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# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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## FATE OF CHINA.

### The Asiatic War Creates a Stir in Europe.

### JAPAN CAN GO TOO FAR.

### Not England, France and Russia are Interested

### AND PREPARED TO INTERFERE.

**If China is to be Crushed it Must be Done by an International Conference.**

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The St. James Gazette says the interest of England, France and Russia is seriously involved in the possible breaking up of the Chinese empire, and it is believed Russia has signified that she cannot any longer regard the progress of events in the far East with indifference.

The Manchester Guardian is informed that Russia and Great Britain have definitely decided that the settlement of the war must be international and not a Japanese affair.

Germany and France are said to have acquiesced in this decision, while the policy of the United States is still regarded as uncertain.

Russia, according to the Guardian, has already warned Japan that the future of Corea concerns the Russian government.

Japan in the present mood will pay no heed to any representations made by the powers, unless they be accompanied by tangible evidence of their intention to back them up. It was to authenticate this, according to the Guardian, that the ministerial council was summoned. It further says that after a showing of force, Japan would be told that Great Britain desired that an armistice be established and Great Britain on behalf of Europe would immediately call an international conference. The Pall Mall and St. James Gazette express the opinion that the Saunders' Guardian's article gives the real reasons for the meeting of the ministers.

MOVEMENT OF JAPANESE VESSELS.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 5.—Chinese merchants are canceling freight contracts in Che Foo and Tien Tsin, owing to the report that the Japanese intend to blockade those ports.

Several Japanese warships are patrolling the coast near Wei Hai Wei, a Chinese port on the Shan Tung peninsula. They approach the coast at night and steam away at daybreak. It is said the object is to prevent Chinese warships from leaving Wei Hai Wei, or Port Arthur on the opposite side of the Yellow sea. It is stated the Japanese do not intend to interfere with the export of coal to China.

CHINA'S DEFIANT EMPEROR.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—Dr. Antonio Manuel e Guerra, chief justice of the Portuguese province of Macao, south China, and J. Gomes da Silva, outer surgeon and head of the health department of the same province, who among the arrivals on the steamer Gaelic,

Speaking of the war between Japan and China, the two officials expressed the belief that Japan would administer a severe drubbing to her sister nation, and predicted as a result that China would see a bitter internal revolution and be divided up into two or three separate and distinct kingdoms.

"China is not prepared for war," said Dr. DeGuerra, "she has no troops worthy of the name. The great bulk of the men who compose China's army are coolies of the lowest strata of human intelligence, who are poorly paid and poorly fed and who only go to war in the sense that there will be no fighting. It is no wonder that these men have turned in their tracks and run away from the enemy at the first sign of hostilities. Japan will prove the victor in the existing hostilities and then there will be riot and bloodshed in China. The present government has not the strong a hold upon the people. They are now on the verge of a rising en masse and establishing a new government. There will be no one than two or three distinct kingdoms in China before the war with Japan has progressed much farther.

ALL WAR NEWS GARBLED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 5.—J. B. Van Buren, agent of the Pacific Mail steamship company at Hongkong, was a passenger on the steamer Gaelic.

Mr. Van Buren says it is impossible to get reliable news of the war at any place in the Orient. All news received at Hongkong comes by way of Shanghai, as the government controls the wires. All information concerning the engagements between the two contending forces is garbled to suit the Chinese authorities. The news published at Yokohama is little more satisfactory, as it is modified or exaggerated to suit the tastes of the Japanese authorities.

"I am credibly informed," he said, "that the correspondents who are following the Japanese army were only permitted to sign short agreements that their correspondence should be submitted to the Japanese authorities for revision, and I was startled to learn at Yokohama that letters sent by the officers of the U. S. S. Baltimore to their families, while the vessel was at Chemulpo, were inspected by the Japanese. The letters accordingly had sign by way of Yokohama and the Japanese took upon themselves the privilege of opening the letters or less they might contain information of a nature which might be detrimental to Japan's interest."

