TELEGRAPHIC.

McKINLEY OR REED.

The Latter's Men Losing Ground in Louisiana.

A FIGHT IN THE CONVENTION.

Chair Overturned, the Chairman Thrown from the Platform and Delegates Knocked Down.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.—The Republican state nominating committee held its second day's session today, and at a late hour tonight is still in session and very noisy. Kellogg's men, who are for Reed, have been losing ground all day. The business men in New Orleans—the sugar planters—when it became evident last night that the [illegible] Kellogg is alleged to have used would carry the convention for Reed, got together quickly, and such pressure was brought to bear in behalf of the McKinley men, under Capt. A. T. [illegible], who has refused to [illegible] in the fight, that a caucus of all [illegible] Kellogg was held, [illegible] two McKinley delegates-at-large and two Reed [illegible] St. Louis. Kellogg will not be [illegible] delegation. There is little doubt [illegible] of the caucus will [illegible] Henry Demas and J. M. [illegible] McKinley delegates, [illegible] Leonard and Andrew Hero [illegible] Reed men.

No resolutions referring to the presidential candidates will be passed by the convention. This will give McKinley's large majority of the delegates from this state. Four have already been elected. [illegible] Warmouth [illegible] will go from his district. A. T. Wimberly and Howard [illegible] have [illegible] fight in the second district and [illegible] are enthusiastic McKinley men. [illegible] of the sixteen delegates to be elected who will be for McKinley.

A fight was made in the convention [illegible] A. Cage, who is a candidate for [illegible] chairman of the state central committee, and who is a McKinley man. The excitement rose to such a night that chairs were overturned, Chairman Gaillard was thrust from his place on the platform, delegates knocked down and trampled under foot and the utmost confusion reigned. The fight against Cage was not successful.

At midnight the convention settled down to work and the first important [illegible] was accomplished. The [illegible] put out by the sugar planters was [illegible], making three conventions which have declared in his favor. The nomination of presidential delegates was then taken up. Kellogg, who has been handling Reed's cause here, was first nominated and a move was made to elect him by acclamation, but this failed and it was decided to first make all the nominations before taking a vote.

A Pugilistic Event.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Between 3,000 and 5,000 persons attended the boxing exhibition which was brought off at Madison Square Garden tonight. Since Pedlar Palmer, the English bantam champion, defeated Billy Plimmer in London last November, the pugilistic world has been guessing as to what sort of a showing he would make against George Dixon, the dusky featherweight champion of the world. Dixon was the first to enter the ring, and he was warmly cheered. Palmer was accorded an ovation. He seemed to be in fair condition. All Snelling of London and Paddy Gatman of Australia were his seconds. Dixon was handled by Tom O'Rourke alone. After six rounds the referee declared the bout a draw. The majority of those present, however, did not agree with the referee, and said that Palmer should have had the decision on points. Dixon was unable to get to the newcomer, but it is more than probable that in a fight to a finish the colored man would win.

PHOTOGRAPHY THROUGH WOOD.

Prof. Roentgen's Experiments Repeated by a Yale Professor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Prof. A. W. Wright, who occupied the chair of experimental physics at Yale university and is in charge of the Sloan physical laboratory, has, according to the Evening Post's New Haven correspondent, made successful experiments recently in photographing objects behind opaque bodies by the agency of cathode rays, in which Prof. W. C. Roentgen of Germany is reported to have achieved remarkable results.

Prof. Wright's experiments were made with a great variety of substances, and it was found that strong impressions were obtained upon a photographic plate, even when it was inclosed in an opaque wrapping of black paper and covered with a plate board half an inch thick.

The Liberty Bell.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 30.—A special train bearing the Liberty bell and an escort made up of distinguished Philadelphians and Atlantans left this afternoon for Philadelphia, where the sacred relic will arrive Saturday morning.

AS TO BAYARD.

Members of the House Foreign Committee Disagree.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—No decision in the matter of censuring Embassador Bayard was attained today by the House committee on foreign affairs, but the discussion upon the question, which absorbed the entire hour, was one of the most interesting which that committee has indulged in for a long time. The members practically stood along party lines, as these dispatches yesterday predicted that they would be, the Republicans urging a resolution of censure and the Democrats standing by the embassador. The subcommittee, consisting of Messrs. Draper, of Massachusetts, Pearson, of North Carolina, and Dinsmore, of Arkansas, which had been charged with the settlement of the matter, reported it had been unable to agree upon the form of a resolution. It laid before the full committee five drafts of resolutions which had been submitted by members of the committee. There was a wide range of difference between these resolutions. The most radical of them [illegible] in strong terms the Edinburgh and Boston speeches, and called upon the President to recall the ambassador. The most mild, on the other hand, did not mention the utterances of Mr. Bayard, but simply expressed general disapproval of the practice of making speeches on home politics by any foreign representative of the United States in the countries to which they are accredited. The three other resolutions covered the range between these two extremes.

