The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock EDITION.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 161. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1894, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

THE WAR NOW ON.

Sheriffs Advised On the Cripple Creek Strikers.

READY FOR FIRING REPORTED.

Newspaper Correspondents Locked Up and the Wires Guarded to Prevent the News from Being Sent Out.

CRIPPLE CREEK, COLO., June 6.—Twelve hundred deputies left here at 2 a. m. for Cripple Creek under command of a crack military man, whose name is not known. The newspaper correspondents were locked up to prevent the news getting out. Gen. Charles Brown is in command of 300 cavalry men. It is the intention to carry at Beaver Park and send a committee to Half Hill to demand the surrender of certain strikers. It is stated as others will be made on the miners' strongholds. It is expected the strikers will capitulate or a battle will be fought before the troops can reach Cripple Creek, owing to the destruction of all railroads. Soon after the departure of the deputies a heavy firing was heard. It is supposed a fight took place with skirmishers.

WILL FIGHT AT HALL HILL.

CRIPPLE CREEK, JUNE 6.—The strikers' pickets early this morning surrounded no deputies near Gillette, but fell back from Hall Hill. All the other outposts are being drawn in and preparations are made for a battle in Hall Hill.

TELEGRAPH TAKEN POSSESSION OF.

DENVER, June 6.—Deputies have taken possession of all the telegraph lines in the Midland Terminal railroad will not permit the operators to send any more news dispatches.

THE SITUATION UNCHANGED.

CRIPPLE CREEK, June 6.—The deputies have reached Beaver Park, five miles from Hall Hill. If they go on they will be in a battle. The miners will make an attempt to make arrests unless the strike is fully settled and the disarmament. After that they say the sheriff can have any minutes he wants.

TROOPS STRANDED.

CHICAGO STRIKING, June 6.—The troops stranded here owing to washouts on the railroads. They will not be back to Hall Hill via Florence, but may be sent over the Midland.

ST. WALTE'S WIRE SAYING.

ALTON, June 6.—Gov. Waite says he attempt to arbitrate the difficulties in Creek before the trouble is settled will be practically a violation of the armistice.

SURRENDER TO THE MILITIA.

CRIPPLE CREEK, June 6.—The strikers agreed to surrender to the militia tomorrow but will fight if attacked by the deputies. If the sheriff accepts their terms a fight will be avoided. One hundred mounted miners are facing each other in a gulch near Gillette.

THE COAL STRIKE.

Partially Broken in Alabama—An Appeal for Aid.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 6.—The coal miners' strike in Alabama is believed to practically broken. The output last yesterday was 10,000 tons, and one-third of the normal one-just this season. Negro and convict labor has prevented a total failure and the strike has been ineffective. The miners' committee has issued an appeal for aid for their suffering families. The president of District 20 of Alabama miners has been called to Columbus, Ohio, by a telegram from Columbus and many believe the strike will soon be ordered off.

A COAL FAMINE.

PEORIA, Ill., June 6.—The coal famine in this section is now at its height and will remain so as long as the miners refrain from working. All the little factories have been compelled to suspend for want of fuel and the number of idle mills completely shut down and fuel is growing worse every day. The Wabash railroad is now running their trains which are used to use and these engines are fired with slack, which heretofore was used for boilers.

The road not being able to run their schedule of trains, their list of employes has been reduced to all comers.

NO TROUBLE YET.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 6, 7 a.m.—Word has just arrived from Pittsburgh that no deputies are on it, as had been expected by the waiting crowd. Great care in attempt will be made Fire National Tube Works to operate today.

No preparations have been made to man Walk and no workmen have attempted to enter the enclosure.

The situation is critical, but no trouble is probable as long as new men deputies are not brought in, or an attempt made to operate the plant.

MCKEESPORT, Pa, June 5.—Never before since the Homestead sixth scenes of blood and the inability of the sheriffs to cope with the law breakers have been enacted here today. Riots are in progress during the night. Women drove out of the strike at the Tube Works, and the strikers after vainly collecting the police, broke into the mill yard and made operators leave of the works and their surrender.

