This paper is the Tribune of Today, the Evening paper is the Deseret of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock EDITION.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

No. 58. TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1894. SALT LAKE CITY UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

EVENTS OF THE DAY.

Cullom, in the House, Makes an Appeal to Southern Members.

DR. HEINZ OF PANAMA CANAL FAME

Given from Mexico—The Condition of Mr. Childs.—Revolvers and Knives at a Dance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The House at once resumed the tariff debate. Cullom, Dem., of New York, continuing his attack on the bill. He declared the bill sectional; reminded the Southern members that Northern Democrats united with them to defeat the force bill and asked them to return the compliment by assisting in the defeat of this sectional measure.

UTAH'S ADMISSION.

It Will Not Be Delayed More Than a Few Weeks

THE DESERET NEWS BUREAU, 10 H Street, S. E.

Special to the News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29, 8:05 p.m.—[Special.]—The House is busily engaged in debating the income tax. The Senate is slowly grinding on the election bill.

Senator Faulkner, chairman of the committee on territories subcommittee on Utah, says that Utah's bill will pass the Senate and have a majority of Democratic votes.

Senator White, of California, confirms Faulkner's statement. If any policy of restriction is to be applied to any of the territories it will be found impossible to apply it to Utah; neither does it seem likely that there can be more than a few weeks' delay.

C. H.

A Pioneer Settler Dead.

Special Dispatch to the News.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 29.—The mail from Lander brings the news of the death of Dr. James Irwin, one of the first settlers of Wyoming, at that place on the 21st inst. Dr. Irwin was born at Bellonte, Pennsylvania, July 23, 1817. He served during the war as an army surgeon. Dr. Irwin came to Cheyenne on the first passenger train that ever ran into the town in 1868, where he opened a hospital which he ran for several years. In 1871 he was appointed Indian agent and assigned to the Shoshone and Bannock agency at Camp Brown, now the township of the city of Lander. He served in that capacity at different Indian agencies in the West until 1884, when he was compelled to retire on account of ill health. Since that time he has made his home in Lander.

SILVER BULLION.

The First Shipment from New Smelters in Mexico.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Jan. 29.—The first shipment of silver bullion from the new Valardeña smelters, Alvarado, Durango, Mexico, passed through here yesterday enroute to the refining works at Omaha, Nebraska. The shipment consists of twelve carloads. The smelters at Valardeña now blown in, yield a car load of bullion daily.

Appointed Indian Agent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Lieutenant J. Wilson, of the Tenth United States cavalry has been detailed agent at Crow agency, Montana, vice W. H. Wyman, removed.

To Issue Patents.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—At the instance of Senator Carey, Wyoming, the commissioner of the general land office has ordered examined all lists of application for patents for lands on the part of the Union Pacific railroad which have been sold in Wyoming, to the end that patents may be issued. These lands have in some instances been transferred several times, and final payments have been made to the Union Pacific. The company has complied with all requirements, including the payment of fees and surveying obligations. It appears that there have been patents issued to the company on lands in Wyoming since 1869. There are to be issued a million acres of land to settlers, all in the hands of settlers. Carey is very confident that the issuance of patents will soon follow the proposed examination.

Childs So Better.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 29.—Childs's condition is unchanged.

Dancing, Whiskey and Blood.

GUERNSEY, Ark., Jan. 29.—News has just been received of a free for all fight with revolvers and knives at a country dance last Saturday night at the house of James Forbes, near Alwen, Clark county. The fight grew out of the free indulgence in a half barrel of whisky. Sidney Jones was cut to ribbons, Chas. Ross and Sam Powell were killed, Walker Jones and Sam Jones were probably fatally wounded and several others were more or less seriously cut or shot.

The Czar's Condition.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—The czar is somewhat better, though his rest was disturbed by coughing. His temperature this morning was a fraction over 100.

Relief.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Bell bequeste patent expired today.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

Mrs. Henry Harrison Taylor, Nineteenth Ward.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 29.—Colonel Wm. Henry Harrison Taylor, for the past seventeen years state librarian of Minnesota, died this morning after a lingering illness, aged 81. He was private secretary of President Wm. Henry Harrison, and married one of the President's daughters to whom he was related as second cousin. He served with distinction in Clark's cavalry during the war of the Rebellion.

