

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

NASHVILLE, 9.—Among the refugees from the south, only four are thus far sick with fever, two of which are supposed to be yellow fever; the others are not decided. The two supposed cases have been removed to the infirmary, two miles from the city.

The State Treasurer, Marsh I. Polke, with advice of Gov. Porter, has determined to issue provisions to the extent of \$900 per week to the fever sufferers at Memphis.

Cairo, 9.—Five members of Thos. Porter's family, four miles above this city, on the Mississippi River, are down with the fever. Physicians here disagree as to the nature of the fever. None reported in this city yet.

Cincinnati, 9.—The statement telegraphed from this city last week by a special correspondent, announcing on the authority of Dr. Phypian, of Newport, Ky., that there were 20 or 30 cases of malarial fever in Newport, and that it was a mild type of yellow fever, that physician states as unqualifiedly false, that nothing like yellow fever exists in Newport and that he made no such statement. Neither did he have any conversation with any persons, that could be so construed.

Memphis, 9.—To-day the mortuary report is the largest of any day since the fever appeared, the undertakers reporting 112 interments, of which 24 were colored people. Forty-five new cases were reported by the resident physicians. Fred. Cole, an active member of the Howard Association, died last evening. His wife and child are sick with fever. The Howards have established, under the direction of Dr. Lewis Byron, of Houston, Texas, a hospital for the care of physicians and nurses, many of whom are failing.

Physicians of the Howard corps report 411 new cases for the last 24 hours. They state that the situation of the city is simply frightful. They find more sick than they can attend to. In the 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th wards, the most thickly settled portion of the city, there is not a single drug store open and great difficulty is experienced in getting prescriptions filled. In accordance with the determinations of the citizens to force the people to leave the city, no rations were issued to-day, except to persons who had sick ones in the family. A proclamation will be published in the morning papers notifying the public that camps will be formed, and those who expect to receive rations must take up their residence there till the city is free of fever.

Holly Springs, 9.—Eight deaths to-day. A hospital has been organized in the court-house, under the charge of Dr. D. T. Manning, of Austin, Texas. The Sisters are there.

Jackson, Miss., 9.—Fever has broken out at several new points in this State, Bolter Lake, Lawrence station, on the Vicksburg and Meriden Railway, Gilman station, on the New Orleans road and Dry Grove in Hind's County. No abatement at Vicksburg, Holly Springs, Port Gibson or Greenville. At Grenada, only three or four remain to be attacked. Governor Stone is here to-day to confer with the State board of health and citizens as to State aid in the present emergency. It will be impossible to convene the legislature now, so strictly quarantined is nearly every county in the State. Secretary Power continues to receive liberal contributions from Masons, Odd Fellows and others, and is sending it daily to the afflicted points.

New Orleans, 9.—The weather is clear and pleasant. The death list includes 26 children under seven years, from noon to six p. m. Thirty-three deaths were reported to the board of health.

NASHVILLE, 9.—Pickney Bell, a white man in jail at Murfreesboro, was taken out and lynched, to-night, for killing a constable of Rutherford County, who attempted to arrest him.

The Howard's report 325 new cases, including the sick and destitute. To-morrow they will send 15 nurses to Canton, ten to Holy Springs, and five to Port Gibson. Ten experienced nurses will be sent to Memphis on Wednesday.

St. Louis, 9.—The quarantine hospital report, to day, says: Two cases were admitted since last report, and one died, W. J. Walker, river reporter of the Memphis Her-

ald. Six fever cases and eight doubtful.

San Francisco, 9.—The total subscriptions to the citizens relief fund for the yellow fever sufferers amount to \$13,000. A number of benefit entertainments are to come off this week in aid of the fund. The citizens committee of Salinas city have raised about \$600.

The relief committee, to-day, sent \$5,000 to Memphis, \$3,000 each to New Orleans and Vicksburg, and \$4,000 to New Orleans, for distribution among the outside suffering towns.

Chicago, 9.—The total contributions to date, received by the citizens committee are \$33,623; from other sources, \$8,671; total \$42,294. Total disbursements, New Orleans, \$4,000, Memphis \$3,000, Vicksburg, \$2,000, Greenville, Holly Springs, Grenada, Port Gibson, and Baton Rouge, \$500 each; total \$11,500.

