. Boston at Panama has notified the navy de-partment that Assistant Surgeon Otto Kohlhase, one of the officers of that ship recently stricken with yellow fe-ver died enddenly vesterdar. Surgeon ver, died suddenly yesterday. Surgeon Kohlhase was born in Minnesota and appointed to the medical department of navy from South Dakota in May,

Keokuk Bank Fails.

Keokuk, Ia., Jan. 30.-The Commer-cial bank closed today. A sign on the door announces that the bank af-

fairs are to be wound up

JUDGE GROSSCUP TALKS. New Province in China, Chicago, Jan. 30.—Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of the United States circuit court, speaking of the decision, said: "The decision establishes the right of the government to prevent combina-

ticent.

Shanghal, Jan. 30.-A new province called Kipghauai has been formed from part of the province of Kiangsu north of the Yangise river. This will divide of the Yangtse river. This will divide China proper into 19 provinces. B. N. Shun has been appointed governor of the new province under Chou Fu, the new viceroy at Nanking.

SECY. HAY'S NOTE.

The Novosti Says it Will be Interpreted in Various Ways.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30 .- The Novoseti says Secy. Hay's note on the subject of China will be interpreted in different WRYS.

We cannot say," the paper adds, "that it promises the beligerents agree-able prospects. If other cabinets come to an agreement with Washington it may happn that neither Russia nor Japan will get the slightest advantage from the war. Other powers advantage from the war. Other powers are pre-paring to set up claims in case peace is declared. These powers have sud-denly conceived a desire to preserve China's integrity and neutrality under any circumstances. Their policitude comes a little late."

taken to mear what it fairly conveys to a dispassionate reader by a fairly exact use of English speech. Thus read the bill seems to us intended to allege succeselments of a single connected He disposed of the charge of "multi-fariousness" in the following language:

"The scheme as a whole seems to us to be within reach of the law. The constituent elements, as we have stated them, are enough to give to the scheme a body, and, for all that we can say, to accomplish it. Moreover, whatever we may think of them separately when we

plan.

The

states

Christmas, but we mighty quick found work ahead. First it was at Donaldson take them up as distinct charges they are alleged as elements of the scheme. and then we were assigned to duty in Iowa. In 1863 we re-enlisted at Pal-laski. Tennessee, for another three years. Mr. Patrick did not remain with us all this time, but I don't remember just when he left. It was some time in 1862 I think." It is suggested that the several acts charged are lawful, and that intent can make no difference. But they are bound together as the parts of a single The plan may make the parts in 1862 I think." unlawful. Intent is almost essential to such a convention and is essential to such an attempt. Where acts are not sufficient in themselves to produce a result which the law seeks to prevent-

result which the law seeks to prevent— for instance, the monopoly—but require further acts in addition to the mere forces of nature to bring that result to pass, an intent to bring to pass is necessary in order to produce a dan-gerous probability that it will happen." He also said: commission alleged embraces

restraint and monopoly of trade with-in a single state, although its effect upon commerce among the states, not accident, secondary, remote or merely probable."

Speaking further on the question of

interference with interstate commerce, Justice Holmes said that a charge was

made of a combination of independen dealers to restrict the competition o

the agents, who purchase stock for in the stockyards

ing establishments are," he said,"large-ly in different states from those of the stockyards, and the sellers of the cat-

tle, perhaps it is not too much to as-sume, largely in different states from

this is a typical, constantly recurrin course, the current thus existing is

It is a long step in the direction of effectual government supervision. But to my mind, the real significance of the

purchasers and their slaughter-

Cavite and Batangas.

