

expressed his willingness to sign such a bill and use any influence he could properly employ to secure its passage.

PORTLAND, 30.—General Howard is at present at Kamia awaiting the arrival of Major Sanford. As soon as that officer joins him, Howard will take all available force and push vigorously after Joseph and White Bird who have already crossed Bitter Root Mountain by way of Lolo trail. He will go through to Missoula as rapidly as his command can move. He will have in the neighborhood of 500 men.

Col. Green, with a force of cavalry, will remain in and about Kamia to protect the settlements, and to cut off all straggling squads of Indians he can find.

Captain Wilkinson received, yesterday evening, a dispatch in regard to obtaining Warm Spring scouts to accompany Gen. Howard through the Lolo trail to Montana. The Indians have mostly gone after fish and game. They have called a council for Monday, 30th, and will send word on Wednesday night as to the result. If any scouts are obtained they will come to Dallas as soon as possible, and be conveyed to the front.

Howard having dispensed with the services of part of his scouting force, is very desirous of securing a number of Warm Spring scouts. These scouts it will be remembered rendered gallant and effective services during the Modoc war.

CUMBERLAND, Md., 31.—On Saturday, three steam canal boats left Cumberland for Georgetown at ninety cents per ton freight, which is ten cents less than demanded by the strikers. The boatmen are now blockading the canal at St. John's Run. On Sunday night one boat was boarded by a party of twenty-five masked men, who ordered the crew off, and set fire to the boat, part of which was burned and the rest sunk. The deputy sheriff with a posse of fifteen left here, to-day, to protect the other two boats, which are said to be threatened.

WILMINGTON, Del., 31.—The New York and Washington express, south, due here about one o'clock had two cars wrecked within the city limits, by a cow getting between the cars. Sixteen persons were injured, none seriously.

NEW YORK, 31.—The *Herald* says, the situation along the lines of railroad involved in the great strike, is steadily improving. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Texas Pacific, Cleveland and Pittsburgh, Western Division of Pittsburgh and Erie, and the Eastern Division of the Pan Handle, are rid of their strikers or they are already at work. The condition of the late centre of the disturbance is quiet.

CHICAGO, 31.—The *Times* London special says, there has been no entirely reliable information from the front for several days. The Russians are vigorously engaged in strengthening their position in Bulgaria. The Rumanian forces not being great enough to advance on Adrianople and keep up its line of communication, there is danger of a repetition of the campaign in Armenia, where too much was undertaken by insufficient troops. It is believed that two great battles, one north and one south of the Balkans, are imminent or in progress. Austrian intervention is liable to be immediate in case of a decisive victory. England's action will be guided somewhat by Austria, possibly in combination. Midhat Pasha's visit to Vienna is thought to have resulted in guarantees as to Austria's action.

BALTIMORE, 31.—The locomotive, tender, and one car of a troop train, were thrown from the track, two miles west of Keyser, West Virginia, by a misplaced switch. The soldiers were injured. The crew of the Grafton train which arrived at Keyser are to receive \$50 each.

CAIRO, 31.—A number of negro roustabouts have struck for an advance of from twenty to thirty cents per hour. Their demands were acceded to, and the interruption was but temporary.

CINCINNATI, O., 31.—Under orders from Governor Young, five companies of the Ohio National Guard left here on the early train this morning for Columbus, where it is expected there will be fresh trouble with the strikers.

ST. LOUIS, 31.—Everything quiet, and business is fully resumed. Three of the strikers charged with assisting in forcibly closing the mills, factories, &c., last week, have been fined \$300 each by Judge Cullen of the Police Court.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, 31.—No freight train on the Indianapolis or eastern division of the P. C. and St. Louis lines, but imperishable freight is being received for shipment east and west. The P. C. and St. Louis company is preparing for the full resumption of freight traffic tomorrow. Military arrived at 11 a.m. About eleven companies are to remain here and see that trains are not interfered with further. Several Cincinnati companies went to Newark, where trouble is apprehended. A number of leaders in the disturbance here were arraigned to-day and fined or sent to jail on long sentences. It is stated that trains will commence running regularly on all roads to-morrow.