IN THE MINING DISTRICT.

Everything Quiet, but Some Excitement Still Felt.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., Jan. 29.—Everything in the mining district remained perfectly quiet during the night. There is no doubt, however, that grounds still exist for excitement, judging by the sullenness of the men, and it will be necessary to maintain the present force of deputies on guard for some time, to prevent a renewed outbreak.

Cotton Mills Destroyed.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A dispatch from Oldham says the Rye Mill company's cotton mills of eight thousand spindles have been destroyed by fire. The loss is half a million dollars.

WILD RUMORS FROM RIO.

An Engagement Between the U. S. Warships and the Insurgents.

The Rebel Admiral Da Gama Reported Captured—A Critical Turn of Affairs.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 29.—It is reported here that the affairs at Rio Janeiro are in a most critical situation. Heavy firing is reported. It is said that the United States war vessels have been engaged, with the result, according to one report, that Admiral Da Gama has surrendered; according to another, that he has withdrawn his ships from Rio bay. The reports have not been confirmed, but there seems to be no doubt that serious events are happening there and that the American admiral has taken energetic steps to protect American interests.

The latest reports say Da Gama is a prisoner in the hands of Peixoto; it is also reported that an insurgent man-of-war fired on the American fleet.

A DEPARTURE TO ROTHSCHILD.

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WHAT IS KNOWN IN WASHINGTON.

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NOT GRANTED.

Sovereign's Application Refused by the Court.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Judge Cox, of the District supreme court, this morning declined to grant the application of the Knights of Labor to compel Secretary Carlisle to show cause why he should not be enjoined from issuing fifty millions bonds as proposed.

A Dividend Declared.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The comptroller of currency has declared the first dividend of 20 per cent for the creditors of the insolvent Livingston National bank, Livingston, Montana.

In Favor of the Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—In a suit brought by the government to test the legality of the trust form of incorporation of the big refineries, Judge Butler today decided in favor of the trust as to the case in test. It is believed an appeal to the Supreme Court will be taken.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

The Concussion Felt for a Distance of Nine Miles.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Jan. 30.—This morning the new Cloverport boiler in a portable mill exploded, killing the foreman and fatally injuring another. The explosion was caused by running cold water into the overheated boiler. The engineer between the explosion and urged the by-standers to run, but they thought it a joke. The concussion was plainly felt in this city, a distance of nine miles.

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CLOSING THE END.

Crowds Gathered to See the Anarchist Vaillant.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Great crowds gathered this morning facing the prison Roquette, where Vaillant is confined and to which he is expected to emerge for execution. The authorities are taking most stringent measures to maintain order.

DR. HERIZ INTERVIEWED.

Startling Revelations to the Panama Scandal Promised.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—During an interview with Dr. Heriz, who fled to England to escape the consequence of his connection with the Panama canal frauds, he stated that unless his extradition can be arranged by tomorrow, he will publish all documents in his possession. Startling revelations are expected to case this to be done.

An Ogden Suicide.

At 4:30 yesterday (Monday) afternoon the dead body of John W. Martin was found in his room in the Weston residence on Lincoln avenue.

In the room were also found a letter and a small box which had contained morphine. The letter was dated Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock and stated "I have suffered for three years with what the doctors call insomnolenia. There seems to be no hope for my recovery, so I take this mode of ending my suffering. This is premeditated. I hope it will be successful."

The deceased was veteran railway man and acted in the capacity of conductor on the Union Pacific, Rio Grande Western and Southern Pacific. He was divorced from his wife in Ogden four or five years ago. He had a brother in Indiana who was notified of the suicide.

GOOD ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN.

A Lasting Lesson Taught To a Street Car Conductor Today By An Old Lady.

