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THE NEW POLITICAL MOVEMENT.

The movement in this city to organize an political party lines, is the talk of the town. The opinion that the time has come for it seems to be almost universal among those citizens who are active interest in political affairs.

Of course, the clique that has been a standing block in the way of Utah's progress for years, is in a flutter. The intimation that disfranchisement should never be inflicted upon any citizen "except for crime whereof he shall have first been duly convicted," a shocking to the feelings of those agitators who have plotted for the disfranchisement of all persons who are members of a certain Church, solely on account of that membership. They desire the political death of thousands of citizens who have never violated law and who have sworn not to violate it in future. They also advocate the denial of citizenship to law obeying aliens simply on a test of their Church membership.

Any political document, therefore, whether it come from Democrats or Republicans, Prohibitionists or Farmers' Alliance men, which repudiates their fanatic sentiments and un-American measures, is sure to meet with scorn and sarcasm and to misrepresented as to its purposes and supporters.

If the time has really come for the citizens of Salt Lake to drop their local strifes and gravitate to the political centres which have for them the greatest attraction, the jibes and covert threats of those disappointed persons should have no weight with sensible Republicans or thoughtful Democrats. The permanent good of this Territory and its evolution into a great and loyal State, ought to be of such overshadowing importance as to make the claims of a selfish clique entirely insignificant.

There seems to be a difference of opinion among Republicans here as to the proper course for them to pursue in view of this movement of the Democrats. At the risk of misinterpretation of our motives, we will say that it appears to us only self-preservative for the Republicans to announce where they stand on the issues presented by their political opponents, so that the masses of Utah who are halting between two opinions may be able to determine intelligently which national party claims their best support.

We repeat what we have said before. Every citizen should be free to elect where his party fealty shall be given. His country demands his full duty and fidelity. This is not open to question. As to this, there is no room for doubt. But party claims are open to debate. National politics have figured to so small an extent compared with local difference that many intelligent men, old as well as young, are not fully persuaded in their own minds as to the national party which has the strongest claims to their support.

Perfect frankness and freedom in the discussion of principles distinctive of each party, and in their adoption or rejection, must be encouraged and maintained. We can say, in all candor, that this will be the spirit in which we desire to approach this subject, and which we are sure will prevail among those with whom we are associated, religiously and otherwise.

"MORMON" POLITICAL LIBERTY.

No matter what its opponents and maligners may say, the genius of "Mormonism" is the spirit of liberty. It upholds the freedom of man. It declares that the Constitution was written under Divine guidance by men whom God raised up for the purpose "that every man may act in doctrine and principle according to the moral agency which He has given unto them."

There is nothing coercive in the system. It forges no fetters for the soul. It has no chains for the conscience. It binds no man in either religious or political bonds. It enjoins reflection. It encourages thought. It requires education. It urges freedom while it promotes unity. Compulsory union is foreign to its whole purpose and tendency. Intelligent understanding of what is right in principle and what is best for community is the only uniting force it seeks to exercise.

It is so in religion. It advises it in politics. Its only political command is this: "Honest men and wise men should be sought for diligently, and good men and wise men ye should observe to uphold." That is all. The Church does not claim power over the State. It seeks no organic alliance with the State. It declares nothing as to party. It issues no edict as to candidates. It gives no order as to votes.

The liberty it demands for its members is the liberty it accords to others. Civil and religious freedom within the limits of constitutional law, is futile to call to the "Mormon" system. And while its votaries break neither the laws of God nor of their country, the Church will do nothing as to their fellowship. It will not attempt in any way to infringe upon their liberty to adopt the political views of any party and to support at the polls any political candidate.

We say this simply because of misrepresentation and consequent misunderstanding among many persons on this subject. There are strong Republicans in the Church as well as pronounced Democrats. Some of each party occupy very responsible positions in the Church. That makes no difference as to their ecclesiastical standing or influence. When the time has fully come for local issues to be realized up in national questions and measures, each will act upon his own views as to party and that will be without reference to his religious faith and his religious duties.