REINFORCEMENTS IN JAPAN.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—Pinkerton Hiva, a Japanese artist, who has been spending several months in the interior when the government issued a call for troops to be sent to Corea. "At the place where I was staying the troops had to march twenty miles to Ji Ju-shima," he said, "from where place they were to be conveyed to Yessen in Corea. There were no any navvies, coolies. Poor farmers, but glad to pay their way, the men for the scap twenty miles to river mouth on to victory. The whole country went wild at the prospect of war, and eager to fight and think was the last thing that the father and mother thought of in looking their sons goodbye.

"Mothers are not praying in Japan today that their sons may be spared. They gathered in the places of worship to great numbers and pray, but their prayers are offered up that Japan might win.

"Japan has the sympathy of the entire foreign population of the Orient, except the English. Every English soldier, or, as I have heard him observe, is with the Chinese. In Yokohama a few weeks ago a wealthy English merchant made a wager with a French resident that the first important land engagement would result in a victory for the Chinese. He bet $20,000 against $1,000 and the odds were so great that it was the talk of the country. The battle at Ping Yang decided the wager. The English gentleman lost his $20,000.

"I notice that the American papers have been indulging a great deal of speculation on the probable fate of the thousands of Chinese soldiers who were made captives at that battle. I can say that large will be treated quite certainly. That is the settled policy of the Japanese government. They are prisoners of war, but they will not be subjected to the barbarities and cruelties which have been heaped upon my countrymen by the Chinese. The Japanese government does not want to be hard on the Chinese any more than it wants to be hard on the people of China. As evidence of the great consideration which Japan wants to show the people of China, the Japanese army is not foraging on the poor Corean farmers. All supplies for the Japanese army in Corea are being sent from Japan."

LEAD FOR JAPAN.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—A portion of the freight on the steamship Rio de Janeiro, which sailed for Yokohama and Hong Kong, was 200 tons of pig lead, consigned to Japan. It is supposed that this lead is to be used in the manufacture of cartridges. It is the largest shipment of lead ever made to the Orient from this port. The steamer also carried a big cargo of flour for Japan and China and 200 tons of wheat for China. This is the first wheat flour ever shipped to China, as it usually goes in the shape of flour.

RUMORS IN MONGOLIA.

TIEN TSIN, Oct. 5.—Reports have reached here that a rebellion has broken out in the province of Mongolia. Troops from Peking have been sent to quell this uprising. Serious troubles are said to have arisen within the palace at Peking. Residents of Tien Tsin are taking every precaution possible against an anticipated attack by the natives.

ENGLISH INTERFERENCE AND FRENCH CONSENT.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—The Gaulois says if British intervention in the Corean trouble might not constitute a repetition of the Dreimonde coup of 1895, which snatched Admiral Lord John Hay to take possession of the island Cyprus.

The Figaro referring to the same subject, remarks: "The British once landed in China would not be able to resist the desire to exercise a pressure upon the Japanese to prevent them from deriving all the advantages of the victory. Troubles may then commence and the peace of Europe will be threatened, for Russia, France and even America will certainly interpose."

DESTRUCTIVE CYCLONE.

**Villages Swept Away and many of the Inhabitants Killed.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—The steamer Gaelic brought the news of a severe hurricane which, according to the Kobe Chronicle of September 11th, raised widespread destruction. Villages were swept away and people killed. Many vessels were supposed to have been lost.

The storm swept on to the northeast after wrecking Nagasaki. Its path seems to be unusually wide, for at Matsuyo it devastated the country 15 a point eleven miles inland and has its outer edge far upon the sea. Matsuyo was practically blotted out of existence. Not three houses in a hundred are left standing. It is estimated that over 200 persons perished in this town alone. North of Matsuyo the storm seems to have made a sudden turn to the eastward over Dehgo Point, to have edge inflicting slight damage on the town of Bardanaki. Houses were unroofed and a dozen persons were killed by falling timbers. Once at sea the storm made its fury felt.

