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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

FORTY-NINTH YEAR. FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1899, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. NUMBER 50.

THE VOTE FOR SENATOR.

McCune Gains Four, King Loses Five, Powers Gains One.

15 REPUBLICANS FOR HAMMOND

Democrats Yet Divided—Speaker Roylance Changes to McCune, and Representatives Hansen and Wheeler Do Likewise—Cannon's Solid Seven.

Speaker Roylance presided at the joint session today. The chaplain offered prayer, yesterday's journal was read, and the voting for Senator began.

At the call of the first name, Senator Alder nominated, in behalf of the Republicans, Hon. James T. Hammond.

The twenty-third and twenty-fourth ballots resulted as follows:

Cannon, 7; King, 16; McCune, 15; Nebeker, 1; Powers, 7; Jas. T. Hammond, 15. Representatives Hansen, Wheeler, and Horne and Speaker Roylance voted for McCune.

The vote in detail was as follows:

SENATORS.

For King—Benton, Cannon, Tanner—3.

For McCune—Chambers, Evans, Howat, Thomas, Whitney, Wright—6.

For Powers—Aquila Nebeker, W. G. Nebeker, Perry, Hidesott—4.

For Hammond—Howe, Alder—2.

For Cannon, Reisel, Shurtliff—3.

REPRESENTATIVES.

For King—Betts, Fisher, Greenwood, Larsen, McQuarrie, Mansfield, O'Neil, Perry, Rodd, Robertson, Stewart—11.

For McCune—Benson, Bywater, Clyde, Cummings, Parr, Pullmer, Hansen, Horne, Lloyd, Roylance, Shepard, Wheeler—13.

For Powers—Cook, Furman, Jackson, Lepish—4.

For Hammond—Callister, Christiansen, Crosby, C. E. Harris, Holmgren, Lund, Miller, Murdock, Richards, Robinson, Sorensen, Taylor, Webb—12.

For Cannon—Bramwell, Harris, N. J. Ivers, Johnson, Smith—5.

Senator Robinson was absent. Representative Richards, who has not voted before, was present today, voting for Hammond.

Upon arising to cast his vote, the presiding officer spoke as follows:

SPEAKER ROYLANCE.

Up to date I have cast several complimentary votes; but today, as it is not my nature to be going here and there, I vote now a column to stay. I cast my vote for Hon. A. W. McCune.

On the 24th and 25th ballots Senator Perry voted for Judge Powers, making a very fully worded and eloquent speech of some length. He praised the Judge as a leader of men, a man of force of character, both in the schools and in the affairs of men, a man always in the front ranks of the battle for the right, where the smoke was thickest, and in the noon, who, like John's war horse, smelt the battle from afar.

HANSEN FOR McCUNE.

Hansen went from the King to the McCune forces on the first ballot. In explanation of his vote he said:

Mr. President and fellow members of the Legislature—It is said that a vote may sometimes changes his mind, but his antithesis never. My disposition forbids that I lay any claim to the attribute of the former and I am not aware that I have anything in common with the latter. However that may be, I am about to change my vote from one star fraction of one to unity.

Two years ago when the senatorial contest in this state was at its highest, a friend who was talked of as a compromise candidate, solicited my support. I promised it to him. Nothing was done on my part towards the fulfillment of that promise. There was no occasion for it. The struggle ended by the selection of one of Utah's ablest men. Then the same friend asked me if I would support him in the senatorial race two years hence. It was a long time ahead, but I was much interested in him and I told him I would.

Time wore on, and this friend went to Europe. He was absent about a year. Later the announcement was made and the story was published that he would not become a candidate for United States Senator.

In the meantime my other friend had been elected to Congress. He made a brilliant record. I kept in touch communication with him through the medium of correspondence while he was in the Nation's capital. I advised with him politically and was exceedingly desirous that he should succeed himself in Congress, but he was not in the majority of congressional nomination to take his chances with other party leaders in the contest for the senatorship.

