

NEGRO GANG ROBBED GRAVES.

Desecrated Over One Hundred
Final Resting Places.

SOLD BODIES TO COLLEGES.

Revelations Made Are Most Horrible
—Some Cemeteries Were Almost
Empty—Missed Very Few.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 29.—The wholesale robbery of graves in the cemeteries in and about Indianapolis was brought to a close early today by the arrest of a gang of seven negroes. Warrants also were issued today for a prominent physician, the demonstrator of anatomy in a local medical college, in which two stolen bodies were found just 10 days ago, and the white janitor of the college, Rufus Cantrell, one of the negroes, made a complete confession and implicated the others. He said the physician accompanied the negroes on several of the grave-robbing expeditions.

The police say the operations of the gang were on a larger scale than any in the state ever attempted before. Upward of 100 graves, it is said, have been robbed. The detectives say the negroes were armed with shotguns and equipped with horses and wagons and used to do the work. The bodies were sold to different colleges, which used them for winter terms within the last week.

The revelations made, the detectives say, are not only astounding, but horrible. They say that a complete investigation will show that even the graves of Crown hill were desecrated by the gang.

Cantrell said that he and the other negroes visited Mount Jackson cemetery almost every time any one was buried in the place. "We pretty nearly cleaned that place out," he said. "I don't believe that we have missed any body that has been planted there since July."

Cantrell said there were some graves that were not disturbed because the flowers and other articles on top were arranged in such a manner that the gang did not feel confident of restoring the graves to their former appearance.

The negroes under arrest are Walter Daniels, Sol Grady, Sam Martin, Garfield Buckner, William Jones, Rufus Cantrell and Isaac Donnell. All live in Indianapolis. When the negroes were brought into court, all weakened and confessed that they were members of an organized gang of thieves. Mount Jackson, a cemetery just across the river, west of the city, has been left almost empty by the grave robbers.

"Rufus" was the password at the medical college, and when it was uttered by the returning ghoul, the doors of the college were always opened without question. The statement that Crown Hill, one of the best-guarded cemeteries in the United States, has been invaded by the gang has caused indignation. One

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased. Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Robbed a Mail Carrier.
St. Louis, Sept. 29.—Jerry Kaehler, copier, and William Pickles and William League, employees of the city registrar's office, and Jerry Creighton, were arrested this afternoon by federal officers on the charge of robbing Oscar Koelling, a mail carrier, of registered matter and letters valued at \$3,000 on the night of Dec. 17, 1901. The robbery was committed in the hallway of the postoffice annex, the old postoffice building at Third and Olive streets.

Was a Combine on Beef Prices.
St. Louis, Sept. 29.—When the beef trust inquiry was resumed today Chas. Klein, manager of the A. Laux Contracting company, testified that for three years a combination existed between all local packers and the "Big Four" for the regulation of prices. He said that the combination went out of existence last May after Atty.-Gen. Grove began suits for the violation of the anti-trust law.

Mine Owners Sued.

Boston, Sept. 29.—Papers in the suit brought by Boston men against the anthracite mine owners were served by a deputy sheriff today on William T. D. Trevis, commissioner of corporations, who holds powers of attorney given by the Philadelphia & Reading road, the Philadelphia & Reading Iron company, the Lehigh Valley railroad and the Pennsylvania. The defendants are commanded to appear before the supreme court at Boston the first Monday of November next. Under the rules of the court the defendants have 30 days in which to answer the bill.

TRIBUTES TO ZOLA'S MEMORY

Figaro Calls Him the Last of
France's Great Writers.

ESTIMATES ON PARTY LINES

The Libre Parole Denounces Him as
Insulting to National Flag—The
Aurore Glorifies Him.

Paris, Sept. 29.—Emile Zola, the novelist who gained additional prominence in recent years because of his defense of the Jews and of Capt. Dreyfus, was found dead, in his Paris home, this morning. Asphyxiation, resulting from fumes from a stove in his bedroom, is given as the cause of death. M. Zola and his wife retired at 10 o'clock last night.

Mme. Zola was seriously ill when the room was broken into this morning. At about noon she was removed to a private hospital, where she recovered consciousness for a short time and was able briefly to explain to a magistrate what had happened.

To the magistrate Mme. Zola explained that she woke early this morning with a splitting headache. She awakened her husband. He went to open the window. She saw him rise and attempt to move. He staggered and fell to the floor unconscious. Mme. Zola, therefore unable to give the alarm. Mme. Zola does not know of her husband's death and it is feared she may suffer a relapse when informed of it. It is thought tonight, however, that she will recover.