There was a very interesting and in some respects an instructive incident on a street car on one of the principal thoroughfares of the city today. An aged lady, burdened with bundles and packages after exerting herself to the utmost managed to get on to the step and then the platform before entering the car. The conductor offered no assistance and as she took her seat in the corner near the door she gave a knowing wink to the passengers, and then turned towards the conductor and said sharply, "You young sprigs have a good deal to learn some of you don't appear to think you will ever get old, but you will. Had I been a strong, strapping young chap like you nothing would have pleased me more than to have got down off that platform and insisted a lady to get aboard. Had I been a raiden with a painted face and linsseys covered with lamps you would have got right down in the mud to help me. But, my boy, I am an old woman sooner or later—with gray hairs and textile and you allow me to help myself. Now don't let the next old lady who rises on your car do the same thing."

Then the aged passenger turned to the people in the car and in a modified tone added: "I'll warrant that that boy will do his duty in the future." When the car stopped for the old lady to get off five or six blocks further along, the conductor got down into the road alongside of his entire, and gravely assisted her on to the ground after which he handed her the packages she had temporarily left on one of the seats, doffed his cap, and to the astonishment of all said smilingly, "I'll remember."

Entertainment.

A variety entertainment will be given in the Twentieth Ward meeting house tomorrow evening, for ward purposes. An excellent program has been arranged.

A Suit For Slander.

The arguments in the slander suit brought by R. W. McAllister against Henry Alderson are in progress in Commissioner Greenman's court this afternoon. The evidence closed late yesterday. This is the case in which the plaintiff charges Alderson with having accused him of stealing wood, and for which he claims $200 as damages.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE CHINESE SONG.—Legouix's one act opera, spun out into a charming hour and a half musical drama by the re-edited and interpolating it has undergone, was presented before a large and hilarious audience in the Eighteenth ward hall last night. The hall is in fact a very little theater, with stage, scenery, footlights and electric appliances enough for the production of a dressy affair like that of last night, and the audience, attracted by the strength of the names in the cast, was composed of many of the first-nighters seen at the Theater. The opera made a big hit, and the success were alike numerous and enthusiastic; the work of the principals in the Robin Hood quartette and the chimes of Normandy quintette was thoroughly artistic, and with Messrs. Weihe and Krouse furnishing the accompaniment, the whole ensemble was one that it would be difficult to equal.

Mr. Spencer has done nothing better in the burlesque line since he did Ko Ko, than his Sheemtsee; Mr. Young was very effective in his intense part; these two of course carried the weight of the opera so far as acting goes. Mrs. Woolcroe and Miss Winslow dressed in a style half spanish, half Italian and altogether charming, played the two heroines in most captivating style, and it goes without saying that they made everything possible of their music; Miss Winslow's natural and graceful acting was a special surprise, and she, Mrs. Woolcroe and Mr. Spencer had a big recall after their little duets. Mr. Fyfe looked the Romeo and sang like Mario; his music was admirably done. Mr. Wentworth and Mr. Clawson were good in smaller parts. Mr. Krouse conducted with all his dash and vigor, and he and Mr. Weihe made an excellent orchestra. The opera was preceded by a delightful one of four numbers, in which Mr. Robinson won a recall for his fine rendering of Molloy's Thursday; Mr. Wells showed his powers in the dialect line by reading a very funny Scotch piece; Miss Babcock rendered the beautiful Ave Dallons in a dreamy accompaniment by violin and piano, winning a most hearty and deserved recall, and Mr. Allanson treated the audience to fifteen minutes of his clever sahl bitters of legerdemain.

The whole program will be given again for charity tonight. In the afternoon this evening will be Governor West, Chief Justice Merritt, Judge Henderson and wife, and Judge R. W. Smith and wife, the guests of Hon. F. S. Richards and wife.

THE BLACK FLAG will be put on for the aid of the big charity fund tomorrow night, and the sale of seats is now going forward. The entire proceeds will be turned over to the fund, and it is hoped that the net amount will not be less than that yielded by the Tabernacle concert, which was about $900. Mr. Dow, the clever director of the piece, says the rehearsals are progressing famously.

THE NEW COUNTY.

The Bill to Create Carbon County Passes the House.

CONTEST FOR THE COUNTY SEAT.

The Bill to Lease School Lands—Bills on Third Reading in the Council.

Yesterday afternoon the bill creating Carbon county came up on third reading. Pigman offered a substitute for the first section, which, as originally drawn, fixed the county seat at Price. The substitute provided that Price should be the county seat temporarily, but that an election should be held to determine its permanent location.