It was during those times too, that the other friend whom I had not seen for a long time, returned home and told me that he had not withdrawn and tended me of my promise to him. It was a previous pledge and so recorded. But I took the position that I had formed new affiliations, believing that the old had passed away. Deliberation, however, convinced me they had not. Still, I continued to support Judge King, believing that the difficulty would solve itself. For three days and for twenty-three ballots I stood by the candidate of my first choice. He it said, too, for I have nothing to conceal, that I promised that I would go to Mr. McCune Friday and give him assistance, provided Judge King was not elected before that time. That I might not be considered as playing a dishonorable part, I went to Judge King and his advisers and informed them of my intention, as they knew precisely what I was going to do. It may be thought by some that I am making much of little. But it is no small matter to me, and I am desirous that you shall know all about it, and I have told you all there is to tell, without holding back. You may think, too, that I am over sensitive in what I consider to be my duty, but

Conscience is harder than our enemies. Knows more, accuses with more nicety.

I shall, therefore, this day, cast my vote for that brilliant, stalwart Democratic and patriotic, generous hearted citizen and loyal friend, Hon. A. W. McCune.

This Afternoon's Voting

Balloting was resumed at 2:30 this afternoon, the 26th, 27th and 27th ballots in the voting for senator were as follows:

Cannon, 7; King, 16; McCune, 16; Powers, 9; Judge Jacob Johnson of Spring City, 15. The Republicans as a body voted the complimentary ballot in favor of the former.

Fullmer of Piute county left the McCune ranks going over to the Powers camp.

Wheeler went back to King from McCune on the fourth ballot, Taylor went from King to McCune, making no change in the general result.

SENATE.

President Nebeker called the Senate to order at 12 m. After roll call, prayer, and the reading of the journal of the eleventh day, the Senate adjourned to meet with the House in joint session.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Only a Small Amount of Routine Business Transacted This Afternoon.

The House of Representatives met at 2 o'clock. Prayer was followed by forty minutes devoted to the table of all business. Considerable work has been referred to the various committees, which have, as a rule, passed upon it with unanimous dispatch. The prospects now are that several more important reports will come from the hands of the committees tomorrow. They have, however, and will have but little to do until after the senatorial question is out of the way.

The committee on judiciary reported H. B. No. 8, relating to the definition of grand larceny, with amendments, and recommended that it pass. Report adopted and bill ordered printed.

A communication was received from the Governor announcing that he had approved and filed with the Secretary of State H. B. No. 16, by Shepard, providing for the payment of regular and contingent expenses of the Third Legislature. Filed.

Fisher moved that Corporal Cull and Private Holbrook, returned volunteer members of Battery A, be accorded the same privileges on the floor as ex-members of the Legislature and asked that the motion be recorded in the journal. Carried unanimously.

Hansen moved a reconsideration of H. J. M. No. 2, relating to depredations of Ute and Navajo Indians in San Juan county. Carried and referred to committee on memorials.

Jackson moved to reconsider H. C. R. No. 4, providing for the employment of a special messenger for the Governor during the sessions of the Legislature. Motion was lost on a vote of 10 to 29.

Robinson moved to amend the rules so as to provide for the reference of bills to appropriate committees on Ways and Means instead. Referred to committee on rules.

The House then adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Senator Alder in casting his vote yesterday for Judge Goodwin made a very pleasant speech. He said: "Mr. President, I have the honor to cast my vote for Judge Goodwin. Speaking today in fulfillment of that promise. There was no occasion for it. The struggle ended by the selection of one of Utah's ablest men. Then the same friend asked me if I would support him in the senatorial race two years hence. It was a long time ahead, but I was much interested in him and I told him I would.

Time wore on, and this friend went to Europe. He was absent about a year. Later the announcement was made and the story was published that he would not become a candidate for United States Senator.

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Three Republican members did not attend the caucus last night. One of them was prevented by sickness and he is for Scott. If any one of the members is sick or absent from any other cause when the legislature ballots for Senator next Monday, there can be no election. Scott expects to receive all the votes of the Democrats and he has thus the probability of one or more being absent to cause great anxiety.

Meanwhile the situation is some such contingency, while his opponent has not a single vote to spare.

Meanwhile there is talk of more "suspensions," a term that is being applied to members who are unseated on contests pending the hearing of their cases before the committee in elections when there is not time to hear such cases before the balloting for senator. While the fight has narrowed down to the two party nominees, it is as bitter as at any time during the past two weeks.

