

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

## By Telegraph.

## GENERAL.

Chicago, 19.—The *Republican's* Washington special say the friends of Judge Chase are jubilant over his presidential prospects. They say the Conservative movement in the Southern States is in the Chase interest and they expect he will obtain the undivided support of the South in convention.

Dent's letter was published yesterday, with some ridiculous paragraphs eliminated by friends, who looked over the copy after being placed in the hands of the printers.

The *Tribune's* special says a general and important revision of the whisky regulations will be issued in a few days by Commissioner Delano, who purposes carrying into effect the law of April last and correcting some of the apparent conflicts between certain sections of the old law.

New York.—A special says a new express war is in prospect relative to the business west of the Mississippi river. It is possible that all lines will become engaged. The most active party is Wells, Fargo & Co., and California and Pacific express, controlled by H. D. Bacon and others. Several prominent railways and express managers have been in consultation on the subject. Various rumors are afloat.

The French steamship company commenced the construction of five new steamers especially for the emigrant trade. Arrangements are being made to bring a large number of French peasants to settle on lands in the West.

It is rumored that the old scale of freights will be resumed on Saturday; so says an Omaha special.

San Francisco, 19.—J. Ross Browne, United States Minister to China, who returned by to-day's steamer, heard at Yokohama that Mr. Howard, his successor, had finally decided not to accept the position; but in the absence of any official information he had resolved to return to the United States. He telegraphed the State Department and will return to his post, if the Department express approval of his course in China. In the meantime Mr. Williams is left in charge of the mission at Peking.

A few nights past there have been singular white and red lights in the sky. Last evening a bright red light lasted late in the night; passengers by the *China* steamer report the light very brilliant as seen a hundred miles at sea. A magnificent meteor fell while the lights were at the brightest.

The Secretary of the Treasury as yet has given no attention to the petition of Vice President Colfax, Senator Stewart and our merchants and bankers for the transfer of funds from the Sub-Treasury, although the former telegraphed several times representing to him that the immense wheat crop is at a standstill, vessels are waiting loads and nine millions in the Treasury here and that the bankers' proposition would benefit the government by saving the exchange; meanwhile one firm is again allowed to draw on the Treasury, in all half a million, for the purpose of speculating in securities and currency notes, while merchants are compelled to order their gold from New York by railroad.

Colfax and party started for Yosemite falls to-day, to return on the twenty-eighth.

Legal tenders are 75.

Chicago.—An Omaha special reports the arrival, at Helena, of the Northern Pacific Railroad expedition from Puget Sound, via Walla Walla. They express themselves highly pleased with the country, and believe in the entire practicability of the route. They found one pass through the Rocky Mountains with easy grades, and an elevation not exceeding five thousand feet. They propose to examine the country north of Helena.

A band of Blackfeet attacked a rancho twenty miles from Helena, yesterday, and shot two men; the affair creates much excitement.

A Leavenworth special says a heavy storm occurred in Western Kansas on Monday night; the water in the big creek rose eight feet in an hour; several culverts were washed out on the Kansas Pacific Railroad.

The General Superintendent of the Kansas Pacific Railroad has received an anonymous letter, saying that twelve farmers had organized themselves for the purpose of burning the bridges, wood depots, etc., of the railroad, in revenge for killing their stock yesterday.

A schooner was being towed out of

the river, dragging her anchor, which broke the great water main, at the Chicago avenue bridge, which, principally, supplies a hundred thousand residents in the west division of the city with water; it will require ten days or two weeks to repair the damage and will cause much inconvenience, there being only two other one-foot pipes to supply that part of the city.

An entire German family of six persons, in this city, have been attacked with trichinosis from eating raw ham; one of them is seriously sick. The Board of Health is investigating the matter.

New York.—The monthly auction sales of coal have been suspended in consequence of the difficulties in the coal region in Pennsylvania. The Coal Company has compromised with the men; other companies are hopeful of restoring order and a fall of prices in a few weeks.

Twenty-six thousand dollars, stolen from the American Express Company, have been discovered secreted in a barn near Newark, Wayne county.

New York, 19.—The Assistant Treasurer has received authority to accept deposits of gold, amounting to four millions, for transfer to the San Francisco market, through an order on the Assistant Treasurer in that city.