Little Rock, 9.—Cloudy, indications of rain. The Howard's and other organizations of this city have sent over \$2,000 to Memphis, one physician and 30 nurses.

St. Louis, 9.—The Merchants' Exchange fever fund now reaches \$27,285; other collections, \$12,671; total \$39,956.

COLUMBUS, 9.—A special to the State Journal, from Mount Vernon, states that James Ash, aged 100 years and eight months, died in that city to-day. Deceased was in vigorous health until within a short time of his death.

HASTINGS, Minn., 9.—President Hayes and party left St. Paul this morning and arrived at Hastings at one o'clock. The space about the depot was densely packed. A large delegation of prominent men received the distinguished guests bands playing and cannon firing. The party took carriages to Vermilion Falls, from there to the residence of General Leduc, in the suburbs, the bands and citizens escorting. Mrs. Leduc served an elegant lunch, and some time was passed in an informal and extremely social manner.

At 3 o'clock an escort of veteran soldiers, firemen, temperance societies, and citizens with brass bands, accompanied the party to the Court House where, on a platform erected for the purpose, and handsomely decorated, President Hayes was received by thousands of people from the city and country. The time was short and the President only briefly extended his thanks.

General Devens and Col. Yancey delivered short addresses; after which the party took their departure.

CHICAGO, 9.—The Tribune's Washington special says: The democrats of the Potter committee have certainly had some document offered which purported to be the original Sherman letter. It is probable that the committee has not control of it, but the parties who have it insist upon the payment of money. Secretary Sherman's denial of the authority of the letter and threats to prosecute anyone having it in possession, make it questionable whether the Potter committee will venture to use it.

BOSTON, 9.—In connection with the Stickney defalcation, it is rumored on the street, to-day, that a forged note of \$10,000, given to the First National Bank of Chelsea, had been discovered. Inquiry developed the fact that such a note was held, endorsed by Charles P. Stickney. W. P. Davel and the manufacturers of the gas company, by Chas. P. Stickney as treasurer. An attachment of the face value of the note was made on the property of the last named person this morning. Parties at interest claim that the note is genuine.

NEW ORLEANS, 9.—The Grand United Order of Odd Fellows make an appeal to all the lodges in the country, working under the S. C. M., for aid. Send donations to Edward J. Holmes, chairman of the relief committee.

Jos. Dickson, colored, shot and killed John Smith, colored, who had refused Dickson the hand of his daughter. The murderer was arrested and put in jail.

The Peabody Association issued 8,085 rations. Hereafter they will issue rations only on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Major E. A. Burke, to-day furnished the Peabody Association 5,000 loaves of bread for distribution.

New cases, to-day, 119; total to date, 1,062.

CINCINNATI, 9.—Daniel Wolf and B. Simon addressed a letter to Gov. Bishop asking if he intended to exclude from his invitation those who

do not profess the Christian religion, when he issued his proclamation recommending a general prayer by Christians for the alleviation of the sufferings of the southern people who are stricken by fever, the Governor responds—that he is surprised at the question; that he only wished a united invocation by all who recognize God's goodness and mercy. He, at least of all intended to exclude the people whom the above writers represent.

DEADWOOD, D. T., 9.—The mystery surrounding the Callison murder is being solved. M. L. Count, of the Model Brewery, has been arrested, charged with having committed the deed. Mr. and Mrs. Bouton are also held as accessories. Startling developments are expected soon.

NEW YORK, 9.

The new steamship *State of California*, sister ship to the vessel sold the Russians a few months ago, will be launched at Philadelphia about the 15th of October, and will be in her berth in this city, ready for freight about November 15th, and will probably sail in about 30 days thereafter. She will sail directly for Portland Oregon, stopping at Rio Janeiro and Valparaiso. Already her agent has a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, also a number of passengers.

NEW YORK, 10.—The result of the Maine election disturbs the republican journals. The *Times* Portland special says: The worst fears of the friends of honest money in this State, have been realized. From the returns now in it is evident that the greenbackers have cast 33,000 to 40,000 votes, and that none of the candidates for Governor has received a majority. The failure will, under the law, throw the contest into the Legislature. Of this the upper house will probably be republican by a greatly decreased majority, but how the assembly will stand cannot be decided yet. It is probable, however, that the democrats and greenbackers will have a majority. Connor, the republican candidate for Governor, has a large plurality over any one of his opponents, but he falls several thousand votes short of a clear majority. Indications now are, that Smith, greenbacker, will be the second on the list, with Garcelon, democrat, last. The result in the congressional district is not more satisfactory.