Pennsylvania.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 26.—The third ballot for United States senator today resulted:

Quay (Rep.), 82; George A. Jenks (Dem.), 62; Dalzell, 14; Stewart, 9; Chalfant, 2; Stone, 1; George F. Huff, 1; remaining scattering; absent and not voting, 42; necessary to choice, 106.

Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 26.—On the fourth ballot for senator today Hayward gained four votes making him forty-a majority of a Republican caucus should one be called. The vote in detail is:

Allen, 32; Hayward, 46; Webster, 16; Thompson, 2; Field, 2; Lambertson, 2; Hosea, second, Allbright, 1; Weston, 1; Hinshaw, 2; Haimer, 1; Foss, 2; Cornish, 1; Vandusen, 1.

Delaware.

Dover, Del., Jan. 26.—The fifth ballot for United States senator resulted:

Gray, 16; Addicks, 11; H. A. Dupont, 11; Pearce, 6; Dupont, 1; John A. Nicholson, 4.

Washington.

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 26.—First ballot today for United States senator:

Foster, 21; Wilson, 21; Hunson, 21; Adams, 11; Lewis, 4.

McCumber to Represent North Dakota.

Bismarck, N. D., Jan. 26.—Porter J. McCumber, Republican, elected senator in the joint assembly today, receiving 77 votes. Thomas Kleingal received the balance of 42.

California.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 26.—The joint sessions cast two ballots for United States senator today without change and adjourned.

SAMOAN SIDELIGHTS.

German Account of the Recent Fracas in the Isles of the Pacific.

Hamburg, Jan. 26.—According to news received here from Samoa, Chief Justice Chambers on Dec. 31 annulled the election of Mataafa, who was returned by a notable majority, and declared Malietoa Tanus, the son of the late King Malietoa, who is still a minor, to be king. The three consuls recognized Mataafa's people as a provisional government. Malietoa Tanus, Tamasese, another claimant for the throne, and Chief Justice Chambers, it is added, went on board a British warship, whereupon the provisional government issued the rebel court. The British warship then landed a detachment of bluejackets, and later the court was reopened under the protects of the provisional government.

SPANISH PRISONERS.

War Department Issues Instructions for Bids to Ship the Dons.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The war department has issued an invitation for bids from responsible shipping owners of all nations for transportation of the Spanish prisoners in the Philippines from Manila to Spain.

WHO MASTERS THE SITUATION?

Telegraph Co. Don't Know Whether it is Americans or Filipinos.

CONDITIONS ARE UNSETTLED

In Panay, Negros and Zebu Philippines, and Telegraph Operators are Unsafe.

London, Jan. 26.—Inquiries made at the offices of the Eastern Cable company here with reference to the improvement of the situation in the Philippines and yesterday to the Commercial Cable company, saying that they had been advised that telegraphic communication with the islands of Panay, Negros and Zebu, Philippine Islands, was temporarily interrupted, which would make speculation as to the cause, show that the cable stations at Panay, Negros and Zebu have been closed since December 27, for the safety of the employes owing to the prevailing unsettled conditions. The officials of the Eastern Cable company do not know at present whether the Americans or the Filipinos are masters of the situation.

They add that the stations will remain closed until a more peaceful situation supervenes.

Sign a Telegraph Line.

Omaha, Jan. 26.—The heavy copper wire recently strung by the Western Union Telegraph company between this city and St. Paul had only been completed a few days when it ceased to work. Linemen sent out from here discovered about a mile of the wire gone and the poles cut down. They climbed the poles and cut the wire at the insulators.

On the Death Roll.

Kansas City, Jan. 26.—Sister Mary Agnes, mother superior of the Sisters of Mercy, died of an complication of diseases. Mary Christine Dunn, was born in Pennsylvania in 1824.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 26.—Hon. Ira S. Hazeltine is dead at his home here of grippe. He was born in Andover, Vt., in 1831; was a member of the Wisconsin state legislature, a delegate to the First Republican National convention, a delegate to the First National Greenback convention and a delegate to Congress as a greenbacker.

New York, Jan. 26.—Henry Bolley is dead at his home in this city at the age of 76 years. He was graduated as a civil engineer at the Rensselaer Polytechnic school, and from 1850 to 1860 took to San Francisco where he surveyed many of the original streets.