One of the most disastrous fires which Canton has experienced broke out on the morning of August 31, among the flower boats at Canton. About 4 o'clock the fire started and the highly inflammable nature of the material of which the boats are constructed lent every assistance to the conflagration, which became completed by the appearance of a fire brigade, men enveloped the whole fleet. It is said not one escaped, the consumer being entirely destroyed. The scene was indescribably awful. Although many officials arrived in the vicinity the current was too strong for them to effect rescue. It is reported that all the flower boats were destroyed, except ten or eleven, which succeeded in making their escape.

POISONED BY MUSSELS.

**Experience of a Party Enjoying themselves at the Sea Shore.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—A party of well known ladies and gentlemen of this city have been spending the summer on Holmes bay. They were all poisoned by eating mussels gathered from the rocks. They were seriously affected, and are recovering. Mussels have always been supposed to be wholesome food. Some physicians ascribe the poisoning to the presence of copper in the rock. Others say it is due to the mussel in the hot-like form because unless the mussel is thoroughly cooked, but very innocuous otherwise. The physicians experimented with the mussel juice on animals and found it as deadly as strychnine.

**Sprecklels's Best Horse Stolen.**

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Oct. 5.—Claudius Sprecklels, son of Claus Sprecklels, the sugar magnate, is about to establish a fast eight-mile-a-day horse on 25th street of land just secured. Sugar has a have been grown in this county successfully for years. New buildings are to be erected for the factory, big wells sunk, and a large plant will also be in operation.

## REFORMATION OF NEW YORK.

### Parkhurst Addresses the Women in His Characteristic Way.

**He Urges Them to Use Every Resource to Elevate the General Tone of the Community.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst made one of his characteristic addresses to women last night in the Adams Memorial church. It was at a meeting of the city vigilance league of the Fourteenth and Sixteenth assembly districts. The meeting was presided by Dr. Forbes, who presented Dr. Parkhurst.

"The question of women has been before the public in relation to this reform movement for some time," said the doctor, "and something is now coming of it. The representation of the city is a matter that should interest every mother, sister and wife that lives in it."

Dr. Parkhurst said that politics had nothing to do with the women's work, for there were no politics in it. It was a question of right against wrong, a question of the ten commandments or no commandments.

"If she is a true mother or sister, or wife, she should use every resource to elevate the general tone of the community," he said. "In order to bring about this purification we must begin with the municipal government."

The doctor said he had received a letter from a well-educated lady, who volunteered to start the movement among the women, and he had a long conversation with her about it.

Referring to the coming elections for governor, he said:

"If you think Mr. Hill is the kind of a man who will sign his name to a bill giving the mayor the power to remove the heads of departments, then vote for him. If not, don't; that's all, and unless Mr. Hill has been recently reformed, I hardly think he will do it. I have heard a rumor that it is the purpose of Tammany to indorse Mr. Hill for mayor. It is a little idea, I believe, and it shows that Hill is trying to ally himself with a body that will bear responsibility to his campaign. In regard to Mr. Goff, who has been mentioned for the mayoralty, and the proposed indorsement of him by Tammany, I have only this to say: I know Mr. Goff personally and well, and I know he is prepared to sink his own personality in this matter. I know what I am talking about. He is so devoted to the welfare of his city that he will never allow his personal ambitions, if he has any, to stand between himself and his duty to his fellow citizens."

COURT MARTIAL.

**Major Wham Accused of Conduct Unbecoming an Officer.**

VANCOUVER, Wash., Oct. 5.—The general court-martial called to try Major J. W. Wham, paymaster U.S.A., is made up of the following officers: Brigadier-General Otis, president; Colonel T. M. Anderson, Fourteenth infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel Thrasher, Fourteenth infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel Waterman, deputy surgeon general; Lieutenant-Colonel Baron, First cavalry; Major Poe, corps of engineers; Major Tully McCrea, Fifth artillery; Major W. Lee Nash, commissary of subsistence; Major Marshal, quartermaster; Major J. W. French, Fourteenth infantry; Major G. S. Wilson, assistant adjutant-general; Major O. A. McClure, quartermaster with Captain C. McClure, acting judge advocate.