The plant resumed to two departments today and about twenty-five men went to work. The news quickly spread and by noon a mob of nearly 1,000 had assembled about the gates, resisting the appearance of the workmen. Most of the men remained inside, but few attempted to go to their cities and were caught by the mob frightfully beaten.

The mob then dispersed in part, but every evening reassembled and by 6 o'clock probably 5,000 men were massed in front of the entrance to the mills on Fourth avenue, and it was only thirty-minutes of the men were foreigners. They captured a Slav workman and beat him terribly.

THE DEPUTIES DID NOT COME.

No attempt was made to start up the tube works today. The strikers are swarming around the works and depots. Trouble will follow any attempt to introduce new workingmen or deputies. The eastern deputies expected at daybreak did not come. It is said the company will not try to resume for the present.

About 11 o'clock some one went among the strikers and announced that men were working at the slack piles across the river. A mob rush was made to 700 or 800 men. The tipple of John Dell came down beneath the sledgehammers. From there the crowd made a break for a new tipple being erected by John McIntyre a mile above, which met the same fate. Three slack piles had not been made use of for years.

The step was taken about this afternoon by the departure of 2,000 strikers to Camden, three miles south, to destroy the coal tipples, the object being to enlist the striking miners for their cause. Capitain McIntyre narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of the mob which destroyed the Fort View tipples. General Manager Converse stated that no deputy sheriffs have been asked for and no men will be imported to start the works.

CANNON PLACED IN POSITION.

The strikers have obtained three large cannons, two of which were used by the Homestead strikers two years ago. They were placed in a commanding position on the river bank about 200 yards apart and manned by eight men each. One of the guns is heavily loaded with railroad iron. There were probably 3,000 men out in the rioting yesterday. Leon Manlin and Joseph Kinney sustained injuries which may result fatally. Mayor Andre has issued a proclamation cautioning the people not to congregate on the streets or around the works.

THE SITUATION CRITICAL.

At 5:30 o'clock 5000 strikers carrying pitchforks and shotguns marched to the tipples. They threaten to cut all barges loose on the river as they match down. Mayor Andre issued another proclamation at 3 o'clock commanding all unemployed to stop congregating on the streets under penalty arrest and ordering all saloons and wholesale liquor houses to close until further orders. The situation is most critical. The strikers' cannon commands the bridges and the railroads and will fire upon any deputies brought in.

READY FOR HOSTILITIES.

CANONSVILLE, Ill., June 6.—The miners are waiting for the sheriff and military to make a movement. The wires have been cut preventing communication with Brush and his twenty guards at the mines.

TIPPS WITHOUT FUEL.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Unless there are immediate large shipments of coal to this port by fall, vessel men declare the next two or three days will witness the tying up of a large number of steamers. There is not a good day's supply on hand, and it was asserted that the supply stored in the larger vessels would be exhausted in the next two days.

PUNXSUTAWNEY, Pa., June 6.—One hundred and forty members of the coal and iron police have taken possession of mines No. 1 and 6 near Horatio. Rumors are rife that a large force of operatives will be imported today. Trouble is feared.

Carter Jones Acquitted.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 6.—Carter Jones, a brother of Governor Thomas G. Jones, has been acquitted in the criminal court of the murder of Dave Jackson, colored.

DECEIVING AND RECEIVED.

Ella Forster Leaves a Good Husband and Comes to Grief.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Mrs. Ella C. Forster is under Salvator Cortini, a cracker, to obtain $170,000 damages.

She says she met him in 1890. She was then 22 years old and was living with her husband, David C. Brennan, and her three daughters in Brooklyn. They were in comfortable circumstances. Cortini soon ever married the household until Mr. Cortini's appearance.