Death of M. Zola, which only became generally known this afternoon, has caused a great sensation in Paris, and this evening there was a constant stream of callers at the Zola residence. M. Zola's body lies on a divan in the center of the spacious drawingroom of his house, under a canopy of rare and ancient hangings.

It was reported here during the day that there were evidence of suicide in the death of M. Zola. Nothing has so far developed to substantiate this theory, and the statement by Mme. Zola to the magistrate seems to disprove it. No unusual sound was heard from the bedroom during the night. Two little dogs belonging to the Zolas passed the night in their master's bedroom. They were alive this morning.

A druggist, who was the first to arrive at the house, said that M. Zola and his wife, said: "When I entered the bedroom M. Zola was lying partly on the floor. No special odor likely to cause asphyxiation was distinguishable. M. Zola and Mme. Zola did not present exclusive symptoms of asphyxiation. Their faces were contorted and their lips were bloodless, but not violet colored. I think the accident was probably caused by the Zolas inhaling heavy carbonic gas, which lay mainly below the level of the high bed. This would account for Mme. Zola's escape. They were not suffocated on the bed. M. Zola was awakened by the effects of the gas and tried to rise,

CONGRESSMAN WILBER SAYS (To The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., of Columbus, O.)

"Pe-ru-na is All You Claim For It."



Congressman D. F. Wilber, of Oneonta, N. Y., writes:
The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:
Gentlemen:—I have tried your remedy and I have almost fully recovered after the use of a few bottles. I am fully convinced that Pe-ru-na is all you claim for it, and I cheerfully recommend your medicine to all who are afflicted with catarrhal trouble.—David F. Wilber.

Pe-ru-na Preventive and Cure for Colds.
Mr. C. P. Given, Sussex, N. B., Vice President of "The Past-time Boating Club," writes:

"Whenever the cold weather sets in I have for years past been very sure to catch a severe cold which was hard to throw off, and which would leave after-effects on my constitution the most of the winter.

"Last winter I was advised to try Pe-ru-na, and within five days the cold was broken up and in five days more I was a well man. I recommended it to several of my friends and all speak the highest praise for it. There is nothing like Pe-ru-na for catarrhal afflictions. It is well nigh infallible as a cure, and I gladly endorse it."—C. P. Given.

A Prominent Singer Saved From Loss of Voice.

Mr. Julian Weissitz, 175 Seneca street, Buffalo, N. Y., is corresponding secretary of The Sangerist, of New York; is the leading second bass of the Sangerist, the largest German singing society of New York and also the oldest.

but he was seized with vomiting, fainted and fell to the floor, where he was suffocated. Mme. Zola also was overcome by the gas, but to a less degree than her husband.

The commissary of police, who was summoned to the Zola residence, said in his report to the prefect of police that the heating stove was not lighted and there was no odor of gas. It is believed that M. Zola's death was due to accidental poisoning by drugs. Two little dogs found in the bedroom are alive.

In a second report the commissary of police endorsed the medical opinion that M. Zola's death was accidental and due to asphyxiation.

Dr. Leymann, who attended M. and Mme. Zola, is quoted as saying in an interview published this afternoon that the heating stove was still warm when he entered the room.

M. Zola had been resting from literary work since he finished his book called "The Truth," which is being published in serial form in the Aurore. The obituary notices pay tribute to M. Zola's literary talent. The Temps says French letters have suffered a loss which will be keenly felt. The newspapers judge M. Zola's role in the Dreyfus affair according to political bias. M. Zola was born in Paris April 2, 1859.

It is now said that Mme. Zola was informed of the death of her husband before she left her. She at first refused to believe the news and was terribly affected. She did not wish to leave the house, but the physicians finally persuaded her to allow herself to be removed to the hospital.

A large crowd assembled in front of the Zola residence tonight. Among the callers at the house were almost all the literary celebrities of Paris.

The only new facts recorded in the result of the analysis of the blood of M. Zola, which shows the presence of carbonic acid.

Estimates of the deceased novelist generally follow party lines in the judgment of his literary work, although most of the newspapers agree that he was one of the glories of French literature.

The Figaro says: "With Zola disappears the last of our great writers of yesterday. Who will replace them?" The Gaulois says: "Zola died without having had time to recognize and regret the wrong he did France."

The Libre Parole publishes the following: "The insult of our flag dies at the hour when the anti-patriotic campaign, to which he brought his criminal support, ceased to bear its fruit of ruin and shame."

The first page of the Aurore appears in mourning. This paper says that history will certainly glorify M. Zola as the great artisan of the revision of the Dreyfus trial. "Zola is dead, long live Zola."

Library of Congress Appointments.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The librarian of Congress has announced two important appointments to the library service—a chief of the division of manuscripts at a salary of \$3,000, and a chief of the division of music, at a salary of \$2,000.