Ex-United States Attorney General Williams appeared for the defendant.

The charge against Major Wham is conduct unbecoming an officer in not satisfying a judgment. The evidence adduced by the judge advocate on the part of the prosecution consisted entirely of correspondence between the attorneys of D. C. Holcomb, of Kansas city, complainant in the case, and various officials of the war department at Washington and between the department and Major Wham and the major and his attorneys and the officials of the supreme court of New York concerning the judgment alleged by Holcomb to have been obtained by them in June, 1890, amounting to $2,216. From the correspondence it is learned that the date upon which the alleged judgment was obtained was incurred while Major Wham was president and Holcomb general manager of the North Park and Vandalia Mining company of Colorado. They gave a joint note to the Laramie National bank of Laramie, Wyo., for $1,000, both agreeing the money was for the company and not for private use. The note became due with interest which Holcomb claims he had to pay. Holcomb brought suit and obtained judgment. Major Wham claims he knew nothing of the remedying of the judgment against him until eight months after, and that he made repeated efforts pending the trial of the case and subsequently to obtain a copy of the original complaint. Holcomb claims in the original complaint to have signed the note merely as an endorser, and as an accommodation to Major Wham.

**New York Change.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The opening of the transactions on 'change were at an advance over the final rates yesterday. In subsequent trading sugar advanced ¼.

The market was strong after 11 o'clock on fairly active business, but only fractional advances were made. Lead is up ¼. Sugar has been heavy on sugar, only small business and lost ⅛ per cent.

## UNDER THE RUINS.

### A Number of Firemen Killed by the Falling Walls

### OF A BURNING BUILDING.

**Men, Women and Children Trampled Under the Feet of Terror Stricken Spectators.**

DETROIT, Oct. 5.—A fire broke out in Keenan & John's furniture house at 7:30 today, which is now under control. Keenan & John's loss is $50,000; insurance $50,000. The loss on the buildings owned by Francis Palmer is estimated at $25,000, fully insured. One fireman has been taken out dead and three seriously injured. Six others were in the cellar at 9:30 and a desperate effort is being made by a large force to get them out.

The fire was discovered in the loss of the furniture store of Keenan and John at 7:30 o'clock this morning. When the engines arrived the fire had run up the elevator shaft. The walls upon floors were ablaze when the first stream was thrown. There were sixty employes, most of whom had great difficulty in escaping. The building, an old five-story structure, soon was gutted and the stock ruined. At 9 o'clock the front wall tumbled into Woodward avenue. The firemen were warned and retreated as rapidly as possible, some got from under but a dozen or more were unable to do so.

A yell of horror went up simultaneously from the thousands of the crowd in the street, and there was a shock like an earthquake. The air was filled with dust, sheets of flame and smoke. The falling walls crushed the heavy electric and fruity wires. The 3 out of the scattering electric fluid lighted up the scene and the crowd surged to get into the street and down the side streets. A number of men, women and children were trampled under the feet of the frightened spectators in the scramble to get out. Lieutenant Michael H. Donohy, Fireman Richard Daly and Fireman John Pagel were taken out dead. Frederick Posey, a specialist, was taken to the hospital but died 10:30. Gray was so badly injured that he may die. Mike Hoatie, a fireman, is still in the ruins and certainly dead.

Those are injured: Lieutenant O'Rourke, Fireman F. Stock and Fireman C. Greene. The aggregate loss on the building and stock is estimated at $50,000, fully insured.

The following are added to the dead and injured: Julius Cummings still in the ruins.

Injured: John B. Newell, injured about the head, Thomas Gary, badly bruised; Louis McNess, Henry Kimberley and Henry Berg.