The *Times* says, editorially, the news from Maine at least justifies the persistency with which the *Times* has pointed out that the financial issue is by far the most important of the political questions before the people. It likewise affords convincing testimony to the correctness with which the results of the election were forecast in the letters and dispatches of our special correspondent. The fact that after the most disastrous campaign in the history of Maine republicanism, the party in that State occupies a prouder and more honorable position than it has done for many years, ought to carry an obvious moral in New York and elsewhere. No immediate advantage, which can accrue from dickering with the greenback element, can compensate for the permanent sacrifice of consistency and principle which it would entail.

Miss Ada Cavendish, an English actress, made her first appearance here last night, as Mercy Merick in the "New Magdalen." She was warmly received, and this morning's papers are unanimous in pronouncing her an artist of the first order.

At the request of Kate Mayhew, an injunction has been granted restraining the management of the Grand Opera House from producing "Miss." The play had been rehearsed and was to have been put upon the stage last night, but "Uncle Tom's Cabin," with a very bad company, was substituted for it.

The *World's* Washington special says: Lieutenant Commander Kells, of the United States navy, has written an open letter to Senator Kellogg, in which he says: "You intimated that disensions among benevolent societies here might delay the distribution of government rations. I say you lie." Another portion of the letter says, "And when I hear you on the streets daily called a liar and coward, I cannot disprove it. Should there be anything in the above you might construe as belligerent you will always find my address at the Navy Department." Kells will probably be compelled to stand a court martial for writing this letter.

Boston, 10.—The democrats of

this city held caucuses, last evening, for the election of delegates to the convention. In nearly every ward Butler delegates were chosen. The entire Boston delegation is said to be decidedly in favor of Butler.

HAT CREEK, Wyoming, 10.—Both coaches were stopped about twelve o'clock last night, between Lightning creek and Cheyenne river, by three armed men. The up coach contained two passengers, and had one messenger along with it. They first halted the down coach, robbed all the passengers, and were engaged in plundering the mail sacks when the north bound coach arrived, which they also stopped, and after robbing the two passengers, proceeded to cut and rob the mails. They broke open the treasure boxes and took the contents, but it is thought that they got less than \$100 in money from the passengers, from whom they took jewelry and watches, also one watch from the driver and one from Messenger Smith, who remained in the coach after the passengers got out intending to stand the robbers off. One of the thieves placed a passenger in front of him and marched up to the coach, compelled Smith to give up or kill the passenger. They also took away Smith's arms. They took all precautions by the passengers behind their backs. One of the thieves, who was not masked, was recognized as James E. Johnson, commonly known as Lengthy.

CINCINNATI, 10.—Wellington Blazer, of Gallipolis, Ohio, died last night, of yellow fever, contracted from the steamer *Porter*. There is a dozen people sick with fever in the neighborhood where the steamer *Porter* is moored.

AUSTIN, Tex., 10.—Sheriff Keerber, of El Paso, reports to the Adjutant General that his deputy arrested, on the 28th ult., Antonio Alizares, a fugitive from the penitentiary, also under indictment for the murder of Judge Howard and others, and put him in Sanelizario jail. The same night Mexicans, from Mexico, crossed the river and rescued the prisoner.

Grenada, 10.—Fever has broken out at Senatobia, Miss. There are over 30 cases up to date, and the alarm among the citizens is reported very great. They are preparing to abandon the city.

Nevada and California send \$1,000 to the relief of Grenada. Two deaths and eight new cases were reported in the last 24 hours.

BELEAST, Maine, 10.—Thirteen towns in Waldo County, including Belfast, give Murch, the greenback candidate for Congress, 1,148 plurality. The whole plurality in the county is probably 1,800.

LEWISTON, 10.—Androscoggin complete gives Connor, 3,814; Garcelon, 2,123; Smith, 2,232. For Congress, Frye, 3,886; Belcher, 1,113; Chase, 3,114. The republican Senators and county ticket are elected by from 800 to 1,500 plurality. Representatives to legislature, six republicans and three combination, a republican loss of three. Frye has nearly 3,000 plurality over Solon Chase in this district. Nearly half the democrats voted for Chase.

