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EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

NEW YORK, 2.—Charles O'Connor, while endorsing the project of nominating a regular "straight out" Democratic ticket for President and Vice-President, declines to be the nominee, and has already written letters to that effect to the Louisville Convention.

LOUISVILLE, 2.—This afternoon, in the rotunda of the Galt House, Colonel Blanton Duncan casually interrupted a conversation between General George A. Custer, who is here to attend the opening of the Industrial Exposition, and Dr. J. M. Keller, a prominent physician of this city. A sharp conversation ensued, in the course of which Duncan declared he had been offered a million dollars by the Greeley party to break up the "straight out" Democratic Convention. General Custer responded that the other party must have offered more; that he could prove that Duncan had said that the whole thing was a bargain and sale, and if he was to be sold he would sell to the party that would pay the highest price. Duncan responded that Custer's informant was a liar. Dr. Keller said, "I am responsible for the statement," and demanded a retraction. Duncan refused, whereupon Keller struck him in the face. Duncan reeled and attempted to strike Keller. Several blows passed, when the parties were separated.

LITTLE ROCK, 2.—Serious troubles have again broken out in Pope County. On Saturday evening while county clerk Hickoff, sheriff Dodson, and deputy sheriff Williams were attempting to remove the county records from the county seat to a place of greater safety, they were fired upon by concealed assassins. Hickoff was killed dead, but the others escaped. While justice of the peace Brown was holding an inquest on the body of Hickoff, he was also shot and mortally wounded. Dodson and Williams arrived here this evening and reported the facts to Governor Mansfield.

LOUISVILLE, 2.—There are large accessions to the delegations and it looks as if the convention would be composed of four to five hundred delegates. They are fine-looking men, but generally not well known as politicians. S. J. Bayard, Judge Woodward, of Pennsylvania, J. Proctor Knott, of New Jersey, and Hon. W. M. Carry, of Ohio, are perhaps the best known. Nearly all the States will be represented. There is an absence from the South of men of prominence. There was a good deal of excitement created this evening among the friends of the

movement, by the discovery of a scheme to force the nomination of Greeley, by taking possession of the convention, or through a judicious application of force, creating such confusion as to prevent the nomination of O'Connor. A large number of Greeley liberals are in the city. As far as Louisville is concerned there is little sympathy shown for the "straight" movement. General Bayard will be permanent chairman. The ticket that has been most favorably canvassed is Charles O'Connor and John Quincy Adams; but there is a letter from the latter in the hands of his friends declining the honor. The contents of Adams' letter has not been made public. It is known that a dispatch was sent to Charles O'Connor this evening, asking if he would take the first place if Adams would the second, but no reply has been received. It is understood that if Adams could not be nominated, ex-Senator Fitch, of Indiana, will probably be the man for vice. The New York delegation numbers forty men, representing thirty congressional districts, and more are expected. The delegates here represent \$20,000,000 of property.

TORONTO, 2.—The cricket match between the English 11 and 22 of the Toronto club, was decidedly the best game played here. The grounds were crowded with thousands of spectators. In spite of fielding and bowling of more than usual excellence, wickets were drawn with the English 11 at bat, for 243 and eight wickets down. Grace's score was 142. The game will be continued to-morrow.

NEW YORK, 2.—Yesterday afternoon, near Westbury station, on Long Island, a railroad train ran over a carriage containing two ladies, a boy and seven girls, all of whom were killed or fatally injured.

North Carolina advices state that Merriman has decided not to concede Caldwell's election.

BOSTON.—Sumner sailed for Europe to-day.

LOUISVILLE, 3.—After reading O'Connor's letter, which was frequently interrupted with applause, a motion was adopted for a committee of one from each State represented in the convention, as a committee on credentials.

The committee on credentials represented twenty-four States: New York, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Ohio, Michigan, Georgia, Illinois, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Kansas, West Virginia, Iowa, Arkansas, Virginia, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, California, New Jersey, Alabama and Mississippi. A committee of permanent organization was also appointed and the convention adjourned to 4:30 p.m.