The people of Utah are devoted to the cause of good government. The differences between some of them and the country have been settled by their concession to the will of the majority. There ought to be nothing now in the way of a united movement of the whole people of this Territory towards that grand position which Utah should occupy as an integral part of this glorious Union of States.

A RELIGIOUS LESSON FROM A QUESTIONABLE SOURCE.

The New York *Mail and Express* of the 6th inst., contains a leading article, which, to say the least, is of a character quite uncommon for the columns of an American newspaper of these times. It is headed "Okay God," and opens by reference to a passage from the Bible which appears at the top of the same column. The following is the text in question:

"At what instant I shall speak concerning a nation, and concerning a kingdom, to pluck up and to break down and to destroy it; if that nation, concerning which I have spoken, turn from their evil, I will repent of the evil that I thought to do unto them. And at what instant I shall speak concerning a nation, and concerning a kingdom, to build and to plant it; if it do evil in my sight, that it obey not my voice, then I will repent of the good, wherewith I said I would benefit them."

The pious editor of the *Mail and Express* commends the study of this passage to the National Commissioners and to the Board of Directors of the Chicago Columbian Exposition, who, he says, "are put to the test by the proposition submitted to the American Sabbath Union, that the gates of the Fair shall be closed on the Sabbath, and that they shall immediately announce that decision."

This august body are promised a judgment unless they shall conform to the Fourth Commandment, and it is to be in the shape of "a continuance of the querulous and paralyzing counsels that have afflicted their body, and the pestilence that have afflicted the city of Chicago."

They are also threatened with a financial disadvantage, in the following terms:

"They may also expect that the Christian people of these United States will both refrain from sending exhibits to the Exhibition, and also from attending the Exhibition themselves; which will inflict a very severe loss upon them financially and greatly detract from the beauty, variety and completeness of the Exhibition."

This is followed by a promise, in case of obedience, and the putting of an important interrogatory:

"If the Commissioners and Directors will immediately resolve, and so announce to the world, that the gates of the Fair shall be closed upon Sundays, and themselves keep that law individually, they may expect to see a cessation of the pestilences with which so many of them and the city of Chicago have been visited; and that the wonted health of the people will be harmonized and greatly strengthened till it shall pervade all classes of the people, throughout the whole United States, in favor of making that Fair far surpass anything of the kind ever before known to the world.

"God eternally reposts to nations the law which He put to the Hebrews by the Prophet Elijah on Mount Carmel, and He now calls aloud in thunder tones by His Providence, in every sky which looms the human vision in all parts of these United States,

"Which is God? Is your idol, Baal, Gold? Or, is God the Lord Almighty, Glorious and Blessed for ever?

"The Battles were slain.

"History repeats itself."

An effort to induce people to conform to the Divine will is commendable. He has always favored the keeping of the Sabbath day sacredly by all professing Christians, while it is a mark of the true gentleman and gentlewoman who may not to religiously inclined, to conform as far as practicable to assure the breach of which is painful to a large class of the population. We have regretted the encroachments upon the Sabbath that have gradually obtained a foothold in this community during the last few years, and that the present city government has taken no small part in promoting the undesirable change.

It would have been more satisfactory, however, if the lesson which has been read and the admonition given to the rulers of the Columbian Exposition had emanated from a more consistent source than the editor of the New York *Mail and Express*. He has heavy stress upon a portion of the divine law, while he has frequently shown an utter disregard of a divine obligation upon which the law and the prophets hang, being the fundamental basis of the life of the true Christian:

"Love the Lord thy God with all thy might, mind and strength, and thy neighbor as thyself."

A man's neighbors are the human race. But we know that this very religious editor of the New York daily we have quoted exclaims at least one class of people from this category—the "Mormons." Yet God has never signified that he favored any such exception, but very much the contrary.