Powers opposed the substitute and supported the bill as reported by the committee. He described the rivalry between Helper and Price for the county seat, and the advantages of the latter. He referred to some resolutions bearing upon the locality of county seats, mentioned to a law of Congress, but thought they did not apply to counties being newly created.

Tolles thought the Legislature had the right to fix the seat of a county being newly created, and favored Price. He called attention to the law which allowed the voters of the new county, by an election, to remove the county seat, if a sufficient majority of them so desired.

Stanford opposed Pigman's substitute, and favored Price as the seat of the county. Hatch, a member of the committee on counties, said the committee had heard many parties interested, had considered the petitions bearing upon the subject, and had thoroughly investigated the whole matter. At least two members of the committee had voted the proposed new county, and were thoroughly posted regarding it. The whole committee thought Price the proper place for the county seat.

Pears said he had secured the substitute in order that it might be discussed, but was willing to accept the report of the committee. Johnson favored the substitute, on the ground that a majority of the voters of the new county ought to be allowed to fix its seat. If the bill passes as reported by the committee, it will take a two-thirds vote to change the county seat.

Varian asked how the creation of the new county would affect the old county of Emery. He wanted to know if the property of the present county of Emery would be taken up by the new county? He cared nothing about the amendment, but should not vote for the bill until shown the necessity for the new county.

McKay, chairman of the committee reporting the bill, explained the need for the new county, and that the present county in Emery county, would be about equally divided. There would be practically no opposition to the new county, all contributory being confined to the location of the county seat. Neither said there are several counties having a smaller revenue than that of Emery cut in halves, and Hatched read the names of counties having a smaller revenue than the new one would have.

Pigman's substitute was lost, and the bill passed the House by a vote of 23 to 2, Varian and Pigman voting the negatives.

The petition introduced in the House by Tolles this afternoon, bears a remarkable number of signatures, covering a remarkable extent of country, considering its subject. It asks to have a piece of land, about five miles long, leading southward from Milford, put in good condition. The signatures are those of residents in Beaver, Garfield, Iron, Wayne and Washington counties, and the reason why the interest in it is so widespread is because almost the entire traffic of southern Utah passes over that piece of road, which crosses a swampy or marshy piece of land, and is often the scene of mired wagons. It is scarcely possible that there can be objection to putting that piece of road in order.

COUNCIL.

Yesterday afternoon a large number of bills passed the stage of second reading and were referred to appropriate committees. The House spent hour and a half on third reading, but final action was postponed until Friday next.

The Council bill relating to county clerks, their deputies, salaries, etc., was discussed, but went back to the committee with instructions to correct some illegal deficiencies.

The bill to require the judge to charge the jury before the arguments are made was discussed and recommitted. It was also the motion bill.

C. B. 10, to provide for the maintenance of illegitimate children, was considered and made special order for today.

C. B. 19, relating to serving summonses, was passed. S allows summonses to be served by a private person, in certain cases, and t intended to save costs.

C. B. 12, amending to probate procedure act, was made special order for today. It relates to disbursements by guardians and the management of property in their hands.

C. B. 8, relating to justices of the peace in cities, was passed. It allows them fees in civil cases, in addition to their salaries.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

After the close of the NEWS report yesterday, H. B. 44, enabling county courts to lease school lands, came up. Allen asked if any county courts had refused to lease school lands. Stanford replied that many of them had taken no steps to do so. Tolles explained that the rules to govern the leasing of school lands had not been included the county court of the county, which was the reason it had stranded.

The bill was debated some length and passed.

H. B. 57, to protect enlojes in their claim for wages, rap on advice by the judiciary committee, came up on third reading and was lost.

A journal.

TODAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

COUNCIL.

Claims of H. C. Steele were presented and referred.

H. B. 44, relating to school lands was filed for second reading.

H. B. 57, relating to county of Carbon was filed for second reading.

H. J. M. 5, relating to wool was filed for second reading.

J. E. Booth presented a petition from the board of education of Provo city. Referred to committee on education.

C. B. 37, fixing the rate of legal interest came up. The majority report of the committee was adverse. Taylor presented a minority report stating the passage of the bill and setting forth reasons why he thought it should be passed. The majority report was adopted and the bill killed.