Upon reassembling, O. C. Burr, pending the report of the committees, made a short speech. The chairman of the committee on credentials reported they had been unable to obtain and properly engross all the names of delegates and asked till to-morrow to submit a report. The request was allowed and the committee on permanent organization reported as follows: President, Judge James Lyons, of Va.; vice-presidents, S. B. Richards, of Ill.; S. R. Johnson, of Iowa; Austin Vollsmith, of Mich.; S. W. Price, of Miss.; Edward Stokes, of S. C.; R. R. Menze, of Wis.; Col. Horace Risley, of Md.; Judge L. Sibley, of Mo.; David L. Fogg, of N. C.; Cyrus Vance, of W. Va.; Col. Weene, of G.; Dr. L. P. Blackburn, of Ark.; Dr. Brook, of Kansas; Samuel J. Bayard, of Cal.; C. C. Nesbit, of Ala.; Peter Gilsey, of N. Y.; W. H. Munroe, of Ky.; E. J. McCane, of Pa.; H. Reese, of Ind.; Silas F. Kendrick, of Tenn.; J. C. Martin, of New Jersey; Geo. Fishback, of Ohio; G. O. D. Parker, of Va. Secretaries, W. M. Terry, of Mich.; John J. Van Allen, of N. Y.; J. B. Millburn, of Ill.; Albert D. Schofield, of Pa.; Ernest Duncan, of W. Va.; E. O. Beckering, of Mo.; and A. E. Gregory, of New Jersey. O'Connor was made a member of the convention, and elected first vice-president.

LOUISVILLE, 3.—The main point in O'Connor's letter, which is very long,

aside from the reiteration of his unalterable objections to Greeley, and the express belief that between Grant and Greeley the country has far less to fear from the former than from the latter, is an elaborate expression of his views on taxation, the abolition of all excise taxes and duties, and the prohibition against borrowing money by any branch of government, Federal, State, or municipal. Tois, he argues, would prevent wars and place the country in a condition of unprecedented prosperity. In declining the nomination he gives, as his first reason, the belief that other leaders can be found who are more likely to ensure success, his unwillingness to subscribe to a platform containing professions of faith, and finally a preference for the quiet of a private life.

WASHINGTON, 3.—James F. Clark, who was shot by the brother of Miss Fewell, whom he had seduced, died of his wounds last night.

NEW YORK, 3.—The case of Rose McCabe, on demand for her release from Bloomingdale asylum, was again before the court to-day. She testified as to the manner of her being placed in the asylum, and said up to September 11 she was pretty well treated, but after that she was beaten sixteen different times by Elizabeth Riley, an attendant, because she had told the doctors she had ill used another patient.

BOSTON.—It was Sumner's intention to deliver a speech on the Presidential question, at Faneuil Hall, last night, but on account of his feeble health his physician forbade his speaking, and it is therefore published. It is devoted to an elaborate comparison of Grant and Greeley, in which he repeats his former charges against the President and lauds the history and character of Greeley. He takes the ground that one term is the corner stone of a reformed civil service, and that reconciliation is the principal and most important issue ever presented to the American people. He regards the support of the Cincinnati platform and nominees by the Democrats as a matter for the greatest rejoicing, and as a hopeful sign, and says their votes will be a new bond of peace and a new assurance for the triumph of the great principles upon which the Republic was founded.

LOUISVILLE.—The convention reassembled at 10 this morning. The chairman announced that the committee on credentials had not been able to complete its work, but would report during the day. A resolution providing for the appointment of a National Democratic Committee was adopted. A delegate from N. Y. objected that nothing had been said about representing labor reform in the National Executive Committee. The Chairman said this was a Democratic Convention; labor reform was not before it as an issue and was not a question for discussion. Judge Lyons offered the following:

"Resolved, That we concur with Mr. O'Connor in the great issues announced in his letter to this convention, and admire the delicacy which prompted his request not to be nominated, but, devoted like ourselves to the ancient principles of the Democratic party and united with us in the effort to restore them, we hold him bound to perform his part in the great contest which we are about to wage, and confident that his honor and patriotism would not permit him to refuse to do so, we nominate him as the candidate of the unopposed Democratic party of the Union which we now represent."

