

THE DESERET NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

No. 51.

Salt Lake City, Wednesday, January 23, 1878.

Vol. XXVI.

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SALT LAKE CITY, January 23, 1877.
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TERMS IN ADVANCE.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
BRIGHAM YOUNG,
Editors and Publishers.

Local and Other Matters.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, JAN. 15.

Broke his Leg.—Yesterday Geo. Raymond, cook at the White House, slipped on the ice, on South Temple Street, and broke his leg, a short distance above the ankle.

Spanish.—If a sufficient number of pupils can be obtained, Don Guillermo Gonzales, late from Cuba, will organize a class of the Spanish language in this city. Applicants can leave their names with Dr. J. R. Park, or at this office. The pupils will be composed of persons of both sexes.

Museum.—Bro. Robert H. Smith has presented to the Deseret Museum some specimens of Indian curiosities, which he brought from Arizona on returning from his mission. One piece of pottery is said to be of recent manufacture. It appears to be a small bottle made of clay, and is a very curious specimen of workmanship.

Theatre.—This evening the far-famed Madame Irma de Murska with the Caroline Richings-Bernard English Opera Company, will appear at the Theatre. The favorite opera of Lucia di Lammermoor will be presented. Thus lovers of the divine art will be favored with an opportunity of listening to the notes of one of the mistresses of song, and admirers of the drama of witnessing a fine play efficiently rendered, with the addition of grand music.

To-morrow the opera of "Martha" will be performed, and on Thursday "Il Trovatore."

Admitted to Bail.—George Sibley, proprietor of the store at the Sevier Bridge, who shot and killed Joseph Ivie, at that place on the 5th instant, recently had an examination, before a justice of the peace at Nephi, by whom he was held to answer to the grand jury in bonds of \$2,500.

It appeared at the examination that Ivie had been very boisterous, noisy and quarrelsome on the day he was killed. Samuel Lutz, employed at the store, remonstrated with him, whereupon he attacked him, and seized Lutz by the cheek with his teeth. Ivie was finally ejected from the building, but subsequently burst in the door and dragged Lutz out upon the road, when the proprietor of the place, Mr. Sibley, fired at and almost instantly killed him.

Ogden Items.—Judge Higbee, of Malad, has established a law office on the Guthrie block, Fourth Street.

Two cases of small pox are reported in the city. It was introduced by a railroad man who caught it from an emigrant. A case is said to exist at Harrisville, but the rumor is not established.

A fire near Taylor's Mill last Sunday morning, destroyed a new building erected by the miller, Mr. E. Stratton, 10 tons of hay and a new barn, his property. A dance was given on the previous evening in the new house at which an objectionable character was requested to leave. Shortly after his departure the fire was discovered, but in spite of all the efforts of the company it prevailed. It was unquestionably the work of an incendiary.

The above items are condensed from the *Function* of last evening.

The Governor's Message.—We surrender much of our space to-day to the Governor's Message, which was delivered this afternoon

to the Legislative Assembly. It is a comprehensive document, containing many wise suggestions, and evidently written with good desires and intentions. From the Governor's standpoint, we do not see how he could discharge his duty in a manner less offensive to the bulk of the people of the Territory, with whom he is not in accord on some points of religious faith and practice. But we give him credit for sincerity and motives springing from a wish to benefit the Territory and advance its interests as a part of our common country.

We have neither time nor space for criticism to-day, but recommend our readers to peruse it carefully, and hope the people's representatives will accord to it that consideration to which it is entitled by the speaker's official position.

JOINT SESSION.

Representatives' Hall,
City Hall, Salt Lake City,
January 15, 1878.

Pursuant to previous agreement, the Assembly met in Joint Session this afternoon. Until pre-

The President of the Co

siding.

The Chief Clerk of the Council called the roll of the Council, quorum present.

The roll of the House was called by the Chief Clerk of the House, quorum present.

The President announced that the Joint Session was now ready for business.

His Excellency, Governor Emery, having arrived, accompanied by the committee appointed by both houses to wait on him, then presented his message, which he read and submitted, with accompanying documents.