**Half a Dozen Buildings in Ashes.**

BIRMINGHAM, Oct. 5.—Just after midnight a fire broke out in Kirby furniture building on Main street. It spread rapidly and at 2 o'clock the Kirby furniture building, Gunzer's feed store, Wallace, Carver & Bear's hardware store and building and half a dozen frame dwellings along Main street were in ruins. The origin of the fire is thought to be incendiary. The loss is $60,000. Insured for less than half. While the fire was in progress Frank Kerry was struck on some one in the alley and seriously wounded.

**One Rubber Caught, Two Escape.**

BLOOMFIELD, Ill., Oct. 5.—The robbers who dynamited the Bloomfield bank near Wednesday night and got away with nearly $5,000, were run down with a posse and bloodhounds last night. There were three, one of whom was shot down. He gave his name as Charles Daniel Rivers. He had $1,100 of the stolen money. He is badly wounded and will die. The other two robbers ended the posse.

**The Czar Reported Dead.**

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 5.—A report received here states that the czar was dead. As a result there was a fall in the price of Russian securities.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Alarming reports reached the stock exchange today about the czar's health. They had little effect upon the market as they were denied.

Officials of the Russian embassy discredit the report that the czar has suffered a relapse.

**May Be Court Martialed.**

OMAHA, Oct. 5.—The letter of Colonel Merritt Barber, adjutant general of the department of the Platte, to the local representatives of the army of the Cumberland, refusing to have anything to do with that society and refusing to it in a most discourteous manner, may cause a court martial. General Howard was very angry when he read Barber's letter and said he would "attend to the matter" when he got back from the East. General Brooke, chairman of the executive committee, determined to suppress all correspondence with Colonel Barber, but one of the committee insisted upon having copies. Barber, in a letter, declared that he had never heard of the association and cared nothing for it.

TROUBLE IN EGYPT.

**The Suez Canal Company Applies to France for Protection.**

CAIRO, Oct. 5.—The Egyptian Gazette says it is rumored that the Suez Canal company has applied to the French government for protection of its property in Egypt, where trouble has arisen in consequence of the strikes. The commander of the French cruiser Fronde at Port Said is said to have prepared to disembark marines and blue jackets to protect the property.

HEIRS DISAGREE.

**A Legal Battle Between Them Likely to Follow.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—The heirs of the Luning estate have disagreed over its management which has been in the hands of George Whitell, son-in-law of Nicholas Luning, who died five years ago, leaving an estate valued at seven million dollars, largely to each and first class securities. By the terms of the will the estate was to be divided after a period time among Nicholas Luning's five children, in equal shares. The heirs interested are the Luning company, Whitell being president and general manager, Mrs. George S. Fife, one of Luning's daughters was especially dissatisfied with the management of the estate in which she said she was allowed no voice. She finally withdrew from the incorporation, assuming that their realty and bonds valued at $700,000, that income over that per share in the stock should have been at least below that amount. The Fifes are preparing to resort to the courts to upset the arrangement on the ground of fraud and misrepresentation on the part of Whitell.

**Suspected at Omaha.**

DETROIT, Oct. 5.—Willis H. Trombley is looked up in police headquarters on suspicion of being connected with the murder of Charles H. Chauvin, his uncle. Trombley is the missing boy to the Chauvin estate, for whom the police have been searching New York and who sold his interest in the estate to John H. Sohn. Trombley and Sohn came to Detroit from New York last night.

SHOT HIS WIFE!

**Three Children Witnessed the Horrible Deed.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 5.—George Neier, a saloon keeper, fatally shot his wife last night and blew out his own brains. Neier married the widow a year ago. She protested against the marriage to Bureau of the saloon on her three children, and the murder resulted from a quarrel. The three children witnessed the murder.