CORBIN AND WRIGHT CO-OPERATE

at Benton barracks, St. Louis, where the troops were then being outfitted for

the front. Here we were consolidated with one company of the Mulligan

guards-Missourians every man of them

Minnesota troops. Our name then be-came "The Curtis Horse." Afterwards it appeared that most of the men enlist-od more their horse diverse laws

ed gave their home address as lowa

lowa cavalry.

and our name was changed to the Fifth

"We thought it was all a play day then. Leaving home in the summer of 1851 we expected to be back by

Present Situation Largely Due to Ladrones-20,000 Pesos Demanded For Release of Trias' Family.

either. The intent of the combination is not merely to restrict competition among the parties, but, as we have said, by force of the general allegation at the end of the bill, to aid in an at-Manila, Jan. 30 .- Habeas corpus has tempt to monopolize commerce among been suspended in the provinces of Ca-He added: "When cattle are sent for vite and Batangas.

sale from a place in one state, with the expectation that they will end their transit after purchase, in another, and Maj. Geh. Corbin is heartily co-oper-ating with Gov. Wright and is giving him every possible aid in suppressing lawlessness. Federal troops, consisting when in effect they do so, with the only interruption necessary being to find a purchaser at the stockyards, and when this is a typical, constantly recurring course the ourset they asked the stockyards of detachments of picked sharpshooters. work in conjunction with the native couts and the constabulary. Federal troops garrisonthe towns and marcurrent of commerce among the states, and the purchase of the cattle is a part and incident of such commerce." tial law has practically been estab-

The present situation in the two provinces is partially due to ladronism and to disaffection fostered by the opponents of the internal revenue law

The force of bandit ladrones is esti-mated at 500. The bandits have intimidated peacefully inclined natives, who have been forced to assist them. tions among the manufacturers of meats. It fortifies the Sherman act.

next really great national movement-as the restriction, and finally the aboli-GERMAN SQUADRON SAILS. tion of slavery was the last great fund-amental movement-the organization and supervision, by the nation itself,

will be, not so much to control prices, or merely to curb power, as to bring corporate ownership within the reach ila he was entertained on an elaborate scie by the army, the navy and the civ-il government, Maj. Gen. Corbin, Rear and reasonable confidence of the people at large, and thus to re-peopleize and Admiral Stirling and Gov. Wright takrepublicanize again the industrial own-ership of the country." Chicago, Jan. 30.-Officials of Swift & Co. declined to discuss the supreme court decision. J. Ogden Armour, presing an active and prominent part in all the festivities. Admiral von Prittwitz feelingly expressed his appreciation of the courtesies shown him and referred to the good will existing between his country and that of those who enterident of Armour & Co., was equally re-

as the Japanese appear disposed show their strength it probably will result in the immediate restoration of show the original lines of defense if not in a Japanese aggressive movement.

tude of the Japanese strength opposite the Russian offensive movement and

The final reports give the losses at Holantal and Flechia chuangtzu as ess than at first announced?

The Russians appear to have satisfied themselves of the strength of the Jap-

RUSSIAN REPLY FEEBLE.

Gen. Oku's Headquarters, Jan. 29, (noon) via Fusan, (delayed in trans-mission).—Yesterday (Saturday) afternoon the Japanese began a fierce bom-bardment with artillery and musketry along the whole line. The firing was kept up until midnight and was re-sumed at dawn today, continuing until

A movement of the Japanese left wing for the purpose of surrounding and cutting off the Russians in the neighborhood of Pokowtai is progressing slowly, as the resistance is stub

> Annapolis, Md., Jan. 30 .- Before host of their friends and relatives who ame from all parts of the country to witness their graduation, the 114 members of the first class at the naval academy today completed their four years' course and received their dip-lomas at the hands of President Roose-

velt. The president said:

» PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The president delivered the com

menoement address to the graduating class of the naval academy today. The

Referring to the arbitration treatles now pending before the senate, the president said every friend of peace will join beartily in seeing that these treatles become a part of the supreme law of the land. He said this nation seeks peace not because we are afraid of war, but because the American peo-nal love the elevant and immutable

ple love the eternal and immutable

of justice and right living.

much," he said, "for the general pub-

He then talked to the members of the

graduating class, reminding them that one of their great duties was "to see that your shot hits." In the naval ca-

agements of modern times, the presi-dent said, the defeated belligerents were defeated through no lack of brav-ery, but through lack of preparation or

defective material. In conclusion, h

your opportunities you will keep and maintain the proud fame of the Ameri-

can naval officer." At the conclusion of his adress the

president presented to the seven suc-cessful middles, the sword and medals

practical gunnery.