A special to the Ohio State Journal says the first of the Pan Handle west freight trains, due here at 7.30 p.m., was met by a body of Baltimore and Ohio strikers about half a mile east of the depot, stopped and run on the siding. The fire was dropped from the engine and the water let out of the boiler. Ten minutes later another train came up and was served the same way. Up to this time the strikers have not been interfered with.

CUMBERLAND, Md., 31.—A miners' mass meeting at Krapp's meadows, near Lonaconing, to-day, was attended by 600, about half the miners being represented. Some were for striking for 65 cents, some for 55 cents, and some opposed any action calculated to disturb the present status. No determination was reached. The meeting adjourned to August 2d.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., 31.—The receiver of the Central Railroad, New Jersey, has issued an order suspending all engineers and brakemen not now actually in the employ of the company, and directing when they resume work that they be paid only for actual work done. Heretofore engineers and brakemen have been paid a full month's pay whether they worked every day or not.

KEYSER, W. Va., 31.—The blockade was raised this morning, men being had to go to work without difficulty. Trains are moving west under guard of the military.

SARATOGA, 31.—President Vanderbilt of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad has issued a circular stating that of the 12,000 employees of the company less than 5,000 struck and no injury was done to property. In recognition of their fealty he directs that \$100,000 be divided ratably, according to their positions on the pay roll, among all employees engaged in operating the road.

CHICAGO, 1.—The *Tribune's* London special says, much interest was manifested, to-day, in the proceedings of the ministerial council at Vienna. The immediate future action of England may depend upon whether Austria shall depart from the policy of neutrality which she has hitherto pursued. Communications have recently been passing between the governments of England and Austria and it is asserted that a convention has been entered into by them regarding the mutual defense of Constantinople. The dispatch of troops from Portsmouth will continue as fast as ships can be prepared. Rumor assigns 10,000 men as the present limit of the force, but this applies only to troops sent direct from England; India, Malta and Gibraltar will all be called upon for their quota.

BALTIMORE, 1.—A dispatch from Keyser, West Virginia, says, the movement of the trains over this division has caused quite a general break among the strikers, and they are now constantly coming in and asking to be set to work.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., 1.—The Brick Moulders of this city are on strike. They demand an advance of 25 cents per day, which was refused and the work in all the brick yards stopped.

The street force of the gas company demand an advance on the \$1.25 now paid, and has been discharged.

COLUMBUS, O., 1.—Seven freight trains went east on the P. C. and St. Louis road, and one west this forenoon. Six west bound freights arrived at noon. The city police took control of the yards, assisted by two companies of military.

A Scranton, Pa., dispatch says, a riot broke out this morning between the strikers and local authorities, in which the mayor was severely wounded by a gunshot.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 31.
A special, dated Ostrook, Monday,

states that the assault on Fort Tjadjalitz, which commands all the other fortifications of Niesics, has been countermanded, and operations were, to-day, entirely suspended.

The *Times* says, instructions have been received at Portsmouth with reference to the further embarkation of troops for the Mediterranean. The regiments and brigades which have been mentioned as likely to go to Malta, are all in the roster for service in India, and will be embarked at Portsmouth, in the usual way.

It is reported that the Russians had again attacked Plevna, and that the fighting continued throughout Saturday and Sunday. According to the latest reports, the Russians were gaining ground.

It is stated that great numbers of European residents are leaving Constantinople.

A dispatch from Sistova states that an important engagement was fought on Sunday near Rustchuk between the Czarowitch and Ahmed Eyoub Pasha. The Turkish corps is reported defeated with a loss of thirty guns, ten standards, and 8,000 prisoners. Ahmed Eyoub's army is stated to be completely routed. The Russians will probably at once resume the offensive and follow up their advantages.

Mehmet Ali's vanguard is within twenty miles of Tirnova.

Suleman Pasha and his corps have effected a junction with Raoul Pasha near Teni Selgraha and an engagement is proceeding.

