

dethrone the sultan. Serious trouble, it is added, is certain to occur within a week. Turkish troop ships are nightly deporting Armenians to the Black Sea, where, it is believed, they are drowned.

The British residents, at the instance of the British embassy, have telegraphed to Lord Salisbury, stating that their lives and property are in danger. The French residents have taken similar action. British and French fleets are now near the mouth of the Dardanelles.

Fuat Pasha, one of the sultan's aide de camps, was questioned as to how long the forts along the Dardanelles could check the passage of war ships and he replied that they could stop them in almost half an hour.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.—A dispatch to the Frankfort Zeitung from Constantinople says a guard of Turkish troops on duty at Yildiz Palace, composed of four battalions of Albanians, was forcibly disarmed last evening in the presence of a large body of troops and replaced by five Seraski battalions.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 16.—Owing to the Turkish government's communication to the embassies of the powers regarding the rumors of another Armenian outbreak here, the embassies today deputed the foreign consuls to authorize the police to enter foreign houses when necessary and arrest Armenians throwing bombs or shooting therefrom.

VIENNA, Sept. 16.—A dispatch to Neue Freie Presse from Belgrade, Serbia, says it was the Austrian consul who was kidnapped near Seres, Macedonia, by a band of Bulgarian brigands armed with dynamite bombs. The consul is a wealthy landed proprietor and a Greek.

A dispatch to the Associated Press from Vol, Greece, last night, announced that the brother of the Austrian consul at Seres had been carried off by a band of Bulgarian brigands armed with dynamite bombs.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon published a leading editorial article headed: "New triple alliance." The Gazette points out the menacing tone of the continental semi-official press on the subject of Turkey and says: We are openly threatened with joint, hostile European action if we interfere (in Turkey) against the will of the powers. But there is one combination which British statesmanship might effect. Two states which have little to gain from Russia could act with us to end the tension. The United States and Italy are both understood to be friendly to Russia. Nevertheless, neither is yet too deeply involved to be able to assume an independent attitude under British inspiration. Why should not England, the United States and Italy form a new dreadnought, alone of the nations of the earth? The people of the United States can understand the impulse which would drive Englishmen to war in order to suppress tyranny or rescue the oppressed. Plenty of Americans would regard with enthusiasm the spectacle of the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes floating side by side in the Bosphorus to back their joint demand.

The "Gazette" says Italy is ready to join England if invited, and concludes

"It might be expected that a Russian combination would go to pieces at the mere aspect of this genuine league of peace, and the new dreadnought might lead to a fresh grouping of the powers and the delivery of Europe both from Turkish misrule and the dangerous thralldom of Russia, into which it is sinking."

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—One workman was killed and three perhaps fatally injured this morning by the falling of a pile of bricks at the site of the old Grand Pacific hotel at La Salle and Jackson streets. The accident was caused by the caving in of an old brick foundation.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The Herald this morning publishes the following special correspondence from Kingston, Jamaica, September 6: All circumstances point to the fact that on her last voyage the steamer Laurada included among her crew a Spanish agent and spy. So far as is known here his identity has not been discovered. That the Laurada carried a filibustering expedition to Cuba on this trip seems to be beyond all doubt, although there will probably be great difficulty in proving the fact, for the Spanish spy, who, it is now well known, was on board, will hardly care to reveal himself in the witness box.

The facts in connection with the stranding steamship at Port Antonio, so far as the Herald's correspondent has been able to ascertain, are as follows: On the arrival of the Laurada at Port Antonio, some persons unknown gave information to the customs authorities that she had been engaged in a filibustering expedition, and that there was a large quantity of rifles still on board which had not been landed which would be put ashore on the return voyage. The ship was searched before she proceeded to the outports to take up her cargo of fruit, but the arms were not found. The informant thereupon secretly promised one of the customs officers that on the vessel's return from the outports he would find means of discovering the secret recesses in which he was convinced Captain Nutphu had concealed the arms since they had left the vessel.

On the night of the 1st instant, as the Laurada was entering Port Antonio and the Lama was going out, the two vessels passing one another in the deep but intricate channel, the Laurada had to veer to make way for the outward bound ship. At the critical moment and with a strong current running, the steering gear of the Laurada gave way.

At that moment the probable effect of the break down would have been to throw the Laurada across the Lama's bows and bring about a collision that would have sent the former to the bottom. As it happened the current was more rapid and the Lama escaped and shaped on the reef.

Captain Murphy made a cash deposit of £300 to appear on the 29th inst. to answer the charge of conveying contraband of war, and was allowed to sail.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 16.—The address delivered this evening by President Diaz, on the opening of congress, referring to diplomatic relations with the United States, was in part as follows:

"The 6th of May last, a convention was concluded at Washington, whereby

the international water boundary commission between Mexico and the United States was empowered to study certain questions bearing on the distribution of the waters of the Bravo or Rio Grande river."

The most important part of the message relates to the financial situation in Mexico, the cash revenue amounting for the last fiscal year to \$50,000,000, the largest revenue yet recorded, and the year closed on June 30th, with a surplus of \$4,500,000. The surplus is now in excess of \$6,000,000.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Three men of Brighton Park, Joseph Culver, his brother, John Culver, and Thomas Carey, started out on the drainage canal on a shooting tour, and put their powder in the stove to keep it dry. Joseph Culver was resting easily last night at the county hospital. The other two fortunately escaped serious injury.

The three men left their homes in Brighton Park Tuesday night prepared for their trip and in order to get an early start they went to the foot of Hyman avenue, where the old canal runs, and fixed themselves and their guns and powder in a place for the night, which was cold and damp.

History does not tell what time the hunters went to bed or what time they put the powder in the oven of the stove but it does tell the time the three hunters awoke and the manner of awakening. The powder did it by exploding. The powder traveled not toward the center of the earth, but upward. So did the stove. It, also did the men.

Joseph Culver's body was bruised and in some places torn by the force of the explosion and bits of flying material. John Culver and Thomas Carey took unwilling flights in the air and landed plump in the old canal.

The shooting trip was postponed and the three started back, and John Culver and Cary aiding their badly hurt companion.

OAKLAND, Cal., Sept. 17.—That James Feenan, a well coorer, who resides alone in a small cottage at Berkeley, was not burned to a crisp last night is due to his pet dog, Doll. About 2 o'clock in the morning fire broke out in the adjoining room and the dog by its howls and frantic tugs at the bed clothes awakened its master, who was already surrounded by flames. In escaping from the house he was seriously burned.

The skin had peeled from various portions of his body. His hair was all gone and his eye brows and lashes were singed to a crisp. In this pitiable condition he was found near the hillside where he had crawled to get away from the burning building. The little dog that had been scorched by the flames in his efforts to save his master, stood by his side until he was taken to the hospital, and is now in a critical condition.

The firemen who were battling with the flames had a narrow escape. Some giant powder that had been stored in the house exploded and blew to pieces all that was left of the little building.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 17.—The police announce they have made an important discovery of bombs and other explosives and incriminating documents in an Armenian house.

Two of the leaders and many of the