"If you will but rise to the level of

The Russian advance movement against the Japanese left has failed and Gen. Grippenberg has notified the em-peror he has discontinued the offensive. Gen, Mistchenko and Ken, Kondrats-vitch, while not seriously injured, have been obliged to relinquish their commands. The war office gives no esti-mate of the Russian losses, but they exercises were in the new armory which was well filled with the midshipmen the officers of the academy and their relatives and friends. Although speak ing directly to the graduating class of the naval academy, the president speak to the nation as well as to the you are believed to be heavy.

DENVER ELECTION CASES.

o the nation as well as to the michipmen. Addressing as "Fellow Mid shipmen," the president began by say Denver election fraud cases found their ing that he was unable to see how a good American could fail to be a better American, by coming to Annapolis and seeing what the navy was and what it was soon to be. way into the supreme court of the Unit-ed States today in the shape of a petiton for a writ of habeas corpus, which was presented by United States Sena-tor Patterson. The cases covered by the petition are those of Peter Miller and Thomas Shepardson. "More than any other people in the country," he said, "except the men of

your sister service, you owe a peculiar care for your interests on the part of the representatives of the people." Of all the "baseless alarms," in the coun-try, the president said that the cry These cases arose out of the proceed-ings of the supreme court of Colorado, under which the two men who were judges of election were sent to jail on the charge of contempt of court. The the charge of contempt of court. The grounds for the writ were that the Colo-rado supreme court, without authority of law, undertook the regulation of the late election by injunction; that the im-prisonment of the petitioners for al-leged violation of the injunction was wholly without authority of law and that the petitioners were deprived of their liberty without due process. about militarism was the most foolish and most baseless. "The nation is as free from the dan-ger of a growth of militarism as are we," he said. "The danger is lest we do not take sufficient thought to pare our men and material. If country intends to do its duty on the side of law and order, then it must see to it that it is able to make good, should the necessity arise." Referring to the arbitration treatles

Flames on Steamer Auguste.

steamer Auguste from Trieste and Ber-muda passed Navesink Highlands in-

ward bound just afternoon today flames could be seen under the steamer's bridges and she appeared to be on fire.

The steamer displayed no signals, how-

No Senator in Missouri.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 30 .- Another

ballot, the 11th, was taken today in joint session for United States senator to

succeed Francis M. Cockrell, without result and the session was dissolved

The ballot resulted as follows: Cockrell, 50; Neidringhaus, 46; Ker-

New York Jan. 30.-When the Austrian

Wyoming from Bremerton also

San Francisco, Jan. 30.—The United States battleship Ohio arrived here to-day from Magdalena bay, where it had been engaged in target practise. The monitor Wycoming from Bremerican also

ever,

arrived today.

until tomorrow.

Manila, Jan. 30.-The ladrones who captured the wife and two children of Former Governor Trias in the attack on San Francisco de Malabon on the night of January 24, now demand a ransom of \$20,000 pesos for their release.

Manua, Jan. 30.—Rear Admiral von Prittwitz of the German squadron in Aslatic waters, who arrived here Jan. 18, on his flagship, the Fuerst Bismarck, sailed today. During the admiral's stay in Man-

tained him. ens, 11, and Hays of Putnam county, 1.

copon, some social Democrats are pro-testing against the arrests of Friday and Saturday on the ground that the action was in violation of the implied promise contained in the proclamation. Jan. 26 says there were 45 officers and

A hundred Japanese prisoners have arrived here. They belonged to the Ninth division before Port Arthur, of the authorities. of the authorities. The Manufacturers' association will meet this week to decide the question, of paying the wages of the strikers for the time the latter were not at work, but as a number of the works have al-ready paid their unskilled laborers whose payday was Jan, 28, half or full time, the rost of the employees will wounded are suffering from the

old, which is increasing,

Joint Statehood Bill.