A desperate riot occurred yesterday, at Spring Hill Grove. The Emmet guards of Jersey city had a picnic there, numbering 1,500 persons. A rough insulted a lady and was knocked down by one of the guards, when a general fight ensued, the roughs, who were largely in the majority, making a desperate attack on the guards. During the melee revolvers were drawn and knives and stones freely used. John Malone shot and stabbed O'Brien; several were wounded by stones. After a great effort the Emmets succeeded in getting back their barges and put off. The excitement among the women and children was intense, and a fearful scene prevailed for sometime. A large number of the crowd on the shore returned to Jersey City, where they collected nearly six hundred sympathizers, and waited, last night, at the landing, the arrival of the excursionists. The intention of keeping whoever shot Malone, was openly expressed, but the police were soon on hand and after great exertion and the free use of locusts succeeded in averting a riot and in escorting the excursionists safely to their homes.

San Francisco.—The Secretary of the Treasury has finally acceded to the proposition of the business men of this city, and a large amount of coin was drawn from the sub-treasury here to-day; but the State has suffered permanently by the loss of weeks of trade and the depreciation of value from the scarcity of coin to pay for purchases.

Edward Howland, son of a ship owner at New Bedford, Mass., committed suicide at Lake Tahoe, Cal., August 16, by blowing out his brains.

Reports from all parts of Oregon indicate a much larger yield of wheat than was anticipated.

Cincinnati, 20.—Timothy Collins, who was stabbed in Pendleton on Wednesday night, died last night from the wounds; Wm. Battley, who did the stabbing, was arrested on Wednesday last.

Buffalo.—An officer of the state of Rochester is here to-day, looking for parties, said to have perpetrated a stupendous patent right swindle; the farmers on the line of the frontier and a few in the interior countries have been swindled a quarter of a million. A warrant has been issued and a search made for a broker in this city, who is said to be accessory to the swindle, and has negotiated forged notes to a large amount.

A dispatch from Lawrence, Kansas, says that twenty-two thousand pounds of silver were shipped yesterday to Newark, N. J.

A St. Paul special says that on Wednesday afternoon an immense body of land, over an acre in extent, of a high bank, slid into Lake St. Croix, crushing several large trees and a three story warehouse in its descent; several men narrowly escaped.

A dispatch from Alton, Ills., says the cattle and horses in some sections are dying off fast; it says their legs first swell, then the body, when death ensues, to the cattle; the horses have what is called the "mad itch."

Advices from the Sioux country say that a portion of the Indians who have settled on their reservation, annoyed by a hostile portion of the Sioux, ask to have their reservation transferred to the east side of the Missouri, so as to interpose the river between them and the warlike bands; this cannot be done until Congress grants power to do so.

Dispatches from the coal regions say

there are immense strikes; the general dealers threaten a further advance in prices.

Cincinnati.—Pendleton's letter of acceptance will be published to-morrow. He attacks, especially, the financial condition of the country. He says money is scarce, business depressed, employment difficult to obtain, industries hampered, interest high, the tariff oppressive, and taxation unequal, unjust, onerous, etc., all of which he charges upon Republican mismanagement. He says he proposes to make these questions prominent in the campaign.

Buffalo.—In the Supreme court, yesterday, the suit of Samuel Marsh, as trustee, against the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad was called up. Some millions are involved. The suit was commenced for the purpose of removing the present receivers, Jay Gould & O'Doherty, and for the appointment of a new receiver for the mortgage. Judge Daniel, after the argument, refused to appoint a new receiver or to change the present management. The present receivers were ordered to pay Geo. Marsh, as trustee, such portions of the profit as were due to the New York branch of the road.

Trenton.—The Educational Convention has reached immense proportions; over fifteen thousand enrolled delegates are in attendance, besides citizens. Several district meetings were held this morning, and many lectures on education delivered by distinguished professors.

Washington.—An official proclamation has been made of a convention between the United States and France, securing in their respective territories a guaranty of property and trade marks; to take effect Oct. 24th to continue 10 years.

New York.—The Plate printers' strike appears to be drawing to a close. McCarty, of the Treasury department has arrived to devise means and measures to stop sending badly printed currency to the Treasury; there is no doubt that the bank must re-engage the experienced workmen now on strike, or lose the contract.

Elihu Burritt, in a letter to the *Times*, proposes the establishment of an international land & labor agency.

Geo. P. Putnam, the publisher, had a narrow escape from being killed, on Tuesday, by the fall of a dummy, used for hoisting bricks in a new house, upon him; he was badly bruised, but no bones were broken.

The reduced freight rates continues; an immense number of car loads have been sent West. 264 cars went on Hudson alone and about 270 on the Erie. The tracks are lined with loaded trains from the West, waiting for the storehouses to be unloaded so that they can deposit their freight.

Washington.—A Committee of the New York Stock Exchange called on Commissioner Delano and requested him to reconsider his recent decision, classifying and taxing them as bankers; the Commissioner refused to reopen the matter.

