

SENATOR BAILEY SHED HOT TEARS

It Was When He Told Committee
Of the Persecutions By His
Political Enemies.

HOLDS HEARST RESPONSIBLE.

Coke's Charges Characterized As
Calumny—Parallel Between Hous-
ton, Austin and Himself.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 22.—Senator Bailey was upon the stand before the legislative investigating committee all this morning under serious cross-examination. The principal statements brought out were assertions by Senator Bailey that while his critics had repeatedly tried to show that he only performed public service for private gain, that the people showed that they were presenting falsehoods to further their ends; that while they had placed many men upon the witness stand to prove that he had borrowed money from them, that they had selected only his special friends as witnesses, and had been very careful not to summon as witnesses hundreds of men in Texas for whom he had done great service at Washington in many ways and from whom he said he never saw or received the slightest compensation; that all the insinuations and suggestions that he had done service for pecuniary remuneration not only were unjust, untrue and most contemptuous, but evidenced to what ends his life was being driven to besmirch his name and attempt to wreck him. The investigation Friday afternoon, but the house committee adjourned until Saturday morning.

Senator Bailey made his closing statement during the afternoon in which he said the investigation was the result of a political conspiracy for which he charged William R. Hearst was responsible. Mr. Bailey characterized the charges brought by Representative Coke as being calumny. He wept as he told of the alleged persecutions by his political enemies. He stated that President Sam Houston had been persecuted and that Stephen F. Austin had been driven into retirement by the persecutions of his political enemies in Texas.

There was a contest of the question as to whether the sub-committee should go to St. Louis and other points to search for H. Clay Pierce and the house committee decided to abandon any attempt to secure this evidence. The present indications are that the investigation will be transferred to the floor of the legislature.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Mexican Charged With Murdering His
Wife While Begging for Her Life.

San Francisco, N. M., Feb. 22.—News reached here today of the arrest of Crescencio Gonzalez, a rancher of Ojos-Arco, Rio Arriba county, on the charge of murdering his wife. It is alleged that he split her head open with an ax when she was on her knees begging for her life, and that he then hacked her body to pieces. He refuses to talk of the tragedy.

DR. SCHURMAN DISCUSSES PRESENT DAY PROBLEMS.

Omaha, Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday was generally observed in Omaha by a suspension of business and appropriate ceremonies. The most notable event in honor of the day was the annual dinner of the Omaha club, at which the principal speakers were Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell university and Col. J. Hamilton Lewis, corporation counsel for the city of Chicago.

Dr. Schurman discussed "Some Present Day Problems," speaking in part as follows:

Referring to the tendency of the present time, the concentration of capital and the accompanying danger of trade monopoly, Dr. Schurman said:

"I suppose there is little doubt that in some industries—not I think, in any, monopoly actually exists and the tendency is actually practiced by making the public pay extortionate prices."

He added: "There are remedies with which we may be aided at any



Absolutely Pure

NO ADULTERATION

Pure Cream Tartar
and
Pure Bicarbonate Soda
Only

SOLD on MERIT

J. A. Folger & Co. San Francisco

time. In the first place trusts which are monopolistic and oppressive may be deprived of the advantages which they now enjoy as a result of tariff or other legislation. If any tariff schedule actually enable a trust to exploit the people for its own enrichment, that tariff schedule is doomed, no matter how much talk there may be of the sanctity of the tariff or the solemn duty of standing pat.

A second remedy is a better regulation of corporations and trusts in the interest of the public. Perhaps we may see the big corporations legally enjoined from charging markedly different prices for the same commodity in different parts of the country for the sole purpose of freezing out independent rivals.

The speaker then went on to discuss recent revelations of corrupt practices in business and official life.

The speaker argued that the fault lay in the fact that the leaders of great industries have not developed as rapidly in their moral natures as in their economic and financial capacities.