Confirmation on claims reported allowing the claims of Hall and McDonald. The claim of John Morris & Co. was allowed. The claim of D. H. Peery Jr. was in part allowed.

Eldridge gave notice that he would call up for consideration the report of the joint committee on public printing. It was ordered that four extra copies relating to the election of J. H. Rice as public printer, be laid on the table. Adopted.

HOUSE.

Opening exercises.

A number of claims and petitions were introduced without their subjects being announced.

The joint printing committee reported back the communication previously read in the House, relating to the election of J. H. Rice as public printer.

The committee on enrollment reported that the lead and silver memorialists and the contingent expense bill had been sent to the Governor.

Hatch, from the committee on elections, reported favoring Johnson's salary bill, with amendments. This bill radically revises the present law relating to salary actions and damages done by them, and is quite long. The amendments offered by the committee were merely verbal.

H. B. 16, attaching part of San Juan county to Grand, came up on the adverse report of the committee, who thought not enough revenue would be left to San Juan county to support a county government. The bill was lost.

H. B. 24, providing for the establishment of free employment offices, and the gathering of labor statistics, by the secretary of the Territory, came up on third reading. Allen spoke in favor of the bill, said it was virtually a transcript of a law of Ohio, where it had been found to work well. He dwelt on the evils of private employment agencies, and asserted that some of them, in this city, had been slow to provide female for house of ill fame.

With little debate the bill passed upon a vote of 29 to 1.

NOTES.

So many bills are being introduced and referred to committees, that the latter have plenty of work to do.

Pending the reading of the minutes this afternoon, the sergeant-at-arms of the House was, on motion of Allen, instructed to see to it that the hall in which the House sat was properly warmed.

Members and committees still labor under great disadvantage consequent upon the printing muddle. Public documents, such as the auditor's and treasurer's reports, etc., which ought long ago to have been printed, still exist in manuscript form only.

Mr. Stephens, who is the prime mover of the proposition to encourage, by a bounty, the production of the sugarine plant, for making molasses, is now pushing the matter just now, and probably will see before the financial state of the Territory is laid before the Assembly.

GOLDSMITH AND COMPANY.

Suits on Attachments Continue to Pour in Thick and Fast.

Attachments aggregating over $60,000 were filed against Goldsmith & Co., the North Main street clothiers, yesterday, says the Butte, Montana Miner, of the 20th inst. The establishment is now in the hands of the sheriff. The first suit was filed early in the morning by W. A. Clark & Bro. for $6,336, overdraft account. About noon Corbett & Wellcome filed suit for Herman, Hidelberg & Co., a New York wholesale house, for claims aggregating $8,284.91, for merchandise and money loaned, for which they hold promissory notes amounting to $2,000.18. Affidavit was made by the New York concern that Goldsmith & Co. were disposing of property subject to execution for the purpose of defrauding creditors, and therefore the writs were asked for by the sales was the course in the suit. The paper filed alleged that between January 1st, 1893, and January 26th, 1894, defendants contracted to plaintiff for $1,305.44, money loaned, and $5,495.05 for goods furnished.

Herman, Hidelberg & Co. also hold the following notes against the concern: Due January 29, 1894, $3,515.30; due February 23rd, $2,001.13; due February 10th, $5,000; due February 19th, $5,000; due March 8th, $5,000; due March 15th, $4,000; due April 16th, $5,000; due May 2nd, $5,000.

About the same time Edna Siegel, manager for Goldsmith, filed suit for salary due and money loaned, the total amount being $10,000. Mrs. Rachel Siegel filed suit on the same grounds, aggregating $6,000. The Inter-Mountain Publishing company brought in a claim for $600 for advertising, and J. Oppenheimer entered suit against L. Goldsmith personally for his certain notes of $500 and $500 respectively.

The attachment was a genuine surprise, as the firm of Goldsmith & Co. was regarded as a sound institution financially. The firm house was one of the oldest clothing houses in the city and had always done a good business.

SOME OF THEM HERE.

In addition to the attachment suits filed against Goldsmith & Co. in the Third District court, as mentioned in the NEWS of yesterday, the following new suits have to be entered:

[illegible]	$ [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]