

Council concurred in all of the amendments and the bill passed by a unanimous vote. It now goes to the Governor after being enrolled and engrossed.

C. F. 8, securing liens to mechanics and others and to repeal all other acts and laws in relation thereto, was likewise considered and passed, all voting "aye" except Glendinning.

H. F. 97, invalidating and making admissible in evidence certain documents affecting title to real estate as now on file in the offices of county recorders, was read the second time. The rules were suspended and the bill passed; also H. F. 89, relating to fees of marshals and sheriffs.

H. F. 62, relating to the branding of cattle and which provides that any one that shall alter a cattle brand shall be liable to punishment in the penitentiary for not more than three years or by a \$1000 fine, was, by a unanimous vote, killed.

A communication was received from the Governor announcing his approval of the bill giving to mayors of cities of the first and second class a qualified veto power.

HOUSE.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 23.

C. F. 44 creating a bureau of statistics was read and referred to the committee on statistics.

The committee on judiciary reported favorably on H. F. 86, a bill requiring notaries public to attach the date of the expiration of their terms of office to acknowledgements. Adopted.

The same committee reported adversely on H. F. 87, relating to chattel mortgages. Adopted.

The committee on public health reported favorably on H. F. 81, an act regulating the practice of pharmacy, and recommended its passage. Adopted.

C. F. 25, relating to the incorporation of metropolitan cities, was adopted.

H. F. 28, to amend chapter 29, session laws 1890, relating to game, was read and passed.

H. F. 70, to punish the adulteration of food, was passed by a vote of 15 ayes to 8 noes.

H. F. 83, relating to attachments and executions from justices' courts. Passed.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24.

Three-fourths of the time allotted to the Legislature for law-making purposes expired today. The session in the House began promptly at 2 p. m., with all the seats filled except those of Stoker, Marshall and Ferry.

The Speaker filled the places on the committees made vacant by the absence of Ferry, nine in number, as follows: Appropriations, Colton; highways, Kimball; education, Marshall; agriculture and irrigation, Lawrence; live stock, Moritz; mines and mining, W. H. Irvine; World's Fair, Marshall; statistics, Mackay; memorials to Congress, Pierce.

A petition from George A. Hicks and forty-two others, of Spanish Fork, protesting against the defeat of the sugar bounty bill and asking reconsideration.

Colton moved a reference to the committee on manufactures and commerce.

J. D. Irvine moved an amendment,

that it be laid on the table; seconded by Snow.

The vote on the amendment stood—10 ayes, 10 noes, 3 absent. The Speaker voted aye, so the communication was tabled.

A notice in relation to the sugar bounty bill from a committee claiming to be Democrats, three in number, was read and treated with contempt, no reference or other disposition being made.

The committee on education reported in favor of the passage of H. F. 93, for the education of blind children, recommending its passage. Adopted.

The committee on manufactures and commerce reported on C. F. 69, to encourage manufactures, recommending its adoption. A minority report was also presented in which the rejection of the bill was urged, because it would extend favors to the sugar factory. The committee report was adopted and bill filed for third reading.

The committee on claims and public accounts reported in favor of the rejection of the claim of Lorenzo Barton, \$42.50; of rejection of the claim of John W. Brown, \$10; and also that of William R. Crawford for \$88, all of which were agreed to and the several claims were rejected.

The same committee reported in favor of allowing the claims of Plute county, \$92.50, and Iron county, \$164.63, on maps, etc., and the adoption of these will put the claims in the general appropriation bill.

The select committee for this purpose reported as follows:

The committee appointed by Council concurrent resolution No. 6, to whom was referred the duty of examining the books of the Territorial Auditor of Public Accounts, Arthur Pratt, and Territorial Treasurer, Bolivar Roberts, beg to report as follows:

We take great pleasure in saying that the books of each office are kept in a highly satisfactory and creditable manner, by the Italian method, or double-entry bookkeeping, and by said system we, your committee, experienced no difficulty in checking and double-checking each and every warrant issued by said auditor of public accounts and paid by said treasurer during the incumbency of said offices, commencing March 15, 1890, to their annual report submitted to Hon. Arthur L. Thomas, Governor. The appropriation bills passed by the honorable Legislature of 1890 were charged to their respective accounts, and were verified by warrants, issued when they became due and payable. The lawmaking special appropriations were examined and found to be properly entered on the auditor's books, warrants issued, and duly paid. We recommend that all special appropriations be canceled and entered in general appropriation bill, as at present it is difficult to determine the demands on the treasury, and such action will enable the Legislature to know definitely the amount of funds required to meet the public demands.

ROBERT LUND,
JAMES GLENDINNING,
DAVID STOKER,
H. W. LAWRENCE,
Committee.

C. F. 39, for the assessing and collection of taxes, occupied the attention of the House a long time, in which a

number of amendments were made. The bill was passed by a vote of 13 ayes to 6 noes.

Snow offered a resolution to the effect that no bill shall be introduced after the fiftieth day of the session, without unanimous consent, and this was adopted.

C. J. R. 3, for the purchase of vols. 6 and 7, Utah Reports, 100 volumes each, was read for the third time and was rejected.

C. F. 42, giving the mayor of cities of the first and second class a qualified veto, and for other purposes. Passed its third reading and was passed.

H. F. 77, providing for the correct weighing of coal at coal mines and other matters, went through its third reading and the bill passed.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25.

A communication was received from the Council announcing that it had received a communication from the Governor stating that he had approved of C. F. 26, making labor day a legal holiday; also C. F. 49, amending section 2824 s., Compiled Laws; also C. J. R. 44, in relation to grants of land for the Agricultural College.

The special order of the day, the school bill, was then taken up.

Quite a number of amendments were made to the school bill chiefly the changing of words, without affecting the bill to any extent.

Lawrence moved to recommit, that the amendment might be made to harmonize, but it was lost.

The bill passed by a vote of 13 ayes to 2 noes.

H. F. 81, to regulate the practice of pharmacy, came up on its third reading. It was passed by a vote of 17 ayes and 1 nay.

H. F. 86, providing that notaries public affix the date at which their commissions expire, was read third time and passed.

H. F. 85, amending sections 3256, 3411 and 3696 Compiled Laws, relative to taxing costs, including attorneys' fees, was considered and passed.

H. F. 62, amending section 2208 Laws of 1890, regarding punishment for branding mavericks, making the term of imprisonment not less than six months nor more than three years and making the crime a "felony." The bill passed.

H. F. 93, to provide for the education of blind children, went through its third reading and passed.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26.

The House met at 10 a.m. The roll was called showing a slim attendance. Prayer by the Chaplain, followed by reading yesterday's journal.

On motion of J. D. Irvine, it being disclosed that there was no quorum, the sergeant-at-arms was instructed to bring in absent members so the House could attend properly to business; meantime a recess of fifteen minutes was taken.

C. F. 54, creating a territorial board of equalization, was read the third time, amended and passed—16 ayes, 1 no, 6 absent.

C. F. 6, for an act to secure liens to mechanics and others, was read the third time, amended and passed, 14 to 3.

C. F. 5, to provide for the organization and control of building and loan associations, the special order, was