Dr. Schurman did not, however, consider this a hopeless condition. Said he:

In the ancient world traders and merchants were despised and associated with robbers and pirates; but the merchant of today is one of the very best types of our civilization, and in the modern development of vast affairs and high finance I doubt not we shall as long see the same control of moral principle which already dominates the ancient avenues of trade and commerce."

The speaker then referred to the more radical remedies proposed for existing evils. He denied that so far, the experiments in state and municipal ownership of public utilities had resulted in any appreciable benefit, although he did not oppose that system. He said, however:

"I dread government ownership of American railroads (as proposed by W. J. Bryan). No government in the world is qualified to go into the railroad business and least of all the government of the United States, which draws its life from the party politics and in which all administrations are necessarily short-lived."

The speaker said he could not agree with President Roosevelt as to the threatened danger from "swollen fortunes."

"The danger I see," he said, "comes not from swollen fortunes, but from stolen fortunes."

FOREST RESERVES AND GRAZING LANDS.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The senate resumed consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill today and Senator Heyburn discussed at length the amendments relating to the forest reserves and the grazing lands, opposing the leasing of the grazing area and condemning the government's policy in the administration of the reserves. He said that only about half a dozen fraudulent entries had been found in Idaho, and complained that this percentage was entirely false to justify the wholesale condemnation of the practices of all the people of the state.

The necessity for some regulation of the grazing lands of the west was pointed out by Senator Burkett. He described in detail the conditions which had resulted in that section from the fencing of the public domain and expressed the belief that the amendment in the bill, which it is conceded, will be defeated on a point of order, providing for the leasing of the forestry bureau, was the best solution of the difficulty in sight at the present time.

Senator Depew in defending the system of forest reserves, pointed out the harm which he said had resulted to the country from the previous neglect of such matters.

Mr. Depew regretted that the appropriation for the forestry bureau had been cut down. It was a mistake. The forester was justified in predicting that in a few years the system would be self-supporting. In addition, the country would retain its forests. He pointed out the result in New York state of the destruction of her forests.

There is also a Reason—Why there are Parasites who attach themselves to the Healthy Body of Cascarets—a success—imitators, counterfeiters, Substitutes.

They are Trade Thieves who would rob Cascarets of the "Good Will" of the people, and sneak unearned profits, earned and paid for by Cascarets.

There is also a Reason—Why there are Parasites who attach themselves to the Healthy Body of Cascarets—a success—imitators, counterfeiters, Substitutes.

They are Trade Thieves who would rob Cascarets of the "Good Will" of the people, and sneak unearned profits, earned and paid for by Cascarets.

A Dishonest Purpose means a Dishonest Product and a Disregard of the Purchaser's Health or Welfare.

Beware of the Slick Salesman and his ancient "Just as Good" story that common sense refuses.

Cascarets are made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and the famous little Ten Cent "Vest Pocket" box is here shown. They are never sold in bulk.

Every tablet marked "CCC."

Be sure you get the genuine.

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful

They were now gone and difficulty was being experienced in getting water for canal operation.

Senator Proctor moved to restore the \$500,000 that was struck out of the appropriation for the forestry bureau. Mr. Beveridge supported this motion, and in doing this he detailed the scientific methods by which the forestry bureau proceeded.

At the conclusion of Mr. Beveridge's remarks, the grazing amendment was stricken out on a point of order raised by Mr. Aldrich. Mr. Lodge made a point of order which was fatal to the provision authorizing the secretary of agriculture to fix food standards. This amendment was supported by Mr. Spooner, who insisted without the power to fix standards, much of the effectiveness of the pure food law was lost.

At 6 o'clock the senate took a recess until 3:15 p. m., with the agricultural bill still pending.

FRENCH CHURCH TROUBLE.

Bishops Do Not Accept Contracts With
Parish Priests.