INDIAN TREATY.

Looking to the Curtailing of their Right to Hunt.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 30.—The committee on Indian affairs today authorized a favorable report on a bill having for its object the appointment of a commission to treat with the Shoshone and Bannock Indians. It is the purpose of the bill to induce these Indians to so modify their treaty rights that the privilege they now possess of hunting on the unoccupied public lands shall not conflict with state game laws, and give occasion for such disturbances as occurred at Jackson's Hole, Wyo., last year.

THE HAWKINS DISASTER.

Probably Due to the Dishonesty of the Agent of the Junta.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The World this morning says: A meeting of Cuban patriots which was not known of outside the revolutionary band until last night was held Wednesday night at the Astor house.

The gathering was called by the council or junta of the revolutionists, at the instance of Delegate Palma, who, with Gonzales de Quesada, Ramon de la Cruz and other attaches of the New York headquarters, was present. Between fifty and sixty patriots also attended.

It was said that Gen. Calixto Garcia, leader of the filibustering expedition wrecked Monday in the steamship J. W. Hawkins, put in an appearance in answer to a demand for an explanation of the disaster; in fact, the meeting was called expressly to hear from the general on this point.

General Garcia is said to have severely criticised the junta for providing him with a vessel not only rotten, but poorly equipped for a voyage. He gave details of the ship's unseaworthiness, which are said to have caused a sensation.

The discussion on both sides brought out these facts: Gen. Garcia had asked for a first-class sailing vessel with which to take 250 men and some arms to Cuba. He was promised everything needed, and an agent of the junta was set to work equipping her. The vessel cost the junta $12,000, when it was really not worth more than $2,000. Several experts, so it was charged, had informed the junta before Garcia sailed that the vessel was wholly unfit for a voyage. No heed was paid to these warnings. The honesty of the agent who bought the ship was questioned, so the story goes, the great discrepancy between the true value and the purchase price being pointed out.

Yellowstone Park.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A bill was introduced in the House today by Mondell, of Wyoming, to open the Yellowstone Park timber reserve for the location of mining claims.

Salisbury's Blunder.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Rt. Hon. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland in the late Rosebery and Gladstone liberal cabinets, speaking at Arbroath, in Scotland, tonight said that Lord Salisbury blundered in questioning the Monroe doctrine, to which America is strenuously attached. He added that if there was ever a case for arbitration it was the boundary dispute.

Pardon for Dempsey.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Jan. 30.—Gov. Hastings stated this afternoon that he would approve the recommendation of the board of pardons in the case of Hugh F. Dempsey, the Pittsburg labor leader, as soon as the formal resolutions of the board in recommending a pardon were signed by the members and submitted to him.

Still Fighting in Formosa.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The steamer Rio de Janeiro arrived from Hongkong and Yokohama, one day overdue.

The Japan mail says: In the northern district of Formosa, where it was supposed that order had been completely restored, a general insurrection has broken out. The Chinese are making a desperate effort to drive out their Japanese conquerors.

Indian Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 30.—The Indian appropriation bill has been completed by the sub-committee on foreign affairs having it in charge, and probably will be acted on by the full committee the latter part of the week. As agreed on by the sub-committee, it will appropriate about $400,000 less than the amount provided for the current fiscal year. The decrease in any one item is said not to be very heavy and will not impair the efficiency of the service.

Our Foreign Trade.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The President today sent to Congress, in accordance with the requirements of the statutes, the commercial relations of the United States for the years 1894 and 1895, being the annual reports of the consular officers on the commerce and industries of their respective districts. Included in the reports is an introductory review of the entire world, a feature of great value, which is revived after being abandoned in 1889, owing to the inability of the bureau of statistics to compile it, because of being overburdened with other work.

Secretary Olney says the main object of this review is, in part form, the special conditions of trade in the various countries which seem to offer favorable conditions for the introduction of our products, in order that the hindrances to, as well as to the opportunities for, the expansion of our commerce may be understood. The recent increase in the percentage of exports of manufactured articles, as compared with the totals of our exports, seems to indicate that the United States is on the threshold of a great development of this important branch of international trade, and the conclusion arrived at is that what is most needed to hasten the development is energetic action on the part of our manufacturers and exporters, after a careful study of the special requirements of nations which they wish to secure as customers.