## AMUSEMENTS.

SAINTS AND SINNERS—Enthusiasm, curtain calls, applause, laughter and tears were the rule at the Theater last evening, when Mr. Stoddart and the Home Club gave their second rendition of Saints and Sinners. As promised by the News, the first performance drew the highest audience and business took a jump last evening; tonight the advance sale shows that the heaviest house of the engagement thus far will be in attendance, and to-morrow's popular prices will bring the Saints of the engagement tomorrow evening are expected to be the old time monster Gentlemen audiences. There was an immense improvement in last night's rendition, nearly twenty minutes being saved in time over the opening performance, and the people all being much more at ease. Especially was this the case with Mr. Young, whose Haggart, now that the nervousness of the opening has worn off, is an excellent characterization. Mr. Stoddart of course raised all the old time enthusiasm for his most admirable and affecting acting. People who miss this opportunity of seeing his delineation of the old minister, miss an exhibition of high artistic acting such as cannot be seen half a dozen times in a decade of theatrical seasons.

THE TABERNACLE CONCERT tomorrow evening will call out all the strongest of our local talent, including the chair of 300 voices, and all the soloists who made the World's Fair trip notable.

FRIENDS advance sale opened at the Theater this morning.

**A Question.**

It is a question which attracts the most attention the box of live rattlesnakes in the Globe, Pitts & company's drug store window with the caption over the box of Mexican "jumping beans" in the drug store window of Farrow & Co., McCormick block. Yet crowds gather in front of the windows of both institutions and stand for hours gazing at the curiosities.

**At the University.**

The University had a large number of school boards, teachers and citizens from different of the Territory. The attendance is increasing and examinations of new students are being held daily.

## BANDED TOGETHER.

### Utah Fruit Growers Meet to Organize a Territorial Horticultural Society.

A meeting was held in the headquarters of the Workingmen's Democratic club on Second South street this afternoon beginning at 2:30 for the purpose of organizing a Territorial Horticultural society. There were about twenty-five well known fruit growers from different parts of the Territory present.

The meeting was called to order by W. N. Cole and the purpose therein stated by that gentleman. Mr. Heber Bennion was chosen as temporary chairman and John B. Fogg was named as temporary secretary.

Mr. Bennion, in a brief and appropriate speech, thanked his associates for the honor conferred by selecting him to preside over them. He stated that the necessity of an organization such as was contemplated was apparent to all observant citizens.

Mr. T. A. Dix, of this city, was called upon to deliver an address of welcome to the delegates hailing from beyond the borders of Salt Lake county. He performed his task in an earnest and forceful manner and was warmly applauded for his effort.

A committee on permanent organization was appointed by the chair as follows:

W. N. Cole, Salt Lake; Geo. Barnett, Weber County; H. C. L. Jorgensen, Juab county; John Morgan, Salt Lake; J. L. Bunting, Kane county.

Order of Business—T. A. Dix, Salt Lake; O. W. Warner, Grand county, Prof. Handerhan, Weber county.

The committee then withdrew to an adjoining room to deliberate and speeches were made by J. M. Fisher, of East Mill Creek, and Mr. Judd, of the well known firm of Wooley, Lunn and Judd of St. George. The experiences of both gentlemen in the fruit growing line were given in an interesting manner. The possibilities of fruit production in the St. George country were excellently portrayed by Mr. Judd, as was also the absolute necessity of securing proper instruction in the line of fruit raising and shipping.

Other gentlemen gave instructive information on the subject under discussion. Among them was George Cramer, of Provo, who believed, he said, that the Association was on a top in the right direction.

The committee on order of business recommended that the meeting be adjourned until tomorrow (Saturday) night at 7:30, to convene at the U. S. Federal court room. The report was greeted with enthusiastic applause and it was the unanimous belief of the committee that there would be a much larger representation present at 7:30 tomorrow.