Paris, Feb. 22.—In an authoritative statement today the Croix, organ of the church, defines the attitude of the episcopacy with reference to the negotiations between the coadjutor archbishop of Paris, Mgr. Amette, and the prefect of the Seine, M. De Selves, as follows:

"The bishops do not accept the contracts which make the parish priests responsible for important structural repairs of the churches or the contracts containing a clause excluding secularized members of the dissolved orders from acting as parish priests, a contract that to do so would be a recognition of the law of associations. Further, the bishops look upon the inclusion of a similar embargo on foreign priests as being an insult to the former's patriotism."

Mgr. Amette will not take the initiative to resume the interrupted negotiations, which therefore may be said to have terminated until further orders.

CENTRAL AM. EMBROGLIO.

Republics Are Exceedingly Suspicious
Of Each Other.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Such advice as reached the state department from Central America today indicate the existence of a deep-seated suspicion by each of the republics of the motives of another that does not tend to make easier the task set for the United States and Mexico of reconciling Nicaragua and Honduras.

In fact, the officials have almost reached the conclusion that not until the quarrel has proceeded further and bloodshed has sobered the inflamed parties to the strife will it be possible for successful intervention. The last statement bearing on this point is to the effect that Salvador has been aiding Honduras by supplying ammunition, but it is said to be possible that it is founded on the fact that these two countries have generally acted together wherever international relations are concerned.

MILITARY ACADEMY BILL.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The senate, at tonight's session, passed the bill making appropriations for the support of the military academy. The bill, carrying \$1,947,383, was passed just as it came from the committee, only 10 minutes being consumed in the consideration of the measure.

A GAINESBOROUGH

Portrait of First Marquis of Lansdowne Brings \$12,500.

New York, Feb. 22.—P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, paid the highest price, \$12,500 at the dinner of the Waldorf-Astoria last night. This was for a portrait of the first Marquis of Lansdowne, which was painted by Sir Peter Paul Rubens. The portrait was one of the two highest priced pictures after the Gainesborough, which was sold for \$10,000, and "The Shepherdess," by Corot, which was bought through an agent.

ROYAL HEIR OF SPAIN.

Great Preparations for its Reception
Are Nearly Completed.

London, Feb. 23.—Concerning the preparations for the expected royal heir of Spain, advice received here show that the preparations for its reception are nearing completion. The cradle in which Alfonso XIII. slept will still be the little newcomer to rest as in the cradle of his father. The king's wishes that all the baby's clothes shall be of Spanish make. Weavers of the finest silk, damask and batiste have been made into garments by the king's order. The royal crown of Spain has been worked in relief on all the garments. Many of the trimmings date back to the time of Ferdinand and Isabella and will be lavishly on the christening dress.

HARRIMAN HEARING.

New York, Feb. 22.—E. B. Kellogg and C. A. Severance of St. Paul, special counsel to the interstate commerce commission in its investigation of the Harriman railroad interests, held a long conference at the Waldorf Astoria yesterday preparatory to the second hearing of the commission here relative to these railroads. This hearing will take place next Monday. Neither lawyer would impart any information about the conference. It is reported, however, that the commission and its counsel consider that the subject of traffic competition has been adequately probed at the other hearings and that the forthcoming inquiry will deal mainly with the financial operations of Mr. Harriman and his associates bearing on the Union Pacific road. Mr. Harriman himself will be examined and it became known yesterday that C. W. Hillard, controller of the Chicago and Alton road, has been subpoenaed to testify before the commission. This is taken to mean that the alleged management of the Alton by the Harrimans will be gone into. Mr. Hillard is a former official of the Rock Island road which it is said came under the control of the Alton last fall, and he became controller of the Alton in succession to William W. Mall, present controller of the Union Pacific. Mr. Harriman, Otto H. Kuhn, Loeb and Company, Comptroller Mall and Secretary Miller have consulted frequently this week. It is said, with the object of preparing themselves for the examination by the commission.

ONE GREAT EVIL OF THE COUNTRY

Has Too Many Laws. Legisla-
tures Too Anxious to Swell
Statutes, Says Ireland.