In conclusion, the secretary suggests that Congress authorize the printing of larger editions of these reports, in view of the heavy demand from merchants.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Spain Protests Against the Attitude of the Senate Committee.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—A dispatch to the Standard from Madrid says: The papers here protest energetically against the United States Senate committee's attitude on the Cuban question. They declare that the insurgents have fulfilled none of the requisites of international law or usage for the recognition of belligerency. The government organs, with a view of specifying the public irritation, point out that President Cleveland, his ministers and the Federal authorities so far have preserved a perfectly quiet and friendly attitude toward Spain, contrasting strongly with the popular sympathy and assistance the insurgents have obtained from the American people.

CUBANS REJOICE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—President Palma, of the Cuban junta, was at the headquarters of the Cuban revolutionists in this city today. Several other leaders of the movement were also on hand and a secret conference was held. President Palma said that the Cubans were overjoyed at the news that the committee on foreign relations had submitted a report recommending that President Cleveland use the good offices of the United States to have Spain accord the Cuban insurgents the rights of belligerency. Already a synopsis of the report had been sent to Generals Gomez and Maceo, and President Palma expressed the opinion that it would result in the leaders working with renewed hope.

HOLES IN THE CANVAS.

An Important Discovery Increasing the Efficacy of Sails.

An Italian sea captain, Gio Batta Vasallo of Genoa, has made a very interesting innovation in the use of sails of ordinary sailing vessels. He claims that the force of wind cannot fully take effect in a sail, since the air in front of it cannot properly circulate in the inflated part and remains stationary immediately in front of part of the sail proper. He avoids this stagnation of air, so he calls it, by the application of a number of small holes in that part of the sail where the depression is deepest when it is filled. These holes are re-enforced like a buttonhole, so that they will not tear out.

Trials made in various weather have resulted as follows: With a light wind a boat with ordinary sails made 4 knots, while the new sail increased the speed to 5½ knots. In a fresh breeze the respective speeds were 7 and 8½ knots, and in a strong wind they were 9 and 10 knots an hour. It stands to reason that the doing away with a layer of air which cannot escape past the sides of a sail must increase the efficiency of the sailboat. Where the wind formerly struck a cushion of air which acted like a spring mattress, decreasing the actual pressure of the wind against the canvas, this current of air now strikes the sail direct and of course has a greater efficiency. Vasallo has received much encouragement from practical sailors as well as theoretical scientists.—Philadelphia Record.

Football In Africa.

Englishmen are proverbial for taking their games with them into whatever part of the world they go. Golf, as we know, is played in the shadow of the pyramids and in the very heart of the Himalayas, but football in the middle of darkest Africa is something of an innovation. Yet football is rapidly becoming popular on the shores of Lake Nyassa, and at Kotakota, which a few years ago was notorious as the greatest depot for slaves on the western shore of the lake, mixed teams of black and white meet every Saturday with as much regularity as do our home teams, though the local chronicler omits to say whether Rugby or Association has won the suffrages of the Nyassa teams. One startling feature of the game is that the black players decline to hamper themselves with boots and find apparently no inconvenience in playing with bare feet.—London Cor. Manchester Guardian.

Brevet Rank.

The story is told of a soldier of the Army of the Potomac who had his own ideas as to his financial value, as well as the method by which that value could be realized.

He was a white man and was detailed for service as a teamster in a train which was driven for the most part by negroes. The negroes were hired at the rate of $20 per month, but the white soldier received no more than his regular pay of $13.

He appeared somewhat dissatisfied with this arrangement and made an application to his captain.

"I should like," he said gravely, "to be appointed a negro by brevet, and be assigned to duty in accordance with my brevet rank!"—Youth's Companion.

Our Busy Day.

How many of us have sympathized at one time or another in our lives with the old lady who said she had so many things to do she guessed she'd go to bed.—Somerville Journal.

FRAGRANT VANITY FAIR CIGARETTES

NONE BUT THE FINEST VIRGINIA & TURKISH TOBACCO & THE HIGHEST SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED IN MAKING THESE CIGARETTES

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$25.00	"	"	$18.00
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Closing Out!

Our entire stock of Chinese and Japanese Goods, including full line of Holiday Goods, Silk Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Cups, Saucers, Fine Teas, Chinese Water Lilies and Bamboo Goods.

Must be sold within the next thirty days, as we will then retire from business.

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SHOEMAKER

Has opened a Shoe Repairing Shop in the Tithing Yard.

Shoes for deformed feet a specialty.

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES and RUBBER GOODS.

All kinds, at

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You are quite safe in doing this because we have view from Omaha, Peoria, Chicago, St. Joseph, Kansas City and St. Louis is just as good as our service to those cities. Everybody who has tried it knows how good that is.

Tickets and full information on application to the local agent of the R. G. W. Ry. or by addressing

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