Her Majesty's steamers *Flamingo* and *Condor*, which go to the Danube to protect British interests and assert Great Britain's treaty right to maintain two gunboats on the Danube, will be accompanied to the Black Sea by the ironclads *Shannon* and *Agincourt*, to support them should their passage be opposed.

MONTREAL, 31.—Esplin's box factory and saw and planing mills were burned this morning; loss \$25,000, insured \$10,000.

LONDON, 31.—Official papers laid before Parliament contain the following: The English consul at Slivno informs Minister Layard, under date of July 14th, that the Russians stir up the Bulgarians and arm them; that they tore out the eyes of the Mussulmans whom they killed at Sistova and filled the sockets with bread.

Minister Layard telegraphs Lord Derby under date of July 24th, that the Sultan has sent him a message entreating the Queen to use her influence with the Czar to stop the shocking cruelties committed by Russian troops. Men, women and children are outraged and murdered in a horrible manner. The Sultan can scarcely believe that the Czar wishes the war to become a war of extermination and a war of brigands. The Sultan's *aide de camp* gave Minister Layard an account of the revolting atrocities he witnessed, and which Layard says are in a great measure confirmed by advices from consuls and other sources. Layard transmits, July 18th, several consular reports of outrages and massacres by Bulgarians, and says, there is truth in them although they may be exaggerated. The Wallachians and Bulgarians accompany the Russian army in bands, calling themselves avengers.

General Kimball telegraphs under date of July 26th that the massacre at Bayazid is confirmed, but the atrocities at Ardahan are quite untrue. A telegram from Bucharest says that Colonel Wellesley has addressed a report to the British government categorically denying the cruelties with which the Russians are charged.

Osman Pasha telegraphs from Plevna, July 30th, as follows: Three strong Russian corps attacked us this morning. The cannonade lasted two hours. Then a general engagement ensued which lasted until 10 o'clock at night, when the Russians retreated. The prisoners say the Russians numbered 60,000 infantry and three regiments of cavalry, and had fifty guns. It is expected the battle will recommence to-morrow.

An occasional correspondent of the *Times* at Vienna utterly discredits the reported great defeat of Ahmed Eyoub Pasha, and says, after the concentration of Turks around Shumla a considerable portion of their forces were ordered to advance by way of Eskidjuma and Osman Bazar upon Tirnova, and then follow the rear of the Russian detachments which have passed the Balkans. The Turks, therefore,

have only been able to leave a feeble corps of observation which take good care not to encounter the enemy superior in numbers. The position of the Russians in Shipka and Slion passes and on the southern slope of the Balkans is becoming hourly more grave. Their effective forces echeloned on this line do not exceed 50,000, which are threatened from four sides simultaneously—from Adrianople and Jamboli by Suleiman Pasha, from Osman Bazar by Mehmet Ali, Osman Pasha is advancing in the direction of Silvy, and the reserve corps from Sofia could approach by Philippopolis. It seems also that the Russians are not making much progress before Silistria and Rustchuk, where they are meeting with a desperate resistance. Gen. Zimmerman's corps, advancing through the Dobrudzha, is greatly menaced by the right of the Turkish army from Varna and Paravidi. The ninth Russian army corps has become almost incapable of fighting in consequence of the loss it sustained at Nicopolis and Plevna. Several telegrams mention the fact that the Roumanians occupy Nicopolis, at the request of the Russians, as proof that the Russian cause is not prospering.

No man should be proud because he is President or ex-President. A hundred years from now, according to the general historical rule, some descendant of his will be in a poorhouse.

A Sure Cure for the Piles.

A sure cure for the Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams (an Indian remedy), called Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of 25 and 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. Williams' ointment supports the tumors, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared exclusively for Piles, and nothing else. Over 20,000 cured Patients attest its virtues and Physicians of all schools pronounce it the greatest contribution to medicine of the age.