Mr. Cortini, she alleges, professed to fall desperately in love with her. He told her he was a millionaire and he would provide for her handsomely if she would get a divorce. She finally left her husband and sued for a divorce. A decree was granted in 1891. She did not ask for alimony because she relied implicitly on Mr. Cortini's promises. She then lived with Cortini, she asserts and believed she was his wife, though at his request they passed as Mr. and Mrs. Forster. She says Mr. Cortini told her in May, 1892, that he had another wife and he intimated that he never his relations with her. She was in poor health at the time and he advised her to go to California. She demands $100,000 damages for a "miserable and wrecked life," and claims $70,000 more for services as housekeeper for seven years at the rate of $10,000 a year.

Mr. Cortini's answer is a general denial. He is said to be wealthy and to have been honored by the king of Italy with a decoration as cavalier of the order of the crown for assisting Italian immigrants in New York.

Revolution Rebels Advancing.

PARIS, June 6.—Dispatches from Brazil say federated bands in the province of Rio Grande do Sul have met with success which have enabled them to advance.

Mrs. Cleveland Leaves Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Mrs. Cleveland with her children left Washington at 3:40 on the Pennsylvania Central road for Gray Gables.

Cullom to the Rescue.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Congressman Cullom, New Jersey, is the man to whom Walter Gaston told the story of the conversation he overheard in the hotel on March 6th. Gaston gave the name to the Senate investigating committee today. The committee immediately sent for Cullom.

Lord's Fatality.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 6.—Nearly complete returns from sixteen counties out of thirty-two give Lord (Republican), for governor, 19,371; Hallaway (Democrat), 6,248; Pierce (Populist), 11,441.

ROSEBERY'S LADAS

Wins the Derby for the British Prime Minister.

AN IMMENSE CROWD AT EPSOM.

Betting Unprecedented in the History of Racing.—Enthusiastic Demonstrations.

LONDON, June 6.—Ladas won the Derby, Matchless, second; Bermuda, third.

Ladas won in a canter by a length and a half in 2:45 4-5. Six lengths separated the second horse, Matchless, from the third, Bermuda; Hornbeam was fourth. The distance was about a mile and a half. The purse is £6,000 sovereigns, of which the winner receives £5,000.

Greater interest was taken in the race than ever before, one reason being that Ladas, owned by the prime minister, had won the previous great race of the year and was the favorite. Over 100,000 people journeyed to Epsom to see the race. Nothing was unprecedented in the history of racing. Lord Randolph Churchill, Henry La Boucher and Mr. Hon. Henry Chaplin were among the warm supporters of Ladas. The starting prices were 3 to 2 on Ladas, 3 to 1 against Matchless and 33 to 1 against Bermuda. Place betting was 100 to 40 on Ladas, 100 to 8 on Matchless and 8 to 1 against Bermuda.

After the race Ladas was surrounded by a multitude half mad with enthusiasm, when Lord Rosebery appeared on the course to lead Ladas back to the paddock, a strong force of police was sent to protect the premier from the crush of the crowds. There was a tremendous outburst of enthusiasm as Lord Rosebery and Ladas entered the paddock together. For today at least the most popular man in England is the proud owner of Ladas, the winner of the Derby.

World's Fair Dividends.

CHICAGO, June 6.—World's Fair stockholders will receive their dividend on stock by Saturday morning's mail. The clerks in Mr. Higginbotham's office have been signing checks for a month to pay the 10 per cent dividend declared today. They wrote 22,021 checks ranging from $1 to $249,-506.19. The total amount that will be paid on these orders is a little more than $2,500,000. The largest one, $249,506.19 goes to the city of Chicago, being a dividend of 10 per cent on the entire $5,000,000 stock, less $254,494.81 which the Exposition company advanced for the Hyde park pumping works and the police station.

New York Change.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Sugar opened at 106, 1½ higher. Shares fluctuated rapidly between that figure and 107. Sugar, preferred, advanced 1½.

Money, continuing the center of speculative interest, declined ¼ per cent and at noon was but ¼ above yesterday's closing.

HE VALUES HIS SKIN.

A Baker Wants $10,000 for Strips of His Epidermis.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6.—Michael McGowan, a baker, who came here from Butte, Mont., and was subsequently treated in the city hospital for an ulcerated ankle, has begun suit against the city for $10,000. He said he recovered for lost skin. He claims he that the hospital surgeons placed him under the influence of a powerful anaesthetic and, without his knowledge or consent, cut from his thighs seven strips of skin one and one half inches and from four to eight inches long.