The new chief of the division of manuscripts is Worthington C. Ford, who was chief of the bureau of statistics of the treasury department from 1893 until 1898, when he became connected with the Boston public library. Mr. Ford's work here will be exclusively with manuscripts. These relate chiefly to American history, a field in which Mr. Ford is already an authority and which he has published a number of valuable writings.

O. T. G. Sommeck, the new chief of the division of music, was born in Jersey City, N. J., in 1873. He took courses in history and theory of music at the University of Heidelberg and was for four years at the University of Munich. Since the education abroad he has been a resident of New York city. He is well known as a writer in American and foreign periodicals on musical subjects and composers, and has been engaged for some time in special research with reference to the history of secular music in the United States.

Theological Convention Closes.

Chicago, Sept. 29.—The seventeenth annual convention of the American section of the Theological society closed last night with an address of "Steps to First Hand Knowledge," by Charles W. Leathbitter of London. Members of the new executive committee of the organization are: Mrs. Kate Buffington Davis, Boston; A. G. Horwood, Toronto; R. A. Burnett, Chicago; Mrs. L. J. Hotelling, San Francisco; and Alexander Fullerton, New York.

VISIT THE OLD HOME IN THE EAST.

In Indiana, Ohio, and western New York and Pennsylvania after the harvest. Very low rates via Erie Railroad, Oct. 3rd to 6th inclusive. Return Nov. 3rd. Particulars by your home ticket agent or H. L. Purdy, T. P. A., Erie Railroad, Chicago, Ill.

THE TREASURY WILL CO-OPERATE

Secretary Shaw Comes to Relief
Of the Money Market.

AID IS THIRTY MILLIONS.

Bond Security Will Hereafter Be Sufficient for Government Deposits—
Secretary Declines to Talk.

New York, Sept. 29.—Secy. of the Treasury Shaw, who was in New York tonight, has issued a statement in which he says that the banks hereafter will not be required to carry a reserve against government deposits secured by government bonds. This will make available tomorrow over \$30,000,000.

Secy. Shaw declined to discuss the financial situation practiced than to say that the treasury department would co-operate as far as possible with the banks in their effort to supply the necessary credit to do the unprecedented amount of business that is taxing railroads and steamship lines, as well as banks, to the utmost.

Mr. Shaw said he had never seen any good reason why banks holding a government deposit secured by government bonds should be required to carry a reserve against it. First, it is a deposit not likely to be called in a time of stringency, and second, if called, the collateral will always sell for cash in excess of the deposit. He has, since he took charge of the treasury, contemplated relieving the banks of this burden.

The controller of the currency agrees with the secretary, and therefore it is announced that hereafter against government deposits secured by government bonds, the treasury has on deposit with various banks scattered throughout the country, from Maine to California, and from Minnesota to New Orleans, in round numbers \$30,000,000, against which the banks have heretofore been compelled to hold more than \$30,000,000 of gold or its equivalent. This decision will reduce the reserve and \$30,000,000 additional credit.

The secretary said he would continue to make deposits of internal revenue and miscellaneous receipts (all available for that purpose) practically a half million per day, as long as the situation required, and if the banks were unable to retain government bonds to secure the same, he would accept the same general class of securities, municipal bonds, etc., as are made available by the laws of the several states for savings banks. By this it is not intended to loan in excess of 65 per cent of the value, and nothing will be accepted that has not been previously tried and proven salable for cash on call. He said he should, of course, determine each case by itself. The secretary further said he would accept security of the class described above, for a portion of the deposit held by each bank now holding a government deposit, and release enough 2 per cent consols to cover any increased currency that the bank may desire to issue.

He has recognized the possibility of present conditions, and therefore as early as possible he has begun printing currency preparatory to the needs of the banks to handle the increased business of the fall trade and has on hand ready to be delivered an aggregate of \$25,000,000. The bank has put out at the probable rate of \$2,000,000 a day if the banks desire to substitute their other security above designated for the release of the consols. This step was contemplated when, some months ago, he asked the banks holding government deposits to order additional currency printed. The secretary's additional relief therefore may be summed up as follows:

First, the release of practically \$30,000,000 of reserve which will permit the banks to increase their volume of business \$30,000,000.

Second, the substitution of other securities for consols now held by the government, on condition that the same shall be used as a basis for increased circulation, which, if accepted by the banks, will immediately increase the volume \$25,000,000 or \$25,000,000 and will add thereto if needed.

Third, the continuation of deposits to the limit allowed by law, accepting, if necessary, security other than government bonds.


Secy. Shaw will remain in New York tomorrow and expects to visit the financial district.