The message appears in another part of this evening's News.

Mr. Wright moved that 2,000 copies of the Governor's message, with accompanying documents, be printed in pamphlet form, for the use of the Assembly and otherwise; carried. Joint session dissolved.

Sunday School Presentation.—On Sunday Bishop Alex. C. Pyper made a very handsome present to the 12th Ward Sunday school. It consisted of the portraits of the school superintendents, his own assistants, the choir leader and a corps of twelve teachers, half the number of the latter being gentlemen and the other half ladies. These photographs are artistically arranged under a large plate of glass, the ground color of which is a rich brown, illuminated with beautiful ornamental flowering, the hand work of brother Martin Lenzi. This is enclosed in a massive frame, made of black walnut, and other woods, set off with gilt moulding. The testimonial was designed by the donor, Bishop Pyper, who handed it over last Sabbath, with appropriate remarks. At the same time he also presented, in behalf of Sister Anna Cross, of the 3rd Ward, a beautiful wreath of artificial flowers, made by her. It is worked in outline into the form of a heart, to go with and hang around the frame. The testimonial has been hung up on the wall of the school-house, where it is an attractive ornament.

Indian Relics.—This morning we were shown, by Hon. A. K. Thuerber, some kernels of Yellow Dent Corn, taken from an old Indian camping place, called Hieroglyphics, on Fishing Creek, a short distance below Rabbit Valley. The place is so named because of the surrounding rocks being covered with hieroglyphical figures representing buffalo, deer, mitres, human figures, &c., some of which are painted in colors, while others are cut into the stone. Besides the specimens of corn, pieces of twine, made from milkweed, pottery and other relics were found, all at a depth of about three feet from the surface, under that thickness of debris of various kinds. At the depth above stated there were evidences of the Moqui Indians having camped previously, because of the pottery peculiar to that race, and above that bore evidences of the Pieves, a less advanced tribe, having camped on the spot. Brother Thuerber is of opinion that the

relics are at least several hundred years old.

The most striking of the hieroglyphical curiosities of that section is near Glenwood, in the vicinity of the grist mill of that settlement. It consists of the figures of a man and woman, the female with hand extended toward the man, holding a round object in it. Between the mouths of the two figures is a distinctly marked line, as if to represent conversation. It very aptly strikes the beholder as an illustration of the biblical theory of Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden. This is not at all unlikely. The Book of Mormon clearly shows that the progenitors of the present aboriginal inhabitants of this continent were familiar with the theological theory of the creation of this planet and with the knowledge of a Redeemer.

Copies of the hieroglyphical curiosities mentioned were taken by Thompson's exploring party, some time ago.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 14.—The Servians have re-occupied Kurzumlje, which the Turks evacuated, and have taken Vranja.

The Servian general, Belimarkoniche, with fifty battalions, is marching on Prihina.

The Servians have effected a junction with the Roumanians before Widdin. The commandant of that town has been summoned to surrender, but he demands that the garrison be allowed to march out with their arms.

The departure of Servir and Namyk Pashas for Kezanlik has been delayed until to-morrow, in consequence of a railway accident.

The Turkish chamber of deputies, being unwilling to embarrass the government, have unanimously rejected the motion asking the ministry for information respecting the armistice.

The Turks claim that their fleet has bombarded and destroyed parts of Eupatoria and Yalta in the Crimea.

LONDON 15.—George Cruikshank, the artist, is ill of bronchitis. His life was despaired of until last night, when the alarming symptoms greatly subsided.

The *P. & O.* announces that after the address in reply to the royal speech has been moved and seconded, in the House of Lords, Earl Granville will speak, and Lord Beaconsfield will reply to him.

Lord Derby is indisposed and confined to his room. He was absent from the cabinet council yesterday.

A Welsh colliery has received orders to immediately despatch a large quantity of coal to Vourla Bay for the British fleet.

A correspondent at Pera says it is calculated that 20,000 fugitives arrived in Constantinople from Roumelia during one week.

A train, crowded with fugitives, ran off the track near Tchataldja, yesterday. There were about 50 killed and wounded.