Denver, Jan. 26.—Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, who has been here for some time for her health, left for her home in Madison, Wis., today. Mrs. Wilcox has been a long time connected with the Chicago Inter-Ocean, and for years was a leading editorial writer on the paper. She was also a contributor to the Chicago Times-Herald and other Western papers, and was the author of a book of poems, "Poems of Passion," which created a sensation when it first appeared, and which has been followed by several other volumes of poems.

Denver, Jan. 26.—Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, who has been here for some time for her health, left for her home in Madison, Wis., today. Mrs. Wilcox was for many years connected with the Chicago Inter-Ocean, and was a leading editorial writer on the paper. She was also a contributor to the Chicago Times-Herald and other Western papers, and was the author of a book of poems, "Poems of Passion," which created a sensation when it first appeared, and which has been followed by several other volumes of poems.

JOSEPHITES IN THE RING.

They Too, Demand that Utah's Congressman-Elect Shall be Deserted.

St. Louis, Jan. 26.—Members of the Reorganized Church of Latter-day Saints in St. Louis oppose the seating of Congressman-elect B. H. Roberts on the ground that he is a prominent polygamist. At a business session of the church here the question was discussed and a vote was taken resulting in the adoption of the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That it is the wish of this body to go on record as being decidedly opposed to the seating of Brigham H. Roberts, Congressman-elect, from Utah, in the United States Congress, and be it further

"Resolved, That we earnestly require all disciplinary people who believe that the sacrifice of principle should be maintained and protected to use their utmost efforts to see that he is not permitted to occupy a seat in Congress until he shall have complied with the law. And be it further

"Resolved, That we urge our representatives from this district, who shall be present when Utah's case comes before Congress for discussion, to use their utmost efforts to see that right and justice prevail, and that no countenance be given to the polygamist's seat."

Beatty's Nomination Confirmed.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Senate today confirmed these nominations: Joseph H. Choate, of New York, to be ambassador to Great Britain; C. H. Biddlecomb, surveyor of customs, Denver, Colo. H. E. Beatty, surveyor of customs, Utah. Also a number of promotions in the army.

DARING BANK ROBBERY IN ILLINOIS.

Desperados Bind Nightwatchman, Blow Open the Strong Room and Escape.

Arcola, Ills., Jan. 26.—The bank at Arthur, ten miles from here, was robbed of $2,000 early today. The night watchman, who was left in charge, was overpowered the night watchman found and gagged, bound and left him in a back room. The robbers blew open the safe with dynamite, secured the money, made a hasty exit and disappeared in the night. The shock of the bank is largely held by Arcola men, who left today with bloodhounds and a posse of citizens. Officers are alarmed and bloodhounds put on the trail. Telegrams describing the robbers have been sent broadcast.

HAWAIIAN BILL.

An Effort is Being Made to Bring About a Speedy Hearing.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The friends of the Hawaiian bill of the House of Representatives are now making an effort to take it up at an early day, and they express confidence that it will get a hearing before the Senate. The committee some days ago, and Chairman Knox of the committee on territories is quoted as saying that there was some idea that the bill might be taken up this week, but owing to the unfortunate illness of Senator Hoar the understanding that a strong effort would be made next week to get a hearing has been abandoned.

Mr. Knox and Mr. Hill, the latter being one of the Hawaiian commissioners, are now in conference with a view to getting the legislation until the next congress meets. They say also that it is impossible that legislation of some character shall be enacted.

The house chairman, who has been in charge of the bill, is now in Japan on a mission to Hawaii since the annexation, has to consider and that the question of contract labor disposition will be brought into Hawaii and then into the United States. It is thought that the extension of United States immigration restrictions to Hawaii is held to be of more importance than the view is taken as to extending the United States customs and revenue laws to the islands. The bill as it now stands is effected by a special bill, which has already passed the House and is now before the Senate. There is a growing discussion among those interested in the legislation to secure the passage of the bill at an early day and in the event that this is not practicable to secure the enactment of such special features as are most pressing.

AGUINALDO'S ENVOYS.

Three Filipinos Pass Through St. Louis Today En Route to Washington.

St. Louis, Jan. 26.—A Lacoda M. Mary Barrow and J. Lopez, commissioners representing the Aguinaldo government in the Philippine islands, passed twenty minutes in St. Louis today. They arrived at 4 o'clock on the Pacific road footing of the Iron Mountain route and left for Washington, D. C., shortly after, over the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway. Their mission is to persuade Uncle Sam to withdraw his hold on the Philippine islands.