LEGISLATION NOT A CURE ALL.

Delusion Exists Men May Become
Rich Through It, in Lieu of Toil,
Talent and Economy.

St. Paul, Feb. 22.—Archbishop John Ireland, in an address today at the Sons of the American Revolution celebration of Washington's birthday, spoke of the tendency toward over-legislation.

"It was the intention of the fathers of the republic that political liberty was to be the guardian and the protector of civil liberty," he said. "It was thought and most rightly so, that citizens being in a manner the lawmakers no laws would be enacted that would go beyond necessary limits in demanding restrictions of civil freedom."

"We have too many laws, our legislatures are too anxious to increase the bulk of the statute book. As things are tending we shall soon have so many laws that, wrapped around, as it were, by hurried mail, we shall become prisoners, forbidden to stir or to walk. It certainly were so if the bills coming year by year before the sessions of Congress or the various legislatures were to be turned into binding enactments."

"The mania for legislation frequently shelters itself under the name of moral reform. Far from me to oppose prudent legislation in the betterment of morality. But far from me, also, to approve the moral legislation which at best promises no results to compensate an abridgment of public civil liberty; which assumes to cover the ground of morals so that no room remains for the free-willed action of conscience among its pettiness and narrowness and irritates and defeats, rather than assists the very purpose it proposes as its correction."

"Today another form of legislative mania arises from the industrial restlessness into which our times have brought us. Here again let there be laws to punish injustice and wrongdoing, whether on the part of the laboring or that of the capitalist. Let there be laws wisely reaching out to the encouragement of social peace and of social prosperity, to the bringing nigh of the fair vision of legitimate democracy, equal industrial rights for all, equal opportunities for talent and for energy. But let us be on our guard that in the pursuit of justice we do not bring on injustice, that in coveting social prosperity we do not encounter social disaster and chaos. Above all other things, let us be so despoiled ourselves of all the feelings of envy, jealousy, hatred, in our clamorings for industrial legislation."

"There is in the land today the delusion that men may become rich through legislation, in lieu of toil, talent and economy; that to build up one class naught else is needed than to pull down another; and there is growing up among us a hatred of success in others, a covetousness of the success may have been the reward of most praiseworthy effort. That accumulation of capital, corporations, trusts, may have their bad fruits and may need to be watched over by the state with diligence and care, I shall not deny. But I do not believe in accumulations of capital and corporations are to be prejudged as guilty; that men having part in them are to be deemed almost as without right to work; without right to fair play, which is the native appanage of all Americans. And I deny that all men are equally talented, equally farseeing, equally industrious, that consequently all are more or less entitled to an equal possession of wealth or an equal industrial reward. I deny that society can ever be without its rich and its comparatively poor; that American industries and enterprises can ever thrive and hold their own in world-wide competition without there being here and there, ministering to its needs, large accumulations of wealth and consequently large gatherings of men, life associations as contributors to its wealth. Destroy great enterprises, make impossible the unification of many industrial energies, and if equality ever comes it will be equality of mediocrity and social poverty. Let there be, I say again, legislation, but legislation with an eye to the general welfare which is fostered by justice to all, by wisdom in adoption of methods, by a full recognition of the laws of nature in the industrial life of our nation, of the relations of one class of men toward another, and of all classes of men toward the nation at large."

of life occurred but several damaged buildings collapsed.

A GRUESOME FIND.

Feet and Portion of Legs of Murdered
Man or Woman.

New York, Feb. 22.—The feet and portions of the legs of a man or woman were found in a box in a snowbank in the back yard of a tenement house in Third avenue today. The legs had been chopped off, apparently with an axe. From the appearance of the feet and legs it is believed that an attempt was made to destroy them before they were placed in the box. The limbs were taken to the police station and an investigation was begun.

Police Sergeant McGuire said the limbs were probably those of an Italian. "I suspect the man may have been murdered and his body cut up in one of the tenements in the neighborhood. It is possible the person who was carrying the feet to the river became intoxicated and lost from his possession this evidence of a crime."