The Turkish parliament has raised a subscription for the relief of the refugees.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 15, 9 a. m.—Server Pasha and Namyk Pasha, envoys to negotiate with the Russian Grand Duke, left, to-day, for Kezanlik, where they are expected to arrive on Thursday.

The Grand Duke Nicholas has informed the Porte that he is invested with full powers on the question of the conditions of peace.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 15.—A great battle was fought on Monday between Tatar Bazardzik and Philippopolis. The fighting was resumed to-day. Suleiman Pasha afterwards took up a position nearer Philippopolis and ordered the inhabitants to leave that town. The Russians have reached Pohierpan south of Yeni Saghra and are marching on Yeni Mahalgre.

Servia intends to claim the following peace conditions: The independence of the principality, the cession of old Servia, and indemnity for the Turkish devastations in the last war.

Prince Nikita is marching from Antivari against Scutari.

In anticipation of the conclusion of an armistice the Turkish fleet has been ordered to remain at Sinope.

Server and Namyk Pashas remained all day at the railway station waiting for the completion of the repairs of the line, and started at seven this evening. They will pass the night at Hademkol, and must even now change carriages at Choru, where traffic is suspended.

The Montenegrins have arrived at Scutari.

Philippopolis is completely evacuated, and the Turks ordered it to be burned. Adjos and Karnabad have been burned.

The Turkish fleet has shelled Sebastopol.

ROME, 15.—Garibaldi has written to King Humbert begging him to follow in his father's footsteps.

The Queen of Portugal, daughter of Victor Emanuel, has arrived here. The Pope has ordered the celebration of a solemn funeral service for Victor Emanuel in Basilica of St. John, Satern.

MADRID, 15.—Congress, to-day, by a vote of 309 to 4, approved King Alphonso's marriage with the Princess Mercedes.

PARIS, 16.—Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, arrived to-day. He was met at the railway station by members of the Geographical Society.

LONDON, 16.—A special from Berlin says the government has finally determined to submit to the Imperial Parliament a motion or an increase of the tax and duty on tobacco as the first step in the general reform of Imperial taxation.

The Manchester *Guardian's* London dispatch says unless the belligerent party in the cabinet obtain unexpected success, it is anticipated that all the ministers can agree to ask of Parliament will be a vote of money to prepare men and ships as a precautionary measure, on the same principle as Gladstone asked for the vote during the Franco-German war.

ST. PETERSBURG, 16.—Instructions relative to the armistice have reached the Russian commanders.

LONDON, 17.—The *Post*, in an official form, confirms the report that England sent a communication to the Russian cabinet similar to that made by Austria to the Porte.

A special from Constantinople says many rumors are current in regard to the attitude of the great powers. It is said that the Grand Vizier assured the German ambassador that the Porte was determined to make peace with Russia, leaving any power which of fected to the conditions to settle the matter with Russia. The instructions of the Turkish plenipotentiaries are such as to make the conclusion of an armistice absolutely certain.

General Ignatieff expected to take part in the negotiations. It is thought the negotiations may be held at Tirnova Semeni, instead of Kezanlik, which would accelerate matters.

A Vienna correspondent hears from Berlin that Bismarck has waived his objections to another European conference on eastern affairs.

A telegram received in Paris states that the Turkish delegates arrived in Adrianople.

The Turkish press has been enjoined to show the greatest moderation, and one paper has been suppressed for attacking the bar.

A Vienna special to the *Vienna Presse*, from Tifz reports that Isman Hakk Pasha offered to surrender Ezeroum if allowed to retire with his troops.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 20.—Mukhtar Pasha has been appointed to command the army to be formed along the line of defence before Constantinople. The exodus of refugees from Roumelia is assuming colossal proportions. Before leaving Adrianople the Turks burned their provisions and blew up their ammunition.

The British consul at Adrianople telegraphed this Sunday morning that a deputation of the inhabitants had gone to meet the Russians. No news of the Russian entry has, however, yet been received. Layard denies that he has asked authorization for the British fleet to enter the Bosphorus.