Senor Marti Burgos, a captain on Aguinaldo's staff, acted as spokesman of the party. He said:

"We reached San Francisco December 26th and have since been making sentiment in the United States on the Philippine question. Of the hundreds of leading Americans with whom we have conversed we find the vast majority are opposed to annexation of the islands to this country.

"For 127 years we have been under the yoke of Spanish tyranny. Give us liberty and whatever will be the sacrifice, word of our enemies.

Regarding Hobe Sonor Burgos declined to discuss matters, but said he believe allowing the Americans to take it.

"It is a big city," he said, "and a price that was captured through our own efforts."

Asked if there would be a possible plan mentioned for disposing of the Philippines, a the native Senor Burgos said:

"No, I think not, but we have a proposition under consideration which I cannot make public at this time. We will meet our ambassador Agoncillo in Washington and consult with him before going the President.

Stole to Save His Wife's Life.

New York, Jan. 26.—Louis J. Shore, formerly confidential clerk for Maidel, Price & Weber, embezzler, is a prisoner today, charged with stealing $20,000 from his firm by means of forged checks. He fled from the city in March and not only, leaving his him his young wife, who was threatened with tuberculosis, and it was for her, it is alleged, that he stole.

He secured Europe in search of some place where the climate would help the wife to recover her health, but the place he did not improve. Desperate finally reunited with his wife in the Italian Alps and secured work. His wife was with great care, and few days ago they returned to this city and he was arrested.

WEEK ON THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

Fireman Killed and Several Hurt in a Collision in Texas.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 26.—The southbound limited overtook the Southern Pacific fulfilled collided with an engine at La Coste, 28 miles west of here, at an early hour this morning. Abense Miller, fireman of the engine, was killed, and Robert Nicholson, engineer, was badly injured in the wreck. The baggage was badly shaken up, but contained no serious injury.

ENDEAVORERS IN POLITICS.

Leader of the Christian Society Undertakes to Instruct His Followers

Regarding Their Attitude as Christian Endeavorers as to Imperialism or National Expansion.

Boston, Jan. 26.—President F. E. Clarke, D. D., of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, has undertaken to advise the Endeavorers on certain principles to be considered in determining the attitude of the members of the society as to imperialism or national expansion. President Clarke says:

"The great questions involved are not whether expansion will increase our resources or commerce, but whether it will involve a great standing army and a vast navy, and whether it will increase our national prestige and importance, not whether it will involve a strict or liberal interpretation of the Constitution, but whether it will involve the abolishing of the Monroe doctrine, but whether or not imperialism will enable America better to perform its mission among the great nations of the world as a civilizing, uplifting and christianizing force."

In entering upon the matter, President Clarke then says:

"On this subject there is room for decided differences of opinion. We should be sorry to see Christian Endeavor or national greatness when certain advocates of imperialism would angle for our support. We should be sorry not out of our duty by the third desire to some who date not attempt great things for God and country.

The events of the past eight months have given America a special mission to perform. We have taken place upon the Philippines. And now the question is, how can we best perform it?

We cannot, we do not, we care anywhere where we were a year ago. The boom of Dewey's guns in Manila and Hobson's ship at Santiago will never cease to echo. We have a peculiar duty to all those twelve millions of people who have taken us free and begged our protection and guidance.

"Can we most quickly elevate these people? Can we most fit them for the ranks of the civilized Christian nations? Is retreating them, or by contracting them to be left to shift for themselves, or to share by fostering them and protecting them for a little until they are able to stand alone, the best way to do it? Or, shall we, in our ignorance, not know?

"That, it seems to me, is the great question of the day so far as our duty to our new wards is concerned.

"If this question is not settled so that it will be settled, 'till the end of the day for America. If it is settled right, it will not only bring noted blessings to the Philippines, but it will follow and the South Seas, but it will bring a new era to the world, and it will be a great day for Christ and for the world. Let us pray that God may guide our rulers in the affairs with the affairs of another nation, even to the point of war, but let us pray that God may guide our rulers for the elevation and advancement of a weak and downtrodden people