This pious journalist has enlisted no Republicans in the South as well as pronounced Democrats. Some of each party occupy very responsible positions in the Church. That makes no difference as to their ecclesiastical standing or influence. When the time has fully come for local issues to be realized up in national questions and measures, each will act upon his own views as to party and that will be without reference to his religious faith and his religious duties.

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MR. STANLEY'S PROFITS.

Mr. H. M. Stanley is making large profits out of his experience on the "Dark Continent." His lecturing tour in the United States began on November 11th and ended April 4th. His share in the result amounted to twenty-two thousand pounds, or a hundred and ten thousand dollars, which he carried with him when he left New York for England. Beyond a two months' lecturing course in Europe, the noted explorer is said to have no definite plans for the future. At the rate at which he makes money he will have no difficulty in soon becoming a millionaire.

A great many sour things are constantly being published about Mr. Stanley. It is particularly insisted that he indulges in "drawing the long bow" in reference to his African experiences and exploits. But the fact cannot be covered up that his achievements constitute a marvel, although some of them may be largely due to the super-abundance of audacity which characterizes the distinguished traveler. He is a strong character widely separated from the common herd, and that fact alone is sufficient to attract the malice of the envious as well as to make him the objective point of popular plaudits.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

Dunn & Co., in their trade report for the week ending May 2, 1891, state that business is large in volume, and sustained by general confidence as to the future. It is regarded as an encouraging symptom that the market for breadstuffs has broken, and that wheat has fallen 8 cents a bushel within a week, oats 2 cents, and corn 1½ cents. The failure of old "Hutch," of Chicago, removes from the market one disturber of legitimate trade. Wheat and flour exports from Atlantic ports continue far behind those of last year, and while reports of foreign crop prospects are not favorable, there is really no reason to anticipate any shortage or unusual demand from abroad, prior to the close of the current crop year.

Business in Boston is reported good, though wool sales are comparatively smaller. At Chicago flour receipts are smaller than a year ago, and grain receipts about the same, but increase appears in cured meats, lard, butter, dressed beef, and about 25 per cent. in wool.

In the western cities trade is reported fair. At Milwaukee it was never better. In Minneapolis flour is dull, but the lumber trade is good. At Louisville, Nashville, Atlanta and St. Louis trade shows marked improvement. The iron trade is in a healthy condition. The woolen manufacture still hesitates, apparently because the producers are inclined to ask higher prices for the new crop of wool than manufacturers can pay, but there is a belief that the consuming demand for goods must be so large this year as ever. The shoe trade is unsettled.

Relating to the money market, the report says:

"There has been some financial irritation during the week, owing to the statements made by Mr. Leach, director of the mint, as if by authority of the treasury department, and the later statement by Secretary Foster has not entirely removed the feeling of apprehension. The treasury has but little money available to meet any emergency in the money market, and has paid out but little during the past week. But gold continues to go to Europe in rather large amounts, and while the collapse in speculation in wheat tends to help exports, it is possibly too late to have much effect at present. Merchandise exports from New York continue much larger than a year ago, but imports are also remarkably large, and there is a prospect of heavy exports of gold for some months to come."

The business failures reported for the week ahead mentioned are in the United States 228 and in Canada 27. For the corresponding week last year there were 183 failures in the United States and 33 in Canada.

The house in which Nathaniel Hawthorne was born, in Salem, is for sale. A number of gentlemen have endeavored to arrange for its purchase, so that it can be preserved, but as the owner asks $10,000 for it they feel discouraged.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

Prince Bismarck is said to have received the news of his election to the Reichstag with great joy.

Boulanger and the Boulangists are accused of being the fomenters of the proposed labor disturbances in France.

The Berlin art exhibition was rather a failure in the absence of French works.

The show of the whole world's newspapers is to be opened in Paris next month.

Embroidery silk comes from China, Japan and Italy, but it is dyed and prepared in England.