## Z. C. M. I. STOCKHOLDERS.

### Their Fifty-First Semi-annual Meeting Held Today.

**To Listen to Reports and Elect Officers and Directors for the Ensuing Year.**

There was a large representation of Z. C. M. I. stockholders at the fifty-first semi-annual meeting which convened today to listen to reports of the institution's business for the past half year. The president's report was listened to with deep interest. A synopsis appears in another part of the NEWS.

After the reading of reports was completed, the election for officers was proceeded with, resulting in the selection of the following tried as the head of the institution for the next year:

President—Wilford Woodruff.
Vice President—Moses Thatcher.
Secretary—T. G. Webber.
Treasurer—A. W. Carlson.
Directors—George Q. Cannon, Joseph F. Smith, Heber J. Grant, George Romney, J. R. Winder, H. Dinwoodey, F. Y. Farnsworth, J. R. Barnes, W. H. Rowe, John Henry Smith, F. M. Lyman.

The meeting then adjourned.

**Will Meet Again on Monday.**

The Utah Commission has not yet completed the task of naming election judges and will not do so this week as an adjournment has been taken until Monday next at 9:30 a.m.

## NEW U. P. TIME TABLE.

### It Will Take Effect on Sunday Next—Coming Trains.

On Sunday, October 7th the Union Pacific will inaugurate a new train schedule as indicated below:

On and after that date train No. 1, The Limited Fast Mail, will arrive in Salt Lake 5:10 a. m. instead of 5:00 a. m. No. 3, Atlantic Express, will arrive in Salt Lake 8:20 p. m. instead of 8:15 p. m.

On Monday October 8 the running of trains No. 5 and 7 leaving Salt Lake at 8:30 p. m. for Provo and returning, arriving in Salt Lake 8:30 a. m. will be discontinued.

The special trains via the Union Pacific, during Conference, will move this city daily as follows: For Ogden, Castle Junction and intermediate points, 8:30 a. m.; for Park and Intermediate points, 5:00 p. m.; for Tooele and intermediate points, 5:00 p. m. As these trains do not leave midtimes time after the adjournment of the afternoon meeting, there is no occasion for persons leaving the building until the close of the services.

**County Superintendents.**

There will be held tomorrow at 2 o'clock, a meeting of the county superintendents of the entire Territory, in response to a call issued by Commissioner Lewis.

## HUNTING EXPEDITION.

### Salt Lakers to Join General Hicks in the Big Horn and Teton Country.

A party of prominent Salt Lake sportsmen, among whom are Dr. Pierce and Tripp and Farrer, the lawyers, will leave over the Union Pacific on a hunting expedition to the Big Horn and Teton countries, where they expect to join General Hicks who has spent the summer months in and about Hot Springs.

General Hicks is commander in chief of the Mississippi State Militia and widely known throughout the United States. He is also said to be one of the wealthiest gentlemen of the South. His camping outfit in the Teton is valued at $10,000 and his management knows and says which form a part of his equipment are among the best in the land.

The Hicks party is armed with rifles and shot guns of the most modern invention and will visit Salt Lakers when go to this town, will also be well supplied in the same direction. The part of the country into which they are going is said to abound with deer, elk and bear and as they expect to be gone about six weeks the indications are that they will have an exceedingly pleasant time.

**The Bicycle Races.**

Following is a summary of yesterday afternoon's bicycle races:

Quarter mile race, won by George L. Weller, A. W. Caine second, J. C. Boyle third. Time, 39 1-5.

One mile lap race, won by King, Boyle second, Tedake third. Time, 3:09 4-5.

One mile Postal Wheel Club championship, won by George L. Weller, C. M. Irwin second. Time, 3:09 4-5.

Five mile handicap, won by George L. Weller, H. O. Jensen second, Leon Hyde third. Time, 14:33 3-5.

## LIVE STOCK EXHIBIT.

### Fine Specimens of Horses and Cattle.

### HOGS, SHEEP AND POULTRY.

### Various Breeds of Live Stock Well Represented.

It was found that the remarkable depression which has characterized the stock market for the last year or two would cause a meager exhibit of live stock at the Fair this year. It is probable that larger numbers of animals have been shown at former fairs, but it will be believed that any fair ever have ever been seen in this Territory than are now on exhibition. This applies to horses, cattle, sheep, swine, and poultry.