McGowan's valued epidermis was used in a skin-grafting operation under the face of a Frenchman and a French woman who had been badly burned in a fire. McGowan claims to have suffered great mental and physical anxiety and in his complaint recites the fact that the Frenchman now claims to be "half French and half Irish," and has taunted him with his misfortune.

A WHITE CAP SENSATION.

A Town Marshal Arrested as the Ringleader.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., June 6.—Royal Center has a sensation in an attempt to white-cap Dr. John H. Burton, editor of the Royal Center *Record*. Burton narrowly escaped the men and has filed an affidavit charging George Cann, the town marshal, with being the ringleader in the affair. Cann has been arrested. The feeling is intense and further trouble is feared.

IN CONGRESS.

State Bank Amendments Defeated in the House.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Cox's amendment to the state bank bill was defeated today in the House by 162 to 76. A viva voce vote on the Bradley bill was taken and the bill was defeated.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—When the Senate took up the tariff bill today, Jones asked leave to withdraw his committee amendment for the tobacco schedule which made a rate on leaf wrappers and unstemmed $1.50 and $2.25 respectively, and restores the House amendment in which rates are $1 and $1.25 respectively. The move was a surprise to the members on both sides as it was by an agreement the compromise paragraph was adopted performs, with an understanding that the subject be considered later.

Other joint amendments to the tobacco schedule were adopted and the Senate went to the schedule "agricultural products and provisions."

THE FLOODS RECEDE.

Only Slight Damage to Property in Pueblo.

PUEBLO, Colo., June 6.—The flood reaches the high water mark of May 31 at 4 a. m., but the water is now receding rapidly. The damage to property is slight, aside from the washouts on the railroad. The embankment of the Fourth street bridge over Fountain creek is badly washed out and it is feared communication with East Pueblo will be cut off. The Santa Fe and Rio Grande tracks are badly washed out in several places. No through trains can be run through the royal gorge for a week, owing to washouts at Florence on the Denver & Rio Grande. Through passenger trains are sent via Alamosa.

A Reward Offered.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—President J. C. Clarke, of the Middle Man Ohio railroad, has offered a reward of $1,000 for the arrest and conviction of the persons who caused the wreck of passenger train No. 5 on that road near Fish lake.

SIAMESE TWINS.

A Child With One Head, Three Arms and Four Legs.

BYRONTOWN, Ill., June 6.—Mrs. Clara Dessert, of South Grove township, a few miles west of this city, has given birth to a child having a double body, joined together as were the Siamese twins. The child has four legs, three arms and one head. It died very soon after its birth.

AFTER A LONG ABSENCE.

Dowd Returns Home and Finds His Wife Married to Another.

A Suit for Divorce on the Ground of Desertion Will Be the Immediate Result.

NEWARK, N. J., June 6.—When Patrick Dowd, after an absence of twenty-seven years, turned up at his home in this city he found that his wife had been married thirteen years to Thomas Higgins. Mrs. Dowd-Higgins received a letter fourteen years ago from the chief of police at Louisville, Ky., saying that her husband died at St. Louis of yellow fever. When Dowd arrived, Mrs. Higgins recognized him and fell in a faint. Dowd told Higgins to get out. Mrs. Higgins will apply for a divorce from Dowd on the ground of desertion. Dowd has been living in Custer county, Montana. He says he frequently wrote his sons, but they kept the letters from their mother.

Forbidding the Sun Dance.

HELENA, Mont., June 6.—Rickards has issued a proclamation forbidding the sun dance of the Creek Indians at Great Falls.

THE MANEY VERDICT.

He is Suspended for One Year With Half Pay.

ST. PAUL, June 6.—The verdict in the Maney case was learned positively by a dispatch today. Lieutenant Maney was cleared on the first specification but found guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer. Sentence was suspension for one year with forfeiture of half of the pay. A recommendation to executive clemency accompanied the sentence.