A one-hundred-and-four-years-old woman of South Carolina is cutting her fourth set of teeth.

It requires about three thousand pounds of rose leaves to produce an ounce of otto of roses.

Abuse is not argument. Abuse never carried a campaign nor worked a reform in politics or morals.

Forty years ago a New York man married a quarter and put it in circulation. It has just returned to him.

The oldest apple tree in the country is on the old Hamilton place, Wethersfield, Mass., and was planted in 1638.

A colony of Scotch shepherds, with an average of $1,000 apiece, will start from Glasgow soon to locate in North Dakota.

In the case of a man who killed himself recently, an English jury rendered a verdict that the deceased "committed suicide at the instigation of the devil."

One hundred and fifty thousand persons in New York city suffered from grippe during the month of April.

There are at present 209 cases of typhoid fever in Chicago. The number suffering from lung and chest troubles is alarming.

"What is the best cure for insomnia?" asked a sufferer. Up to the present time sleep seems to be the only reliable cure that has been invented.

Some one recently tried to prove that a man was insane because he had been overheard talking to his dog. It is lucky for him that no one overheard him talking to his baby.

The Chilian insurgents have set up a provisional government of their own and have created a minister of the interior and public works, a minister of foreign affairs, one for justice, one for finance and one for war and marine.

American law may bring Pretty Horses, as a nuisance, but the Indian sense of justice will regard him as a warrior who killed an armed enemy who obtruded in time of war into a hostile camp.

The steamship companies engaged in bringing passengers to the United States must give a $1000 bond as a guarantee that undesirable immigrants will be supported at the Barge office at their expense, while being investigated.

"Herbert Spender, the English philosopher, is confined to his room by the influenza." So says a London dispatch. The fact is Herbert has the grippe, and there is no use in trying to conceal a disease by giving it a high sounding name.

Premier Stambuloff of Bulgaria is said to have subjected to the torture and kept in a dungeon several prisoners accused of complicity in the Bulgarian assassination conspiracy. Stripped to the waist, strung up to a beam and flogged into insensibility, they suffered much.

An Indian woman is illuminating the streets of Buffalo in a garb that puts the spring flowers to shame. A yellow hat trimmed with pink, a red petticoat, a pink calico dress, a bright green shawl, white hose and a blue parasol are among some of the more quiet hues of her costume.

The discovery of an enormous underground reservoir of water in the midst of the Sahara desert will undoubtedly develop trade and travel throughout that region. Explorations have also shown that there are large portions of the Sahara which are really capable of cultivation, and after a time it may be effaced from the map.

J. Henry Knott and his wife Hannah lived together in a small Pennsylvania town for thirty years, and in all that time never exchanged a word. Now Henry has disappeared, but, as the farm is in the wife's name, she has loosened her tongue to call loudly for his return.

Mrs. Besant says that Russia "is the thundercloud of Europe, whose intensity no one can measure, whose tempestuous outbreak no one can prophesy. What the future for Russia will be no one can tell, but the explosion must come, the storm must break, and not only Europe, but the world, waits with anxious interest to see what the end will be."

Miss Grace H. Dodge to the women of Boston upon New York state: "We have our club for young wives, brides and mothers, and if you think you have good times you should hear those young women talk over their children, their husbands and some of their trials of housekeeping. They tell of the delight their husbands feel to have them learn to make an apple dumpling and a real good Irish stew."

Sims Reeves, the famous tenor, will sing his farewell song on May 11, next. He is now verging on 70. His voice is pure and flexible still. He is a total abstainer from all kinds of liquors. He never would sing if he felt unwell. To these facts he attributes the wonderful preservation of his voice and health. He has a son named Hubert, who, it is thought, will succeed him as a vocalist.

George Godfrey, the colored pugilist, was born in Boston. He is now 39 years of age. He entered the prize ring for the first time in 1873. He whipped Joe Lannan, Dominick McCaffrey, George La Blanche and several others. Peter Jackson, the colored Australian pugilist, whipped Godfrey. Kilrain also whipped him a short time ago. Godfrey teaches a boxing school at present in Boston.