WENT TO THE NOTED HOT SPRINGS.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 27, 1876.
DEAR SIR:—I suffered more or less for years with the itching or ulcerated Piles. I tried remedy after remedy advertised in the newspapers, and consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and this city, and spent hundreds of dollars, but found no relief and comfort until I obtained a box of Williams' Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely. I had a part of the box left which I gave to a friend of mine who had doctored with many physicians without relief, and as a last resort went to the noted Hot Springs, of Arkansas, for treatment. He informs me that the Indian Ointment has also cured him of the piles. It is certainly a wonderful discovery and should be used by the many thousands who are now suffering with that dread disease.

JOSEPH M. RYDER.

For more certificates of cures see large circular around each box of ointment.

\$10,000 REWARD

Will be paid for a more certain and sure remedy. Sold by all the leading Druggists and country storekeepers everywhere. Warranted a sure cure or money refunded. Beware of imitations. Ask for Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment, and take no other. Depot, 338 Superior Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

Godbe, Pitts & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Salt Lake City, Sole Agents for Utah.

SALT LAKE CITY IRON WORKS.

One Block South of U. C. R. Depot,
T. PIERPONT, Supt.,

Are now prepared to manufacture and repair all kinds of

Steam Engines, Boilers, Mining, Milling and Hoisting Machinery, Agricultural Machinery, Mowers, Reapers, Threshing Machines, &c., &c. Iron and Brass castings of any description made to order.

CASH for old Cast Iron, Brass, &c.



The ONLY BLACKING that meets the demand for a quick and brilliant polish.
"BIXBY'S BEST"
absolutely nourishes and preserves the leather.
S. M. Bixby & Co., 173 & 175 Washington St. N. Y.

THE LIFE AND TRAVELS OF PARLEY P. PRATT

Calf gilt, \$4.00. Morocco gilt, \$5.00.
A few copies for sale at the office of the *Deseret Evening News*, Salt Lake City.
Mailed on receipt of price. will

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having claims against the Estate of Benjamin Baker, deceased, are requested to present them within ten months from date, and all who are indebted to the said Estate are requested to settle without delay.

EMERY BARRUS,
MARY R. TANNER,

Administrators.
Residence—Grantsville, Tooele County, Utah Territory.
July 9th, 1877.

NOTICE

OF THE
DISCONTINUANCE of the
Land Office, Beaver Co., Utah.

NOTICE is hereby given that the President of the United States, by Executive Order dated June 15, 1877, has, pursuant to law, directed that the office for the sale of public lands now located at BEAVER CITY, Utah Territory, be discontinued, and its business and archives transferred to the United States Land Office at SALT LAKE CITY, Utah Territory, as soon as practicable.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this nineteenth day of June, A. D. 1877.

By the President:

J. A. WILLIAMSON,
Commissioner of the General Land Office.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Salt Lake City, July 9th, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after the first day of August, 1877, we will be in readiness to receive applications for Lands in that portion of the Territory of Utah heretofore known as the Beaver Land District, and that henceforth the Land Office at Salt Lake City will be the only one in Utah for receiving entries and transacting other business relative to the Public Lands, Mining Claims, &c., in said Territory.

BARBOUR LEWIS,
Register.

MOSES M. BANE,
Receiver.

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THE ENEMY OF DISEASE! THE FOE OF PAIN

TO MAN AND BEAST
Is the Grand Old

MUSTANG LINIMENT.

Which has stood the test of 40 years.
There is no sore it will not heal, no lameness it will not cure, no ache, no pain, that afflicts the human body, or the body of a horse or other domestic animal, that does not yield to its magic touch. A bottle costing 25c., 50c., or \$1.00, has often saved the life of a human being, and restored to life and usefulness many a valuable horse.

For Men, it will cure

Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Cuts, Frost-bites, Swellings, Contracted Cords, Pain in the Back, Lumbago, Sciatica, Chilblains, Strains, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Sore Nipples, Eruptions, Pains, Wounds, Ulcers.

For Animals, it will cure

Spavin, Galls and Sores, Swinny, Ring Bone, Windgalls, Big Head, Poll Evil, Humors and Sores, Lameness, Swellings, Scratches, Distemper, Stiffness, Strains, Soreness, Open Sores.