PORTLAND, Maine, 10.—By the present showing, Hale must be defeated. The Senate appears to stand, 20 republicans to 11 greenback and greenback democrats. No straight democrats.

SAN FRANCISCO, 10.—A Portland dispatch says: General Howard has held a conference with Chief Moses at Priests Rapids, at which assurances of continued friendship were exchanged, and Moses announced the willingness of his tribe to go on a reservation of their own choosing, but not on one remote from their country.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 9.—A letter from Disco, Davis' Straits, dated July 12th, says that not one vessel of the Arctic whaling fleet had caught a single fish. It was expected the season would prove a complete failure. No vessel had been able to pass through Melville Bay, which was unprecedented. The bay from the neighboring heights appeared completely blocked with ice.

A Belgrade dispatch says: Turkish troops continue to arrive from Salonica at Metrovitz and Nevibazar. It is estimated that 60,000 troops and insurgents are encamped at those places. The insurgents in the northeast of Bosnia are estimated at 60,000, including 15,000 Redifs and Nizams.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 9.—Numerous arrests were made on Sunday night on account of a conspiracy in favor of ex-Sultan Murad. The public

opinion is very excited. The palace guards have been strengthened.

ROME, 10.—Reports have been received from Romagna, where some excesses by the irredenta party were expected, that Garibaldi has advised the suspension of the agitation until spring.

VIENNA, 10.—General Zsch only ordered a retreat from Eihacs at three in the afternoon. Four hundred wounded had been brought in before 12 o'clock, amongst whom were several officers of high rank. It is feared this year's campaign, which can only be continued three weeks longer, will not suffice to quell the insurrection.

The advices from Belgrade state that the insurgents have fortified the banks of the River Save.

The town of Belina is now a strongly entrenched camp, into which armed insurgents from the surrounding districts are constantly marching resolved on a desperate resistance.

LONDON, 10.—The mayor of Manchester has received a telegram from the British consul at New Orleans, asking help for the yellow fever sufferers. The mayor publishes an announcement that he will be glad to co-operate with any merchants or other citizens desirous of taking steps for the relief of the sufferers, and that he will remit to New Orleans any funds thus subscribed.

Over 600 bodies have been recovered of the persons drowned by the *Praster* to the excursion steamer *chiness Alice*. A large majority of the bodies have been recognized. Eighty-three, that could not be identified, were buried at Woolwich, yesterday.

Ten-fifty bonds, 108; Erie, 131.

BERLIN, 10.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows a decrease in specie of 7,600,000 marks.

In the speech from the throne, which was read by Count Stalberg Wernzerade, at the opening of the Reichstag, yesterday, it is said, that immediately after the first attempt upon the Emperor's life, the federal government became convinced that the crime was due to the influence of sentiments propagated far and wide by an agitation which aimed at undermining the existing laws of the state of society. The speech after referring to the rejection of the first bill brought forward in the Reichstag for the arrest of machinations which imperiled the common interests of the country, says: "The federal government think now as formerly, that extraordinary measures are required to prevent a further extension of the already wide-spread evil, and to pave the way for its extinction, and that such measures should preserve the liberty of citizens in general, and only prevent the abuse of the liberty by which the pernicious socialist agitation threatens the foundation of life and all cultures." The speech expresses the confident hope that the deputies will not refuse the means of giving the empire the same security from internal as it already enjoys from external attack. The liberals are not much pleased with the speech, which they regard as partly an indictment against themselves.

SHORT AND SHARP.

It is very depressing to a summer congregation to see the minister in the most eloquent and impassioned passage of his sermon, gesture with one hand and fight flies with the other.—*Hawkeye*.

"I wonder where those clouds are going," sighed Flora, pensively, as she pointed with delicate finger to the heavy masses that floated in the sky. "I think they are going to thunder," said her brother.

The man who kant talk with you too minnits on an ordinary bizzness subject without expressing a great anxiety about the welfare of yure soul, wants the klussett kind of watching.—*Josh Billings*.

God's spirit falls on me as dew-drops on a rose, If I but like a rose to Him my heart uncloze.

God dwelleth in a light far out of human ken; Become thyself that light and thou shalt see Him then.

Why shouldst thou cry for drink? The fountain is in thee, Which, so thou stopp'st it not, will flow eternally.

—The "Cherubic Pilgrim."