There were no marks upon the box or paper which would lead to identification.

MUST OBEY THE POPE.

Rome, Feb. 22.—In a Vatican circular it is stated that a communication has been sent to Cardinal Richard, archbishop of Paris, that he must conduct negotiations with the French government according to the instructions of the pope.

Kosmeo

Prevents Wrinkles

Price 50c.—At All Dealers.

Have One Doctor

No sense in running from one doctor to another. Select the best one, then stand by him. Do not delay, but consult him in time when you are sick. Ask his opinion of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. Then use it or not, just as he says. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of our preparations. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

I AM A SHOE DEALER.



120 SOUTH MAIN STREET.



CARLOAD OF

Edison Records JUST RECEIVED

By all odds the largest single shipment of records ever received in Utah. The most interesting feature of this large shipment is that they are being sold at the rate of ONE THOUSAND per day. Get your selection while we have them.

THE MOST POPULAR INSTRUMENT IN THE WORLD—THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH

CLAYTON MUSIC CO.,

FACTORY DISTRIBUTORS,

109, 111 and 113 South Main Street.



There is nothing so good
to look upon as a Half
Tone properly made.

DeBouzeck-Huntze Co.

Get What You Ask For!

HERE is a Reason—Why the Good People of America buy Cascarets as Fast as the Clock Ticks.

Every second some one, somewhere, is buying a little Ten-Cent Box of Cascarets.

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6—60 times to the Minute, 60 Minutes to the Hour, 3600 Boxes an Hour, 86,400 Boxes a Day, 2,160,000 Boxes a Month, and then some.

Think of It—220,000 People take a Cascarets tablet each day. Millions use Cascarets when necessary.

The Judgment of Millions of Bright Americans is Infallible. They have been Buying and Taking Cascarets at this rate for over Six years.



It is not an Experiment, not an Accident, not a sound, Honest Business, based on Time-Tried-and-Tested Merit, never found wanting.

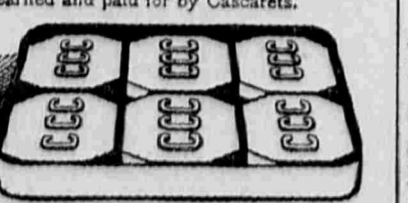
There is a Reason.

Cascarets are the implacable foe of All Disease Germs; the incomparable cleanser, purifier and strengthener of the entire Digestive Canal.

They Act like Exercise on the Bowels, muscles, make them strong and active—able to Help Themselves do their work—keep themselves clean.

Cascarets are the safe-guard of Innocent Childhood against the Dreadful Death-dealing Dangers that threaten the Lives of the Little Ones.

They are Purely Vegetable, absolutely harmless, always Reliable and Efficient.



A Dishonest Purpose means a Dishonest Product and a Disregard of the Purchaser's Health or Welfare.

Beware of the Slick Salesman and his ancient "Just as Good" story that common sense refuses.

Cascarets are made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and the famous little Ten Cent "Vest Pocket" box is here shown. They are never sold in bulk.

Every tablet marked "CCC."

Be sure you get the genuine.

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful

hard-mounted in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets, with which the little trinket is loaded.

Send in stamps, mentioning this paper, Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

A GREAT SUCCESS! BARTON'S \$7.75 SALE A MONEY SAVER!

Of High-Class SUITS and OVERCOATS

The great Suit and Overcoat values we are offering at \$7.75 impress themselves so forcibly on the minds of all who come, that they will not soon forget the bargains of this sale. Not often can you buy so fine a class of merchandise at SUCH RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.

\$7.75 We are closing out fine, reliable, satisfactory Suits and Overcoats, worth \$18, \$20 and \$25, at \$7.75 \$7.75

DON'T FAIL TO COME! BARTON & CO. Clothiers to Men and Boys 45-47 Main