THE NORTHERN FLOODS.

Joseph A. West, Esq., Says the Washouts are Not as Serious as Reported.

Joseph A. West, Esq., of Ogden, was in the capital today. In conversation with a representative of the News he stated that the flooded region in Idaho, Oregon and Washington was not as large as nor was traffic being interrupted to the extent generally believed.

Mr. West is superintendent of the Sumpter Valley railroad which runs from Baker City on the Oregon Short line out into a timber country and has heard so many reports about his road being washed out that he is getting uneasy about it and would like it understood that they are operating their trains regularly and filling all lumber orders for east Oregon place. For, however, cannot be furnished by any company at present.

While there has been a great deal of trouble in operating trains between Pendleton and Pendelle, a distance of between three and four hundred miles, that has lately been done away with by the building of temporary bridges and raising the track until both passenger and freight traffic has been made possible. Mail came through direct from Baker City this morning and regular service from that point is now almost a certainty.

SHOT AT HIS WIFE.

The Officers Searching for a Man Charged With That Offense.

The police were notified this afternoon that a man by the name of Grimes, who lives in the vicinity of Sixth South and Sixth East streets, had, after shooting her in a quarrel, fired a shot at her from a revolver. The report of the pistol was plainly heard by the neighbors, who thought a murder had been committed.

The officers went to the house to arrest Grimes, but they found the doors locked and the window blinds down, and were of the opinion that their man had flown. They returned to the hall empty handed, but again went out in search of Grimes, a relative having called in the meantime and declared that he must be apprehended as he was becoming very desperate and would probably kill his wife at the first opportunity.

Mr. Grimes was to be taken before a commissioner this afternoon to swear to a complaint. His husband had not been found at press time.

Back From the East.

U. S. Marshal Brigham and wife returned today from the east, having been absent from the city about one month. A large portion of the time has been spent with friends in the New England states, but unfortunately Mrs. Brigham's health has been far from good during greater part of the trip. The Marshal is in fine condition, and has had a most enjoyable holiday.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Alma S. Kendall's Removal as City Inspector of Provisions.

ACTION ON AN ASSIGNED BILL.

A Remittitur to Issue in the Bullock-Naylor Case.—Judgment Affirmed.

The Territorial Supreme court has been in session again today.

A JUDGMENT AFFIRMED.

In the case of the People vs Larson (Fourth district) Judge Bartch announced that the judgment of the lower court was affirmed. An opinion in writing will be handed down later on.

REMITTITUR TO ISSUE.

In the case of Bullock vs Naylor a remittitur was ordered to issue in twenty days.

KENDALL AND THE CITY COUNCIL.

The first case argued was that of the People of Utah Territory, by County Attorney Murphy, on the complaint of Alma S. Kendall, plaintiff and appellant, vs James G. McAllister, defendant and respondent.

The appellant's side of the matter was argued by Attorneys N. W. Sommerdecker and Frank Pierce; Judge Hoge appeared for the respondent.

This was an action in the nature of quo warranto to test the right of the respondent to hold the office of provision inspector for Salt Lake City. It was tried before Judge Merritt in the Third district court several months ago. Kendall, the complainant, on November 19th, 1893, was appointed inspector of provisions, and, having qualified, was duly commissioned by warrant signed by the Mayor and recorder, for a period of two years. On November 21st of the following year, Mayor Baskin claimed the power to remove him "at his pleasure" and undertook this removal by sending to the Council the name of A. C. Young, to act in Kendall's stead. But Mr. Young's nomination was not confirmed, and on January 2nd, 1894, his honor appointed James G. McAllister to fill the vacancy caused by Kendall's "removal" and submitted his name for confirmation. The Council disputed the Mayor's power to remove, claiming that the power to arbitrarily remove any appointive officer vested in court was in body. Thereupon they passed a resolution by unanimous vote declaring the office of provision inspector vacant, thereby removing Kendall, and they then confirmed McAllister's appointment.