The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, a Republican newspaper, says: "Mr. Russell H. Harrison, the President's son, is a young gentleman with an intellect full of nothing visible. He is part owner of a newspaper in New York, and to that newspaper he takes occasion to say very emphatically that Mr. Blaine will not be a candidate for President next year. One of these days it may occur to young Mr. Harrison that his fondest gift to the American people would be a rat.

Mrs. James G. Blaine Jr., is now on a visit to New York. She is consulting her lawyers as to what means can be devised that she can retain her three-year-old son. Young Blaine's mother is very anxious to secure the custody of the boy, while the wife is doing everything in her power to get the child. There is no additional incentive to the lady's visit to New York, and that is to secure personal service, if possible, upon her husband in her coming suit for a divorce. Mrs. Blaine Jr., expressed herself to her friends in this city that she did not so much care for a divorce as she did to gain possession of her child, which she feared would be taken from her.

The whaling schooner *Bullie* was struck by a waterspout while on her way from the West Indies on the morning of April 25, just south of the Bahamas. The sailor caught into the waterspout. Almost before anyone on board was aware of the danger the schooner was caught up and whirled around like a spinning wheel. Her mainmast snapped ten feet below the cap and she heeled over until her port rails were under water. The topmast and mainsail went after the mainmast, the starboard boats floated away in splinters and the iron davits were wrenched from their sockets. Everything movable on deck was swept away. For a moment destruction seemed sure, but the frenzy of the storm soon itself out and when Captain Dyer tumbled on deck the danger was past.

Buckler's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.

There will be a Grand Special Sale

At the Salt Lake Equitable Co-op. early in May. Big Reductions on all goods. Look out for prices, which will follow in a day or two. d

In 1850 "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" were introduced, and their success as a cure for Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

THE INAUGURAL BALL.

Reading Will Have Rosy Bonnets There.—Reduction in Roses.

Reading, the florist, will have a couple of grottoes at the Exposition building on the night of the inaugural ball. There will be a fresh stock of roses, and every flower unused, and parties will be saved the trouble of obtaining their flowers hours in advance of their use.

REDUCTION IN ROSES.

From and after this date and until further notice, he will sell California roses $1 per dozen, eastern roses $1.50 per dozen, Utah roses $2 per dozen.

d&t

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on improved property in Salt Lake City. No delays if security and title are satisfactory. Money is here. Lombard Investment Company, upstairs, corner Main and First South.

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This wonderful Liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating Liniment in the world. It will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Old Sores, Burns, Scalds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest and all inflammation, after all others have failed. It will cure Barbed Wire Cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient for animals. Try it and you will not be without it. Price 25 cents.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. 4tt

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose etc. — Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy in their use. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

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As announced by

Z. C. M. I.

For One Week Only, is now being held, and while it seems impossible to wait upon the multitude who desire to purchase, a little patience will enable the Salesmen to reach as many as possible, and some will probably, after looking around, conclude to

COME TOMORROW!

To all such we tender the assurance that

Our Stock of Decided Bargains

WILL NOT BE EXHAUSTED.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

FOREST DALE.

WE GUARANTEED TO OUR PURchasers, one year ago, that we would give them Rapid Transit Electric Car service. The experience of the past winter has demonstrated that we have the

BEST CAR SERVICE

IN SALT LAKE CITY,

Alike undisturbed by summer's heat and winter's storms. We have

SOLD MORE LOTS

Than any other addition Southeast of Liberty Park contains, and still have some of our Choicest Building Spots left.

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We will not knowingly sell to anyone, rich or poor, liable to make undesirable neighbors.

CALL AND SEE OUR PROPERTY.

We have plenty of conveyances as well as the Electric Car, and shall be pleased to show intending purchasers what we have at any time.

GEORGE M. CANNON,

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