This resolution was received with tremendous enthusiasm, and on motion it was carried by acclamation, and was followed by three cheers for O'Connor, twice repeated.

Blanton Duncan appealed to the convention to take the vote by States as some outsiders had voted "no," and a vote by States would show the entire unanimity. A motion to reconsider the vote by acclamation and to take the vote by States was made and agreed to. During the roll call George Francis Train rose to make an objection, but he had hardly opened his mouth when there were loud cries of "put him out," and he was immediately hustled out of doors, amid great excitement and loud demonstrations of approval.

It was stated last night that Train intended to become the instrument of a plan to break up the convention, hence his prompt expulsion.

The following is the result of the ballot: Alabama 18, Arkansas 12, California 12, Delaware 6, Georgia 22, Indiana 30 (loud cheers), Iowa 16, Illinois 42, Kansas 11, Kentucky 24, Md. 16, Mo. 30, Mich. 22, Miss. 18, Neb. 6, N. J. 18, Nevada 6, N. C. 20, N. Y. 68, Penna. 58, Ohio 40, and four for Geo. H. Pendleton, S. C. 14, Tenn. 24, Va. 20, W. Va. 10, Wis. 20.

The chair was instructed to notify O'Connor of his nomination, which he did as follows:

"Chas. O'Connor, N. Y.—The convention has unanimously and with great enthusiasm nominated you on the basis of your letter, and we hold you bound to stand by us. We wait your reply."

Signed JAS. LYONS, President.
The following is the report of the Committee on resolutions:

Whereas, frequent recurrence to first principles, and eternal vigilance against abuses are the wisest provisions for liberty, which is the source of progress, and fidelity to our constitutional system is the only guarantee for either, therefore,

Resolved, That the original basis of our whole political structure is the consent, in every part thereof, of the people, who, in each State voluntarily create their State, and the States voluntarily formed the Union; each State provided by its written constitution for everything the State should do for the protection of life, liberty and property within it, and each State, jointly with others, provided the Federal Union for foreign and inter State relations.

Resolved, That all governmental powers, whether State or federal, are trust powers coming from the people of each State, and they are limited to the written letter of the constitution, and the laws passed in pursuance of such powers must be exercised in the utmost good faith, the constitution itself providing in what manner they may be altered and amended.

Resolved, That the interests of labor and capital should not be permitted to conflict, but should be harmonized by judicious legislation, and that while such conflict continues labor, which is the parent of wealth, is entitled to paramount consideration.

Resolved, That we proclaim to the world that principle is to be preferred to power, that the Democratic party are held together by the cohesion of time honored principles, which they will never sacrifice.

John Quincy Adams was nominated for Vice President at the third ballot.

WASHINGTON.—A meeting of the property owners of Seventh street, last night, resolved to resist the collection of the assessment of the board of works for wood pavements and sewerage, in order to anticipate the injunction threatened to be sued restraining them from tearing down the sheds known as the Northern Liberty Market House. The board, at a late hour, issued the order for their demolition, which was completed during the night, the lockers of the hucksters being broken in many instances, and their contents scattered and destroyed.

NEW YORK, 4.—The agent of the Pacific mail says the loss by the burning of the America, at Yokohama, will reach fully a million. He believes all the mails were saved except those for Hong Kong.

NEW YORK.—Pere Hyacinthe was married at the Mary-le-bone registry office, to Emeline Jade Merriman, age 39, an American widow, and daughter of Emily Butterfield, a lady known in Paris, and one of Hyacinthe's converts. Dan and Lady Stanley and other distinguished persons were present.

The latest argument for the narrow gauge is that the road to Heaven is built on the same principle.

A pious Newport woman refused to carry fish home in her hand on Sunday, and compromised the matter by fastening them to the wires of her hoop-skirt.