A letter has been received here from U. S. surveyor, Dale, at Fort Defiance Arizona, via Santa Fe 11th, announcing his arrival on the Navajo reservation on the 23rd of July, and the commencement of the survey through the north-west portion of New Mexico into Arizona. The Navajos were quietly remaining on their reservation under the treaty made by General Sherman, and desired to remain at peace with the United States.

Bruges.—A great storm passed over this city and surrounding country to-day, doing much damage to the crops, and especially to the fruits; the church of St. Andrew was struck by lightning and destroyed.

Mauch Chunk.—Nearly all the colliers in this region have struck.

Washington.—An order has been issued from the War Department, forbidding the residence of settlers on military reservations; the intruders must leave or be ejected by force.

Commissioner Delano decides that Co-operation Societies, which are required to pay a tax of five per cent on all dividends, interest, &c., cannot treat such amounts as business expenses and deductions.

New York.—Judge Benedict has granted an injunction, to stay proceedings with regard to the disposition of the ammunition wagons, &c., belonging to the Cuban Junta, which were about to be sold to satisfy the judgment, recovered by the owners of certain tug boats.

The amount of arrears penalty, independent of the tax, accrued by the Brooklyn brokers who failed to make the proper monthly returns, against

whom suits have been commenced, exceeds four hundred thousand.

The *Tribune* says it is expected on good grounds that an expedition for Cuba will leave within a few days, either at this port or Boston. Several small expeditions from Florida are made mere blinds to divert attention. Marshal Barlow has been taking extraordinary precautions against violations of the neutrality laws.

Philadelphia.—The Labor Congress has adopted a platform, of which the following is a synopsis: "All political powers are inherent in the people; free government is founded on their authority and established for their benefit; the laborers in all the departments of useful industry are suffering from the system of monetary laws which were enacted during the late war, as measures then assumed to be necessary to the life of the nation, but which are now sought to be perpetuated in the interests of bondholders and bankers, to subvert the government of our fathers, and to establish on its ruins an empire in which all political power will be centralized to restrain and oppress the rights of labor, and to subordinate its votaries to the merciless demands of an aggregated capital and its supercilious authority; that the national banking system has been inimical to the spirit of liberty and subversive of the principles of Justice, without the warrant of the Constitution of the United States, and wrongfully increasing the burdens of the wealth-producing classes, millions of dollars annually. Justice, the aspirations of honest industry and the spirit of imperilled liberty demand immediately their repeal and the substitution of legal tender notes as the exclusive currency of the nation. That the National Labor Union is opposed to the continuation and creation of banks by acts of incorporation, either by State or national authority, with the privilege of putting into circulation any bills and papers of the bank; also to the circulation of money, except legal tender treasury notes; that the revenue laws should be altered so that instead of the subordination of labor to capital, they may afford just protection to labor and the industrial interests of the whole country; that legal tender money should be made a legal tender in the payment of all debts, public and private, and convertible at the option of the holder into Government bonds, bearing interest at three per cent., with the privilege to reconvert the bonds into money, and the money into bonds at pleasure; that the claim of bondholders, that bonds bought with greenbacks, the principal of which, by law, is payable in currency, should nevertheless be paid in gold, is unjust and extortionate, and that the exemption from tax on bonds and securities is a violation of the principles of the revenue laws. The resolutions denounce land monopolies and declare in favor of establishing an executive department to be called the department of labor, for the protection of labor interests. They recommend the adoption of measures to secure an eight-hour system, and call upon all the State legislatures to follow the example of Congress in recognizing eight hours as a legal day's work; they urge the full restoration of civil and political rights to every American citizen, except those convicted of felony."

The committee on obnoxious laws reported resolutions against the conspiracy laws in the different States, and especially those of Pennsylvania, and demanding their immediate and unconditional repeal.

Chicago.—A church, and the German theatre on the north side of the city were struck by lightning last night; the inmates were stunned, but nobody was seriously hurt.

Several citizens have clubbed together and ordered five thousand pounds of tea, direct from China; they agree to pay ninety cents per pound for tea, which will be equal to that sold here for a dollar and a half. Should the samples suffer less deterioration than tea sent by the Cape of Good Hope, large orders will be promptly forwarded.

The *Tribune's* New York special says private telegrams say the Harvard crew have been over-trained and show signs of breaking down; the prospect of defeat is almost certain. The rates of betting have been changed accordingly.

Chief Justice Chase has been visited by several leading politicians and financiers. His friends deny that he has any political purpose in coming to New York; they say he regards himself as out of politics.

San Francisco, 21.—A deficiency of eighteen thousand dollars has been discovered in the coiner's department of the branch mint in this city.

The fires which raged in the woods