THE HORSES.

At 1 o'clock this afternoon the judges viewed the competitors for the prizes for English coach stallions. Four horses were in competition. One was a chestnut, entered by Samuel Fields of Centerville; another was a brown, entered by Smith Bros., of Cache county; another black, entered by Ross Sisson of Provo; another was a sorrel, entered by George M. Carter of this city. The five named took the first prize, and the second named entered the second prize.

At four of these animal were very fine ones, and the two who took prizes were equals in form, color and action, besides being of great size. All these animals would have been very valuable a few years ago. Some feeling was expressed over the decision of the judges, and they had some difficulty in coming to a conclusion.

Just preceding the above contest there was a contest, one for the Clydesdale prize in which there were three entries, and the other for the Percheron prize, in which there were several entries. Only two Clydesdale horses were shown and the first prize, $15, was given to Benj. R. Harmon. The same exhibitor received a gold medal for the best Clydesdale stallion and get.

W. P. Bowen, the noted horse breeder of Spanish Fork, shows two magnificent Percheron stallions, and a mare of the same breed, which is a good match for either. The same exhibitor shows a fine French coach mare.

There are several equals in Shire and percheron, and French coach and Percheron stallions. There are also fine horses and chargers, besides those above mentioned, detailed reference to which cannot be given for lack of space.

Commencing at two o'clock this afternoon, a lively contest for prizes took place between roadsters, at Liberty park.

As a whole the display of horses was large and good, and contained some magnificent specimens of various breeds.

THE CATTLE.

While a fine show several head of exceedingly fat cattle, including the Shorthorn and Polled Angus breeds. They also exhibit a splendid Shorthorn bull, and several fine cows of the same breed. The animals shown in this exhibit are highly creditable.

John R. Winder, who has long been a noted breeder of Jersey cattle, shows a fine assortment of specimens of that breed. One is a magnificent bull, and others are cows which have great reputation as butter makers. There were also head of Jersey calves in this exhibit, and night of them received first prizes. There were also three head of Holsteins in Mr. Winder's exhibit—two cows and a heifer—two of which took first prizes. He has also a Devon bull, which took first prize, and seven fat head of cattle, two cows, calves and heifers, which took first prizes. This was a very fine, large and valuable exhibit, taken as a whole. A Holstein bull owned Mr Henry Matthias, belongs in St. Sanpet, of Mr. Winder, received the first prize. It is a splendid animal.

SHEEP.

The exhibit of sheep is very extensive, and embraces many splendid animals of different breeds. There were upwards twelve horns and ewes, Southdown and Cotswolds, all of fine size, quality and breeding. This exhibit would indicate that the sheep industry is still on the advance in Utah.

THE HOGS.

Most of the animals exhibited in competition for the prizes offered for hogs belong to the Agricultural College. This institution exhibits a large number of animals, many of which are very fine. Several different breeds are represented. There should have been a greater number of exhibits in this department than there are.

THE POULTRY.

The number of exhibits in the poultry department is very large, and most of them are very fine. It is probably the most extensive collection of poultry ever shown in this Territory, unless at fairs held for the purpose. All the leading varieties of chickens are represented, and there are a large number of pens containing pigeons of different breeds, specimens of rabbits, etc. As a whole this department has been very well filled.

SWINE.

John R. Winder exhibited a pair of black Berkshire pigs that were most so much, and certainly so pretty, as any ever seen in this city. They were well matched, and drew a cute little carriage that seemed to have been made for them.

Among the live stock exhibits was a pen containing three head of stock, owned by J. M. Anderson, which attracted much attention.

**Supreme Court.**

The Territorial Supreme Court will meet tomorrow in special adjourned session, at 10 a. m.