A general demurrer was interposed to plaintiff's bill and sustained. Whereupon the plaintiff elected to rely on the bill, and judgment was entered for the defendant. From this the plaintiff prosecuted his appeal.

Counsel for the appellant pointed out that no charges were ever preferred against Kendall, nor was any complaint made as to inefficiency, but that the action was based solely upon the presumption that an appointive officer of Salt Lake City was removable at the pleasure of either the Mayor or City Council.

The case was submitted to the court after argument.

MECHANICS VS RAILROAD.

The next case on the list was that of William S. McCornick, plaintiff and appellee, vs Henry Haller, defendant and appellant.

Sutherland & Howat and Charles Baldwin were counsel for the appellant; Attorney C. S. Varian was on the other side.

This was an action by the plaintiff to recover, as assignee of Contractors Tait & Kingsley, certain moneys claimed to have been due from Haller for the building of a residence for him in the year 1890. He obtained on the trial of the case in the Third district court a verdict and judgment for $1,-813.70, hence the appeal, the defendant claiming that judgment has been wrongfully made upon him a second time.

OTHER MATTERS.

There remaining a short time after the conclusion of the arguments in the Scott Ellis-Whitmore case yesterday afternoon, that of L. E. Rites, et al., appellants, vs the Sun Foundry & Machine Co. et al. was taken up and argued—by Attorney George Sutherland for the appellants and Attorney M. M. Kaiser for the respondents. In the Court below plaintiffs sued for the sum of $500 alleged to be due for machinery sold. Judgment was rendered on the testimony against the Sun Foundry & Machine Company for the amount demanded, but the Court dismissed the action as to defendant Nunn. From this the plaintiffs appealed.

Messrs. J. G. Sutherland, Ogden Hiles and E. B. Critchlow were appointed a committee to examine applicants for admission to the bar at this term. The applications of F. C. Lee, J. R. Anderson, Arthur R. Witter and Fred Mulcahy were referred to them.

From the Flooded Region.

Superintendent Bancroft returned this morning from the flooded region along the Snake and Columbia rivers in Idaho, Washington and Oregon. He reports that the damage done is simply incalculable. The water cannot be controlled and will continue to rise for some days yet as there is an immense amount of snow in the mountains at the heads of all the tributaries to the rivers named. Mr. Bancroft says: "We simply have to bear it and are accommodating the water all we can." He will start back again this evening.

Damages $6,150 Asked.

Two damage suits in the total sum of $6,150 were filed in the Third District Court last evening by Philip Bringer against Spencer Clawson.

In his complaint Bringer alleges that on and prior to June 1, he occupied a store in the Wilkinson building on First South. That defendant broke into the store, and with force and violence removed the stock into the street and sold it for his own benefit. The plaintiff's damage in the sum of $4,000. In the second suit, Bringer states that on May 31 defendant, unlawfully, maliciously and wilfully assaulted him. For this he sues damages in the sum of $2,150.

Zane & Zane are the plaintiff's attorneys.

For Stealing a Ride.

James McVeagh came in on the railroad last night and on arriving at the depot was arrested for stealing a ride. Police Justice Smith has ordered him to jail for five days.

Water Pipe Contract.

P. J. Moran today got the contract from the city to furnish three car loads of water pipe and one of coal tron fittings for calcoulins to be made in the immediate future. The cost of the pipe is $2,600. A foreman, not required, one was sent out at noon. It is expected that the pipe will be here in about ten days.

For Taking a Horse.

T. Newman was fined $2 in the police court this morning for taking a horse from Mounted Police Officer Pratt, that was being driven to the pound for trespass.

For Threatening to Kill.

George Doe is the name to which an individual who was in the wet jails last night, answered in the police court this morning on a charge of threatening to kill. It appears that he had been arrested a good deal and informed the police that there was not any six of their number that could place him under arrest. He changed his mind when one of them did that very thing and had him thrown in jail from which he was to emerge this afternoon to stand trial.

Lively Saloon Racket.