Washington, Jan. 30.-At 2 o'clock the joint statehood bill was taken up, and Mr. Teller spoke in opposition to the

they were on strike, PRESIDENT TO R. B. ARMSTRONG RESIGNS. Was Assistant Secretary of the THE MIDSHIPMEN

If this

time.

Washington, Jan. 30 .- Robert Washington, Jan. 30.-Robert B, Armstrong, assistant secretary of the reasury, as heretofore announced, has tendered his resignation to President Roosevelt to take effect on March 5 next, and it has been accepted. Mr. Armstrong's lotter of resignation is under date of Jan. 16, and the presi-dent's acceptance is or the same date. In accepting the resignation the presi-In accepting the resignation the pres-ident wrote Mr. Armstrong as follows: "My Dear Mr. Armstrong-I accept your respective and the secretary of the treasury to take effect March 5, 1905. I wish at this time to express my approximation of the seal, industry and marked administrative ability with cretary which you have performed your duties, and to express the heartlest good visions for your future,

"With regard, sincerely yours, "THEODORE ROOSEVELT." Mr. Armstrong's successor has not yet been selected.

LUMBER WAGON DRIVERS.

Nine Hundred of Them Strike In Chicago.

Chicago, Jon. 30.—Nine hundred wag-on drivers struck here today. Opera-tions of firms comprising the lumber-men's association were affected. One hundred firms are members of the asso-ciation and they assert that they will stand together in opposing the denuands of the drivers

of the drivers. The drivers belong to the Lumber, Box and Shaving Teamsters' local of the International Brotherhood of Team-sters. Since last December they have heen seeking an increase of wages for drivers of two horse wagons from \$13 to \$14 a week.

A strike of 550 planing mill employes also is said to be pending. A new agree-ment offered by the lumbermen's assodation practically providing for the "open door" has been rejected.

OMAHA'S BIG FIRE.

Largest in the History of the City.

Onaha, Jan. 29 .- The fire which start-'Omaha, Jan. 29.—The fire which start-ed last miduight in the wholesale dis-trict was the most destructive in the history of Omaha. The total loss will exceed half a millon dollars. The finnes continued to menace adjoining buildings until after 4 o'clock this morn-ing, and all day Sunday a number of researcher beat courties on the whole with zero temperature the water was quikty frozen, and tonight the walls of he burned buildings resemble huge ice 1141108

A half block was burned over, but the mmense buildings contained great jobing stocks, which is responsible for the

The buildings themselves were valued not to exceed \$200,000 and were ned, respectively, by the Mercer and ostates.

Millard estates. The principal losses on stocks are: S. D. Mercer, on building, \$125,000; E. P. Kirkendall, shoe company, on stock, \$155,000; M. E. Smith & Co., on stock, won for proficiency in theoretical and 1 \$125,000;

They Find Their Way Into the U. S. Supreme Court. Washington, Jan. 39 .- The so-called

The Ohio at San Fruncisco,

RANSOM DEMANDED.

decision is much deper and far-reach-ing than even this. It effectively clears the decks of what I believe will be the

of the great corporations of the fu-ture! a movement whose chief object

LAWLESSNESS IN Should the Russian force be cut off it will result in leaving Gen. Kuropat-kin's right flank unprotected. THE PHILIPPINES. ADVANCE MOVEMENT FAILS. St. Petersburg, Jan. 30, 6:30 p. m.

anese,

Writ of Habeas Corpus Has Been Suspended in Provinces of