Czar Compliments Tower.
St. Petersburg, Sept. 29.—The czar has expressed personally and through Count Lamsdorf, the foreign minister, his regret at the approaching departure of Charlemagne Tower, the American ambassador here, who has been transferred to Berlin, alluding appreciatively to the cordiality of the intercourse which he maintained with the imperial government throughout his mission. General regret is also expressed in court circles and in society. Mr. and Mrs. Tower will probably go to the Crimea to bid farewell to the czar.

Root Will Not Leave Cabinet.
New York, Sept. 29.—Secy. Root arrived in this city tonight. In answer to a question as to whether there was any truth in the rumor that he intended to leave the cabinet, the secretary said: "The rumors about my retirement are false. I have given the matter no thought and do not intend to retire. When I do decide to do so there will be no rumors. I will simply resign and that will be all, and the public will know it." Secy. Root will return to Washington tomorrow afternoon.

Rural Free Delivery Estimates.
Washington, Sept. 29.—The estimates for the rural free delivery service for the next fiscal year were finally framed today. The aggregate is \$12,655,800, a net increase of \$5,125,400 over the appropriations made for the current year. The estimates include the following items: Pay of letter carriers, \$12,000,000; increase of \$5,000,000; ten division superintendents of \$2,500 each per annum in place of seven special agents at \$1,800 each (a new grade); thirty special agents at \$1,600, an increase of 15 in number; 15 special agents at \$1,400; 15 special agents at \$1,200 each; 56 route inspectors at \$1,200, aggregating \$67,200, a decrease of \$2,000 per annum for 79 special agents and 54 route inspectors; increase of \$1 per annum for route inspectors, total \$163,600; increases \$29,500; incidental expenses of division superintendents, special agent, route inspectors, letter carriers, etc., \$25,000; incidental expenses, including letter boxes, furniture, straps, badges, etc., \$200,000; clerks in division headquarters, \$51,400.

More Troops in Strike Region.
Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 29.—The Fourth regiment has been added to the troops on duty in the anthracite strike region. Sheriff Duttrick called upon Gen. Gobin tonight for troops to suppress the rioting in Northumberland county. The general called up Gov. Stone by telephone and stated the situation, after which the executive ordered out the Fourth regiment.



Time will
show whether your washing-powder is dangerous. One can't tell from the first few washings. After a time your clothes "go all at once." Costly experimenting. But here is PEARLINE, known and proved to be absolutely harmless. Costs but a trifle more than the poorest. To save that trifle you risk all the wash.


Proof: Millions Use It

Lowell Extra Super Ingrains.

This brand of Ingrain Carpets has been made for upwards of one hundred years, and is the highest standard in design, coloring and quality manufactured. The goods are wound on a hollow stick, which is a trade-mark, protected by letters patent, and is a guarantee to the purchaser.

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"The Perfect Food"
FOR
Brain and Muscle

the perfect food for old and young, sick or well.

MALTA-VITA
contains more nutrition, more tissue-building qualities, more nerve stimulant than is found in any other food.

A regular diet of Malta-Vita for breakfast and supper will remove the cause of insomnia and dyspepsia.

Eat MALTA-VITA
It gives health, strength, and happiness.

Malta-Vita needs no cooking.
Always ready to eat.

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BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN
TORONTO, CANADA

The Delightful Odor

of natural flowers—the clearness of crystal. Dainty, for only vegetable oils are used in it. Soothing, because one-sixth is pure glycerin.


Jap Rose Soap

Moderate in price, yet a dollar could buy nothing better; nor \$10, for no man would know how to make it. This is toilet soap perfection.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY, CHICAGO

White Russian Laundry Soap Wrappers exchanged for valuable premiums. Write for list.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS.



Wish they'd put clothes on exhibition at our State Fair.

We'd like to measure our's up with any others on earth.

Style for style; fabric for fabric; lining for lining; canvas for canvas; padding for padding; hair cloth for hair cloth; shaping for shaping; putting together for putting together.

We venture we'd come out 1st prize winner.

If you don't think so
Just take a look around town
Then come and look here.

If one of these suits don't find a new owner, it's one on us, that's all.

\$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00 and up to \$35.00.

So you ought to get suited.
Lots of little things—Shirts, Underwear.

Rogers, Peet and Company's Clothing.

ONE PRICE **J. P. Gardner,** 139-137 MAIN ST.

TO THOSE GOING TO THE STATE FAIR AND HORSE RACES

Agricultural Park.

Sept. 30th, Oct. 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th,

In vehicles, we would recommend their taking either First North or Second North Street, as these streets are in good condition for driving all the way and there are no railway obstructions as there are on the streets farther south.

N. A. EMPEY,
President.

S. W. SEARS,
Secretary.