There was a lively row in the Comstock saloon at 2 o'clock this morning in which Frank Adams and Vol. Hennessy figured as principals. The quarrel arose over a misunderstanding regarding a game of cards. A clubbing was used as a weapon in the hands of one of the belligerents. Several bottles of liquor were also used and were mixed up in the disturbance and for a time everything was decidedly tropical. There was hard hitting and lots of it, but no arrests.

Rowland Hall.

The commencement exercises of Rowland Hall seminary took place at St. Mark's cathedral this morning, the building being comfortably filled by those who assembled to listen to the ceremonies.

At 11 o'clock the different departments filed in, Miss Bertha Heilmann's kindergartners leading, followed by the young ladies of the school, the graduates and corps of teachers and officials of the church. The services, which were conducted according to the rites of the Episcopal church, having been completed, Rev. F. W. Norris delivered the address to the graduating class. It was happily adapted to the occasion. Setting the rose motto, "The end crowns the work," the speaker said in substance: Men love to have their work crowned with success. The ambitious man has a noble ideal before him. Though the sky seems at times lowy, he falters not, but keeps his aim constantly before him. Intellectual vigor is not to be despised. Whether in the realm of art, music, or any noble achievement the possibilities are infinite. The bodiless whose and examples with the effort made. God will only ask man to be intelligently bright, but to love and to work in this world of love, as this is the highest duty of man. When all earthly hopes failed, St. Paul saw before him the crown which he had earned, and in its presence with its pearls and brilliants. The crown will be unworthy if the purpose is unworthy.

You are standing at the beautiful gate of the temple of life. Fight error with purity and truth. Christian manhood is necessary. Be leaders of society, be fairies and noble and noble qualities should find a place in your career. A moral power is yours, exercise it well and let righteousness and purity be your watchwords.

At the close of the address, Bishop Leonard presented diplomas to the graduates of 1894, Miss Lillian E. Thompson and Miss Marion E. Simmons accompanying the presentation with a most appropriate address. The bishop's gold medal was awarded to Miss Lillian E. Thompson for "excellence in scholarship," and silver medals to Miss Laura Gibbens and Miss Maude Pence for "neatness and order in the household department," a certificate in music was awarded to Miss Ida Cohn.

The Democratic Convention.

The Union Pacific has made a round trip rate of one fare to and from all points in Utah Territory on the occasion for the Democratic Territorial convention which meets here on the 19th inst. Tickets sold at Ogden and Provo and intermediate points will be good until the 19th. At points beyond they will be good until the 18th.

Marriage Lines.

County Clerk Maloy issued a marriage license today to Wade Loudbourne and Nellie E. Johnson, both of this city.

An Old Officer.

Now that the war in Colorado seems to be begun in earnest, and the state troops are likely to be called into action, it may be interesting to know who will command them. While the national head will be General Tarrant, the commander in chief in actual field service will be General El Brooks, who has seen much service. An old army officer here says Brooks was adjutant of the Seventh U. S. infantry when it came to Utah with Johnston's army in 1857. At the breaking out of the civil war he espoused the cause of the Confederacy, and did some hard fighting. At the time of the Hazlett-Brooks smoothgun in Arkansas, after the Rebellion, the Brooks troops were commanded by Gen. Ed. Brooks, though he was not the man who claimed the gubernatorial office. Later the general became clerk in the surveyor general's office in Denver.

HERE'S THE BILL.

Selectman Bamberger's Expenditure on Behalf of Smith's Army.

IT AMOUNTS IN ALL TO $183.95.

Provisions Handed Over at Murray.—The "General's" Welcome Letter of Assurance.

Now that "General" (Dr.) Smith and the commonwealers under his command have departed from the city and have gone beyond recall, Selectman Bamberger, who was appointed last Monday by the County Court to relieve the immediate wants of that hungry crowd, is desirous that the public should know exactly how much money he has expended out of the county treasury in that direction.

As announced in yesterday's NEWS, arrangements had been made for furnishing the allowance of provisions, etc., over to the leaders of the army upon arrival at Murray. This morning Selectman Bamberger received the following to let, showing that this had been done:

JUNE 5, 1894.

Mr. Herman Bamberger, Salesman.

SIR—The California contingent of the Industrial army reached here at 7:00 p.m. Almost 200 men in line. Your office was notified that other rations had the requisite number arrived and gentlemen delivered to the camp of Indians and accepted by quartermaster.

Yours Respectfully,

HARRY HAYNES.

And here is the "guarantee" which "General" Smith gave that he and his men will not return to us:

SALT LAKE CITY, June 5, 1894.

To whom it may concern:

In consideration of the provisions furnished me for the use of the men under my command by the Selectman Bamberger, I do hereby release and discharge the County of Salt Lake county, I as commander of said men do hereby agree and promise that neither myself nor any of the men under my command will return to this county either in person or purposes formally of the residents of the Territory of Utah during our journey through said Territory.

JAMES H. SMITH,

Lieutenant General Commanding Third Reg. Industrial Army, California division.

Witness:

JOHN WITHERS,

FRANK MAYNE.

Following is a complete list of what Selectman Bamberger purchased for the California band, all the articles having been obtained from various stores in this city:

100 pounds of crackers, $8; 200 pounds of bacon, $17; 800 pounds of flour, $16.00; baking powder, $2.50; 25 pounds of White Navy beans, $1.25; 5 pounds of coffee, $1.00; 25 pounds of tea, $3.00; 1 sack of sugar, $4.30; 100 pounds of oatmeal, $2; 100 pounds of cornmeal, $2.00; pepper, $1; salt, $1; 10 bushels of potatoes, $3; vaseline, $3; bedding, $6; 100 loaves, 24; 120 pounds of meat, $7.20; 10 pounds of coffee (additional), $2.50. Total, $103.95.

Mr. Bamberger says he bought all these articles at bed rock prices and is of the opinion that Smith & Co. have been got rid of at the least possible cost. At any rate, the selectman devoted a good deal of time and trouble to the matter and thoroughly investigated the real conditions of things himself before making the expenditure.

THEIR STORY.

Mr. and Mrs. Eccles Contradict the Graham Girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Eccles assert that the statements made by Mabel Graham, who accused Dr. F. D. Smith, of the Industrial army, of attempting to take improper liberties, are greatly at variance with the facts. Instead of Miss Graham being left alone to stay at their house, they assert that it was at her request she was permitted there. She has been living with Mrs. Mayette (not Marjean as Sunday evening Mrs. M. had received some so that her house was overcrowded. On the occasion the Graham girl was allowed to sleep with Mrs. Eccles on Sunday night. On Monday night the girl requested that she be again favored with a sleeping place, and Mr. Eccles, under the idea that the same condition existed at Mr. Mayette's, gave up the spacious evening, granted permission and made a bed at the foot of that occupied by her husband. Dr. Smith being given one to an adjoining room, at which time he slept by the door. "Instead," said Mrs. Eccles, "he was out with his men that evening and the family went to bed, leaving the lamp burning for him. When he came in he removed his coat and shoes and in that condition stepped into the room and tried to lie down, as he had been expected to do. A few minutes later Mr. Eccles observed the girl proceeding to turn up the lamp, and being asked what was the matter the girl replied, "A man has been in the room," but gave no hint of having been interfered with. Soon lay down again, but in a short time said she was too nervous to sleep there. She gave as a reason that she was afraid of Smith, and he, having fallen asleep, was awakened, and stated that when he came into the room to turn down the lamp he noticed that the bedclothing was off on the girl and he threw the blue over her and went out. The girl would not remain longer, and went out of the house and set up the remainder of the night. Mr. and Mrs. Eccles say she might have been frightened by the noise coming into the room, but they saw no reason for it, and say an assault could not have been made without their knowing it and they do not believe any was attempted; Eccles says he never joined Smith's army, but was a member of the local "home reserve."

Drowned at Mt. Pleasant.

MT. PLEASANT, June 5th.—Henry Gate, aged 16 years, was drowned in the reservoir here last evening at 8 o'clock. Gates was under the water 15 minutes. Drs. Davidson and Wilkes worked for two hours to resuscitate him without avail.